

Do everything that it says you should do

Read and DO the Forensics Questions

Fix anything that needs it

Packages

Updates

Configure updates with software-properties-gtk

- Check for updates daily
- Download and install automatically for security updates
- Display immediatly for other updates

Update system

apt update && apt upgrade && apt dist-upgrade

Package Management

Check sources list at /etc/apt/sources.list & /etc/apt/sources.list.d/

Remove suspicious entries

Install Packages from README and for auditing software

```
apt install apt-listbugs -y
apt install apt-listchanges -y
```

Remove unauthorized packages

```
Remove games, hacking tools, networking tools, servers, etc

To list packages: apt list --installed | cut -d/ -f1

To remove package: apt purge [package] apt purge ssh ftp telnet openssh-* samba-* *-samba smbd telnet avahi-* cups cups-* *-cups slapd ldap-utils nfs-common nfs-kernel-server rsync talk
```

Unauthorized File Management

```
Remove media files, backdoors, PII files, etc
# 1s -alR /home/*/*
```

Security Policies

Install security packages

```
apt install libpam-cracklib -y
apt install libpam-tmpdin -y
apt install libpam-usb -y
apt install auditd -y
apt install libpam-pwquality -y
```

Password policy

```
cat /etc/passwd | awk -F: '( $3 >= 1000 && $1 != "nfsnobody" ) { print $1 }' | xargs
-n 1 chage -d 0
password required
                        pam_pwhistory.so remember=5
/etc/login.defs:
PASS_MAX_DAYS 90
PASS MIN DAYS 10
PASS_WARN_AGE 7
umask 027
/etc/security/pwquality.conf:
minlen = 16
dcredit = -1
ucredit = -1
ocredit = -1
lcredit = -1
try_first_pass
### Set default inactivity to be 30 days till disabled
useradd -D -f 30
chage --inactive 30 <user> # make script for every user
usermod -s /usr/sbin/nologin <user> #make scripte for every system user
echo "don't let any user have password change date in the future"
#!/bin/bash
for user in `awk -F: '($3 < 1000) {print $1 }' /etc/passwd`; do
        if [ $user != "root" ]; then
                usermod -L $user
                if [ $user != "sync" ] && [ $user != "shutdown" ] && [ $user != "hal
t"]; then
                        usermod -s /usr/sbin/nologin $user
                fi
        fi
done
```

Audit policy

```
/etc/audit/audit.rules:
-D
-w / -p rwax -k filesystem_change
-a always,exit -S all
-e 2
/etc/audit/auditd.conf:
max_log_file_action=keep_log
```

Account lockout policy

Be careful with this, you may lock yourself out of root, do this at the end if you still need points

```
/etc/pam.d/common-auth
auth required pam_tally2.so deny=5 onerr=fail audit even_deny_root lock_ti
me=1200 unlock_time=1800
OR
auth required pam_tally2.so onerr=fail audit silent deny=5 unlock_time=900
/etc/bash.bashrc | /etc/profile | /etc/profile.d/*.sh:
TMOUT=600
While you are here you might as well edit the umask:
umask 027
```

Make sure you don't lock yourself out by running /sbin/pam_tally2 -u \$USER --reset. often

banners

```
/etc/motd | /etc/issue | /etc/issue.net | replace with:
waRnINg: if yOu HAxOR, ExIt SYSTEM noW! sySTEM no like hAXOrs. anYtHiNG You DO HerE
mAy Be recORdEd WITH SuRVEILLanCE SyStemS, So wE KNow IF YOU BAD.
```

Security Options

USB

```
service autofs stop
systemctl disable autofs
apt install usb-storage -y
apt install USBGaurdd -y
systemctl enable USBGaurdd
```

