Introduction to Information Technology

Course Title: Introduction to Information Technology
Course No: CSC109

Full Marks: 60 + 20 + 20
Pass Marks: 24 + 8 + 8

Nature of the Course: Theory + Lab Credit Hrs: 3

Semester: I

Course Description: This course covers the basic concepts of computers and information technology including introduction, hardware, software, memory, input/output, data representation, database, networks and data communication, Internet, multimedia, and computer security.

Course Objectives: The main objective of this course is to provide students knowledge of fundamental concepts of computers and information technology.

Detail Syllabus:

Unit 1	Introduction to Computers	Teaching
		Hours (3)
Introduction	Definition and uses of computers	1 hr
Digital and Analog	Definition and uses of digital and analog computers	
Computers	with example. Differences between digital and	
	analog computers. Definition of hybrid computer.	
Characteristics of	Different characteristics of computers like speed,	
Computer	accuracy, diligence, storage capability, versatility	
	etc.	
History of Computer	History of computers from abacus to recent	
	development.	
Generations of	Generations of computers from first to fifth along	1 hr
Computer	with characteristics of each generation.	
Classification of	Classification of computers based on size and type:	
Computer	super-computer, mainframe-computer, mini-	
	computer, micro-computer. Characteristics of each	
	class.	
The Computer System	The four parts of computer system: hardware,	1hr
	software, data and users. Input-process-output	
	concept. Components of computer hardware:	
	input/output unit, central processing unit, and	
	memory unit.	
Application of	11	
Computers	education, health, agriculture, entertainment,	
	scientific research, sports etc.	
Unit 2	The Computer System Hardware	Teaching
		Hours (3)
Introduction	Computer hardware definition. Different hardware	1 hr
	components.	
Central Processing Unit	CPU and its functions. Different components of	
(CPU)	CPU: arithmetic logic unit, registers, control unit	
Memory Unit	Memory and its functions. Cache memory, primary	
	memory, and secondary memory.	
Instruction Format	What is instruction format? Concept of operation	1 hr

