What is CRISP-DM?

CRISP-DM (**Cross-Industry Standard Process for Data Mining**) is a structured, industry-approved method for **data mining projects**. It provides a **step-by-step approach** to handling data to **make decisions**.

The Six Stages of CRISP-DM

CRISP-DM follows six main steps in a cycle (since data science is an iterative process).

1 Business Understanding

- The **most important stage** \rightarrow Sets the **goal** of the project
- Involves talking to stakeholders to define clear objectives
- If this step is weak, the entire project could **fail**

2 Data Understanding

- Identify data sources and collect data
- Analyze the quality, completeness, and relevance of data
- Decide if more data is needed before moving forward

3 Data Preparation

- Clean and transform raw data into a usable format
- Handle missing values, duplicates, and inconsistencies
- Select relevant features for analysis

4 Modeling

- Build machine learning or statistical models
- Identify **patterns** in the data
- Fine-tune model parameters to improve accuracy

5 Evaluation

- Test if the model is actually working as intended
- Use **test data** to measure performance
- Decide if the model **needs changes** before deployment

6 Deployment

- Apply the model to **real-world data**
- Deliver insights to stakeholders for **decision-making**
- Sometimes, new data might require **model updates**

What Happens After Deployment?

- CRISP-DM is cyclical, meaning after deployment, you review results and might redo earlier steps.
- A **final business meeting** with stakeholders ensures that the model actually helps in decision-making.

Key Takeaways:

- \checkmark CRISP-DM is an iterative process \rightarrow You revisit steps when necessary.
- \checkmark The project must align with business goals \rightarrow Otherwise, it's a waste of time.
- \checkmark Evaluation and deployment aren't the end \rightarrow You might need to adjust and improve.

CRISP-DM is a **specific** framework for **data mining**, while **Data Science Methodology** is a **broader** concept that includes **different approaches** (one of which is CRISP-DM).

Key Differences:

Feature	CRISP-DM	Data Science Methodology
Focus	Data mining projects	General data science process
Structure	6-step process (Business Understanding → Deployment)	More flexible with different frameworks (e.g., CRISP-DM, KDD, SEMMA)
Iteration	Explicitly cyclical (stages repeat if needed)	Also iterative , but depends on the chosen framework
Use Case	Best for structured business problems	Covers all aspects of data science (data mining, AI, ML, etc.)

Are They Related?

Yes! **CRISP-DM** is one way to follow a **data science methodology**, but it's not the **only** one. If you're doing **machine learning**, **AI**, **or advanced analytics**, other frameworks might fit better.

So, CRISP-DM is a part of Data Science Methodology, but not the same as the entire field.