Users

lock unauthorized users

```
chown root:root /etc/passwd
chmod 644 /etc/passwd
chown root:root /etc/shadow
chmod o-rwx,g-wx /etc/shadow
```

```
chown root:root /etc/group
chmod 644 /etc/group
chown root:shadow /etc/gshadow
chmod o-rwx,g-rw /etc/gshadow
chown root:root /etc/passwd-
chmod u-x,go-wx /etc/passwd-
chown root:root /etc/shadow-
chown root:shadow /etc/shadow-
chmod o-rwx,g-rw /etc/shadow-
chown root:root /etc/group-
chmod u-x,go-wx /etc/group-
chown root:root /etc/gshadow-
chown root:shadow /etc/gshadow-
chmod o-rwx,g-rw /etc/gshadow-
lock root:
usermod -s /bin/false root
usermod -L root
usermod -g ⊘ root
lock root to physical consoles:
/etc/securetty => remove entries for any consoles that are not in a physically secur
e location
lock guest login:
This varies depending on the display manager, yours may be gdm (gnome display manage
r) or lightdm, do the steps accordingly
/etc/lightdm/lightdm.conf:
allow-guest=true
                   => allow-guest=false
autologin-user=[user] => autologin-user=
/etc/gdm/custom.conf:
AutomaticLoginEnable=true => AutomaticLoginEnable=false
AutomaticLogin=[user] => AutomaticLogin=
/etc/pam.d/gdm-password:
auth sufficient pam_succeed_if.so user ingroup nopasswdlogin => DELETE LINE
```

groups

```
Create groups specified in README:
groupadd [group]

Delete groups not in the README:
groupdel [group]

Add users to groups especially administrators to the sudo and wheel group:
usermod -aG [group] [user]

Remove users from groups especially unauthorized administrations from the sudo group:
gpasswd -d [user] [group]
/etc/group:
wheel:x:10:root,<user list>
```

configure sudo

```
# visudo:
Defaults requiretty
Defaults use_pty
Defaults lecture="always"
Defaults log_input,log_output
Defaults passwd_tries=3
Defaults passwd_timeout=1
/etc/pam.d/su:
auth required pam_wheel.so
```

Networking

Firewall

```
apt install ufw iptables -y
ufw enable
ufw default deny incoming
ufw logging verbose
/etc/default/ufw:
IPV6=no => IPV6=yes
Allow or deny connections for critical services or backdoors:
ufw [allow/deny] [program/port/ip address]
```

Backdoors

```
apt install nmap -y && nmap -sVf -p- 127.0.0.1 && apt purge nmap -y lsof -i -n -p netstat -tulpn
```

dns

Remove non default entries in /etc/hosts

hosts files

```
/etc/hosts.allow:
Remove suspicious entries
/etc/hosts.deny:
```

ALL: ALL

Services

Unauthorized services

```
service --status-all | remove bad services
systemctl disable [service] && systemctl stop [service]
```

Critical Serivces

OpenSSH Server

```
apt install openssh-server -y
service ssh enable
service ssh start
chown root:root /etc/ssh/sshd_config
chmod og-rwx /etc/ssh/sshd_config
/etc/ssh/sshd_config:
#KexAlgorithms curve25519-sha256@libssh.org,ecdh-sha2-nistp521,ecdh-sha2-nistp384,ec
dh-sha2-nistp256, diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
#Ciphers chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com,aes256-gcm@openssh.com,aes128-gcm@openssh.co
m,aes256-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes128-ctr
MACs hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com,hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com,umac-128-etm@openss
h.com, hmac-sha2-512, hmac-sha2-256, umac-128@openssh.com
UsePrivilegeSeparation sandbox
Subsystem sftp internal-sftp -f AUTHPRIV -l INFO
AllowTcpForwarding no
AllowStreamLocalForwarding no
GatewayPorts no
PermitTunnel no
UseDNS no
Compression no
TCPKeepAlive no
AllowAgentForwarding no
PermitRootLogin no
Port 8808
ForwardX11 no
Protocol 2
LogLevel INFO # Verbose
X11Forwarding no
MaxAuthTries 2
IgnoreRhosts yes
HostbasedAuthentication no
```

```
PermitEmptyPasswords no
PermitUserEnvironment no
ClientAliveInterval 300
ClientAliveCountMax 0
LoginGraceTime 60
Banner /etc/issue.net
ListenAddress 0.0.0.0
MaxSessions 2
MaxStartups 2
PasswordAuthentication yes/no ???????
AllowUsers <userlist>
AllowGroups <grouplist>
DenyUsers <userlist>
DenyGroups <grouplist>
service sshd restart
sshd -T
ufw allow 8808
systemctl reload sshd
```

mySQL

```
apt install mysql-server -y
mysql_secure_installation
service mysql enable
service mysql start
/etc/mysql/mysql.conf.d/mysqld.cnf
bind-address = 127.0.0.1
user = mysql
port = 1542
local_infile = 0
symbolic-links = 0
default_password_lifetime = 90
service mysql restart
```

