

Intermediate Confounding

The challenge with treatments over time

Ian Lundberg

Learning goals for today

At the end of class, you will be able to:

1. Present treatments that unfold over time in DAGs
2. Recognize the difficulties of treatment-induced confounding

Treatments in many time periods: Motivation

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Task: Draw this in a DAG

Treatments in many time periods: Motivation

Child cannot
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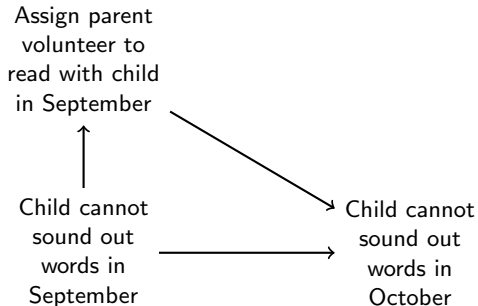
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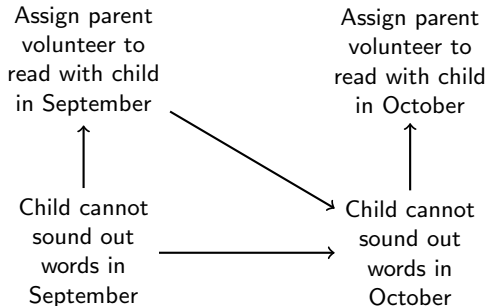


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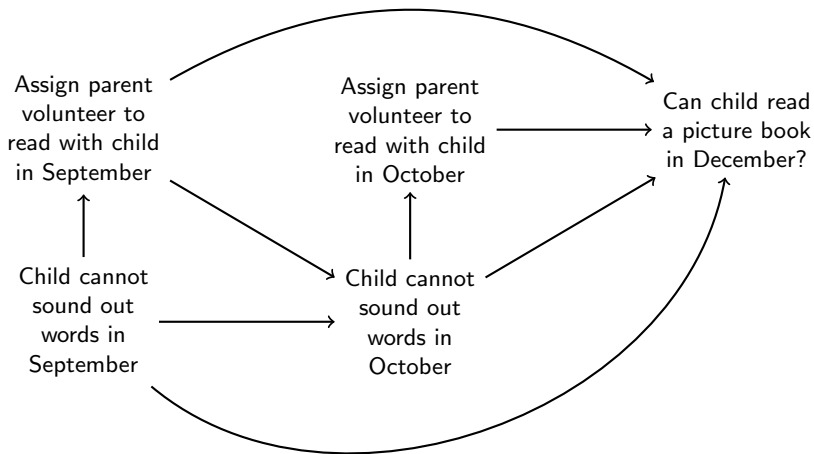
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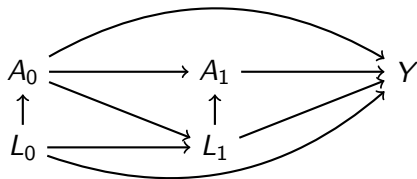
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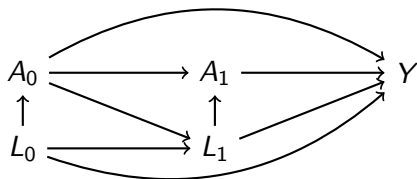
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Treatments in many time periods: A general problem



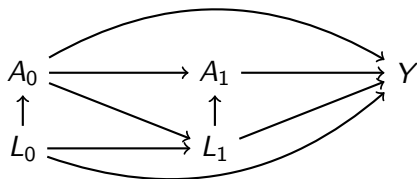
Treatments in many time periods: A general problem



This causal structure occurs

- ▶ when a policymaker targets treatment A_k at time k given confounders L_k measured at that time
- ▶ in observational settings where treatments unfold over time

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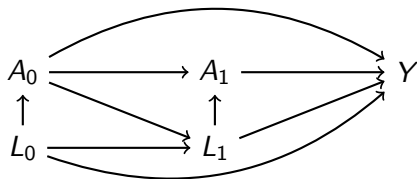


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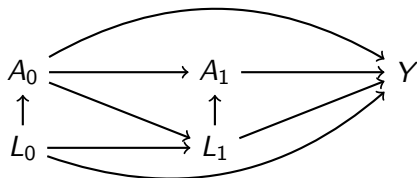
Goal: Study the outcome Y would be realized on average if A_0, \dots, A_k are set to the values a_0, \dots, a_k .

