Thesis of the end-of-study project

To obtain the State Engineering Diploma

Major: Innovation & AMOA

Green IT Integration in DevOps
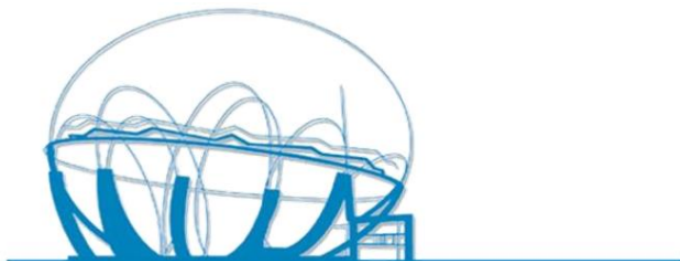

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Institut National des Postes et Télécommunications

Class of : 2023/2024

Dedicated to

I humbly dedicate this work to my dear mother, who gave me life, love, courage, and a reason to live. I also wish to express my gratitude to my father for his support and sacrifices.

A big thank you to my two dear sisters, Alae and Samia, whom I love so much, to all my friends with whom I have shared moments of joy and happiness, as well as to my entire extended family and to all those who love me.

Imad

Acknowledgments

Thank your supervisors (INPT and company), the managers and HR, the teachers at INPT and the jury.

Résumé

Ce rapport reflète le travail réalisé chez Orange Business Maroc dans le cadre de mon projet de fin d'études pour le diplôme d'ingénieur en Télécommunications et Technologies de l'Information.

Dans un contexte où les architectures distribuées et les pratiques de développement agile dominent la conception des applications, intégrer les principes de Green IT dans les pratiques DevOps est devenu essentiel. Cette évolution témoigne de l'importance croissante accordée à la durabilité environnementale dans le secteur de la technologie.

En se concentrant sur la surveillance de la consommation d'énergie et des émissions de CO_2 de l'infrastructure, nous mettons en lumière une préoccupation croissante pour l'empreinte écologique de nos systèmes informatiques. Cette prise de conscience a conduit à l'adoption de mesures proactives telles que l'utilisation de Kepler, Prometheus et Grafana pour surveiller et visualiser ces métriques environnementales.

Mon projet de fin d'étude vise à mettre en place Kepler pour surveiller la consommation énergétique et les émissions de CO_2 de Kubernetes, et à l'intégrer dans la chaîne CI/CD.

Mots-clés : Green IT, DevOps, Kepler, Prometheus, Grafana, Kubernetes, CI/CD.

Summary

This report reflects the work carried out at Orange Business Morocco as part of my final project for the engineering degree in Telecommunications and Information Technologies.

In a context where distributed architectures and agile development practices dominate application design, integrating Green IT principles into DevOps practices has become essential. This evolution underscores the increasing importance placed on environmental sustainability in the technology sector.

By focusing on monitoring energy consumption and CO_2 emissions of the infrastructure, we highlight a growing concern for the ecological footprint of our computer systems. This awareness has led to the adoption of proactive measures such as using Kepler, Prometheus, and Grafana to monitor and visualize these environmental metrics.

My final project aims to implement Kepler to monitor energy consumption and CO_2 emissions of Kubernetes, and integrate it into the CI/CD pipeline.

Keywords: Green IT, DevOps, Kepler, Prometheus, Grafana, Kubernetes, CI/CD.

ملخص

يعكس هذا التقرير العمل الذي قمت به في أورانج بيزنس المغرب في إطار من مشروعي الختامي للحصول على شهادة مهندس دولة في الاتصالات وتكنولوجيا المعلومات.

في سياق تهيمن فيه الهياكل الموزعة وممارسات التطوير السريعة على تصميم التطبيقات، أصبح دمج مبادئ تكنولوجيا الخضراء في ممارسات DevOps أمراً ضرورياً. يؤكد هذا التطور على الأهمية المتزايدة التي تحظى بها الاستدامة البيئية في قطاع التكنولوجيا.

وقد أدى هذا الوعي إلى اعتماد تدابير استباقية مثل استخدام Kepler و Prometheus و Grafana لمراقبة هذه المقاييس البيئية وتصورها.

يهدف مشروعي الختامي إلى تطبيق Kepler لمراقبة استهلاك الطاقة وانبعاثات ثاني أكسيد الكربون في Kubernetes و دمجه في سلسلة CI/CD .

الكلمات المفتاحية: Green IT, DevOps, Kepler, Prometheus, Grafana, Kubernetes, CI/CD

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General Introduction

Modern applications are typically designed with distributed architectures and developed using agile methodologies. These continuous integration and delivery (CI/CD) practices play a crucial role in efficiently managing the software lifecycle in terms of speed and effectiveness. However, despite this efficiency, security is often overlooked in the CI/CD workflow, particularly regarding concerns related to environmental footprint.

After deploying an application in a real production environment, additional security measures are needed to ensure its protection. The use of Green IT practices, such as integrating metrics for energy consumption and CO_2 emissions into the CI/CD pipeline, is becoming increasingly important to ensure the environmental sustainability of technological infrastructures.

