

# IBM\_HR\_ANALYTICS

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```
ibm_data <- read.csv("IBM_HR_Attrition.csv")
str(ibm_data)
```

```
## 'data.frame':  1470 obs. of  35 variables:
## $ i..Age      : int  41 49 37 33 27 32 59 30 38 36 ...
## $ Attrition   : Factor w/ 2 levels "No","Yes": 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ BusinessTravel : Factor w/ 3 levels "Non-Travel","Travel_Frequently",...: 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3
## $ DailyRate   : int  1102 279 1373 1392 591 1005 1324 1358 216 1299 ...
## $ Department  : Factor w/ 3 levels "Human Resources",...: 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ DistanceFromHome : int  1 8 2 3 2 2 3 24 23 27 ...
## $ Education    : int  2 1 2 4 1 2 3 1 3 3 ...
## $ EducationField : Factor w/ 6 levels "Human Resources",...: 2 2 5 2 4 2 4 2 2 4 ...
## $ EmployeeCount : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ EmployeeNumber : int  1 2 4 5 7 8 10 11 12 13 ...
## $ EnvironmentSatisfaction : int  2 3 4 4 1 4 3 4 4 3 ...
## $ Gender       : Factor w/ 2 levels "Female","Male": 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ HourlyRate    : int  94 61 92 56 40 79 81 67 44 94 ...
## $ JobInvolvement : int  3 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 2 3 ...
## $ JobLevel      : int  2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 ...
## $ JobRole       : Factor w/ 9 levels "Healthcare Representative",...: 8 7 3 7 3 3 3 3 5 1
## $ JobSatisfaction : int  4 2 3 3 2 4 1 3 3 3 ...
## $ MaritalStatus  : Factor w/ 3 levels "Divorced","Married",...: 3 2 3 2 2 3 2 1 3 2 ...
## $ MonthlyIncome  : int  5993 5130 2090 2909 3468 3068 2670 2693 9526 5237 ...
## $ MonthlyRate    : int  19479 24907 2396 23159 16632 11864 9964 13335 8787 16577 ...
## $ NumCompaniesWorked : int  8 1 6 1 9 0 4 1 0 6 ...
## $ Over18         : Factor w/ 1 level "Y": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ OverTime       : Factor w/ 2 levels "No","Yes": 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 ...
## $ PercentSalaryHike : int  11 23 15 11 12 13 20 22 21 13 ...
## $ PerformanceRating : int  3 4 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 3 ...
## $ RelationshipSatisfaction: int  1 4 2 3 4 3 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ StandardHours   : int  80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 ...
## $ StockOptionLevel : int  0 1 0 0 1 0 3 1 0 2 ...
## $ TotalWorkingYears : int  8 10 7 8 6 8 12 1 10 17 ...
## $ TrainingTimesLastYear : int  0 3 3 3 3 2 3 2 2 3 ...
## $ WorkLifeBalance  : int  1 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 ...
## $ YearsAtCompany   : int  6 10 0 8 2 7 1 1 9 7 ...
## $ YearsInCurrentRole : int  4 7 0 7 2 7 0 0 7 7 ...
## $ YearsSinceLastPromotion : int  0 1 0 3 2 3 0 0 1 7 ...
## $ YearsWithCurrManager : int  5 7 0 0 2 6 0 0 8 7 ...
```

```
head(ibm_data)
```

	i..Age	Attrition	BusinessTravel	DailyRate	Department
## 1	41	Yes	Travel_Rarely	1102	Sales
## 2	49	No	Travel_Frequently	279	Research & Development
## 3	37	Yes	Travel_Rarely	1373	Research & Development
## 4	33	No	Travel_Frequently	1392	Research & Development
## 5	27	No	Travel_Rarely	591	Research & Development

## 6	32	No Travel_Frequently	1005	Research & Development		
##	DistanceFromHome	Education	EducationField	EmployeeCount	EmployeeNumber	
## 1	1	2	Life Sciences	1	1	
## 2	8	1	Life Sciences	1	2	
## 3	2	2	Other	1	4	
## 4	3	4	Life Sciences	1	5	
## 5	2	1	Medical	1	7	
## 6	2	2	Life Sciences	1	8	
##	EnvironmentSatisfaction	Gender	HourlyRate	JobInvolvement	JobLevel	
## 1		2 Female	94	3	2	
## 2		3 Male	61	2	2	
## 3		4 Male	92	2	1	
## 4		4 Female	56	3	1	
## 5		1 Male	40	3	1	
## 6		4 Male	79	3	1	
##	JobRole	JobSatisfaction	MaritalStatus	MonthlyIncome		
## 1	Sales Executive	4	Single	5993		
## 2	Research Scientist	2	Married	5130		
## 3	Laboratory Technician	3	Single	2090		
## 4	Research Scientist	3	Married	2909		
## 5	Laboratory Technician	2	Married	3468		
## 6	Laboratory Technician	4	Single	3068		
##	MonthlyRate	NumCompaniesWorked	Over18	OverTime	PercentSalaryHike	
## 1	19479	8	Y	Yes	11	
## 2	24907	1	Y	No	23	
## 3	2396	6	Y	Yes	15	
## 4	23159	1	Y	Yes	11	
## 5	16632	9	Y	No	12	
## 6	11864	0	Y	No	13	
##	PerformanceRating	RelationshipSatisfaction	StandardHours			
## 1	3		1	80		
## 2	4		4	80		
## 3	3		2	80		
## 4	3		3	80		
## 5	3		4	80		
## 6	3		3	80		
##	StockOptionLevel	TotalWorkingYears	TrainingTimesLastYear	WorkLifeBalance		
## 1	0	8	0	1		
## 2	1	10	3	3		
## 3	0	7	3	3		
## 4	0	8	3	3		
## 5	1	6	3	3		
## 6	0	8	2	2		
##	YearsAtCompany	YearsInCurrentRole	YearsSinceLastPromotion			
## 1	6	4	0			
## 2	10	7	1			
## 3	0	0	0			
## 4	8	7	3			
## 5	2	2	2			
## 6	7	7	3			
##	YearsWithCurrManager					
## 1	5					
## 2	7					
## 3	0					

```
## 4          0
## 5          2
## 6          6
```

## Check for missing values

