MAHARAJA SURAJMAL INSTITUTE

Affiliated to GGSIP University & NAAC 'A' grade accredited



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

WEB TECHNOLOGIES

Practical File
Subject Code – BCA 175

SUBMITTED BY

SUBMITTED TO

Aman Tripathi

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Assistent Professor MSI

1st Sem, 2nd Shift

<u>S.N</u>	<u>Date</u>	Content
<u>0.</u>		sement
1.	16/12/2021	Create your resume using various basic HTML tags.
2.	17/12/2021	Create the timetable of your class using HTML tags.
3.	23/12/2021	Create the following unordered/ordered nested list as shown in the figure.
4.	24/12/2021	Create a web page with the following specifications:
		a) an ordered list containing the names of your friends.
		b) an unordered list specifying hobbies.
		c) some links to various search engines.
		d) links to five different web pages, created by you, opening in a new
		window.
		e) a link at the top of the page so that when clicked jump all way to the
		bottom of the page.
		f) a link at the bottom of the page so that when clicked jump all way to the
		top of the page.
5.	30/12/2021	Create the following table as shown using HTML.
6.	31/12/2021	Create the following form in HTML as shown in the figure.
7.	03/01/2022	Create an online application form having the following specifications:
		a) position applied for(autofocus), name, nationality, gender, date of birth
		(Selected from auto picked of a text area), address, telephone number
		and email(required), password(required).
		b) educational history, qualifications and skills(checkbox).
		c) work experience/employment/training in terms of employer history
		and number of years of experience selected from a slider. Set max.
		years of experience to 10 years.
		d) personal statement.
		e) two referees including names, occupation, relationship, address,
		telephone.
	04/01/2022	a submit and clear button.
8.	04/01/2022	Create a web page showing India's map and create hotspots on five different states and link
9.	05/01/2022	them to the e-government sites of the respective states.
9.	03/01/2022	Create a web page using three frames and link them to an image, audio and video as shown in the figure.
10.	06/01/2022	Create a web page having six frames and link each frame with five different web pages.
11.	07/01/2022	Create the following frameset as shown in the figure.
		Create the following frameset as shown in the figure. Create an Iframe and write some lines before and after it.
12	07/01/2022	Create an mame and write some lines before and after it.
13.	12/01/2022	Create the following webpage using CSS.
14.	13/01/2022	Create a Zebra Table using CSS.

Practical 1

Theory:-

What is HTML?

- HTML stands for HyperText Markup Language
- HTML is the standard markup language for creating Web pages
- HTML describes the structure of a Web page
- HTML consists of a series of elements
- HTML elements tell the browser how to display the content
- HTML elements label pieces of content such as "this is a heading", "this is a paragraph", "this is a link", etc.
- HTML language is not case sensitive.

HTML Elements

The HTML element is everything from the start tag to the end tag:

<tagname>Content goes here...</tagname>

Some HTML elements have no content (like the
 element). These elements are called empty elements. Empty elements do not have an ending tag.

HTML elements can be nested (this means that elements can contain other elements.

HTML Attributes

- All HTML elements can have attributes
- Attributes provide additional information about elements
- Attributes are always specified in the start tag
- Attributes usually come in name/value pairs like: name="value"
- 1. The href attribute:- The <a> tag defines a hyperlink. The href attribute specifies the URL of the page the link goes to.
- 2. The src attribute:- The tag is used to embed an image in an HTML page. The src attribute specifies the path to the image to be displayed.
- 3. The width and height attribute:- The tags should also contain the width and height attributes, which specifies the width and height.
- 4. The alt attribute:- The required alt attribute for the tag specifies an alternate text for an image if the image for some reason cannot be displayed. This can be due to slow connection, or an error in the src attribute, or if the user uses a screen reader.
- 5. The style attribute:- The style attribute is used to add styles to an element, such as color, font, size, and more.
- 6. The lang attribute:- You should always include the lang attribute inside the html tag, to declare the language of the Web page. This is meant to assist search engines and browsers.
- 7. The title attribute:- The title attribute defines some extra information about an element. The value of the title attribute will be displayed as a tooltip when you mouse over the element.