My thesis project fits into this context, aiming to automate the monitoring of energy consumption and CO_2 emissions in DevOps infrastructures using Kepler.

This report synthesizes the work done throughout my internship period, structured into four chapters covering various aspects of the project.

The first chapter introduces the project context, objectives, and the approach and planning followed.

The second chapter focuses on the project's requirements analysis, while the third chapter addresses the technological choices.

Finally, the fourth chapter presents the project's final structure in detail, along with an overview of the achievements. The report concludes with a summary and a list of bibliographical references.

Chapter 1

General Project Context

1.1 Introduction

This chapter aims to conduct an initial exploration of the project, in order to better understand the system requirements, and to position the project within its organizational and contextual environment. It provides an overview of the hosting organization Orange Business Morocco, then reveals the general theme of the project by introducing its intentions and specifications, followed by the various approaches applied, including the recommended methodology for project management and the resulting planning.

1.2   Presentation of host organization

1.2.1   Company Overview

Figure 1.1: OBS logo

In 2000, following the opening of the telecommunications market to competition in Europe, France Télécom, the historic French operator, acquired the British brand Orange. At the same time, the Senegalese group Sonatel was created in the late 1980s, resulting from the merger of the Office des Postes et Télécommunications and TéléSenegal. Sonatel was privatized in 1997 and integrated into France Télécom's capital.

In France, France Télécom, quickly becoming a leader thanks to the quality of its networks, gradually unified all the group's subsidiaries under the name Orange. By 2009, Orange had a presence in more than 30 countries and served over 123 million customers.

On July 1, 2013, following a vote at a general meeting, France Télécom officially changed its name to Orange. This transformation marked a new chapter for the company while retaining a cultural heritage inherited from the public service. France Télécom's historic installations played an important role in the French telephone network, paving the way for the rise of mobile telephony and the beginning of a new revolution: the Internet.

Orange operates in several regions, notably in Europe, Africa, and the Caribbean. In 2019, it was considered the leader or second operator in 75

1.2.2 Vision of the Orange Group

In its strategy of development and evolution, the ambition of the Orange Group is based on five action levers and a dynamic of an efficient and responsible digital group. These objectives, which govern the daily work of all its employees, are as follows:

- Ensure enriched, more efficient connectivity at all levels and more eco-friendly, all without borders.

- Give a new look to customer relations by further personalizing them, transforming sales spaces, and digitizing customer interactions.

- Develop a digital and human employer model and offer a unique employee experience fueled by digital and fostering engagement.

- Assist in the transformation of client companies, suggesting new working methods and leveraging technology for transformation projects.

- Diversify by leveraging its assets and future growth markets, such as mobile banking services and connected objects.

1.2.3 Introducing Orange Business - Customers and figures

Figure 1.2: OBS logo

Orange Business operates in 166 countries and serves its customers in 220 countries and territories (Table 1.1).

Date of Establishment	2006
Legal Form	Legal Form
Management	Christel Heydemann (CEO, Orange S.A) Helmut Reisinger (CEO, Orange Business Services)
Headquarters	Paris, France
Parent Company	Orange
Activity	Telecommunications Information Technology Services
Subsidiaries	Orange Application for Business, Business et Decision
Website	http://www.orange-business.com

Table 1.1: Orange Business Information

Orange Business Services (Fig. 1.2) aims to be the trusted partner for the digital transformation of its clients, with the objective of transitioning from the network operator model to the service model. It brings together the Business-to-Business activities of the Orange group carried out by various subsidiaries in France and abroad. OBS specializes in the design and development of application services and system integration in various domains for complex enterprises. Orange Business Services 28,500 employees are dedicated to French and multinational companies on five continents, accompanying them daily in their digital transformation (Fig. 1.3). It acts as both an infrastructure operator, technology integrator, and value-added service provider. OBS offers digital solutions to companies for their employees (collaborative spaces and mobile workstations), for their customers (customer relations and development of new services), and for their projects (enhanced connectivity, flexible IT infrastructures, cyber defense) (see Fig. 1.4). In 2016, OBS once again obtained the "Top Employer Europe 2016" certification. This certification recognizes the best policies and practices in terms of human resources programs. Orange Business Services aims to strengthen its global footprint in information technology services by leveraging expertise in areas such as the Internet of Things (IoT), cloud, data, and artificial intelligence (AI), application development, and cybersecurity, following an innovation-based approach to help its clients generate more value.

OBS relies on an executive committee composed of 18 members whose ambition is to:

- Design solutions for today and tomorrow, in response to customer needs and expectations.

- Provide daily support by advising, proposing, and facilitating the implementation of selected services, and providing after-sales support worldwide.

- Establish the organizations and processes of Orange Business Services for a strategy of operational excellence serving customers.

