

имя рост
 Маша 150 ✓
 Паша 160
 Саша 180
 Даша 190 ✓

непрерывная
 совокупность (из 4 человек)

3 исследования спросили рост у 2 случайных людей

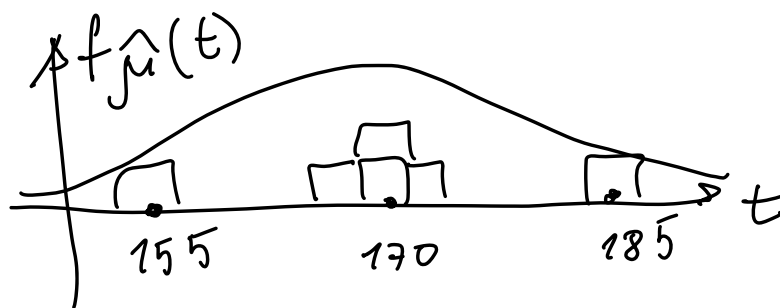
- 1) МД $\rightarrow \hat{\mu}_1 = 170$
- 2) СД $\rightarrow \hat{\mu}_2 = 185$
- 3) МП $\rightarrow \hat{\mu}_3 = 155$

$$\mu = \frac{1}{4} (150 + 160 + 180 + 190) = 170$$

выборка из 2 человек $(C_4^2 = \frac{4!}{2! \cdot (4-2)!} = \frac{3 \cdot 4}{2} = 6)$

выборка $\hat{\mu} \leftarrow$ случайная величина

МП 155
 МС 170 ✓
 МД 165
 ПС 175
 ПД 170 ✓
 СД 185



$$\hat{\mu} = \bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} (X_1 + \dots + X_n) \xrightarrow[n \rightarrow \infty]{\text{ЦПТ}} N(?, ?)$$

$$E[\bar{X}] = E\left[\frac{1}{n}(X_1 + \dots + X_n)\right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \left(\underbrace{\mu + \dots + \mu}_n \right) = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \underbrace{\mu + \dots + \mu}_n = \mu$$

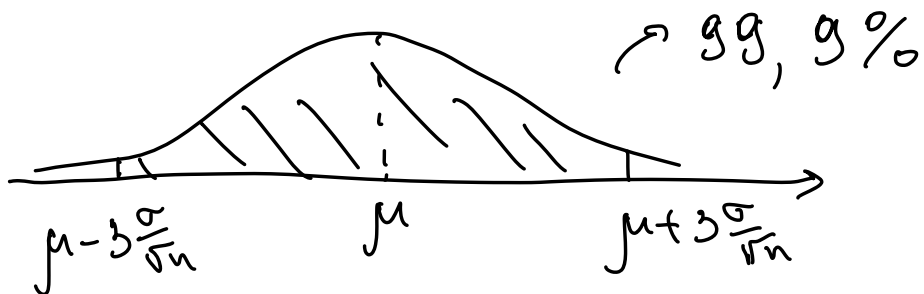
$$\text{var}[\bar{X}] = \text{var}\left(\frac{1}{n}(X_1 + \dots + X_n)\right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{h^2} \text{var}(X_1, \dots, X_n) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \left(\frac{\text{var}(X_1)}{\sigma^2} + \dots + \frac{\text{var}(X_n)}{\sigma^2} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \cdot (n \cdot \sigma^2) = \frac{\sigma^2}{n}$$

$$\hat{\mu} = \bar{X} \underset{n \rightarrow \infty}{\sim} N(\mu, \frac{\hat{\sigma}^2}{n})$$



$$\Rightarrow \left(\mu - 3 \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \leq \bar{X} \leq \mu + 3 \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} \right) = 0.999$$

$$-x - 3\frac{9}{13} \leq -y \leq 3\frac{9}{13} - x \quad | \cdot (-1)$$

$$\bar{x} + 3\frac{19}{21} \geq \mu \geq \bar{x} - 3\frac{10}{21}$$

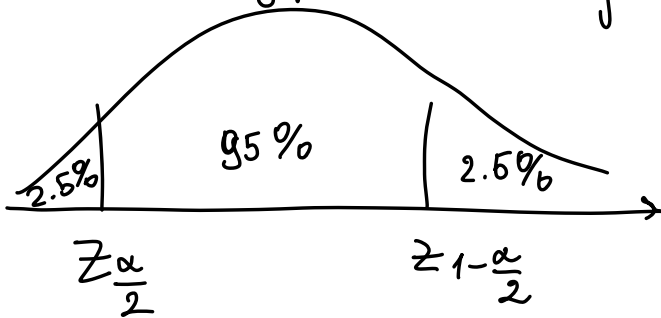
$$\bar{x} - 3\frac{6}{\sqrt{n}} \leq \mu \leq \bar{x} + 3\frac{6}{\sqrt{n}}$$