```
colSums(is.na(ibm_data))
```

```
##           i..Age           Attrition           BusinessTravel
##           0           0           0
##           DailyRate           Department           DistanceFromHome
##           0           0           0
##           Education           EducationField           EmployeeCount
##           0           0           0
##           EmployeeNumber           EnvironmentSatisfaction           Gender
##           0           0           0
##           HourlyRate           JobInvolvement           JobLevel
##           0           0           0
##           JobRole           JobSatisfaction           MaritalStatus
##           0           0           0
##           MonthlyIncome           MonthlyRate           NumCompaniesWorked
##           0           0           0
##           Over18           OverTime           PercentSalaryHike
##           0           0           0
##           PerformanceRating           RelationshipSatisfaction           StandardHours
##           0           0           0
##           StockOptionLevel           TotalWorkingYears           TrainingTimesLastYear
##           0           0           0
##           WorkLifeBalance           YearsAtCompany           YearsInCurrentRole
##           0           0           0
##           YearsSinceLastPromotion           YearsWithCurrManager
##           0           0
```

```
table(ibm_data$Attrition)
```

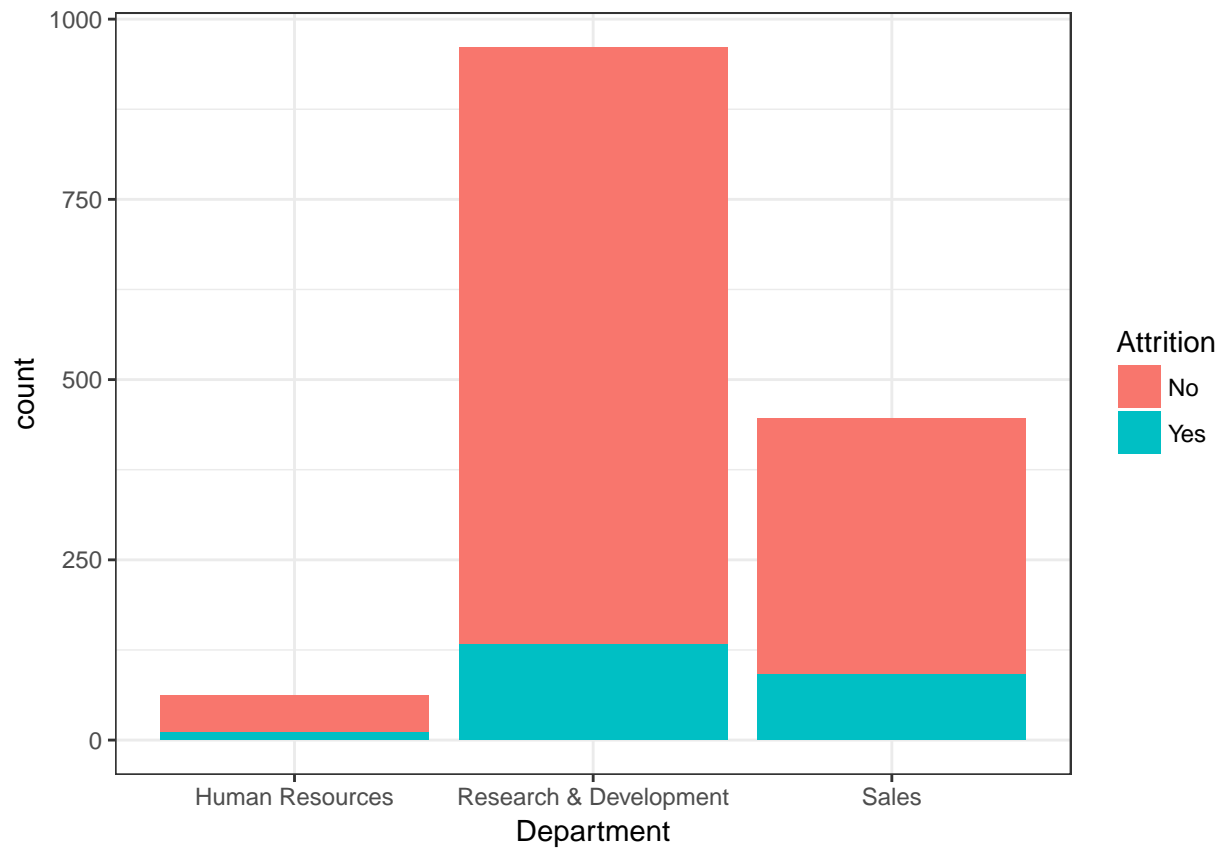
```
##
##   No   Yes
## 1233  237
```

## Visualization