7,8 milliards €
Chiffre d'affaires en 2020

+3 000
Multinationales clientes

28 500 Collaborateurs, dans 65 pays, dont la moitié en France

2 millions Clients professionnels et PME, dont 43 000 entreprises de + 50 salariés en France

220 pays et territoires couverts – le plus grand réseau voix données sans couture dans le monde

+ 400
Sites dédiés au réseau mondial IP, le Business VPN disponible dans plus de 220 pays et territoires, 325 000 sites clients

10 000
Collaborateurs dédiés au service client à travers le monde

60 000
Equipements de sécurités gérées dans 160 pays

5
Centres de Services (Major Services Centers-MSC) basés au Brésil, en Egypte, en France, en Inde et à l'île Maurice

+ 18 millions
D'objets connectés sur nos réseaux

17
Security Operations Centers (SOCs) répartis dans le monde qui surveillent et réagissent aux événements en continu

Leader
Pour la 20ème année consécutive de l'étude Gartner « Magic Quadrant for Network Services, Global » (mars 2020)

Figure 1.3: Orange Business key figures

While developing its activities, OBS IT ensures to maintain a wide diversification of its clientele and the sectors it addresses, in order to contain the risk of concentration on a limited number of clients.
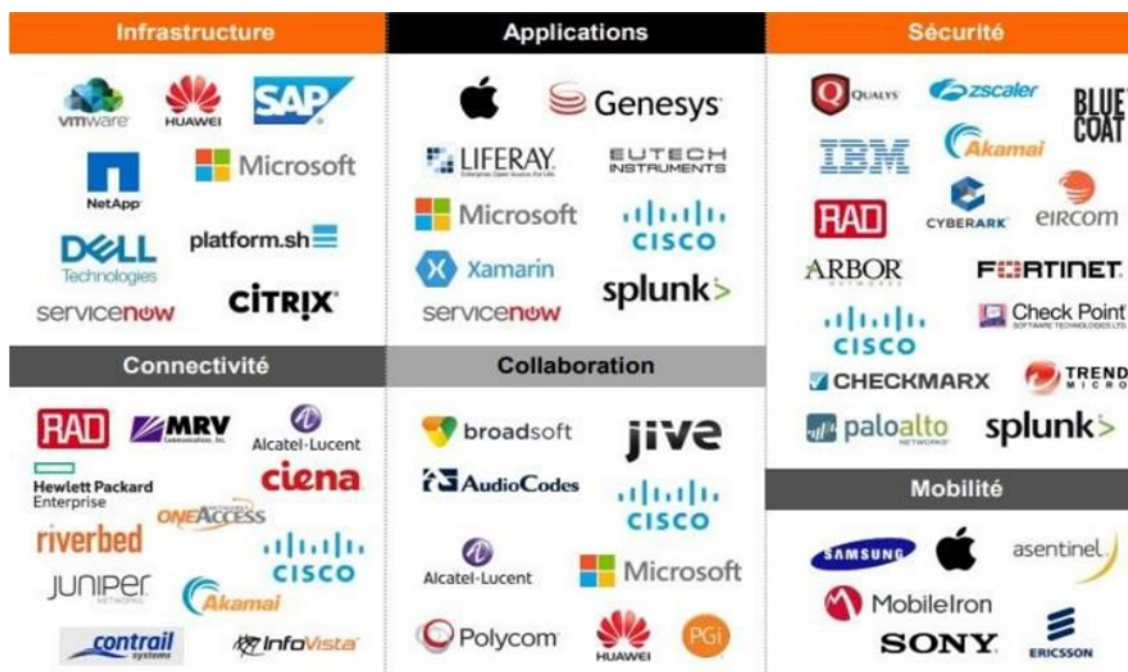

Figure 1.4: OBS IT customers and partners.

1.2.4 Global Presence, Local Service

OBS IT teams are present in more than 65 countries to deploy and supervise networks and digital solutions on a daily basis (see Fig. 1.5).

Figure 1.5: OBS Global Presence.

- 11 CyberSocs bringing together the best expertise in threat analysis.

- 17 SoCs distributed worldwide monitoring and responding to events 24/7/365.

- 5 Major Service Centers (MSC) spread across all continents for 24/7 support.

- 70 Data Centers.

1.2.5 Orange Business Morocco

Orange Business Morocco is a newly established entity in 2018 in Rabat, specializing in the design and development of application services and system integration in various domains. It works on behalf of various expertise of Orange Business Services. Several companies have provided application services for Orange Business Services, such as Almerys, a health third-party payer operator. OBS IT Morocco is founded to take control of its applications, optimize and rationalize costs, bring development teams closer to business directions, and improve IT solution delivery times for TTM. By following an Agile way of working to deliver functionalities regularly that create the most value and adopting a simple and automated development and production environment to focus on the essentials. OBS IT Morocco uses the cloud, DevSecOps tools, and automated testing and feedback utilization to enrich applications while ensuring a user-centered approach. By guaranteeing versatile, autonomous, and committed teams to manage all activities on their applications (collecting requirements, drafting user stories, development, testing, integration, deployment, support).