HTML Documents

- i. All HTML documents must start with a document type declaration: <!DOCTYPE html>. The <!DOCTYPE> declaration represents the document type, and helps browsers to display web pages correctly. It must only appear once, at the top of the page (before any HTML tags).
- ii. The HTML document itself begins with html and ends with html.
- iii. The visible part of the HTML document is between <body> and </body>.

HTML Headings

HTML headings are defined with the <h1> to <h6> tags. <h1> defines the most important heading. <h6> defines the least important heading.

<h1>Heading 1</h1>

<h2>Heading 2</h2>

<h3>Heading 3</h3>

<h4>Heading 4</h4>

<h5>Heading 5</h5>

<h6>Heading 6</h6>

HTML Paragraphs

HTML paragraphs are defined with the tag. These tags are used to define a block of text as a paragraph. HTML paragraphs can be any structural grouping of related content, such as images or form fields.

This is a paragraph.

This is another paragraph.

HTML Horizontal Rule

The <hr> tag defines a thematic break in an HTML page, and is most often displayed as a horizontal rule. This element is used to separate content (or define a change) in an HTML page. It is an empty tag.

HTML Line Break

The HTML
 element defines a line break. Use
 if you want a line break (a new line) without starting a new paragraph. It is an empty tag.

HTML Tags Formatting

HTML contains several elements for defining text with a special meaning. Formatting elements were designed to display special types of text:

- Bold text
- Important text
- <i> Italic text
- Emphasized text
- <mark> Marked text
- <small> Smaller text
- Deleted text
- <ins> Inserted text
- <sub> Subscript text
- <sup> Superscript tex

HTML Lists

HTML lists allow web developers to group a set of related items in lists.

An unordered list starts with the tag. Each list item starts with the tag. The list items will be marked with bullets (small black circles) by default.

An ordered list starts with the tag. Each list item starts with the tag. The list items will be marked with numbers by default.

HTML also supports description lists. A description list is a list of terms, with a description of each term. The <dl>tag defines the description list, the <dt> tag defines the term (name), and the <dd> tag describes each term

An unordered HTML list:

A description list:-

Item

Coffee

• Item

- black hot drink

• Item

Milk

Item

- white cold drink

An ordered HTML list:

- First item
- 2. Second item
- Third item

HTML Links

HTML links are defined with the <a> tag. The link tag is used to define a link between a document and an external resource. The link tag is mainly used to link to external style sheets. This element can appear multiple times but it goes only in the head section.

HTML Images

HTML images are defined with the tag. The HTML tag is used to embed an image in a web page. Images are not technically inserted into a web page; images are linked to web pages. The tag creates a holding space for the referenced image. The tag is empty, it contains attributes only, and does not have a closing tag.

The tag has two required attributes:

- src Specifies the path to the image
- alt Specifies an alternate text for the image

```
<img style="border-radius: 50%" src="Media/Untitled design (3).png" width=" 200px"</pre>
alt="Pofile" />
   <h2 style="text-align: center">
     Aman Tripathi <br />Email:- imamantripathi@gmail.com <br />Contact No.:-
     8126406617
 <h2 style="padding-left: 100px"><u>Objective</u></h2>
 <b>Looking for opportunities to incorporate my skills and training to help
     the company grow. I am looking forward to roles that will help me
     realise my potential by exploring the various aspects of this field.</b>
 <div style="padding-left: 55px">
     <h2><u>Education Qualification</u></h2>
     <br/>b>10th passed from ICSE Board with 81% (2019) </b>
     <br/> <b>I got 100/100 Marks in Computer Applications </b>
     style="font-size: medium">
      <br/>
<b>12th passed from ISC Board with 80.8% (2021) </b>
     <br/><b>I received a certificate in code jam 2021 </b>
```

```
<div style="padding-left: 55px">
  <h2><u>Professional Qualification</u></h2>
  <br/>b>Basic Knowledge of Computer </b>
  <b>Complete Knowledge of JAVA </b>
  <br/>
<b>Complete Knowledge of HTML </b>
  style="font-size: medium">
   <br/>b>Intermediate Knowledge of CSS </b>
  <br/>b>Basic knowledge of JAVASCRIPT </b>
<div style="padding-left: 55px">
  <h2><u>Hobbies</u></h2>
  <br/>b>Reading books </b>
  <b>Playing Chess</b>
  <br/>b>Listening Music </b>
```

```
<b>Playing an instrument </b>
  <div style="padding-left: 55px">
  <h2><u>Interests</u></h2>
  <b>History(Indian Modern History) </b>
  <b>Website Development</b>
  <b>Travelling </b>
  <br/>b>Research in IT Sector </b>
  style="font-size: medium">
   <b>Android Development</b>
  <br/>b>Producing or listening music </b>
```

```
<br/>
<br/>
<address style="
    font-size: x-large;
    font-weight: bold;
    text-align: right;
    padding-right: 200px;
    ">
    Aman Tripathi
    </address>
    <br/>
    /><br/>
    /body>
</html>
```



Aman Tripathi Email:- imamantripathi@gmail.com Contact No.:- 8126406617

Objective

Looking for opportunities to incorporate my skills and training to help the company grow. I am looking forward to roles that will help me realise my potential by exploring the various aspects of this field.

Education Qualification

- 10th passed from ICSE Board with 81% (2019)
- I got 100/100 Marks in Computer Applications
- 12th passed from ISC Board with 80.8% (2021)
- I received a certificate in code jam 2021

Professional Qualification

- · Basic Knowledge of Computer
- Complete Knowledge of JAVA
- Complete Knowledge of HTML
- Intermediate Knowledge of CSS
- Basic knowledge of JAVASCRIPT

Hobbies

- · Reading books
- Playing Chess
- Listening Music
- Playing an instrument
- Writing & Art

Interests

- History(Indian Modern History)
- Website Development
- Travelling
- Research in IT Sector
- · Android Development
- Producing or listening music

Aman Tripathi

Practical 2

Theory:-

HTML Tables

HTML tables allow web developers to arrange data into rows and columns. It consists of table cells inside rows and columns.

Tag Description

Defines a table

Defines a header cell in a table

Define a row in a table

Define a cell in a table

<colspan> Merges columns

<rowspan> Merges rows

```
html lang="en">
  <meta charset="UTF-8" />
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
   <title>Collage TimeTable</title>
      padding-top: 25px;
      padding-left: 10px;
      padding-right: 10px;
      margin: 0;
      border-collapse: collapse;
      text-align: center;
      padding: 5px 20px 5px 20px;
      padding: 10px 300px 50px 250px;
```

```
border-radius: 10px;
 caption {
   text-decoration: none;
   font-weight: bolder;
     "Lucida Sans Unicode", Geneva, Verdana, sans-serif;
<div style="table-layout: fixed">
       Maharaja Surajmal Institute
       <br /><b>Department Of Computer Application</b>
       <br />Online Timetable Second Shift (Session:- DEC-MAY 2021)
     <caption style="padding: 0%; padding-bottom: 20px;">
       <u>BCA-FIRST SEM-Secton:A(Second Shift)</u>
      <br />Class Coordinator: Ms. Nikita Malik
       DAY/TIME
       8:50-9:50
       9:55-10:55
       >11:00-12:00
       12:05-01:05
       >01:05-01:20
       >01:20-02:20
       >02:25-03:25
```

```
MON
TC
LUNCH
WT/C LAB
TUE
MATHS
WT
WT/C LAB
FIT LAB
WED
MATHS
WT
FIT
TC
WT/C LAB
```

```
FIT
    MATHS (A+B Bridge) 
    FRI
    WT/C LAB
    FIT
    TC
    WT
   SAT
    MATHS
    FIT
    FIT LAB
    MATHS (A+B Bridge) 
<b>Maths:-</b>Dr. Jyoti, <b>FIT:-</b>Mr. Suraj Pal Chauhan,
 <br/><b>C:-</b>Ms. Minal Dhankar, <br><b>WT:-</b>Ms. Nikita Malik,
 <br/><b>TC:-</b>Manju Dhillon, <b>C Lab:-</b> Ms. Minal Dhankar, <br/>br>
 <br/>
<b>FIT Lab:-</b>Mr. Suraj Pal Chauhan / Ms. Kanika Kundu, <b>WT Lab:-</b
 >Ms. Nikita Malik
```