```
require(ggplot2)
```

```
## Loading required package: ggplot2
```

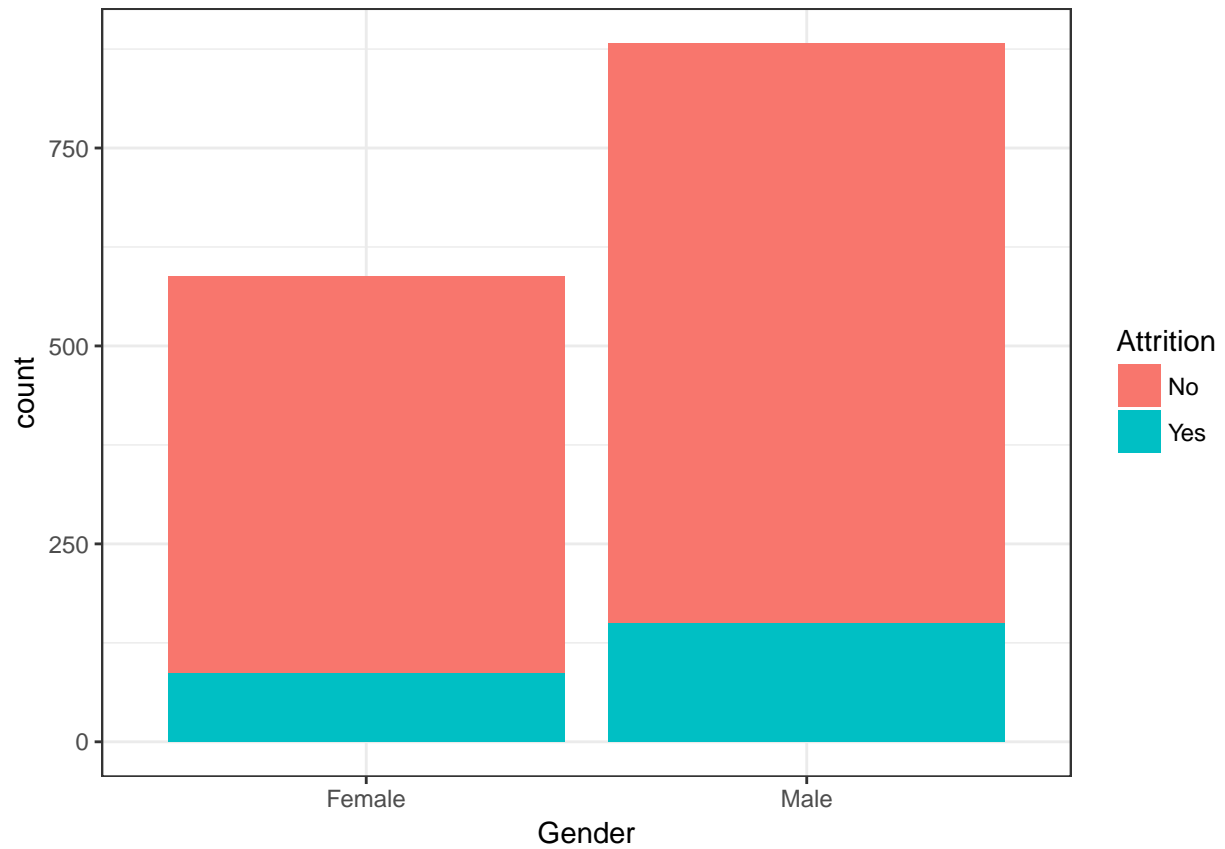
```
ggplot(ibm_data, aes(x=Department, fill=Attrition))+geom_bar() + theme_bw()
```



HR department has the least count. R&D department has more Attrition = No(High proportion of no)

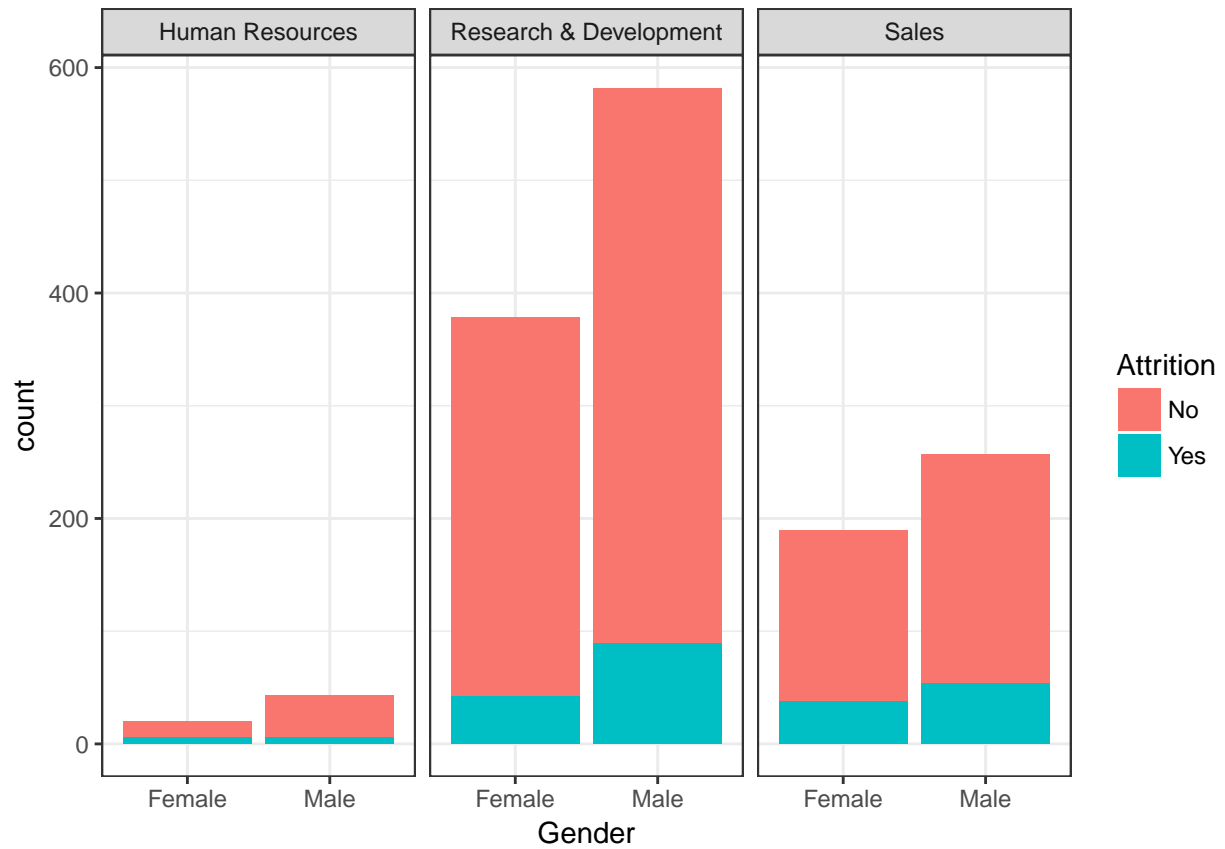
Lets see Gender and Attrition

