

**Class:** Final Year (Computer Science and Engineering)

**Year:** 2022-23

**Semester:** 1

**Course:** High Performance Computing Lab

**PRN:** 2019BTECS00063

## Practical No. 7

### Problem Statement 1:

Implementation of Matrix vector multiplication using MPI.

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

// size of matrix
#define N 100

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int np, rank, numworkers, rows, i, j, k;
    printf("\n check");
    // a*b = c
    double a[N][N], b[N], c[N];
    MPI_Status status;

    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &np);

    numworkers = np - 1; // total process - 1 ie process with rank 0

    // rank with 0 is a master process
    int dest, source;
    int tag;
    int rows_per_process, extra, offset;

    // master process, process with rank = 0
    if (rank == 0)
    {
        printf("Running with %d tasks.\n", np);

        // matrix a and b initialization
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
            a[i][j] = 1;

    for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
        b[i] = 1;

    // start time
    double start = MPI_Wtime();

    // Send matrix data to other worker processes
    rows_per_process = N / numworkers;
    extra = N % numworkers;

    offset = 0;
    tag = 1;
    printf("\ncheck");
    // send data to other nodes
    for (dest = 1; dest <= numworkers; dest++)
    {
        rows = (dest <= extra) ? rows_per_process + 1 : rows_per_process;

        MPI_Send(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, dest, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        MPI_Send(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, dest, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);

        MPI_Send(&a[offset][0], rows * N, MPI_DOUBLE, dest, tag,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        MPI_Send(&b, N, MPI_DOUBLE, dest, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);

        offset = offset + rows;
    }
    printf("\ncheck");
    // receive data from other nodes and add it to the ans matrix c
    tag = 2;
    for (i = 1; i <= numworkers; i++)
    {
        source = i;
        MPI_Recv(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        MPI_Recv(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
        MPI_Recv(&c[offset], N, MPI_DOUBLE, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD,
&status);
    }

    // print multiplication result
    // printf("Result Matrix:\n");
```

```
// for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
// {
//     printf("%6.2f  ", c[i]);
// }

// printf("\n");
printf("\ncheck");
double finish = MPI_Wtime();
printf("Done in %f seconds.\n", finish - start); // total time spent
}

// all other process than process with rank = 0
if (rank > 0)
{
    printf("\ncheck");
    tag = 1;
    // receive data from process with rank 0
    MPI_Recv(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    MPI_Recv(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    MPI_Recv(&a, rows * N, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);
    MPI_Recv(&b, N, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &status);

    // calculate multiplication of given rows

    for (i = 0; i < rows; i++)
    {
        c[i] = 0.0;
        for (j = 0; j < N; j++)
            c[i] = c[i] + a[i][j] * b[j];
    }

    // send result back to process with rank 0
    tag = 2;
    MPI_Send(&offset, 1, MPI_INT, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Send(&rows, 1, MPI_INT, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Send(&c, N, MPI_DOUBLE, 0, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    printf("\ncheck");
}
MPI_Finalize();
}
```

### OUTPUT:

```
C:\Users\Sameer Dhote\Desktop\MPI>mpiexec -n 2 matrix-vector.exe
Running with 2 tasks.
Done in 0.000500 seconds.

C:\Users\Sameer Dhote\Desktop\MPI>mpiexec -n 4 matrix-vector.exe
Running with 4 tasks.
Done in 0.000842 seconds.

C:\Users\Sameer Dhote\Desktop\MPI>mpiexec -n 6 matrix-vector.exe
Running with 6 tasks.
Done in 0.001679 seconds.

C:\Users\Sameer Dhote\Desktop\MPI>mpiexec -n 8 matrix-vector.exe
Running with 8 tasks.
Done in 0.001803 seconds.
```

### Problem Statement 2:

Implement Matrix-Matrix multiplication using MPI.

```
/*
 * There are some simplifications here. The main one is that matrices B and C
 * are fully allocated everywhere, even though only a portion of them is
 * used by each processor (except for processor 0)
 */
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#define SIZE 8      /* Size of matrices */

int A[SIZE][SIZE], B[SIZE][SIZE], C[SIZE][SIZE];

void fill_matrix(int m[SIZE][SIZE])
{
    static int n=1;
    int i, j;
    for (i=0; i<SIZE; i++)
        for (j=0; j<SIZE; j++)
            m[i][j] = n++;
}

void print_matrix(int m[SIZE][SIZE])
```

```
{
    int i, j = 0;
    for (i=0; i<SIZE; i++) {
        printf("\n\t| ");
        for (j=0; j<SIZE; j++)
            printf("%2d ", m[i][j]);
        printf("|");
    }
}

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int myrank, P, from, to, i, j, k;
    int tag = 666; /* any value will do */
    MPI_Status status;

    MPI_Init (&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myrank); /* who am i */
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &P); /* number of processors */

    /* Just to use the simple variants of MPI_Gather and MPI_Scatter we */
    /* impose that SIZE is divisible by P. By using the vector versions, */
    /* (MPI_Gatherv and MPI_Scatterv) it is easy to drop this restriction. */

    if (SIZE%P!=0) {
        if (myrank==0) printf("Matrix size not divisible by number of processors\n");
        MPI_Finalize();
        exit(-1);
    }

    from = myrank * SIZE/P;
    to = (myrank+1) * SIZE/P;

    /* Process 0 fills the input matrices and broadcasts them to the rest */
    /* (actually, only the relevant stripe of A is sent to each process) */

    if (myrank==0) {
        fill_matrix(A);
        fill_matrix(B);
    }

    double start = MPI_Wtime();

    MPI_Bcast (B, SIZE*SIZE, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

```
MPI_Scatter (A[to], SIZE*SIZE/P, MPI_INT, A[from], SIZE*SIZE/P, MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);

printf("computing slice %d (from row %d to %d)\n", myrank, from, to-1);
for (i=from; i<to; i++)
    for (j=0; j<SIZE; j++) {
        C[i][j]=0;
        for (k=0; k<SIZE; k++)
            C[i][j] += A[i][k]*B[k][j];
    }

MPI_Gather (C[from], SIZE*SIZE/P, MPI_INT, C[to], SIZE*SIZE/P, MPI_INT, 0,
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
if (myrank==0) {
    double finish = MPI_Wtime();

    printf("\n\n");
    print_matrix(A);
    printf("\n\n\t      * \n");
    print_matrix(B);
    printf("\n\n\t      = \n");
    print_matrix(C);
    printf("\n\n");

    printf("Exection Time: %f\n", finish - start);
}

MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
}
```

**Output:**

```
computing slice 1 (from row 4 to 7)
computing slice 0 (from row 0 to 3)
```

```
| 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 |
| 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 |
| 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 |
| 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 |
| 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 |
| 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 |
| 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 |
| 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 |
```

\*

```
| 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 |
| 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 |
| 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 |
| 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 |
| 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 |
| 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 |
| 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 |
| 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 |
```

=

```
| 27492 27784 28076 28368 28660 28952 29244 29536 |
| 33444 33800 34156 34512 34868 35224 35580 35936 |
| 39396 39816 40236 40656 41076 41496 41916 42336 |
| 45348 45832 46316 46800 47284 47768 48252 48736 |
| 27492 27784 28076 28368 28660 28952 29244 29536 |
| 33444 33800 34156 34512 34868 35224 35580 35936 |
| 39396 39816 40236 40656 41076 41496 41916 42336 |
| 45348 45832 46316 46800 47284 47768 48252 48736 |
```

```
Exection Time: 0.000632
```