Maharaja Surajmal Institute

Department Of Computer Application

Online Timetable Second Shift (Session:- DEC-MAY 2021)

BCA-FIRST SEM-Secton:A(Second Shift)
Class Coordinator: Ms. Nikita Malik

DAY/TIME	8:50- 9:50	9:55- 10:55	11:00- 12:00	12:05- 01:05	01:05- 01:20	01:20-02:20	02:25-03:25
MON	WT	MATHS	TC	C		WT/C LAB	
TUE	MATHS	WT	WT/C LAB			FIT LAB	
WED	C	MATHS	WT	FIT		TC	
THU	TC	С	WT/C LAB		LUNCH	FIT	MATHS(A+B Bridge)
FRI	RI WT/C LAB C FIT			TC	WT		
SAT	MATHS	FIT	FIT LAB			MATHS(A+B Bridge)	

Maths:- Dr. Jyoti, FIT:- Mr. Suraj Pal Chauhan, C:- Ms. Minal Dhankar, WT:- Ms. Nikita Malik, TC:- Manju Dhillon, C Lab:- Ms. Minal Dhankar, FIT Lab:- Mr. Suraj Pal Chauhan / Ms. Kanika Kundu, WT Lab:- Ms. Nikita Malik

Practical 3

```
<html lang="en">
<html lang="en"</html lang="en"
<html lang="en"
```

```
<div style="background-color: white">
  <h1>Learning Web Development</h1>
  Background Skills
      Unix Commands
         Vim Text Editor
       HTML
       Minimal page
         Headings
         Tags
           Lists
           Unordered
              Ordered
              Definition
              Nested
```

font-size: medium;

```
Links
   Absolute
     Relative
 Images
CSS
Anatomy
   Basic Selectors
   Elements
     Class
     ID
     Group
 The DOM
 Advanced Selectors
 Box Model
Programming
Python
```

Learning Web Development

- I. Background Skills
 - A. Unix Commands
 - B. Vim Text Editor
- II. HTML
 - A. Minimal page
 - **B.** Headings
 - C. Tags
 - D. Lists
 - i. Unordered
 - ii. Ordered
 - iii. Definition
 - iv. Nested
 - E. Links
 - i. Absolute
 - ii. Relative
 - F. Images

```
III. CSS
```

- A. Anatomy
- **B. Basic Selectors**
 - i. Elements
 - ii. Class
 - iii. ID
 - iv. Group
- C. The DOM
- D. Advanced Selectors
- E. Box Model
- IV. Programming
 - A. Python
 - B. Javascript
- V. Database
 - A. Flat File
 - B. Relational

Practical 4

Theory:-

HTML id attribute

The id attribute specifies a unique id for an HTML element. The value of the id attribute must be unique within the HTML document. The syntax for id is: write a hash character (#), followed by an id name.

Anchor Tag

The <a> tag defines a hyperlink, which is used to link from one page to another.

The most important attribute of the <a> element is the href attribute, which indicates the link's destination.