1.2.6 Organization and Organizational Chart

OBS Morocco, overseen by a director Mrs. Rym Sahnoun who is the highest authority, is organized into operational poles whose goal is to focus its energies on a daily basis towards customer satisfaction. Teams are organized by Orange business services. I completed my internship in the OBS IT entity managed by Mr. Aarab Abderrahim and specifically Customer Marketing Innovation (Fig. 1.6) in the DevSecOps/TAAS team attached to Mr. Moustachi Mouhcine, IT RUN Manager (see Fig. 1.7).
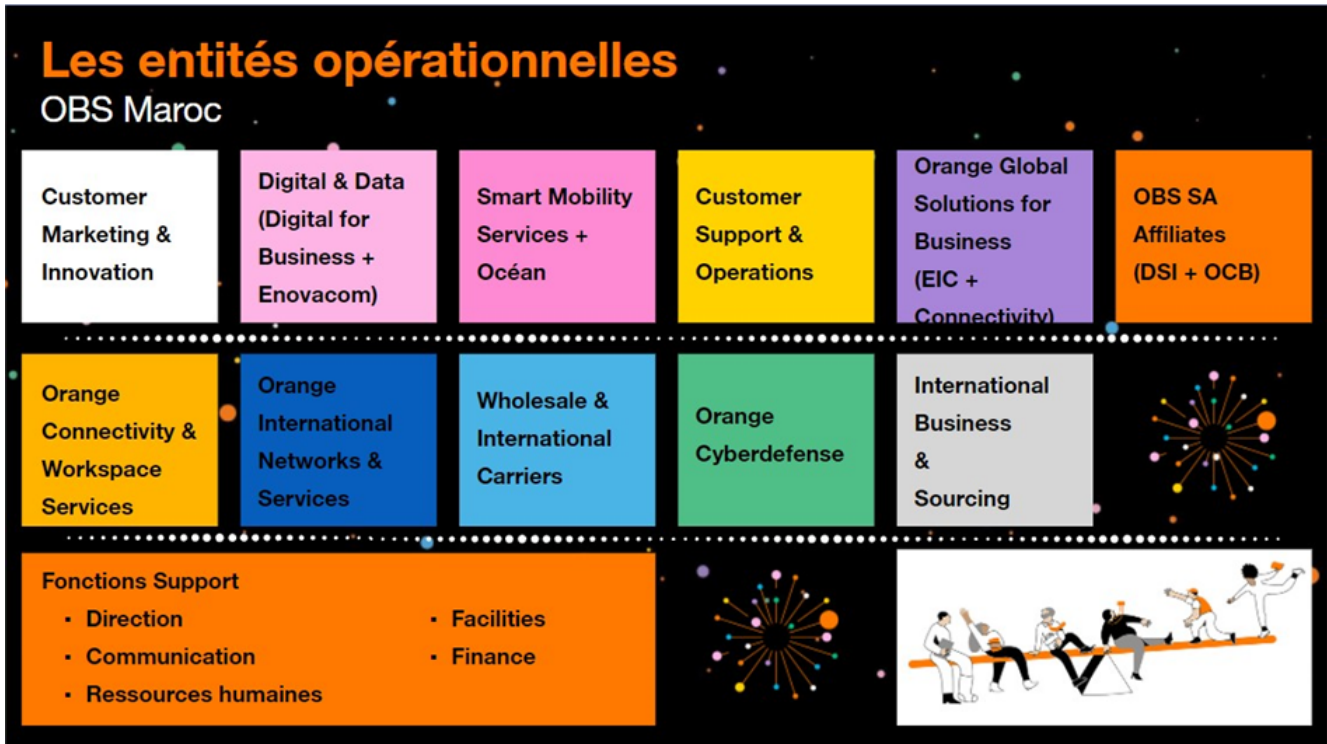
Figure 1.6: OBS IT Morocco's operating entities

CMI: This is the IT Department of the Orange Group. Its goal is to create efficient software development, entity-oriented, based on the best practices of a software factory (digital factory model). This entity adopts an agile delivery model, possesses a simple and automated development and production environment. It is a versatile, autonomous, and committed team to manage all activities related to the applications entrusted to it: from collecting customer needs and requirements, to writing user stories, through development, testing, and integration, before reaching deployment and support.

- Enrich the relationship between companies and their customers through a digital approach and a 360° customer journey.

- Exploit machines and communicating objects that transmit real-time data to create new sources of revenue and differentiation.

- Make use of the data produced by companies and their customers to innovate and personalize their products and services.

OCWS: This entity is composed of 3 poles with different missions. The first center, internationally / in Morocco, manages the operational part. A pre-sales team provides technical assistance to commercial engineers to help them negotiate contracts. A BUILD team's missions include deploying network

solutions for customers and offering them the best possible connectivity experience through various technologies such as SDWAN, WIFI, LAN, etc.

OCD: This is the entity that designs cybersecurity services that support customers in the Maghreb and West Africa, throughout the life cycle of threats that can impact client companies. They have 5 main missions:

- Anticipate the latest threats.

- Identify the assets and critical data of customers, prepare the security strategy, and ensure its proper functioning.

- Deploy appropriate technology to defend the organization and manage it continuously.

- Monitor, qualify, and analyze security alerts to confirm if there has been an incident.

- Qualify, contain, and remedy attacks. Thanks to their sectoral expertise, they can offer tailor-made services to meet customer challenges.

Orange Connectivity: Entity responsible for marketing OBS Connectivity data offers (Internet, Ethernet, VPN).