Instruction Set Definition and example of instruction set.		code and operand code.	
Instruction Cycle Fetching, decoding, executing, and storing steps of instruction cycle What is microprocessor? RISC and CISC architecture. Concept of pipeline and parallel processing.	Instruction Set	*	
Instruction cycle. What is microprocessor? RISC and CISC architecture. Concept of pipeline and parallel processing.			
Microprocessor Microprocessin Microprocessin Microprocessin Microprocessin Microprocessin Microprocessin Microprocessin Concept of pipeline and parallel processin Microprocessin Microprocessin Microprocessin Concept of pipeline and parallel processin Microprocessin Microprocessin Microprocessin Memory Concept of different components inside a computer cabinet like motherboard, ports and interfaces, expansion slots, memory and interfaces, expansion slots, memory wengabyte, ports and interfaces, expansion slots, memory of bits, byte, kilobyte, megabyte, gigabyte and terabyte. Memory Memory Memory Memory bierarchy from registers to magnetic tape. Memory bescription of CPU registers as working memory. Mat is promary memory? Microprocessor Magnetic Tape Magnetic Tape Mescription of CPU registers as working memory. Mat is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory? Mat is secondary memory? Microprocessor Magnetic Tape Magnetic Disk Mat is microprocessor Micropro	mstruction cycle		
architecture. Concept of pipeline and parallel processing. Interconnecting the Units of a Computer Cabinet Concept and types of bus. Concept of external ports. Inside a Computer Cabinet like motherboard, ports and interfaces, expansion slots, memory chips, processor, hard disk etc. Unit 3 Computer Memory Computer Memory Description of computer memory. Memory Hierarchy Description of bit, byte, kilobyte, megabyte, gigabyte and terabyte. Memory Hierarchy Memory Description of CPU registers to magnetic tape. Internal and secondary memory. Cache Memory Description of CPU registers as working memory. Cache Memory Description of CPU registers as working memory. Secondary Memory What is primary memory? Different types of primary memory. Secondary Memory What is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory. Secondary Memory What is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory. Secondary Memory What is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory? Secondary Memory What is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory. Secondary Memory What is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory. Secondary Memory What is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory. Secondary Memory What is secondary memory? Different types of secondary memory. Secondary memory Description, working mechanism, and features magnetic disc. Different types of magnetic disks. Magnetic Disk Description, working mechanism, and types of optical disks. Magneto-Optical Disk What is magneto-optical disk? How the Computer uses its memory used by computers from the moment the computer is switched on till the time it is switched off. Unit 4 Input and Output Devices Hard copy devices — printer (different types), Preaching Hours (4) Introduction Definition and uses of input/output devices. Input-Output Unit Description of input and output unit. Input Devices What is input device? Output Devices Hard copy devices — printer (different types),	Microprocessor	ř	1 hr
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Output Devices Hard copy devices – printer (different types),	_		
	Output Devices		
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	speaker.	
I/O Port	Concept of I/O port. Serial, parallel, USB, firewire	1 hr
	ports.	1 111
Working of I/O System	Detail working of I/O system. I/O hardware and I/O	
Working of 1/O System	software.	
Unit 5	Data Representation	Teaching
Unit 5	Data Representation	Hours (6)
Introduction	Different types of data.	1 hr
Number System	Introduction to number system, different types of	1 111
Number System	number systems.	
Conversion from	Conversion of both decimal integer and decimal	
Decimal to Binary,	fraction.	
Octal, Hexadecimal	naction.	
Conversion of Binary,	Conversion of Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal to	2 hr
Octal, Hexadecimal to	Decimal.	Z III
Decimal Decimal	Demilal.	
Conversion of Binary	Conversion of Binary to Octal, Hexadecimal.	
to Octal, Hexadecimal	Conversion of Dinary to Octar, nexadecimar.	
Conversion of Octal.	Conversion of Octal, Hexadecimal to Binary.	
Hexadecimal to Binary	Conversion of Octal, Hexadecimal to Dillary.	
Binary Arithmetic	Binary addition and subtraction.	2 hr
	Signed and Unsigned Numbers, Complement (1's	2 III
Signed and Unsigned Numbers		
	and 2's) of binary numbers. Fixed point and floating point number	
Binary Data	Fixed point and floating point number representation.	
Representation Binary Coding	*	1 hr
Binary Coding Schemes	introduction to EBCDIC, ASCII, and Unicode.	1 111
Logic Gates	What is logic gate? Basic logic gates.	
Unit 6	Computer Software	Teaching
Cint 0	Computer Software	Hours (6)
Introduction	Definition of computer hardware and computer	3 hr
	software.	
Types of Software	Classification of software: system software and	
) F == == == == == == == = = = = = = = =	application software.	
System Software	Definition and purpose of system software, system	
J	software for computer management and for	
	developing software.	
Application Software	What is application software? Types of application	
FT	software.	
Software Acquisition	The different ways in which software is made	
1	available to the users.	
Operating System	Operating System (Introduction, Objectives of	3 hr
(Introduction,	Operating System, Types of OS, Functions of OS,	
Objectives of		
Operating System,	Management, Device Management, Protection and	
Types of OS, Functions	Security, User Interface, Examples of Operating	
of OS, Process		
Management, Memory	· ·	
Management, File		
of OS, Process Management, Memory	Systems).	

Management, Device		
Management, Device		
Protection and		
Security, User		
Interface, Examples of		
Operating Systems)		
Unit 7	Data Communication and Computer Network	Teaching
	-	Hours (5)
Introduction	What is data communication? What is computer network?	2 hr
Importance of Networking	Different uses of computer network.	
Data Transmission Media	Guided (twisted pair cable, coaxial cable, and optical fiber cable) and unguided (radio, microwave, and satellite transmission) media.	
Data Transmission across Media	Transmission modes, transmission speed, electromagnetic wave, signal.	1 hr
Data Transmission and Data Networking	Point-to-point communication and switching.	
Computer Network	Introduction to computer network.	
Network Types	LAN, MAN, WAN	
Network Topology	What is network topology? Bus, ring, star, tree, mesh, and hybrid topologies.	2 hr
Communication	What is communication protocol? ISO model and	
Protocol	its seven layers.	
Network Devices	NIC, Repeater, Bridge, Hub, Switch, Router and Getway.	
Wireless Networking	Introduction and uses of wireless networking.	
	Bluetooth, wireless LAN and Wireless WAN.	
Unit 8	The Internet and Internet Services	Teaching Hours (4)
Introduction	What is Internet?	1 hr
History of Internet	History of Internet.	
Internetworking Protocol	Introduction to TCP/IP.	
The Internet Architecture	Client, ISP, Regional ISP, and Backbone.	
Managing the Internet	Governing bodies of the Internet.	1 hr
Connecting to Internet	How to connect to the Internet?	
Internet Connections	Different internet connections.	
Internet Address	IP address and domain names.	
Internet Services	WWW, Email, FTP, Telnet.	
Uses of Internet	Different uses of Internet.	2 hr
Introduction to Internet	Introduction and applications of IoT, wearable	
of Things (IoT), Wearable Computing, and Cloud Computing	computing and cloud computing.	
Introduction to E-	What is e-commerce? Types of e-commerce.	
commerce, E-	Introduction and applications of e-governance,	