apache

```
apt install apache2
service apache2 start
service apache2 enable
ufw allow "Apache Full"
apt install libapache2-mod-security2
mv /etc/modsecurity/modsecurity.conf-recommended /etc/modsecurity/modsecurity.conf
useradd -r -s /bin/false apache
groupadd apache
useradd -G apache apache
chown -R apache:apache /opt/apache
```

```
chmod -R 750 /etc/apache2/*
/etc/apache2/apache2conf
ServerTokens Prod
ServerSignature Off
FileETag None
User apache
Group apache
TraceEnable off
Timeout 60
Header always append X-Frame-Options SAMEORIGIN
Header set X-XSS-Protection "1; mode=block"
<Directory />
Options -Indexes -Includes
AllowOverride None
</Directory>
<LimitExcept GET POST HEAD>
deny from all
</LimitExcept>
# $EDITOR httpsd.conf
<Directory /opt/apache/htdocs>
Options None
</Directory>
<Directory />
Options -Indexes
AllowOverride None
</Directory>
service apache2 restart
```

postfix

```
/etc/postfix/main.cf:
inet_interfaces = loopback-only
```

Security Auditing

```
apt install rkhunter -y
apt install lynis -y
apt install clamav -y
rkhunter --update --propupd
rkhunter --check
lynis -c
freshclam
clamscan -r --remove
```

cron

```
systemctl enable cron
rm /etc/cron.deny
rm /etc/at.deny
touch /etc/cron.allow
touch /etc/at.allow
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.allow
chmod og-rwx /etc/at.allow
chown root:root /etc/cron.allow
chown root:root /etc/at.allow
chown root:root /etc/crontab
chmod og-rwx /etc/crontab
chown root:root /etc/cron.hourly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.hourly
chown root:root /etc/cron.daily
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.daily
chown root:root /etc/cron.weekly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.weekly
chown root:root /etc/cron.monthly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.monthly
chown root:root /etc/cron.d
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.d# systemctl enable cron
rm /etc/cron.deny
rm /etc/at.deny
touch /etc/cron.allow
touch /etc/at.allow
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.allow
chmod og-rwx /etc/at.allow
chown root:root /etc/cron.allow
chown root:root /etc/at.allow
chown root:root /etc/crontab
chmod og-rwx /etc/crontab
chown root:root /etc/cron.hourly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.hourly
chown root:root /etc/cron.daily
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.daily
chown root:root /etc/cron.weekly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.weekly
chown root:root /etc/cron.monthly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.monthly
chown root:root /etc/cron.d
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.d
```

mounting

```
mount -o remountcnoexec /dev/shm
mount -o remount,nosuid /dev/shm1
mount -o remount,nodev /dev/shm
/etc/fstab:
none /run/shm tmpfs defaults,ro 0 0
```

Kernel

```
/etc/sysctl.conf:
fs.protected_hardlinks=1
fs.protected_symlinks=1
fs.suid_dumpable=0
kernel.exec-shield=1
kernel.randomize va space=2
net.ipv4.ip_forward=0
net.ipv4.conf.all.rp_filter=1
net.ipv4.conf.all.accept_source_route=0
net.ipv4.conf.all.send redirects=0
net.ipv4.conf.all.log_martians=1
net.ipv4.conf.all.secure_redirects=0
net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_ra=0
net.ipv4.conf.default.secure_redirects=0
net.ipv4.conf.default.send_redirects=0
net.ipv4.conf.default.log_martians=1
net.ipv4.conf.default.rp_filter=1
net.ipv4.icmp_echo_ignore_broadcasts=1
net.ipv4.icmp_ignore_bogus_error_messages=1
net.ipv4.icmp_ignore_bogus_error_responses=1
net.ipv4.tcp_syncookies=1
net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_redirects=0
net.ipv6.conf.all.disable_ipv6 = 1 # Careful! This disables IPv6
net.ipv6.conf.default.accept_ra=0
net.ipv6.conf.default.accept redirects=0
/etc/security/limits.conf:
* hard core 0
/etc/modprobe.d/CIS.conf:
install dccp /bin/true
install sctp /bin/true
install rds /bin/true
install tipc /bin/true
/etc/host.conf:
order bind, hosts
multi on
nospoof on
/etc/resolv.conf:
make server 8.8.8.8
```

```
/etc/rc.local:
exit 0
```

File permisions

/etc/gshadow /etc/passwd /etc/group /etc/shadow /etc/hosts /etc/hosts.deny /etc/hosts.allow

Audit no world writable files

```
df --local -P | awk {'if (NR!=1) print 6'} | xargs -I '{}' find '{}' -xdev -type f -perm -0002
```