Missions in Morocco: Management of pricing for offers marketed in France and internationally (definition and update of standard prices, calculation of custom prices).

OINIS: Orange International Networks Infrastructures & Services' mission is to design, deploy, and operate reliable, secure, and high-quality international network infrastructures and services for businesses, wholesale customers (operators), and subsidiaries.

WIN IC: This is the commercial arm of OINIS. This entity provides international connectivity services to operators and internet service providers worldwide.

The Business Unit EIC (Enriched Interactions and Collaboration): Straddling digital & data and connectivity, its goal is to design and bring to market communication and collaboration offerings from Orange Business Services: voice solutions, conference solutions, unified communications suites, and contact center solutions.
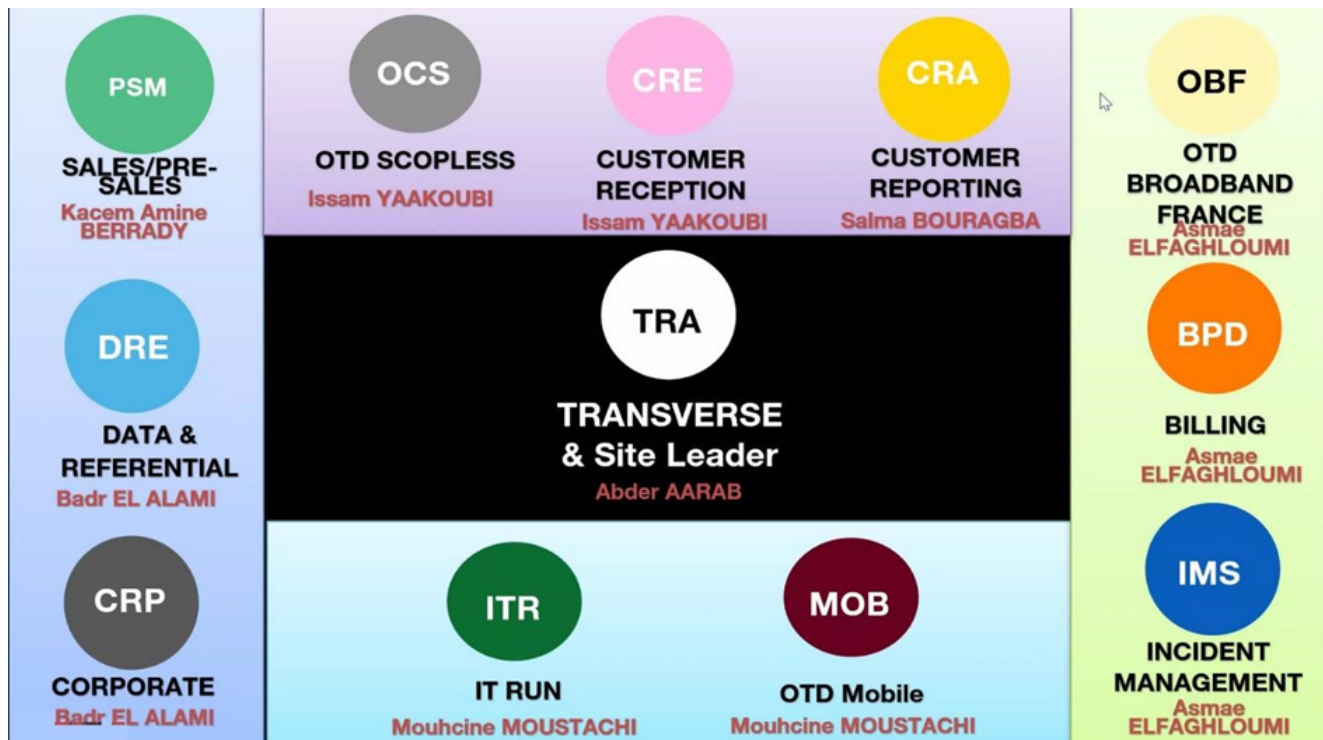
Figure 1.7: OBS IT organization chart

1.3 Introducing the DevSecOps team

DevSecOps is a team recently created within the IT RUN entity (Fig. 1.7) to fulfill two main missions:

- Cloud DevOpSec: Design, build, and implement Cloud services and DevSecOps tools (Fig. 1.9).

