

Exercise 1

We want to calculate the application throughput of a Wi-Fi link. We assume :

- A station transmitting at 11 Mb/s.
- The data size is 1500 bytes.
- (Header + ACK) = 48 bytes.
- Synchronization data (preamble) for sending frames and ACKs with a duration of $192 \mu s$.
- Backoff : Average of $16 * 20 \mu s = 320 \mu s$ (waiting for 16 time slots of $20 \mu s$ each).
- DIFS = $50 \mu s$.
- SIFS = $10 \mu s$.

Exercise 2

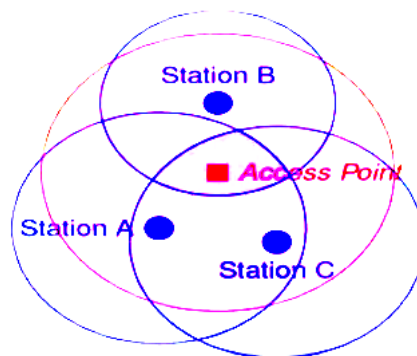


FIGURE 1 – WLAN with Infrastructure.

1. Describe a hidden terminal scenario in the network of Figure 1.
2. Describe its solution schematically, if it exists.
3. Describe the exposed terminal problem schematically in :
 - (a) A WLAN with two APs
 - (b) A WLAN in Ad-hoc mode

Exercise 3

1. Complete the following table :
2. Provide the center frequencies of channels 3, 10, and 12.

IEEE name	Maximum bit rate	Frequency	Channel width
802.11a			
802.11b			
802.11g			
802.11n			

Exercise 4

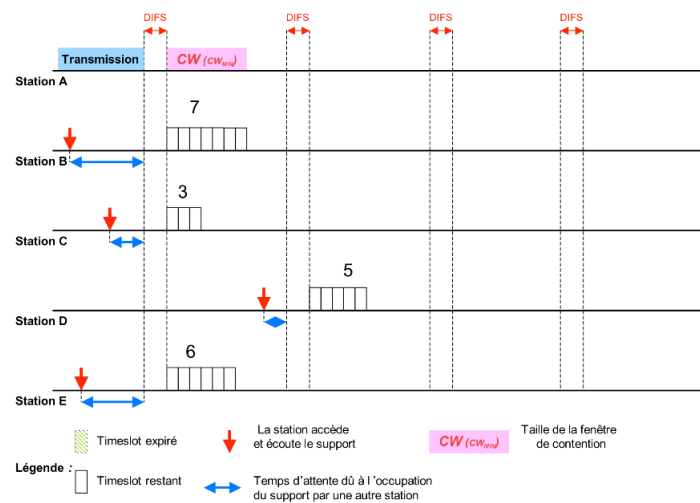


FIGURE 2 – Data exchange using CSMA/CA with Backoff

In the Figure 2 above, stations B, C, D, and E all wait after station A to transmit a frame. The waiting time in time slots is indicated.

1. Which station will start transmitting after A? Represent the frame in the figure.
2. Indicate by shading the expired time slots at each step, and show the carry-over of time slots from one step to another. Represent the entire transmission of all stations.
3. If two stations have the same timer value, a collision will occur. These stations will then need to regenerate a new counter, which will be between 0 and x .
 - (a) Provide the formula that allows you to find x .
 - (b) Calculate x .