

THE TRADING BEHAVIOR OF INSTITUTIONS AND INDIVIDUALS IN CHINESE EQUITY MARKETS

Journal of Banking & Finance (2007)

Lilian Ng¹, Fei Wu²

July 21, 2023

¹Lubar School of Business, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee

Now: Schulich School of Business, York University

²Massey University, Department of Finance, New Zealand

Now: Shanghai Advanced Institute of Finance

2023-07-21

Ng, Wu (2007)

THE TRADING BEHAVIOR OF INSTITUTIONS AND
INDIVIDUALS IN CHINESE EQUITY MARKETS
Journal of Banking & Finance (2007)

Lilian Ng¹, Fei Wu²

July 21, 2023

¹Lubar School of Business, University of Wisconsin-Milwaukee
Now: Schulich School of Business, York University
²Massey University, Department of Finance, New Zealand
Now: Shanghai Advanced Institute of Finance

Outline

2023-07-21 Ng, Wu (2007)

└ Outline

2023-07-21 Ng, Wu (2007)

└ Outline

2023-07-21 Ng, Wu (2007)

└ Outline

Why It is Important?

- The Chinese equity markets are dominated by individuals.
 - Compared to developed equity markets where a form of polarization between individual and institutional investors is evident.
 - 99.5% individuals, just 0.5% are institutional.
(Chinese Securities Depository & Clearing Co. Ltd, 2002).
- Chinese markets were only established in the early 90s.
- Short-selling & margin trading are not allowed in China, like in Iran.

Outline

- The Chinese equity markets are dominated by individuals.
 - Compared to developed equity markets where a form of polarization between individual and institutional investors is evident.
 - 99.5% individuals, just 0.5% are institutional (Chinese Securities Depository & Clearing Co. Ltd, 2002).
- Chinese markets were only established in the early 90s.
- Short-selling & margin trading are not allowed in China, like in Iran.