- REaCT: The goal is to implement the DevOps mindset within the company and support development projects (Fig. 1.8).
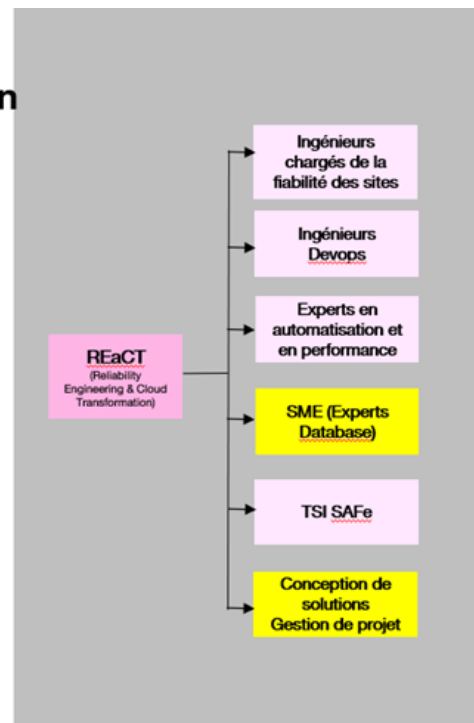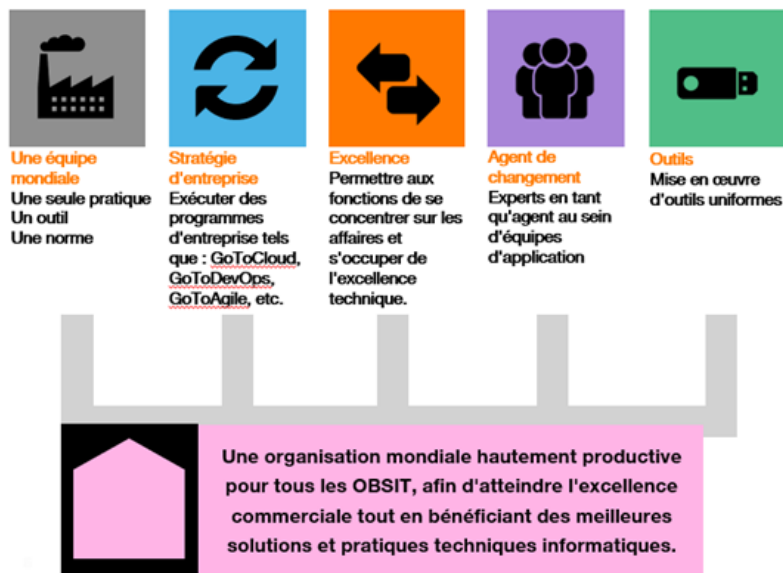
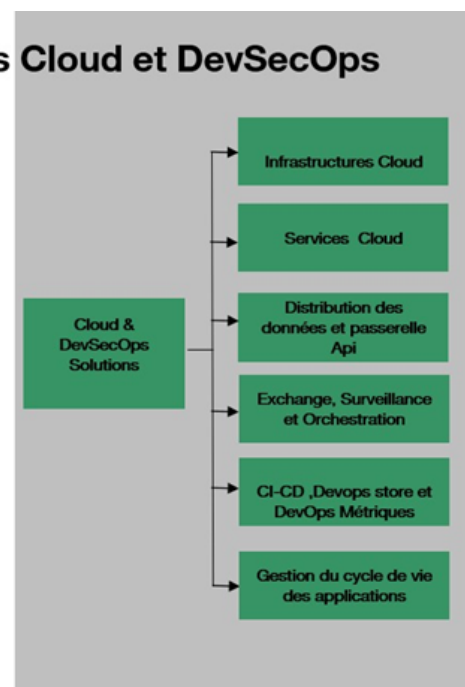Figure 1.8: React missions

Figure 1.9: Cloud & DevSecOps missions

1.4 Project presentation

1.4.1 General project context

In today's world, ensuring the sustainability of IT practices is paramount. When it comes to IT professionals, it is imperative to prioritize eco-friendly strategies from the outset of the development process.

As a developer, you may not be required to master the intricacies of environmental impact assessments, as there are several reliable tools available to assess the carbon footprint of IT solutions. By integrating these assessments into the CI/CD pipeline and implementing effective remediation strategies, organizations can significantly reduce the environmental cost associated with IT operations.

This includes not only the direct costs of energy consumption but also the broader environmental impact of resource depletion and pollution. Consequently, IT teams have embraced a new approach known as Green IT, which promotes the integration of sustainability principles into IT practices and encourages close collaboration between environmental experts, developers, and IT engineers.

This approach ensures that environmental considerations are addressed at every stage of the development and delivery process, thereby fostering a more sustainable IT ecosystem.

1.4.2 Problematic

Within a Green DevOps approach, the objective is to deploy highly efficient and environmentally sustainable development environments. However, in the pursuit of performance, environmental considerations are often overlooked. When a company encounters an environmental issue, developers may spend a considerable amount of time rectifying code related to sustainability.

The idea, therefore, is to proactively address environmental vulnerabilities and integrate sustainability measures. Often, the primary stages of the CI/CD pipeline do not consider environmental impact. Applications can be developed, tested, deployed, and monitored without environmental considerations being integrated at each step of the CI/CD process.

However, neglecting environmental concerns in the CI/CD process can lead to either insufficient environmental safeguards or treating sustainability as a separate process disconnected from application delivery. In the latter case, it becomes challenging to ensure that environmental issues are promptly and effectively detected and addressed in sync with the delivery of new application features.

