Instructions on running the calculations to reproduce the results presented in the paper by Sychev et al.

"Fault-associated magma conduits beneath the Colima volcano revealed by seismic velocity and attenuation tomography studies"

Introduction remarks:

The tomography model presented in the paper are obtained using the LOTOS code by Koulakov (2009). Here, we present the full version of the code with initial data and parameters used for calculating P and S velocity models and attenuation beneath the Colima Volcanic Complex (Mexico). This version of the code is adopted for the Windows OS and contains the entire program listing and the full project structure for Microsoft Visual Studio 2010 and Intel Visual Fortran. Detailed description of the velocity part of the code can be found at www.ivan-art.com/science/LOTOS

Structure of the code:

Initially, the root folder contains three subfolders:

PROGRAMS contains all the programs used for calculations

COMMON includes some service files, such as quick visualization tool and color scales

DATA contains all data files.

The DATA files have two-level structure. First level corresponds to the dataset (in our case, we have only one dataset, COLIMA 0). The name of the dataset should consist of eight characters.

In the dataset folder (COLIMA_0) there is a mandatory subfolder inidata containing two mandatory files rays.dat and stat ft.dat. The file with topography topo.grd is optional.

Within the dataset, there might be any number of models corresponding to inversions with experimental (real) data and synthetic tests. Names of the models should consist of 8 characters (e.g., MAIN_MOD, BOARD_20). In the case of real data inversion, the model folder contains two files: MAJOR_PARAM.DAT and ref_start.dat. In the case of synthetic models, besides these two files, there should be two other files: anomaly.dat and ref_syn.dat. For synthetic models with polygonal definition of anomalies, there should be also a subfolder forms with files describing polygons. For the visualization, it is necessary to create sethor.dat and setver.dat files in the dataset folder with the parameters of horizontal and vertical sections respectively.

All the files are defined according to the results presented in the paper. In case if one wish to play with parameters and models, it is necessary to create a folder with a new model. The easiest way is just to clone it by Ctrl-C and Ctrl-V and change the desired values of parameters or starting model.

Note that synthetic tests can be run only after performing full calculations for the main model MAIN MOD, because they use the locations of events after relocation in the resulting 3D model.

Main steps to reproduce the results:

1. Checking if the data are correct:

Open file model.dat in the root folder and check if the first line contains the area of the dataset corresponding to the Colima experiment: COLIMA 0. Then run

check_ini_data.bat. In the console, the general information about the initial dataset will appear. A file with the corresponding information will be created in DATA/COLIMA O/inidata/data info.txt.

In addition, the folder PICS will appear in the root folder. This folder contains the dataset folder with the figure ini_data.png inside. This figure shows the location of seismic sources and stations for Colima experiment.

2. Calculation of the main model for velocity and attenuation based on the inversion of the observed data:

Open file all_areas.dat in the root folder. Check if the names of dataset folder and main model are correct: COLIMA_0 and MAIN_MOD. The last number in the line corresponds to the number of iterations used in the inversion. All calculations of the Colima models presented in the paper were based on 3 iterations. To start the consequent calculations for velocity and attenuation run the START_VEL_ATT.BAT file. For computing only the velocity model run START_VEL.BAT file. For computing only the attenuation model run START_ATT.BAT file (the velocity model should be calculated previously). The main steps of calculation process are seen on the console.

The resulting pictures for velocity will appear in the PICS/COLIMA_0/MAIN_MOD/IT3; for attenuation, pictures will appear in PICS/COLIMA_0/MAIN_MOD/ATT.

In addition, the information about residuals and variance reductions after every iteration will appear in the PICS/COLIMA O/MAIN MOD/info resid.dat.

3. Performing the synthetic tests:

To visualize the synthetic anomalies in horizontal and vertical sections, open file model.dat in the root folder and define the name of the corresponding synthetic model, for example, BOARD_20. Then, run visual_syn_model.bat. Figures with the synthetic anomalies appears in PICS/COLIMA 0/BOARD 20/SYN.

To run the calculations, change the name of the model in all_areas.dat to BOARD_20 and run the START_VEL.bat file for the velocity model. The resulting pictures with velocity anomalies will appear in PICS/COLIMA_0/BOARD_20/IT3. The synthetic modeling for attenuation should be run separately by START_ATT_syn.bat file. The resulting pictures for attenuation will appear in the PICS/COLIMA_0/BOARD_20/ATT.

Description of the models:

MAIN MOD – main velocity and attenuation models corresponds to:

- figure 6 horizontal sections of the P and S wave velocity anomalies,
- figure 7 vertical sections of the P and S wave velocity anomalies,
- figure 8 horizontal sections of the S wave attenuation,
- figure 9 vertical sections of the S wave attenuation.

BOARD_10 — horizontal "checkerboard" synthetic model with 10x10 km anomalies corresponds dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation presented in the left column in Figure 4.

BOARD_15 – horizontal "checkerboard" synthetic model with 15x15 km anomalies corresponds dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation presented in the central column in Figure 4.

BOARD_20 — horizontal "checkerboard" synthetic model with 20x20 km anomalies corresponds dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation presented in the right column in Figure 4.

VERBRD21 – vertical "checkerboard" synthetic model with 20x20 km anomalies with the first sign change at 5 km depth for dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation presented in the left column in Figure 5.

VERBRD22 – vertical "checkerboard" synthetic model with 20x20 km anomalies with the first sign change at 10 km depth for dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation presented in the central column in Figure 5.

VERBRD23 – vertical "checkerboard" synthetic model with 20x20 km anomalies with the first sign change at 15 km depth for dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation presented in the right column in Figure 5.

SYNHOR_1 — synthetic model with horizontal free-shaped anomalies for dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation (not presented in the paper).

SYNVER21 – synthetic model with vertical free-shaped anomalies defined in section 2 for dVp, dVs, Vp/Vs ratio and S-wave attenuation (not presented in the paper).

To display the results with Surfer Software:

All figures in the paper were created using Surfer-13. All grid files could be found in folders TMP_files/hor and TMP_files/vert for horizontal or vertical sections respectively. To plot resulting velocity anomalies in horizontal section in Surfer, create a new contour map using grid file TMP_files/hor/dv25 1.grd. For the attenuation use the files TMP_files/hor/dv25 1.grd. To display different models, it is necessary to replace the grid with another file in the same folder.

In the file name "dvKM N.grd":

- dv means velocity anomalies;
- K number of the phase: 1 for P model, and 2 for the S model;
- — M is the number of iteration;
- N is a number of horizontal section, same as listed in DATA/COLIMA O/sethor.dat).

The color scales for visualization are located in COMMON/scales_lvl. In the present figures, we used color scale [10_10.1vl.

To create resulting figures for main model in vertical sections, use grid file TMP_files/vert/ver_25 1.grd. To display the earthquakes projected to the vertical section, build a post map using the TMP_files/vert/ztr_1.dat file. To plot the position of the vertical section in the horizontal map, create a base map using TMP_files/vert/mark 1.dat file.

To obtain figure for synthetic model, for example BOARD_01, the procedure is the same (see BOARD_01.srf). To add the configuration of anomalies, create a contour map using TMP_files/hor/synM_N.grd (M is 1 for P and 2 for the S model, N is the number of depth section).

Note that grid files in TMP_files directory correspond to the most recent calculated model. When computing a new model, all the previous grid files are overwritten. To create grid files for any previously calculated model, change the model's name and number of iteration in model.dat and run visual_result.bat in the root folder.