Audit no unowned files or directories

```
df --local -P | awk {'if (NR!=1) print 6'} | xargs -I '{}' find '{}' -xdev -nouser #df --local -P | awk {'if (NR!=1) print 6'} | xargs -r '{}' find '{}' -xdev -nogroup
```

Audit no ungropued files or directories

```
df --local -P | awk {'if (NR!=1) print 6'} | xargs -I '{}' find '{}' -xdev -nogroup
```

Audit SUID executable

Audit SGID executables

```
df --local -P | awk {'if (NR!=1) print 6'} | xargs -I '{}' find '{}' -xdev -type f -perm -2000
```

Miscellaneous

```
snap refresh
apt install rsyslog -y
systemctl enable rsyslog
/etc/rsyslog.conf:
Remove anything that sends logs to a domain
apt purge xinetd openbsd-inetd inetutils-inetd -y
apt install tcpd -y
apt install apparmor -y
aa-enforce /etc/apparmor.d/*
```

CIS documents

```
/etc/modprobe.d/CIS.conf:
install cramfs /bin/true
install freevxfs /bin/true
install jffs2 /bin/true
install hfs /bin/true
install hfsplus /bin/true
install udf /bin/true
rmmod udf
rmmod hfsplus
rmmod hfs
rmmod jffs2
rmmod freevxfs
rmmod cramfs
echo "file systems on separate partitians /tmp /var /var/tmp /var/log /var/log/audit
/home"
echo "edit the fstab to do the following options"
mount -o remount, nodev /tmp
mount -o remount, nosuid /tmp
mount -o remount, nodev /var/tmp
mount -o remount, nosuid /var/tmp
mount -o remount, noexec /var/tmp
mount -o remount, nodev /home
mount -o remount, nodev /dev/shm
mount -o remount, nosuid /dev/shm
mount -o remount, noexec /dev/shm
echo "edit fstab to have nodev, nosuid, noexec, for all removable media pertitians"
df --local -P | awk {'if (NR!=1) print $6'} | xargs -I '{}' find '{}' -xdev -type d
-perm -0002 2>/dev/null | xargs chmod a+t
systemctl disable autofs
systemctl stop autofs
```

```
apt-cache policy
apt-key list
apt-get install aide aide-common
aideinit
crontab -u root -e:
0 5 * * * /usr/bin/aide --config /etc/aide/aide.conf --check
chown root:root /boot/grub/grub.cfg
chmod og-rwx /boot/grub/grub.cfg
grub-mkpasswd-pbkdf2
/etc/grub.d/00_header
cat <<EOFset superusers="<username>"password pbkdf2 <username> <encrypted-password>E
OF
update-grub
passwd root
/etc/security/limits.conf or /etc/security/limits.d/*
# hard core 0
/etc/sysctl.conf or /etc/sysctl.d/*
fs.suid_dumpable = 0
kernel.randomize_va_space = 2
sysctl -w kernel.randomize_va_space=2
sysctl -w fs.suid_dumpable=0
echo "sysctl -p"
echo "Ensure XD/NX support is enabled"
prelink -ua
apt-get remove prelink
##### SELINUX!!!!!!
/etc/default/grub:
remove all => selinux=0 enforcing=0
GRUB CMDLINE LINUX DEFAULT="quiet"
GRUB CMDLINE LINUX=""
update-grub
/etc/selinux/config:
SELINUX=enforcing
SELINUXTYPE=ubuntu
ps -eZ | egrep "initrc" | egrep -vw "tr|ps|egrep|bash|awk" | tr ':' ' ' | awk '{ pri
nt $NF }'
echo "investigate unconfied daemons"
#### APPARMOR
/etc/default/grub:
remove all => apparmor=0 from CMDLINE_LINUX parameters
GRUB_CMDLINE_LINUX_DEFAULT="quiet"
GRUB CMDLINE LINUX=""
update-grub
apparmor_status
aa-enforce /etc/apparmor.d/*
apt-get install selinux
apt-get install apparmor
/etc/motd:
remove => \m \r \s \v
```

```
echo "Authorized uses only. All activity may be monitored and reported." > /etc/issu
echo "Authorized uses only. All activity may be monitored and reported." > /etc/issu
chown root:root /etc/motd
chmod 644 /etc/motd
chown root:root /etc/issue
chmod 644 /etc/issue
chown root:root /etc/issue.net
chmod 644 /etc/issue.net
/etc/dconf/profile/gdm:
user-db:user
system-db:gdm
file-db:/usr/share/gdm/greeter-dconf-defaults
/etc/dconf/db/gdm.d/01-banner-message:
[org/gnome/login-screen]
banner-message-enable=true
banner-message-text='Authorized uses only. All activity may be monitored and reporte
d.'
dconf update
/etc/inetd.conf or /etc/inetd.d/*:
remove anything starting with chargen | daytime | discard | echo | time | shell, log
in, exec | talk, ntalk | telnet | tftp |
/etc/xinetd.conf and /etc/xinetd.d/*:
disable = yes on all chargen | daytime | discard | echo | time | rsh, rloging, rexec
| talk | telnet | tftp |
systemctl disable xinetd
apt-get remove openbsd-inetd
apt-get install ntp
apt-get install chrony
systemctl enable ntp
systemctl enable chrony
/etc/ntp.conf:
estrict -4 default kod nomodify notrap nopeer noquery
restrict -6 default kod nomodify notrap nopeer noquery
server <remote-server>
/etc/init.d/ntp:
RUNASUSER=ntp
/etc/chrony/chrony.conf:
server <remote-server>
apt-get remove xserver-xorg* # Be very careful
systemctl disable avahi-daemon #remove?????
systemctl disable cups # remove cups? configuring printing?
systemctl disable isc-dhcp-server
systemctl disable isc-dhcp-server6
systemctl disable slapd
systemctl disable nfs-server
systemctl disable rpcbind
systemctl disable bind9
```

```
systemctl disable vsftpd
systemctl disable apache2
systemctl disable dovecot
systemctl disable smbd
systemctl disable squid
systemctl disable snmpd
/etc/postfix/main.cf
RECIVING MAIL section =>
inet interfaces = loopback-only