1.5 Project planning and management

1.5.1 Method adopted

To ensure optimal progress of our project, we have chosen to use the agile Scrum method (illustrated in Fig. 1.10).
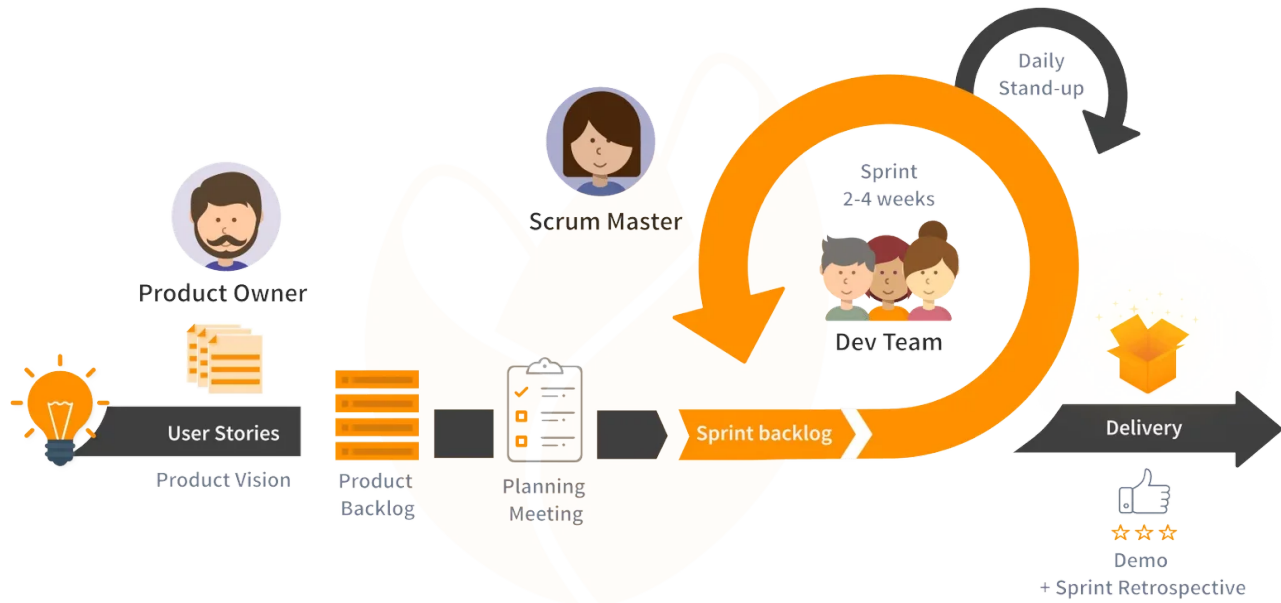
Figure 1.10: Scrum methodology

This approach will enable us to best meet the needs of the company while minimizing the risk of delays and ensuring the satisfaction of all stakeholders.

Scrum is an agile project management method that was first introduced in an article by Hirotaka Takeuchi and Ikujiro Nonaka in 1986, published in the Harvard Business Review under the title "The New Product Development Game". It was developed in the 1990s and formalized by Ken Schwaber and Jeff Sutherland in 1995.

The fundamental principle of this method is to iteratively focus on the features to be implemented. The project is divided into functional modules that are developed, tested, and delivered in iterative sequences called "sprints". Each sprint aims to achieve a specific goal, from which the features to be implemented are chosen.

We have adapted the Scrum method to our project by dividing it into sprints of two to three weeks. At the end of each sprint, a meeting is organized with the Scrum Master and the Product Owner to review the work done during the period and set the tasks and objectives for the next sprint. If differences are noted during the inspection, we adapt the process in question. To do this, we have set up weekly

meetings led by the Scrum Master, during which each team member presents the status of their tasks, reports any encountered blockers, and outlines the actions to be taken for the next period as well as future prospects. This approach has allowed us to clearly define the objectives for each increment and adapt them as needed, while also allowing us to complete or modify the list of features to be implemented for the upcoming sprints.

1.5.2 Project Planning

Planning is an essential step in project management, as it allows for defining the work to be done, setting objectives, coordinating actions, managing resources, reducing risks, tracking ongoing actions, and reporting the project's progress. In our case, we started by breaking down the project into tasks, then proceeded with a risk assessment before establishing a Gantt chart to have an overview of the project's progress.

1.6 Conclusion

In this chapter, we first introduced Orange Business Morocco, the organization involved in the project. Then, we established the general framework of the project before presenting the specific problem to be addressed. We also explained the working method we adopted and provided an overview of the schedule that was followed throughout the project. In the next chapter, we will move on to the functional and non-functional analysis of our project, as well as detailed design. This phase will define the specifications necessary for the development of the overall project architecture.

