

Wi-Fi Assessment Test (M1 Students) – Group 2 (With Answers After Each Question)

Multiple-Choice Questions (MCQ)

Q1. Which IEEE standard corresponds to Wi-Fi 6?

- (a) 802.11n
- (b) 802.11ac
- (c) 802.11ax
- (d) 802.11g

Answer: 802.11ax (0.25Pt)

Q2. Which device broadcasts the Wi-Fi network name?

- (a) The switch
- (b) The router / access point
- (c) The modem only
- (d) The repeater only

Answer: The router / access point (0.5Pt)

Q3. Which protocol is responsible for securing modern Wi-Fi communications?

- (a) WEP
- (b) WPA
- (c) WPA2
- (d) WPA3

Answer: WPA3 (0.5Pt)

Q4. What happens when two neighboring Wi-Fi networks use the same channel?

- (a) Both networks become faster
- (b) One of the networks stops working
- (c) Interference increases and performance decreases

- (d) Nothing happens; channels do not affect performance

Answer: Interference increases and performance decreases (0.5Pt)

Q5. Which of the following is TRUE about 2.4 GHz vs 5 GHz frequency bands?

- (a) 2.4 GHz has more non-overlapping channels than 5 GHz
- (b) 5 GHz usually offers higher speed but shorter range
- (c) 2.4 GHz is only used in old devices
- (d) 5 GHz cannot pass through walls

Answer: 5 GHz usually offers higher speed but shorter range (0.5Pt)

Q6. Which Wi-Fi interface mode allows a card to capture all frames without associating?

- (a) Managed mode
- (b) Monitor mode
- (c) Master mode
- (d) Ad-hoc mode

Answer: Monitor mode (0.5Pt)

Q7. Which Wi-Fi interface mode allows a computer to act as an access point?

- (a) Monitor mode
- (b) Managed mode
- (c) Master mode
- (d) Mesh mode

Answer: Master mode (0.5Pt)

Q8. Which protocol is a link-state routing protocol?

- (a) RIP
- (b) BGP
- (c) OSPF
- (d) EIGRP

Answer: OSPF (0.25Pt)

Q9. Which routing protocol exchanges complete topology information with all neighbors?

- (a) Distance-vector protocols
- (b) Link-state protocols
- (c) Path-vector protocols

- (d) Static routing

Answer: Link-state protocols (0.25Pt)

Q10. Which algorithm is used by OSPF to compute shortest paths?

- (a) Bellman–Ford algorithm
- (b) Dijkstra’s algorithm
- (c) Kruskal’s algorithm
- (d) Flooding algorithm

Answer: Dijkstra’s algorithm (0.25Pt)

Q11. Which of the following is TRUE about distance-vector routing protocols?

- (a) They build a full map of the network
- (b) They converge faster than link-state protocols
- (c) They rely on periodic updates and hop counts
- (d) They use the Dijkstra algorithm

Answer: They rely on periodic updates and hop counts (0.5Pt)

Q12. What is the Hidden Terminal Problem?

- (a) When two devices can hear each other but cannot hear the AP
- (b) When two devices cannot detect each other but both transmit to the same AP
- (c) When the AP is hidden behind a wall
- (d) When the SSID is not broadcast

Answer: When two devices cannot detect each other but both transmit to the same AP (0.5Pt)