```
ggplot(ibm_data, aes(x=Gender, fill=Attrition))+geom_bar() + theme_bw()
```

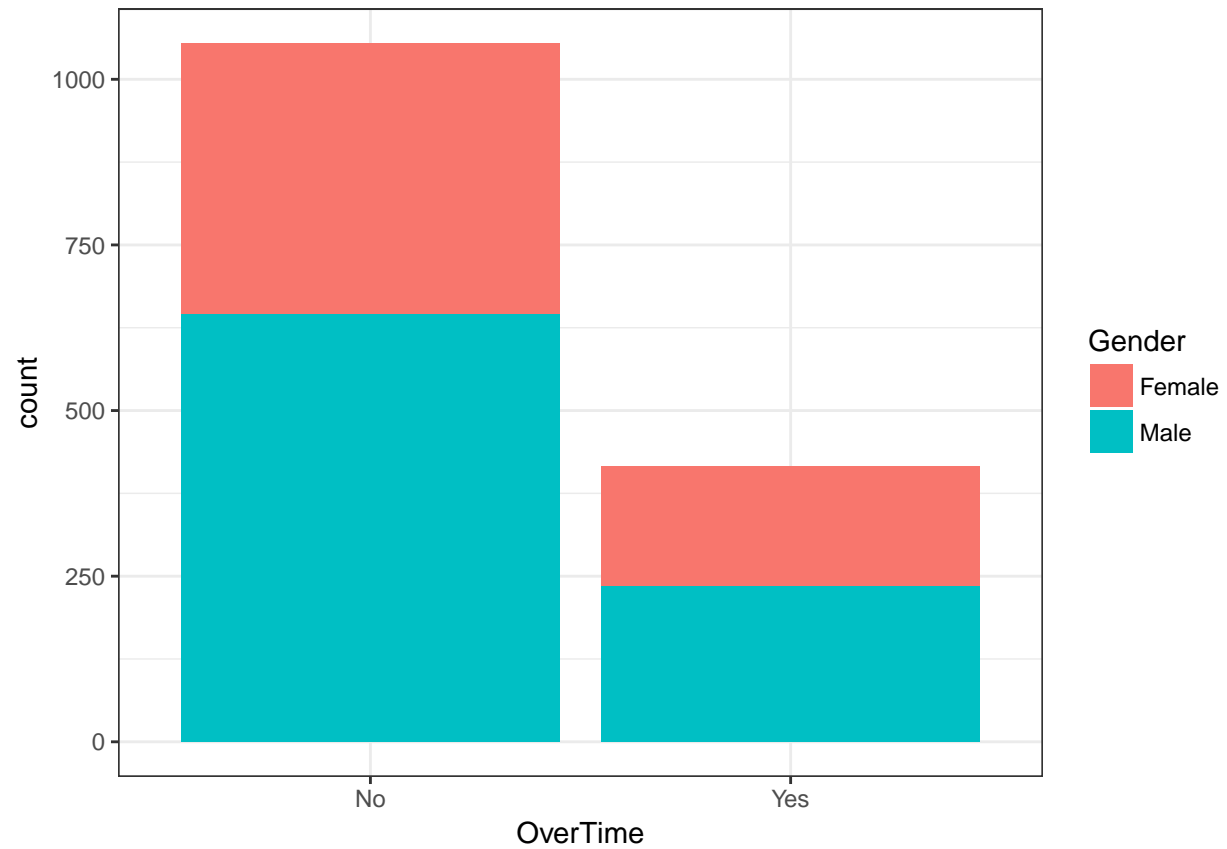


Gender, Attrition from each department

```
ggplot(ibm_data, aes(x=Gender, fill=Attrition))+geom_bar() + theme_bw() + facet_wrap(~Department)
```



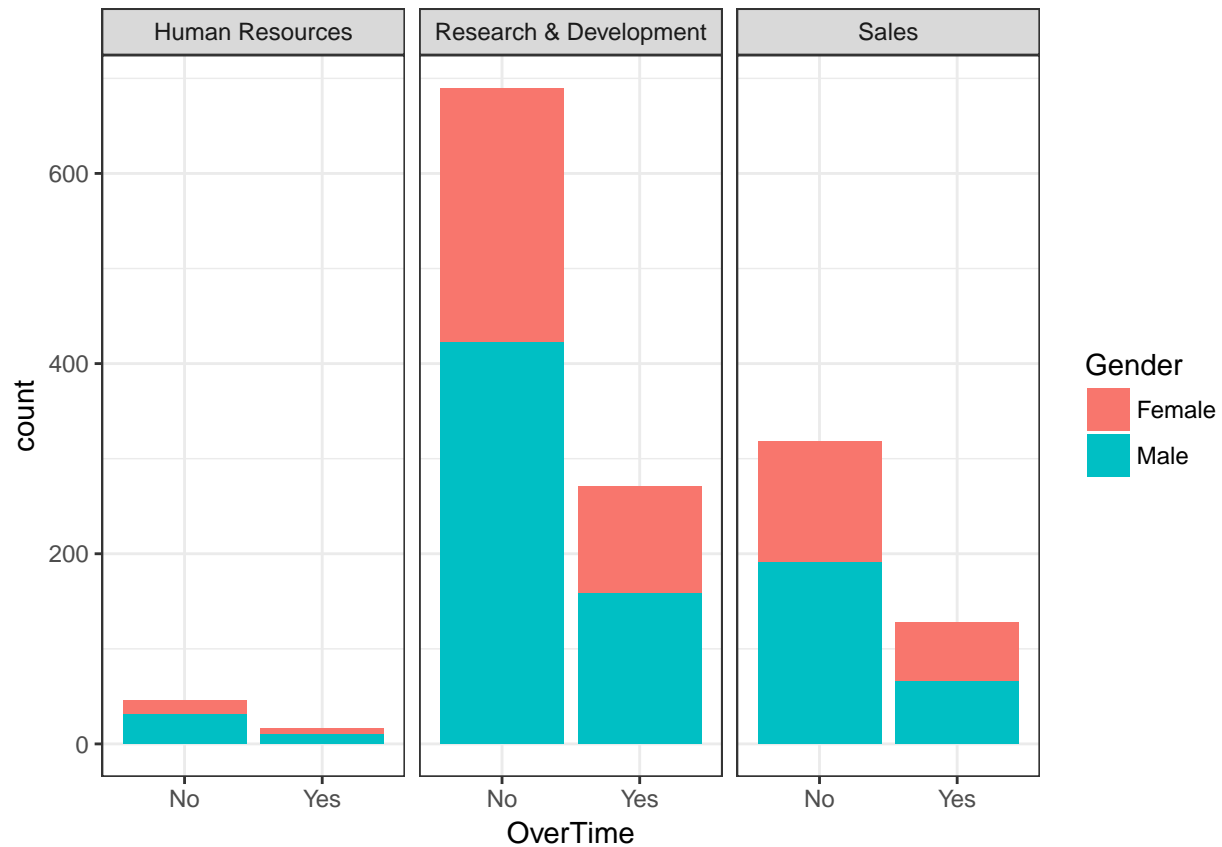
```
ggplot(ibm_data, aes(x=OverTime, fill=Gender))+geom_bar() + theme_bw()
```



Females do work overtime. There is quite a lot.

Department wise.

```
ggplot(ibm_data, aes(x=OverTime, fill=Gender))+geom_bar() + theme_bw() + facet_wrap(~Department)
```



**Attrition = Yes - 1, No - 0**

Use `dummy_cols{fastDummies}` for label encoding. I have done manually.