systemctl restart postfix
systemctl disable rsync
systemctl disable nis
apt-get remove nis
apt-get remove rsh-client rsh-redone-client
apt-get remove talk
apt-get remove telnet
apt-get remove ldap-utils
/etc/sysctl.conf or /etc/sysctl.d/*:
net.ipv4.ip forward = 0
net.ipv4.conf.all.send redirects = 0
net.ipv4.conf.default.send_redirects = 0
net.ipv4.conf.all.accept source route = 0
net.ipv4.conf.default.accept_source_route = 0
net.ipv4.conf.all.accept_redirects = 0
net.ipv4.conf.default.accept_redirects = 0
net.ipv4.conf.all.secure redirects = 0
net.ipv4.conf.default.secure redirects = 0
net.ipv4.conf.all.log_martians = 1
net.ipv4.conf.default.log martians = 1
net.ipv4.icmp_echo_ignore_broadcasts = 1
net.ipv4.icmp_ignore_bogus_error_responses = 1
net.ipv4.conf.all.rp filter = 1
net.ipv4.conf.default.rp filter = 1
net.ipv4.tcp_syncookies = 1
net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_ra = 0
net.ipv6.conf.default.accept ra = 0
net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_redirects = 0
net.ipv6.conf.default.accept_redirects = 0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.ip forward=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.all.send_redirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.default.send redirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.all.accept_source_route=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.default.accept source route=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.all.accept_redirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.default.accept redirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
```

```
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.all.secure redirects=0# sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.default.secu
re_redirects=0# sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.all.secure_r
edirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.default.secure redirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.all.log_martians=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.default.log martians=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.icmp echo ignore broadcasts=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.icmp ignore bogus error responses=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.all.rp_filter=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.conf.default.rp filter=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.tcp syncookies=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_ra=0
sysctl -w net.ipv6.conf.default.accept ra=0
sysctl -w net.ipv6.route.flush=1
sysctl -w net.ipv6.conf.all.accept_redirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv6.conf.default.accept redirects=0
sysctl -w net.ipv6.route.flush=1
/etc/default/grub:
add => ipv6.disable=1 to GRUB CMDLINE LINUX
GRUB CMDLINE LINUX="ipv6.disable=1"
update-grub
apt-get install tcpd
#echo "ALL: <net>/<mask>, <net>/<mask>, ..." >/etc/hosts.allow
echo "ALL: ALL" >> /etc/hosts.deny
chown root:root /etc/hosts.allow
chmod 644 /etc/hosts.allow
chown root:root /etc/hosts.deny
chmod 644 /etc/hosts.deny
/etc/modprobe.d/CIS.conf:
install dccp /bin/true
install sctp /bin/true
install rds /bin/true
install tipc /bin/true
apt-get install iptables
iptables -F
iptables -P INPUT DROP
iptables -P OUTPUT DROP
iptables -P FORWARD DROP
iptables -A INPUT -i lo -j ACCEPT
iptables -A OUTPUT -o lo -j ACCEPT
iptables -A INPUT -s 127.0.0.0/8 -j DROP
iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp -m state --state NEW, ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
```

```
iptables -A OUTPUT -p udp -m state --state NEW, ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
iptables -A OUTPUT -p icmp -m state --state NEW, ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp -m state --state ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
iptables -A INPUT -p udp -m state --state ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
iptables -A INPUT -p icmp -m state --state ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
####ip link set <interface> down
/etc/audit/auditd.conf:
max_log_file = 100000000000
space left action = email
action mail acct = root
admin_space_left_action = halt
max_log_file_action = keep_logs
systemctl enable auditd
/etc/default/grub:
add => GRUB CMDLINE LINUX="audit=1"
update-grub
/etc/audit/audit.rules:
if 32:
-a always, exit -F arch=b32-S adjtimex -S settimeofday -S stime -k time-change
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S clock_settime -k time-change
-w /etc/localtime -p wa -k time-change
if 64:
-a always, exit -F arch=b64 -S adjtimex -S settimeofday -k time-change
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S adjtimex -S settimeofday -S stime -k time-change
-a always,exit -F arch=b64 -S clock_settime -k time-change
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S clock_settime -k time-change