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$$P(\mu \in \bar{x} \pm 3 \frac{\hat{\sigma}}{\sqrt{n}}) = 0.999$$

$\alpha = 0.05$ (5%) - уровень значимости

$1 - \alpha = 0.95$ уровень доверия



MD. $\hat{\mu}_1 = 170$

$$\hat{\sigma}_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2-1} \left((150-170)^2 + (190-170)^2 \right)} \approx 28$$

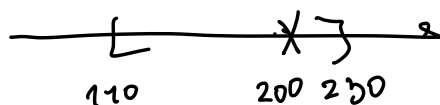
$170 \pm 3 \cdot \frac{28}{\sqrt{2}}$ - доверительный интервал

$$P(110 \leq \mu \leq 230) \approx 99.9\%$$

гипотезы:

$H_0: \mu = 200$

$H_A: \mu \neq 200$



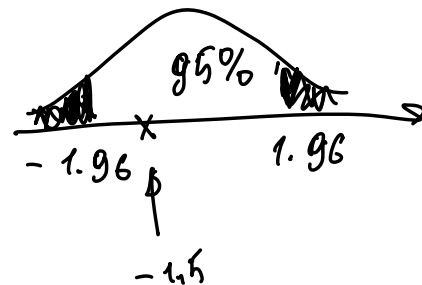
$$200 \in [110; 230]$$

ипотеза данных не противоречит

$$\hat{\mu} = \bar{X} \underset{H_0}{\sim} N(200, \frac{\hat{\sigma}^2}{n})$$

$$Z = \frac{\hat{\mu} - 200}{\hat{\sigma}/\sqrt{n}} \underset{H_0}{\sim} N(0, 1)$$

$$Z_{obs} = \frac{170 - 200}{28/\sqrt{2}} \approx -1.5$$



не отвергаем гипотезу

Метод моментов

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \underset{iid}{\sim} \text{Poiss}(\lambda)$$

λ - интенсивность

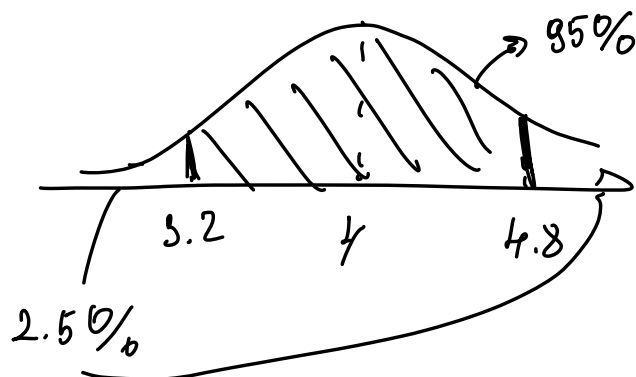
$$E[X_i] = \text{Var}[X_i] = \lambda$$

$$E[X_i] = \bar{X}_n = \lambda \Rightarrow \hat{\lambda}_{MM} = \bar{X}$$

$$\hat{\lambda}_{MM} = \bar{X} \underset{y.n.s}{\sim} N(\lambda, \frac{\hat{\lambda}}{n})$$

$$\bar{X}_{100} = 4, \quad \alpha = 5\%$$

$$DU: 4 \pm 1.96 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{4}{100}} \rightarrow \lambda \in [3.2, 4.8]$$



$$X_1, \dots, X_{100} \sim \text{iid Poiss}(\lambda_x)$$

$$Y_1, \dots, Y_{100} \sim \text{iid Poiss}(\lambda_y)$$

$$\bar{X} = 4, \quad \bar{Y} = 5$$

$$\hat{\lambda} = \bar{X}$$

$$\Delta = \bar{Y} - \bar{X} = \hat{\lambda}_y - \hat{\lambda}_x \sim N\left(\lambda_y - \lambda_x, \frac{\lambda_y}{100} + \frac{\lambda_x}{100}\right)$$

$$\bar{Y} \sim N\left(\lambda_y, \frac{\lambda_y}{100}\right)$$

$$\bar{X} \sim N\left(\lambda_x, \frac{\lambda_x}{100}\right)$$

$$\lambda_y + \lambda_x = 5 + 4$$

$$\Delta \approx (9-4) \pm 1.96 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{100}{100}}$$

$$\Delta \approx 1 \pm 1.96 \cdot \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\Delta \in [0.6; 1.4]$$