```
ibm_data$Attrition = as.integer(ibm_data$Attrition)
head(ibm_data)
```

```
##   i..Age Attrition  BusinessTravel DailyRate      Department
## 1    41         2    Travel_Rarely    1102          Sales
## 2    49         1 Travel_Frequently    279 Research & Development
## 3    37         2    Travel_Rarely    1373 Research & Development
## 4    33         1 Travel_Frequently    1392 Research & Development
## 5    27         1    Travel_Rarely    591 Research & Development
## 6    32         1 Travel_Frequently    1005 Research & Development
## DistanceFromHome Education EducationField EmployeeCount EmployeeNumber
## 1              1          2 Life Sciences             1              1
## 2              8          1 Life Sciences             1              2
## 3              2          2      Other                1              4
## 4              3          4 Life Sciences             1              5
## 5              2          1      Medical              1              7
## 6              2          2 Life Sciences             1              8
## EnvironmentSatisfaction Gender HourlyRate JobInvolvement JobLevel
## 1                    2 Female          94              3          2
## 2                    3 Male           61              2          2
## 3                    4 Male           92              2          1
```



```

## 4          4 Female          56          3          1
## 5          1 Male          40          3          1
## 6          4 Male          79          3          1
##          JobRole JobSatisfaction MaritalStatus MonthlyIncome
## 1      Sales Executive          4      Single          5993
## 2      Research Scientist          2      Married          5130
## 3 Laboratory Technician          3      Single          2090
## 4      Research Scientist          3      Married          2909
## 5 Laboratory Technician          2      Married          3468
## 6 Laboratory Technician          4      Single          3068
## MonthlyRate NumCompaniesWorked Over18 OverTime PercentSalaryHike
## 1      19479          8      Y      Yes          11
## 2      24907          1      Y      No          23
## 3      2396          6      Y      Yes          15
## 4      23159          1      Y      Yes          11
## 5      16632          9      Y      No          12
## 6      11864          0      Y      No          13
## PerformanceRating RelationshipSatisfaction StandardHours
## 1          3          1          80
## 2          4          4          80
## 3          3          2          80
## 4          3          3          80
## 5          3          4          80
## 6          3          3          80
## StockOptionLevel TotalWorkingYears TrainingTimesLastYear WorkLifeBalance
## 1          0          8          0          1
## 2          1         10          3          3
## 3          0          7          3          3
## 4          0          8          3          3
## 5          1          6          3          3
## 6          0          8          2          2
## YearsAtCompany YearsInCurrentRole YearsSinceLastPromotion
## 1          6          4          0
## 2         10          7          1
## 3          0          0          0
## 4          8          7          3
## 5          2          2          2
## 6          7          7          3
## YearsWithCurrManager
## 1          5
## 2          7
## 3          0
## 4          0
## 5          2
## 6          6

```

```

ibm_data$Attrition[ibm_data$Attrition == 1] <- 0
ibm_data$Attrition[ibm_data$Attrition == 2] <- 1

```

```

ibm_data$Attrition = as.factor(ibm_data$Attrition)
head(ibm_data)

```

```

## i..Age Attrition BusinessTravel DailyRate Department
## 1      41          1      Travel_Rarely      1102      Sales
## 2      49          0 Travel_Frequently      279 Research & Development

```

## 3	37	1	Travel_Rarely	1373	Research & Development
## 4	33	0	Travel_Frequently	1392	Research & Development
## 5	27	0	Travel_Rarely	591	Research & Development
## 6	32	0	Travel_Frequently	1005	Research & Development
##	DistanceFromHome	Education	EducationField	EmployeeCount	EmployeeNumber
## 1		1	2 Life Sciences	1	1
## 2		8	1 Life Sciences	1	2
## 3		2	2 Other	1	4
## 4		3	4 Life Sciences	1	5
## 5		2	1 Medical	1	7
## 6		2	2 Life Sciences	1	8
##	EnvironmentSatisfaction	Gender	HourlyRate	JobInvolvement	JobLevel
## 1		2 Female	94	3	2
## 2		3 Male	61	2	2
## 3		4 Male	92	2	1
## 4		4 Female	56	3	1
## 5		1 Male	40	3	1
## 6		4 Male	79	3	1
##		JobRole	JobSatisfaction	MaritalStatus	MonthlyIncome
## 1		Sales Executive	4	Single	5993
## 2		Research Scientist	2	Married	5130
## 3		Laboratory Technician	3	Single	2090
## 4		Research Scientist	3	Married	2909
## 5		Laboratory Technician	2	Married	3468
## 6		Laboratory Technician	4	Single	3068
##	MonthlyRate	NumCompaniesWorked	Over18	OverTime	PercentSalaryHike
## 1	19479	8	Y	Yes	11
## 2	24907	1	Y	No	23
## 3	2396	6	Y	Yes	15
## 4	23159	1	Y	Yes	11
## 5	16632	9	Y	No	12
## 6	11864	0	Y	No	13
##	PerformanceRating	RelationshipSatisfaction	StandardHours		
## 1		3	1	80	
## 2		4	4	80	
## 3		3	2	80	
## 4		3	3	80	
## 5		3	4	80	
## 6		3	3	80	
##	StockOptionLevel	TotalWorkingYears	TrainingTimesLastYear	WorkLifeBalance	
## 1	0	8	0	1	
## 2	1	10	3	3	
## 3	0	7	3	3	
## 4	0	8	3	3	
## 5	1	6	3	3	
## 6	0	8	2	2	
##	YearsAtCompany	YearsInCurrentRole	YearsSinceLastPromotion		
## 1	6	4	0		
## 2	10	7	1		
## 3	0	0	0		
## 4	8	7	3		
## 5	2	2	2		
## 6	7	7	3		
##	YearsWithCurrManager				

```
## 1      5
## 2      7
## 3      0
## 4      0
## 5      2
## 6      6
```

## Turning numeric variables into factors