-w /etc/localtime -p wa -k time-change
-w /etc/group -p wa -k identity
-w /etc/passwd -p wa -k identity
-w /etc/gshadow -p wa -k identity
-w /etc/shadow -p wa -k identity
-w /etc/security/opasswd -p wa -k identity
if 32:
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S sethostname -S setdomainname -k system-locale
-w /etc/issue -p wa -k system-locale
-w /etc/issue.net -p wa -k system-locale
-w /etc/hosts -p wa -k system-locale
-w /etc/sysconfig/network -p wa -k system-locale
if 64:
-a always,exit -F arch=b64 -S sethostname -S setdomainname -k system-locale
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S sethostname -S setdomainname -k system-locale
-w /etc/issue -p wa -k system-locale
-w /etc/issue.net -p wa -k system-locale
-w /etc/hosts -p wa -k system-locale
```

```
-w /etc/sysconfig/network -p wa -k system-locale
SELinux:
-w /etc/selinux/ -p wa -k MAC-policy
-w /usr/share/selinux/ -p wa -k MAC-policy
AppArmor:
-w /etc/apparmor/ -pwa -k MAC-policy
-w /etc/apparmor.d/ -p wa -k MAC-policy
-w /var/log/faillog -p wa -k logins
-w /var/log/lastlog -p wa -k logins
-w /var/log/tallylog -p wa -k logins
-w /var/run/utmp -p wa -k session
-w /var/log/wtmp -p wa -k logins
-w /var/log/btmp -p wa -k logins
if 32:
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S chmod -S fchmod -S fchmodat -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=429
4967295 -k perm_mod
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S chown -S fchown -S fchownat -S lchown -F auid>=1000 -F
auid!=4294967295 -k perm_mod
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S setxattr-S lsetxattr -S fsetxattr -S removexattr -S lr
emovexattr -S fremovexattr -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k perm_mod
if 64:
-a always,exit -F arch=b64 -S chmod -S fchmod -S fchmodat -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=429
4967295 -k perm mod
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S chmod -S fchmod -S fchmodat -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=429
4967295 -k perm_mod
-a always, exit -F arch=b64 -S chown -S fchown -S fchownat -S lchown -F auid>=1000 -F
auid!=4294967295 -k perm mod
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S chown -S fchown -S fchownat -S lchown -F auid>=1000 -F
auid!=4294967295 -k perm_mod
-a always, exit -F arch=b64 -S setxattr -S lsetxattr -S fsetxattr -S removexattr -S 1
removexattr -S fremovexattr -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k perm_mod
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S setxattr -S lsetxattr -S fsetxattr -S removexattr -S 1
removexattr -S fremovexattr -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k perm mod
if 32:
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S creat -S open -S openat -S truncate -S ftruncate -F ex
it=-EACCES -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k access
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S creat -S open -S openat -S truncate -S ftruncate -F ex
it=-EPERM -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k access
if 64:
-a always, exit -F arch=b64 -S creat -S open -S openat -S truncate -S ftruncate -F ex
it=-EACCES -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k access
```

```
-a always, exit -F arch=b32 -S creat -S open -S openat -S truncate -S ftruncate -F ex
it=-EACCES -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k access
-a always, exit -F arch=b64 -S creat -S open -S openat -S truncate -S ftruncate -F ex
it=-EPERM -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k access
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S creat -S open -S openat -S truncate -S ftruncate -F ex
it=-EPERM -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k access
find <partition> -xdev \( -perm -4000 -o -perm -2000 \) -type f | awk '{print \"-a a
lways,exit -F path=" $1 " -F perm=x -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 \-k privilege
d" }
if 32:
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S mount -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k mounts
if 64:
-a always,exit -F arch=b64 -S mount -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k mounts
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S mount -F auid>=1000 -F auid!=4294967295 -k mounts
if 32:
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S unlink -S unlinkat -S rename -S renameat -F auid>=1000
-F auid!=4294967295 -k delete
if 64:
-a always,exit -F arch=b64 -S unlink -S unlinkat -S rename -S renameat -F auid>=1000
-F auid!=4294967295 -k delete
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S unlink -S unlinkat -S rename -S renameat -F auid>=1000
-F auid!=4294967295 -k delete
-w /etc/sudoers -p wa -k scope
-w /etc/sudoers.d/ -p wa -k scope
-w /var/log/sudo.log -p wa -k actions
if 32:
-w /sbin/insmod -p x -k modules
-w /sbin/rmmod -p x -k modules
-w /sbin/modprobe -p x -k modules