governance, Smart	smart city, and GIS.	
City, and GIS Unit 9	Fundamentals of Database	Teaching Hours (4)
Introduction	Introduction	2 hr
Database	What is database? File-oriented approach and database approach. Benefits of database approach. E-R model and relational model.	
Database System	Introduction, components, and architecture.	
Database Management System	What is DBMS? Database language. Database administrator.	
Database System Architectures	Centralized, client/server, and distributed databases.	1 hr
Database Applications	Different applications of database.	
Introduction to Data Warehousing, Data mining, and BigData	Introduction to Data Warehousing, Data mining, and BigData	1 hr
Unit 10	Multimedia	Teaching Hours (3)
Introduction	What is multimedia?	1 hr
Multimedia - Definition	Definition of multimedia.	
Characteristics of Multimedia	Four basic characteristics.	
Elements of Multimedia	Text, graphics, audio, video, animation.	2 hr
Multimedia Applications	Different applications of multimedia	
Unit 11	Computer Security	Teaching Hours (3)
Introduction	Introduction to computer security.	1 hr
Security Attack	What is security threat? Security attack and its types.	
Malicious Software	Virus, worm, trojan horse.	
Security Services	Confidentiality, integrity, authentication, non-repudiation	
Security Mechanism	What is security mechanism? What is	2 hr
(Cryptography, Digital	cryptography? Introduction to secret key and public	
Signature, Firewall,	key cryptography. Introduction to hash function and	
User Identification and	digital signature. Firewall, its functions, and types.	
Authentication, Intrusion Detection	User identification and authentication - user name	
Systems)	and password, smart card, and biometrics. Introduction to intrusion detection systems.	
Security Awareness	What is security awareness?	
Security Policy	What is security awareness: What is security policy? Formulating security policy.	

Text Books:

1. Computer Fundamentals, Anita Goel, Pearson Education India

Reference Books:

- 1. Introduction to Computers, Peter Norton, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Education
- 2. Computer Fundamental, Pradeep K. Sinha and Priti Sinha
- 3. Data Mining Concepts and Techniques, Third Edition, Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pei
- 4. Cloud Computing Bible, Barrie Sosinsky, Wiley

Laboratory Works:

After completing this course, students should have practical knowledge of different hardware components of computer, operating systems, Word Processors, Spreadsheets, Presentation Graphics, Database Management Systems, and Internet and its services. The laboratory work includes:

- 1. Demonstration of different hardware components of a computer.
- 2. Knowledge of different operating systems like Windows, Linux, and DOS; Working with folders; Adding and removing programs.
- 3. Knowledge of different features of word processors like creating, saving, opening, editing, formatting, and printing documents; Using page setup; Working with bullets and numbers; Working with tables, mail merge, macros, and table of contents; Inserting pictures; Checking spelling, thesaurus and grammar.
- 4. Knowledge of Spreadsheet features like workbooks and worksheets, functions and formulas, cell referencing, sorting, data validation, conditional formatting; Creating charts.
- 5. Creating presentation slides; Adding animations; Inserting Charts, Graphics, Movies and Sound Clips.
- 6. Creating tables, query, reports, and forms; Understanding different data types.
- 7. Understanding Internet and its services like WWW and E-mail; Using search engine; Managing web browsers

Model Question:

Course Title: Introduction to Information Technology
Course No: CSC109
Semester: I
Full Marks: 60
Pass Marks: 24
Credit Hrs: 3

Section A

Attempt any two questions. $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- 1. What is operating system? Discuss different functions of operating system in detail. (2 + 8)
- 2. Why do we need computer network? Discuss different types of network topologies along with their merits and demerits. (3 + 7)
- 3. What are the benefits of storing data using databases? Discuss three levels of database system architecture in detail. (3 + 7)

Section B

Attempt any eight questions. $(8 \times 5 = 40)$

- 4. Discuss characteristics of third generation of computers. Compare it with fourth generation. (3 + 2)
- 5. Discuss the components of CPU in brief. (5)
- 6. What is primary memory? Discuss different types of primary memory. (1 + 4)
- 7. Define hard-copy and soft-copy output. Differentiate between impact and non-impact printers with example. (2 + 3)
- 8. Convert $(AF7)_{16}$ to binary. Subtract $(1001101)_2$ from $(1100011)_2$. (2+3)
- 9. Define IP address with example. What are the benefits of using domain name? (2 + 3)
- 10. What are the characteristics of multimedia? Discuss. (5)
- 11. Define cryptography. Discuss public key cryptography in detail. (1 + 4)
- 12. Write short notes on: $(2 \times 2.5 = 5)$
 - a. BigData
 - b. E-governance