```
ibm_data$Education <- as.factor(ibm_data$Education)
ibm_data$EnvironmentSatisfaction <- as.factor(ibm_data$EnvironmentSatisfaction)
ibm_data$JobInvolvement <- as.factor(ibm_data$JobInvolvement)
ibm_data$JobSatisfaction <- as.factor(ibm_data$JobSatisfaction)
ibm_data$PerformanceRating <- as.factor(ibm_data$PerformanceRating)
ibm_data$RelationshipSatisfaction <- as.factor(ibm_data$RelationshipSatisfaction)
ibm_data$WorkLifeBalance <- as.factor(ibm_data$WorkLifeBalance)
str(ibm_data)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 1470 obs. of 35 variables:
## $ i..Age : int 41 49 37 33 27 32 59 30 38 36 ...
## $ Attrition : Factor w/ 2 levels "0","1": 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ BusinessTravel : Factor w/ 3 levels "Non-Travel","Travel_Frequently",...: 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3
## $ DailyRate : int 1102 279 1373 1392 591 1005 1324 1358 216 1299 ...
## $ Department : Factor w/ 3 levels "Human Resources",...: 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ DistanceFromHome : int 1 8 2 3 2 2 3 24 23 27 ...
## $ Education : Factor w/ 5 levels "1","2","3","4",...: 2 1 2 4 1 2 3 1 3 3 ...
## $ EducationField : Factor w/ 6 levels "Human Resources",...: 2 2 5 2 4 2 4 2 2 4 ...
## $ EmployeeCount : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ EmployeeNumber : int 1 2 4 5 7 8 10 11 12 13 ...
## $ EnvironmentSatisfaction : Factor w/ 4 levels "1","2","3","4": 2 3 4 4 1 4 3 4 4 3 ...
## $ Gender : Factor w/ 2 levels "Female","Male": 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ HourlyRate : int 94 61 92 56 40 79 81 67 44 94 ...
## $ JobInvolvement : Factor w/ 4 levels "1","2","3","4": 3 2 2 3 3 3 4 3 2 3 ...
## $ JobLevel : int 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 ...
## $ JobRole : Factor w/ 9 levels "Healthcare Representative",...: 8 7 3 7 3 3 3 3 5 1
## $ JobSatisfaction : Factor w/ 4 levels "1","2","3","4": 4 2 3 3 2 4 1 3 3 3 ...
## $ MaritalStatus : Factor w/ 3 levels "Divorced","Married",...: 3 2 3 2 2 3 2 1 3 2 ...
## $ MonthlyIncome : int 5993 5130 2090 2909 3468 3068 2670 2693 9526 5237 ...
## $ MonthlyRate : int 19479 24907 2396 23159 16632 11864 9964 13335 8787 16577 ...
## $ NumCompaniesWorked : int 8 1 6 1 9 0 4 1 0 6 ...
## $ Over18 : Factor w/ 1 level "Y": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ OverTime : Factor w/ 2 levels "No","Yes": 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 ...
## $ PercentSalaryHike : int 11 23 15 11 12 13 20 22 21 13 ...
## $ PerformanceRating : Factor w/ 2 levels "3","4": 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 ...
## $ RelationshipSatisfaction: Factor w/ 4 levels "1","2","3","4": 1 4 2 3 4 3 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ StandardHours : int 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 ...
## $ StockOptionLevel : int 0 1 0 0 1 0 3 1 0 2 ...
## $ TotalWorkingYears : int 8 10 7 8 6 8 12 1 10 17 ...
## $ TrainingTimesLastYear : int 0 3 3 3 3 2 3 2 2 3 ...
## $ WorkLifeBalance : Factor w/ 4 levels "1","2","3","4": 1 3 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 ...
## $ YearsAtCompany : int 6 10 0 8 2 7 1 1 9 7 ...
## $ YearsInCurrentRole : int 4 7 0 7 2 7 0 0 7 7 ...
```

```
## $ YearsSinceLastPromotion : int 0 1 0 3 2 3 0 0 1 7 ...
## $ YearsWithCurrManager    : int 5 7 0 0 2 6 0 0 8 7 ...
```

```
head(ibm_data)
```

```
## i..Age Attrition BusinessTravel DailyRate Department
## 1 41 1 Travel_Rarely 1102 Sales
## 2 49 0 Travel_Frequently 279 Research & Development
## 3 37 1 Travel_Rarely 1373 Research & Development
## 4 33 0 Travel_Frequently 1392 Research & Development
## 5 27 0 Travel_Rarely 591 Research & Development
## 6 32 0 Travel_Frequently 1005 Research & Development
## DistanceFromHome Education EducationField EmployeeCount EmployeeNumber
## 1 1 2 Life Sciences 1 1
## 2 8 1 Life Sciences 1 2
## 3 2 2 Other 1 4
## 4 3 4 Life Sciences 1 5
## 5 2 1 Medical 1 7
## 6 2 2 Life Sciences 1 8
## EnvironmentSatisfaction Gender HourlyRate JobInvolvement JobLevel
## 1 2 Female 94 3 2
## 2 3 Male 61 2 2
## 3 4 Male 92 2 1
## 4 4 Female 56 3 1
## 5 1 Male 40 3 1
## 6 4 Male 79 3 1
## JobRole JobSatisfaction MaritalStatus MonthlyIncome
## 1 Sales Executive 4 Single 5993
## 2 Research Scientist 2 Married 5130
## 3 Laboratory Technician 3 Single 2090
## 4 Research Scientist 3 Married 2909
## 5 Laboratory Technician 2 Married 3468
## 6 Laboratory Technician 4 Single 3068
## MonthlyRate NumCompaniesWorked Over18 OverTime PercentSalaryHike
## 1 19479 8 Y Yes 11
## 2 24907 1 Y No 23
## 3 2396 6 Y Yes 15
## 4 23159 1 Y Yes 11
## 5 16632 9 Y No 12
## 6 11864 0 Y No 13
## PerformanceRating RelationshipSatisfaction StandardHours
## 1 3 1 80
## 2 4 4 80
## 3 3 2 80
## 4 3 3 80
## 5 3 4 80
## 6 3 3 80
## StockOptionLevel TotalWorkingYears TrainingTimesLastYear WorkLifeBalance
## 1 0 8 0 1
## 2 1 10 3 3
## 3 0 7 3 3
## 4 0 8 3 3
## 5 1 6 3 3
## 6 0 8 2 2
## YearsAtCompany YearsInCurrentRole YearsSinceLastPromotion
```

```
## 1      6      4      0
## 2     10      7      1
## 3      0      0      0
## 4      8      7      3
## 5      2      2      2
## 6      7      7      3
##   YearsWithCurrManager
## 1      5
## 2      7
## 3      0
## 4      0
## 5      2
## 6      6
```

## Gender

```
ibm_data$Gender <- as.integer(ibm_data$Gender)
ibm_data$MaritalStatus <- as.integer(ibm_data$MaritalStatus)
ibm_data$OverTime <- as.integer(ibm_data$OverTime)
head(ibm_data)
```