Chapter 2

Chapter 2 title

Introduction

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2.1 Section1

2.1.1 Subsection1

Table 2.1: Long table 1

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Element14	Element24
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Element17	Element27
Element18	Element28
Element19	Element29
Element110	Element210
Element111	Element211
Element112	Element212
Element113	Element213
Element114	Element214

2.1.2 Subsection2

2.1.2.1 Subsubsection1

2.1.2.2 Subsubsection2

2.1.2.2.1 Paragraph a

2.1.2.2.2 Paragraph b

2.2 Section2

2.2.1 Subsection1

2.2.2 Subsection2

2.2.2.1 Subsubsection1

2.2.2.2 Subsubsection2

2.2.2.2.1 Paragraph a

2.2.2.2.2 Paragraph b

Conclusion

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Chapter 3

Chapter 3 title

Introduction

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3.1 Section1

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Element13	Element23

Table 3.1: Table 1

3.1.2 Subsection2

3.1.2.1 Subsubsection1

3.1.2.2 Subsubsection2

3.1.2.2.1 Paragraph a

3.1.2.2.2 Paragraph b

3.2 Section2

3.2.1 Subsection1

3.2.2 Subsection2

3.2.2.1 Subsubsection1

3.2.2.2 Subsubsection2

3.2.2.2.1 Paragraph a

3.2.2.2.2 Paragraph b

Conclusion

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Chapter 4

Chapter 4 title

Introduction

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4.1   Section1

4.1.1   Subsection1

4.1.2   Subsection2

4.1.2.1   Subsubsection1

4.1.2.2   Subsubsection2

4.1.2.2.1   Paragraph a

4.1.2.2.2   Paragraph b

4.2   Section2

4.2.1   Subsection1

4.2.2   Subsection2

4.2.2.1   Subsubsection1

4.2.2.2   Subsubsection2

4.2.2.2.1   Paragraph a

4.2.2.2.2   Paragraph b

Conclusion

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Chapter 5

Chapter 5 title

Introduction

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5.1 Section1

5.1.1 Subsection1

5.1.2 Subsection2

5.1.2.1 Subsubsection1

5.1.2.2 Subsubsection2

5.1.2.2.1 Paragraph a

5.1.2.2.2 Paragraph b

5.2 Section2

5.2.1 Subsection1

5.2.2 Subsection2

5.2.2.1 Subsubsection1

5.2.2.2 Subsubsection2

5.2.2.2.1 Paragraph a

5.2.2.2.2 Paragraph b

Conclusion

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General Conclusion and Perspectives

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Appendix A

Glossary

Telnet: Telnet is a network protocol that allows users to establish a remote terminal connection to a computer or network device over a network.

SSH (Secure Shell): SSH is a network protocol used for secure remote administration and secure file transfers.

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol): SNMP is a network protocol designed for managing and monitoring network devices and systems.

Appendix B

Acronyms

IP	Internet Protocol
CNS	Cloud and Network Services
MN	Mobile Networks
NI	Network Infrastructure
IoT	Internet of Things
NFV	Network Functions Virtualization
SDN	Software-Defined Network
TCP	Transmission Control Protocol
7750 SR	Nokia 7750 Service Router
OSPF	Open short Path First
BGP	Border Gateway Protocol
VPN	Virtual Private Network
MPLS	Multiprotocol Label Switching
EVE-NG	Emulated Virtual Environment - Next Generation
VM	Virtual Machine
SSH	Secure Shell
WinSCP	Windows Secure Copy
FTP	File Transfer Protocol
SSL	Secure Sockets Layer
TLS	Transport Layer Security
FTPS	FTP over SSL/TLS

SFTP	Secure File Transfer Protocol
SCP	Secure Copy Protocol
CLI	Command-line interface
MD-CLI	Model-Driven Command Line
API	Application Programming Interface
re	Regular Expression
IGP	Internal Gateway Protocol
IS-IS	Intermediate-System Intermediate-System
SPF	Shortest Path First
SF	Switch Fabric
CPM	Control Processing Module
IOM	Input/Output Modules
MDA	Media Dependent Adapters
QoS	Quality of Service
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security
VSR	Virtual Services Router
DDoS	Distributed Denial-of-Service
SROS	Service Router Operating System
NETCONF	Network Configuration Protocol
YANG	Yet Another Next Generation
MP-BGP	Multiprotocol Border Gateway Protocol
IPv6	Internet Protocol Version 6
AS	Autonomous Systems
iBGP	Internal Border Gateway Protocol
eBGP	External Border Gateway Protocol
LAG	Link Aggregation Group
VPRN	Virtual Private Routed Network
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
Telnet	Telecommunication Network
YAML	Yet Another Markup Language
XML	eXtensible Markup Language

Appendix C

Some subject you want to expand on

You can add more appendices depending on the subjects.

```
[root@host ~]# You can change the language and caption.
```

Listing C.1: Bash example

```python
# Solve the quadratic equation ax**2 + bx + c = 0

# import complex math module
import cmath

a = 1
b = 5
c = 6

# calculate the discriminant
d = (b**2) - (4*a*c)

# find two solutions
sol1 = (-b-cmath.sqrt(d))/(2*a)
sol2 = (-b+cmath.sqrt(d))/(2*a)

print('The solution are {0} and {1}'.format(sol1,sol2))
```

Listing C.2: Python example

Column1	Column2
Element11	Element21
Element12	Element22
Element13	Element23

Table C.1: Table Example

Table C.2: Long table Example

Cell	Description
Element11	Element21
Element12	Element22
Element13	Element23
Element14	Element24
Element15	Element25
Element16	Element26
Element17	Element27
Element18	Element28
Element19	Element29
Element110	Element210
Element111	Element211
Element112	Element212
Element113	Element213
Element114	Element214

Bibliography

[1] Author name, Book name.

[2] *Title 1*, Title 2