

Lab: Week 9

## Bellman Ford Algorithm &amp; Dijkstra's Algorithm

Exp 3: Write a program for distance vector algorithm to find suitable path for transmission.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
struct node
```

```
{
```

```
    unsigned dist [20];
```

```
    unsigned from [20];
```

```
};
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
{
```

```
    int costmat [20][20];
```

```
    int nodes i, j, k, count = 0;
```

```
    printf ("\n Enter the number of nodes :");
```

```
    scanf ("%d", &nodes);
```

```
    printf ("\n Enter the cost matrix : \n");
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < nodes; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        for (j = 0; j < nodes; j++)
```

```
        {
```

```
            scanf ("%d", &costmat [i][j]);
```

```
            costmat [i][j] > 0;
```

```
            st [i].dist [j] = costmat [i][j];
```

```
            st [i].from [j] = j;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
{
```

```
    count = 0;
```

```

for (i=0; i < nodes; i++)
for (j=0; j < nodes; j++)
for (k=0; k < nodes; k++)

```

```

if (xt[i].dist[j] > xt[i].dist[k] + xt[k].dist[j])
{
    xt[i].dist[j] = xt[i].dist[k] + xt[k].dist[j];
    xt[i].from[j] = k;
    count++;
}

```

```

while (count != 0);
for (i=0; i < nodes; i++)
{

```

```

    printf("\n For vertex %d\n", i+1);
    for (j=0; j < nodes; j++)
    {

```

```

        printf("\t\t node %d via %d\n",
            i+1, j+1, xt[i].from[j]+1,
            xt[i].dist[j]);
    }

```

```

    printf("\n\n");
}

```

OUTPUT:

Enter the number of nodes: 3

Enter the cost matrix:

0    2    7

2    0    1

7    1    0



For router 1

node 1 via 1 Distance 0

node 2 via 2 Distance 2

node 3 via 2 Distance 3

For router 2

node 1 via 1 Distance 2

node 2 via 2 Distance 0

node 3 via 3 Distance 1

For router 3

node 1 via 2 Distance 3

node 2 via 2 Distance 1

node 3 via 3 Distance 0