```
##   i..Age Attrition   BusinessTravel DailyRate      Department
## 1    41         1   Travel_Rarely    1102         Sales
## 2    49         0 Travel_Frequently    279 Research & Development
## 3    37         1   Travel_Rarely    1373 Research & Development
## 4    33         0 Travel_Frequently    1392 Research & Development
## 5    27         0   Travel_Rarely    591 Research & Development
## 6    32         0 Travel_Frequently    1005 Research & Development
##   DistanceFromHome Education EducationField EmployeeCount EmployeeNumber
## 1          1         2 Life Sciences          1          1
## 2          8         1 Life Sciences          1          2
## 3          2         2      Other          1          4
## 4          3         4 Life Sciences          1          5
## 5          2         1      Medical          1          7
## 6          2         2 Life Sciences          1          8
##   EnvironmentSatisfaction Gender HourlyRate JobInvolvement JobLevel
## 1          2         1      94          3          2
## 2          3         2      61          2          2
## 3          4         2      92          2          1
## 4          4         1      56          3          1
## 5          1         2      40          3          1
## 6          4         2      79          3          1
##   JobRole JobSatisfaction MaritalStatus MonthlyIncome
## 1   Sales Executive          4          3         5993
## 2  Research Scientist          2          2         5130
## 3 Laboratory Technician          3          3         2090
## 4  Research Scientist          3          2         2909
## 5 Laboratory Technician          2          2         3468
## 6 Laboratory Technician          4          3         3068
##   MonthlyRate NumCompaniesWorked Over18 OverTime PercentSalaryHike
## 1      19479          8      Y      2          11
## 2      24907          1      Y      1          23
```

```
## 3      2396      6      Y      2      15
## 4      23159     1      Y      2      11
## 5      16632     9      Y      1      12
## 6      11864     0      Y      1      13
##      PerformanceRating RelationshipSatisfaction StandardHours
## 1              3              1              80
## 2              4              4              80
## 3              3              2              80
## 4              3              3              80
## 5              3              4              80
## 6              3              3              80
##      StockOptionLevel TotalWorkingYears TrainingTimesLastYear WorkLifeBalance
## 1              0              8              0              1
## 2              1             10              3              3
## 3              0              7              3              3
## 4              0              8              3              3
## 5              1              6              3              3
## 6              0              8              2              2
##      YearsAtCompany YearsInCurrentRole YearsSinceLastPromotion
## 1              6              4              0
## 2             10              7              1
## 3              0              0              0
## 4              8              7              3
## 5              2              2              2
## 6              7              7              3
##      YearsWithCurrManager
## 1              5
## 2              7
## 3              0
## 4              0
## 5              2
## 6              6
```

```
ibm_data$Gender <- as.factor(ibm_data$Gender)
ibm_data$MaritalStatus <- as.factor(ibm_data$MaritalStatus)
ibm_data$OverTime <- as.factor(ibm_data$OverTime)
head(ibm_data)
```

```
##      i..Age Attrition BusinessTravel DailyRate Department
## 1      41      1      Travel_Rarely      1102      Sales
## 2      49      0 Travel_Frequently      279 Research & Development
## 3      37      1      Travel_Rarely      1373 Research & Development
## 4      33      0 Travel_Frequently      1392 Research & Development
## 5      27      0      Travel_Rarely      591 Research & Development
## 6      32      0 Travel_Frequently      1005 Research & Development
##      DistanceFromHome Education EducationField EmployeeCount EmployeeNumber
## 1              1              2 Life Sciences              1              1
## 2              8              1 Life Sciences              1              2
## 3              2              2      Other              1              4
## 4              3              4 Life Sciences              1              5
## 5              2              1      Medical              1              7
## 6              2              2 Life Sciences              1              8
##      EnvironmentSatisfaction Gender HourlyRate JobInvolvement JobLevel
## 1              2              1      94              3              2
## 2              3              2      61              2              2
```

```

## 3          4      2      92          2      1
## 4          4      1      56          3      1
## 5          1      2      40          3      1
## 6          4      2      79          3      1
##           JobRole JobSatisfaction MaritalStatus MonthlyIncome
## 1      Sales Executive          4          3      5993
## 2      Research Scientist          2          2      5130
## 3 Laboratory Technician          3          3      2090
## 4      Research Scientist          3          2      2909
## 5 Laboratory Technician          2          2      3468
## 6 Laboratory Technician          4          3      3068
##   MonthlyRate NumCompaniesWorked Over18 OverTime PercentSalaryHike
## 1      19479          8      Y      2          11
## 2      24907          1      Y      1          23
## 3       2396          6      Y      2          15
## 4      23159          1      Y      2          11
## 5      16632          9      Y      1          12
## 6      11864          0      Y      1          13
##   PerformanceRating RelationshipSatisfaction StandardHours
## 1          3          1          80
## 2          4          4          80
## 3          3          2          80
## 4          3          3          80
## 5          3          4          80
## 6          3          3          80
##   StockOptionLevel TotalWorkingYears TrainingTimesLastYear WorkLifeBalance
## 1          0          8          0          1
## 2          1         10          3          3
## 3          0          7          3          3
## 4          0          8          3          3
## 5          1          6          3          3
## 6          0          8          2          2
##   YearsAtCompany YearsInCurrentRole YearsSinceLastPromotion
## 1          6          4          0
## 2         10          7          1
## 3          0          0          0
## 4          8          7          3
## 5          2          2          2
## 6          7          7          3
##   YearsWithCurrManager
## 1          5
## 2          7
## 3          0
## 4          0
## 5          2
## 6          6

```

## Train Test Split

```
require(caret)
```

```
## Loading required package: caret
```

```
## Loading required package: lattice

set.seed(1)
ind = createDataPartition(ibm_data$Attrition, p=0.80, list = F)
train = ibm_data[ind,]
test = ibm_data[-ind,]
```

## Logistic Model

```
model <- glm(Attrition ~DailyRate+EnvironmentSatisfaction+JobInvolvement+RelationshipSatisfaction , data = train, family = "binomial")
summary(model)
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = Attrition ~ DailyRate + EnvironmentSatisfaction +
##      JobInvolvement + RelationshipSatisfaction, family = "binomial",
##      data = train)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -1.4632  -0.5991  -0.4977  -0.4105   2.4402
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)      0.9345089   0.3660083    2.553  0.01067 *
## DailyRate        -0.0004937   0.0002033   -2.428  0.01518 *
## EnvironmentSatisfaction2 -0.6771158   0.2430255   -2.786  0.00533 **
## EnvironmentSatisfaction3 -0.9069009   0.2216922   -4.091 4.30e-05 ***
## EnvironmentSatisfaction4 -0.9430097   0.2228605   -4.231 2.32e-05 ***
## JobInvolvement2      -0.9906657   0.3019406   -3.281  0.00103 **
## JobInvolvement3      -1.2549518   0.2829040   -4.436 9.17e-06 ***
## JobInvolvement4      -1.8239490   0.4117666   -4.430 9.44e-06 ***
## RelationshipSatisfaction2 -0.4745642   0.2454090   -1.934  0.05314 .
## RelationshipSatisfaction3 -0.5148690   0.2244683   -2.294  0.02181 *
## RelationshipSatisfaction4 -0.5869789   0.2314739   -2.536  0.01122 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##      Null deviance: 1040.54  on 1176  degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance:  978.95  on 1166  degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1000.9
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 5
```

## Prediction