-a always,exit -F arch=b32 -S init_module -S delete_module -k modules
if 64:
-w /sbin/insmod -p x -k modules
-w /sbin/rmmod -p x -k modules
-w /sbin/modprobe -p x -k modules
-a always,exit -F arch=b64 -S init_module -S delete_module -k modules
-e 2
#### LOOOOGOOGOGINGNGNG
if rsyslog::::::::::
```

```
systemctl enable rsyslog
/etc/rsyslog.conf or /etc/rsyslog.d/*.conf:
$FileCreateMode 0640
if log host, if not comment out:
$ModLoad imtcp
$InputTCPServerRun 514
edit as needed:
*.* @@loghost.example.com
*.emerg
                                          :omusrmsg:*
mail.*
                                        -/var/log/mail
mail.info
                                        -/var/log/mail.info
mail.warning
                        -/var/log/mail.warn
mail.err
                                         /var/log/mail.err
news.crit
                                        -/var/log/news/news.crit
news.err
                                        -/var/log/news/news.err
news.notice
                                -/var/log/news/news.notice
*.=warning; *.=err
                                        -/var/log/warn
                                         /var/log/warn
*.crit
*.*; mail.none; news.none
                                        -/var/log/messages
local0,local1.*
                                        -/var/log/localmessages
local2,local3.*
                                        -/var/log/localmessages
local4,local5.*
                                        -/var/log/localmessages
local6, local7.*
                                        -/var/log/localmessages
pkill -HUP rsyslogd
if syslog-ng:::::::::::::
update-rc.d syslog-ng enable
/etc/syslog-ng/syslog-ng.conf:
options { chain_hostnames(off); flush_lines(0); perm(0640); stats_freq(3600);threade
d(yes); };
if host:
source net{ tcp(); };
destination remote { file("/var/log/remote/${FULLHOST}-log"); };
log { source(net); destination(remote); };
else: remove
if needs to send to destination:
destination logserver { tcp("logfile.example.com" port(514)); };
log { source(src); destination(logserver); }
configure as appropriate:
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_console); destination(console); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_console); destination(xconsole); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_newscrit); destination(newscrit); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_newserr); destination(newserr); };
```

```
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_newsnotice); destination(newsnotice);
};
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_mailinfo); destination(mailinfo); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_mailwarn); destination(mailwarn); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_mailerr); destination(mailerr); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_mail); destination(mail); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_acpid); destination(acpid); flags(fina
1); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_acpid_full); destination(devnull); flag
s(final); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_acpid_old); destination(acpid); flags(f
inal); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_netmgm); destination(netmgm); flags(fin
al); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_local); destination(localmessages); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_messages); destination(messages); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_iptables); destination(firewall); };
log { source(src); source(chroots); filter(f_warn); destination(warn); };
pkill -HUP syslog-ng
apt-get install rsyslog
apt-get install syslog-ng
chmod -R g-wx,o-rwx /var/log/*
/etc/logrotate.conf => make sure logs rotate set maxage to longer than should remain
on system
systemctl enable cron
chown root:root /etc/crontab
chmod og-rwx /etc/crontab
chown root:root /etc/cron.hourly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.hourly
chown root:root /etc/cron.daily
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.daily
chown root:root /etc/cron.weekly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.weekly
chown root:root /etc/cron.monthly
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.monthly
chown root:root /etc/cron.d
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.d
rm /etc/cron.deny
rm /etc/at.deny
touch /etc/cron.allow
```

```
touch /etc/at.allow
chmod og-rwx /etc/cron.allow
chmod og-rwx /etc/at.allow
chown root:root /etc/cron.allow
chown root:root /etc/at.allow
systemctl reload auditd
```

```
dpkg --verify > <filename> > correct discripancies found and return the audit until
output is clean or rist is mitigated or accepted
      MeaningS
                     File size differs.M
                                              File mode differs (includes permission
s and file type).
       The MD5 checksum differs.
```