Treatments in many time periods:
The curse of dimensionality



Each A_k is binary. How many potential outcomes are there?

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- ▶ $\bar{a} = (0, 0)$: No reading with a parent
- ▶ $\bar{a} = (1, 0)$: Read in September, not October
- ▶ $\bar{a} = (0, 1)$: Read in October, not September
- ▶ $\bar{a} = (1, 1)$: Always read with a parent

Treatments in many time periods: The curse of dimensionality

Suppose the teacher can assign (or not) a parent volunteer to read with a child in each of 9 months in the school year

$$A_0, \dots, A_8$$

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This is why we focus on **treatment strategies**

Treatment strategy

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This involves **many treatments**, but only **one strategy**.

Treatment strategy: Exercise

Use math to define the following strategy:

Assign a parent volunteer to read with a child $A_k = 1$ if and only if the child struggles sounding out words $L_k = 0$ and the child did not receive this support last month $A_{k-1} = 0$

Treatment strategy: Exercise

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$$g(L_k, A_{k-1}) = \mathbb{I}(L_k = 0, A_{k-1} = 0)$$

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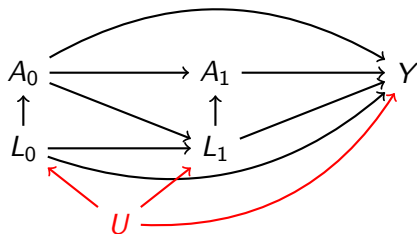
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A **dynamic** strategy assigns treatments as a function of the changing values of confounding variables

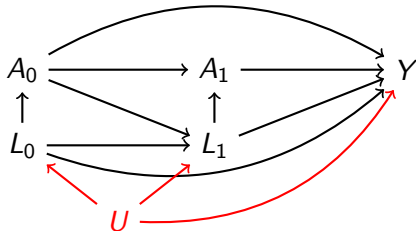
- ▶ Example: Treat if has difficulty sounding out words.
 $g(L_k) = \mathbb{I}(L_k = 0)$

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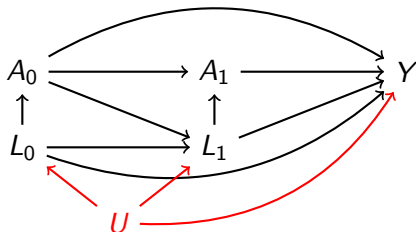


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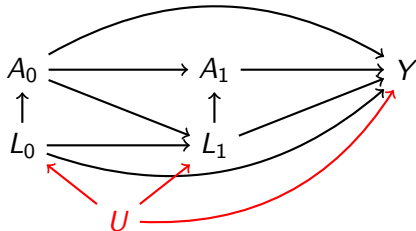
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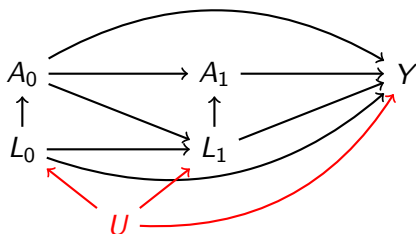
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 - a) The total effect of A_0 on Y

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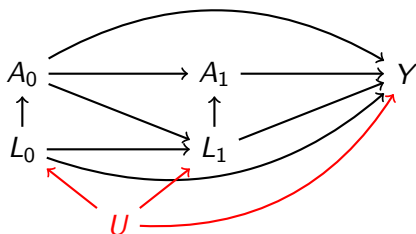
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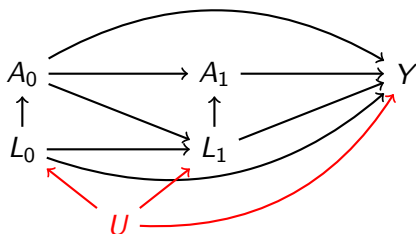
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Can we jointly block all backdoor paths between \bar{A} and Y ?