```
prediction <- predict(model, newdata = test, type = 'response')
head(prediction)
```



```
##           11           13           14           15           31           34
## 0.14139655 0.22474550 0.10183574 0.18415052 0.09359310 0.09795004

prediction <- ifelse(prediction > 0.5,1,0)
head(prediction)

## 11 13 14 15 31 34
##  0  0  0  0  0  0

tab = table(predicted = prediction, original = test$Attrition)
tab

##           original
## predicted    0    1
##           0 245  46
##           1   1   1

print(sum(diag(tab))/sum(tab))

## [1] 0.8395904
```

## Lets try random forest

```
require(randomForest)

## Loading required package: randomForest
## randomForest 4.6-12
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
##
## Attaching package: 'randomForest'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##      margin

model_rf <- randomForest(Attrition ~DailyRate+EnvironmentSatisfaction+JobInvolvement+
                          RelationshipSatisfaction+Education+MonthlyIncome+MonthlyRate+
                          PercentSalaryHike+TotalWorkingYears+YearsAtCompany+
                          YearsInCurrentRole+YearsWithCurrManager+NumCompaniesWorked+
                          JobRole+HourlyRate,
                          data=train)

varImpPlot(model_rf)
```



## Prediction

```
prediction <- predict(model_rf, newdata = test)
head(prediction)
```

```
## 11 13 14 15 31 34
##  0  0  0  0  0  0
## Levels: 0 1
```

## Accuracy

```
library(caret)
pl1 <- data.frame(original = test, predicted = prediction)
confusionMatrix(table(pl1$original.Attrition, pl1$predicted))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
##      0      1
## 0 246      0
## 1   42      5
##
```

```

##           Accuracy : 0.8567
##           95% CI   : (0.8112, 0.8947)
##    No Information Rate : 0.9829
##    P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##           Kappa : 0.1666
##    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 2.509e-10
##
##           Sensitivity : 0.8542
##           Specificity : 1.0000
##           Pos Pred Value : 1.0000
##           Neg Pred Value : 0.1064
##           Prevalence : 0.9829
##           Detection Rate : 0.8396
##    Detection Prevalence : 0.8396
##           Balanced Accuracy : 0.9271
##
##           'Positive' Class : 0
##

```

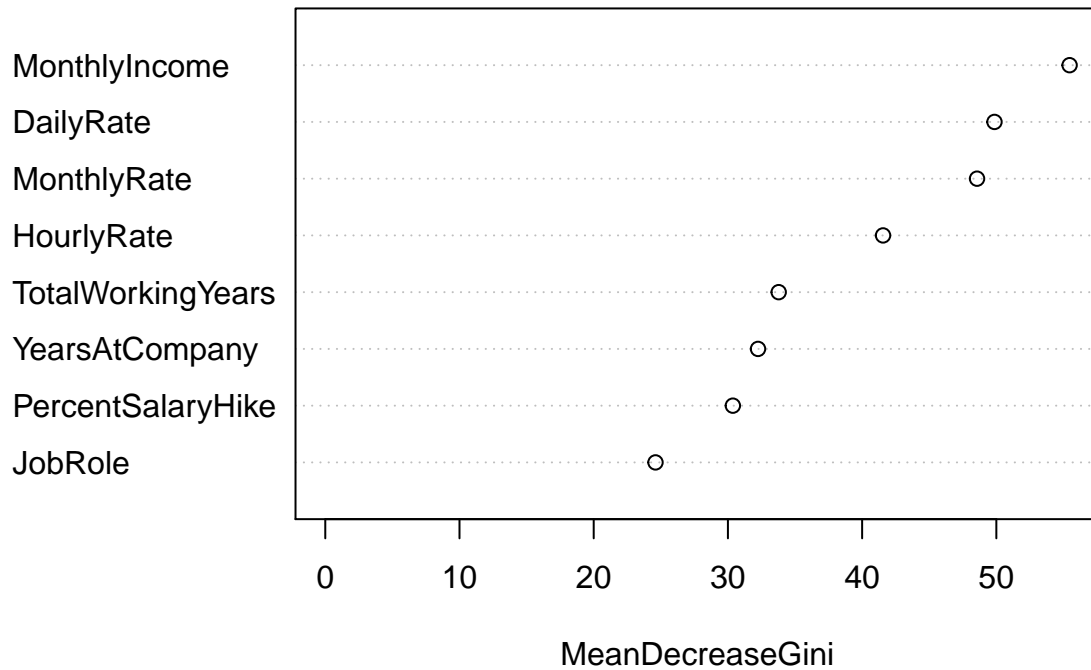
Drop some variables and see how accuracy changes.

```

require(randomForest)
model_rf <- randomForest(Attrition ~DailyRate+
                          MonthlyIncome+MonthlyRate+PercentSalaryHike+TotalWorkingYears+
                          YearsAtCompany+
                          JobRole+HourlyRate,
                          data=train)
varImpPlot(model_rf)

```

## model\_rf



## Prediction

```
prediction <- predict(model_rf, newdata = test)
head(prediction)
```

```
## 11 13 14 15 31 34
##  0  0  0  0  0  0
## Levels: 0 1
```

## accuracy

```
library(caret)
pl1 <- data.frame(original = test, predicted = prediction)
confusionMatrix(table(pl1$original.Attrition, pl1$predicted))
```

```
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
##      0    1
## 0 244    2
## 1   43    4
##
```

```

##           Accuracy : 0.8464
##           95% CI : (0.7999, 0.8857)
##      No Information Rate : 0.9795
##      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
##           Kappa : 0.1189
##  McNemar's Test P-Value : 2.479e-09
##
##      Sensitivity : 0.85017
##      Specificity : 0.66667
##      Pos Pred Value : 0.99187
##      Neg Pred Value : 0.08511
##      Prevalence : 0.97952
##      Detection Rate : 0.83276
##      Detection Prevalence : 0.83959
##      Balanced Accuracy : 0.75842
##
##      'Positive' Class : 0
##

```

Therefore, not much difference in accuracy.