- D The major and minor version numbers differ on a device file.
- A mismatch occurs in a link. L
- The file ownership differs.
- G The file group owner differs.
- The file time (mtime) differs.

```
apt list --installed | cut -d/ -f1 | dpkg --verify
```

To look into

- pii files and sources like calendars
- logwatch
- sys disable?
- check logs? /var/log/boot /var/log/debug /var/log/auth.log /var/log/daemon.log /var/log/kern.log
- disable SUSUSU
- uefi boot
- grub password protection

- NIS + adn NIS authentication support
- LDAP pam
- disable single user mode
- fail2ban
- psad

Resources to look at

- https://github.com/imthenachoman/How-To-Secure-A-Linux-Server
- https://github.com/igstbagusdharmaputra/Linux-Administration
- https://infosec.mozilla.org/guidelines/openssh#modern-openssh-67
- http://www.cipherdyne.org/psad/docs/config.html
- https://github.com/imthenachoman/How-To-Secure-A-Linux-Server#fail2ban-application-intrusion-detection-and-prevention
- https://infosec.mozilla.org/guidelines/
- https://github.com/twhetzel/ud299-nd-linux-server-configuration#6-set-up-permissions-on-the-ssh-file-while-logged-in-as-grader
- https://paper.dropbox.com/doc/Linux-Server-Configuration-ProjectoaE1iDx2sZoGKWRTg0MMX
- https://geekflare.com/apache-web-server-hardening-security/
- https://geekflare.com/secure-mime-types-in-apache-nginx-with-x-content-type-options/
- https://geekflare.com/secure-apache-from-clickjacking-with-x-frame-options/
- https://geekflare.com/online-scan-website-security-vulnerabilities/
- https://geekflare.com/nginx-webserver-security-hardening-guide/
- https://geekflare.com/f5-irule-to-protect-clickjacking-x-frame-options/
- https://geekflare.com/docker-container-security-best-practices/
- https://geekflare.com/category/security/
- https://geekflare.com/wp-security-loopholes/
- https://geekflare.com/f5-irule-to-protect-clickjacking-x-frame-options/
- https://geekflare.com/tls-101/
- https://geekflare.com/wp-premium-security-plugins/
- https://vulners.com
- redhat stick
- https://github.com/facebook/osquery

 https://www.netsparker.com/get-demo/? utm_source=geekflare&utm_medium=cpc&utm_campaign=article

Additional Resources

- http://riverview-cyberpatriot.wikia.com/wiki/General_Checklist
- CIS textbook (14.04): https://drive.google.com/file/d/1oIm2Z7eSOirCoiBAWHIJgSZZyTG2mTv/view
- CIS textbook (16.04):
 https://drive.google.com/file/d/1JBIHGAlebokKkoc8hpw4XDmtlTClqvCi/view
- https://www.thefanclub.co.za/how-to/how-secure-ubuntu-1604-lts-server-part-1-basics
- https://www.cyberciti.biz/tips/linux-security.html
- https://github.com/Forty-Bot/linux-checklist
- https://neprisstore.blob.core.windows.net/sessiondocs/doc_8ac75a77-40a4-4e08-a6c0-93b39b92abd8.pdf
- https://neprisstore.blob.core.windows.net/sessiondocs/doc_362f4940-9202-4477-9f45b271bc2a9877.pdf

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