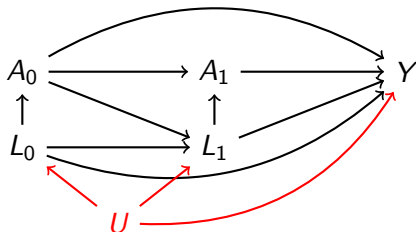
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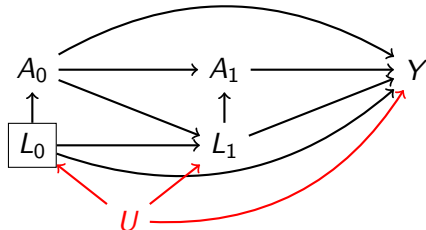
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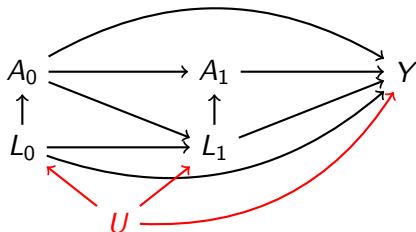
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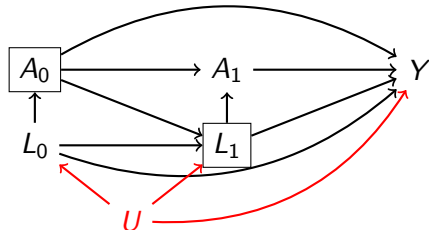
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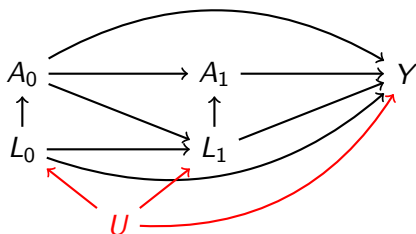
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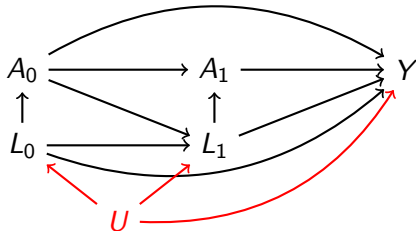
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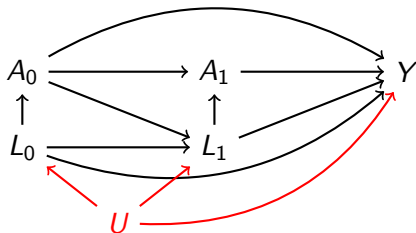


(2) has no solution!

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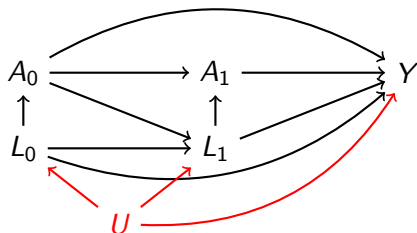
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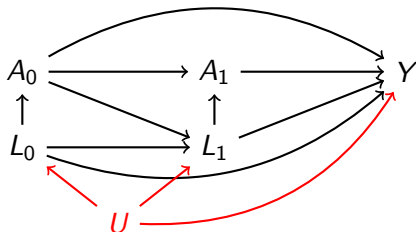
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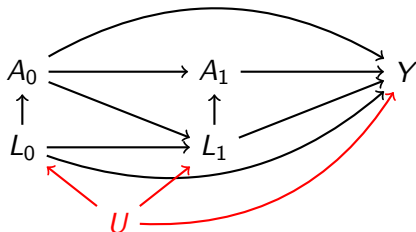
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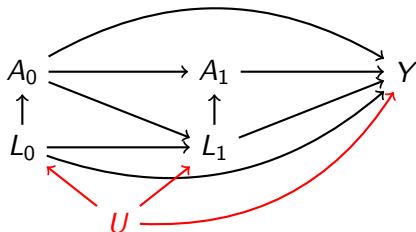
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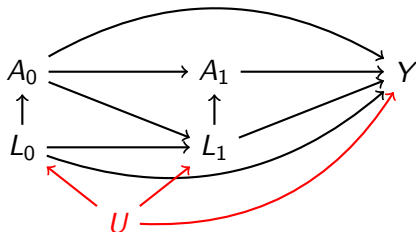
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Next class: How to correctly adjust for treatment-induced confounding

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