```
1 #include \langle bits / stdc++. h >
   #define maxn 1001
4
   using namespace std;
5
  typedef long long 11;
 7 typedef pair<11, 11> p11;
8 #define 1son n \le 1
9 #define rson n << 1 | 1
10 #define mid (1+r) >> 1
   11 tree[maxn]; // 线段树
11
12
  int lazy[maxn]; // 延迟标记
13
14 int val[maxn];//初始数值
15 //维护最大次大
16 pll max(pll& a, pll& b)
17
       vector<11>vec(4);
18
19
       vec. push_back(a. first);
20
       vec.push_back(a.second);
21
       vec.push_back(b.first);
22
       vec.push_back(b.second);
23
       sort(vec.begin(), vec.end(), greater<11>());
       return pl1(vec[0], vec[1]);
24
25 }
26 pll min(pll& a, pll& b)
27 {
28
       vector < 11 > vec (4);
29
       vec. push_back(a. first);
30
       vec. push_back (a. second);
31
       vec. push_back(b. first);
32
       vec. push back (b. second);
       sort(vec.begin(), vec.end());
33
       return pll(vec[0], vec[1]);
34
35 }
36 // 创建线段树
37
   void pushup(int n)
38
       tree[n] = tree[lson] + tree[rson];//维护和
39
40
       tree[n] = max(tree[lson], tree[rson]);//维护最大值
41
       tree[n] = min(tree[lson], tree[rson]);//维护最小值
42 }
43 void build(int n, int 1, int r)
   {
44
       if (1 == r)
45
46
       {
            tree[n] = val[n];
47
48
           return;
49
50
       int m = mid;
51
       build(lson, 1, mid);
       build(rson, mid + 1, r);
52
53
       pushup(n);
54
55
56 // 单点更新, n为更新值, index为更新点, lr为更新范围
```

```
57 void pushdown(int n, int 1, int r)
58 {
 59
        if (lazy[n])
60
        {
61
            //区间加减
 62
            tree[1son] += lazy[n] * 1;
            tree[rson] += lazy[n] * rson;
63
            //区间覆盖
64
            tree[1son] = lazy[n];
 65
            tree[rson] = lazy[n];
 66
67
            lazy[lson] = lazy[rson] = lazy[n];
 68
            lazy[n] = 0;
 69
 70
 71 }
    void update(int n, int 1, int r, int pos, int val)
 72
 73
 74
        if (1 == r)
 75
        {
            tree[pos] = val; // 更新方式, 可以自由改动
 76
 77
            return;
 78
 79
        int m = mid;
        if (pos \ll m)
80
 81
 82
            update(1son, 1, m, pos, val);
83
 84
        else
 85
        {
            update(rson, m + 1, r, pos, val);
86
87
 88
        pushup(n);
89 }
90
91
93 // 区间更新, 1r为更新范围, LR为线段树范围, add为更新值
94
   void update_range(int n, int 1, int r, int L, int R, int val)
 95
96
        if (1 >= L && r <= R)
97
        {
98
            lazy[n] += 1LL * val;
            tree[n] += 1LL * (r - 1 + 1) * val; // 更新方式
99
100
            return;
101
102
        int m = mid;
        pushdown (n, m-1+1, r-m);
103
        if (m \ge L) update_range(lson, l, m, L, R, val);
104
105
        if (m < R) update_range(rson, m + 1, r, L, R, val);
106
        pushup(n);
107 }
108
109 // 区间查找
110 ll query_range(int n, int l, int r, int L, int R)
111 {
112
        if (L \le 1 \&\& R \ge r) return tree[n];
```

```
E:\编程\板子\板子\源.cpp
```

```
3
```

```
int m = mid;
pushdown(n, m - 1 + 1, r - m);

ll sum = 0;

if (m >= L) sum += query_range(lson, l, m, L, R);

if (m < R) sum += query_range(rson, m + 1, r, L, R);

return sum;

19 }

120</pre>
```