By default, links will appear as follows in all browsers:

- An unvisited link is underlined and blue
- A visited link is underlined and purple
- An active link is underlined and red

```
<title>Practical 4 (Web Page) </title>
         text-decoration: none;
      <a href="#bottom" style="color: red; font-weight: bold; font-size: x-large">Go to
Bottom Section</a>
   <h3>Name of my friends:</h3>
      Vipin Buddha
      Raj Kumar
      Tushar Sharma
      Yashu Varshney
      Gagan Tripathi
   <h3>List of my hobbies:</h3>
      Reading Books
      Playing Chess
      Traveling
      Designing
   <h3>Links for Various Search Engines:</h3>
```

```
<a target="_blank" href="https://www.google.com/">Google</a>
       <a target=" blank" href="https://www.bing.com/">Bing</a>
       <a target="_blank" href="https://www.baidu.com/">Baidu</a>
       <a target=" blank" href="https://www.yahoo.com/">Yahoo!</a>
       <a target=" blank" href="https://yandex.com/">Yandex</a>
       <a target=" blank" href="https://www.ask.com/">Ask</a>
   <h3>List of Diffrent Webpages:</h3>
          <a target=" blank" href="Resume Practical 1.html">Practical 1 (Resume) </a>
          <a target=" blank" href="TimeTable Practical 2.html">Practical 2
(Timetable) </a>
          <a target=" blank" href="List Practical 3.html">Practical 3 (List)</a>
          <a target=" blank" href="Webpage Practical 4.html">Practical 4 (Webpage)</a>
          <a target="_blank" href="Table_Practical_5.html">Practical_5
(Image Table)</a>
          <a target=" blank" href="Form Practical 6.html"> Practical 6 (Form) </a>
       <a href="#top" style="color: red; font-weight: bold; font-size: x-large">Go to
Top Section</a>
```

Go to Bottom Section

Name of my friends:

- 1. Vipin Buddha
- 2. Raj Kumar
- Tushar Sharma
 Yashu Varshney
- 5. Gagan Tripathi

List of my hobbies:

- Reading BooksPlaying ChessTraveling
- Designing

Links for Various Search Engines:

- Google
- Bing
- BaiduYahoo!
- Yandex
- Ask

List of Diffrent Webpages:

- Practical 1 (Resume)
 Practical 2 (Timetable)
 Practical 3 (List)
- Practical 4 (Webpage)
- Practical 5 (Image_Table)
 Practical 6 (Form)

Go to Top Section

Practical 5

```
<html lang="en">
```

```
<meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
<title>Document</title>
  border: 1px solid black;
   border: 5px solid black;
   padding: 20px 400px 20px 350px;
           src="Media/IMG_20210227_003056_487.jpg"
```

```
src="Media/IMG_20210325_205201_770.jpg"
  src="Media/IMG_20210506_080037_099.jpg"
  src="Media/IMG_20210510_171515_975.jpg"
  src="Media/IMG_20210519_120425_393.jpg"
colspan="2"
style="
```

```
Table with Images
  src="Media/IMG_20210227_003056_487.jpg"
  src="Media/IMG_20210325_205201_770.jpg"
  src="Media/IMG_20210506_080037_099.jpg"
```

```
src="Media/IMG 20210510 171515 975.jpg"
src="Media/IMG_20210519_120425_393.jpg"
```



Practical 6

Theory:-

HTML <form> tag

An HTML form is a section of a document which contains controls such as text fields, password fields, checkboxes, radio buttons, submit button, menus etc.

An HTML form facilitates the user to enter data that is to be sent to the server for processing such as name, email address, password, phone number, etc. .

The <form> tag is used to create an HTML form for user input. The <form> element can contain one or more of the following form elements:

- <input> :- It defines an input control.
- <textarea> :- It defines a multi-line input control.
- <button>:- It defines a clickable button
- <select> :- It defines a drop-down list.
- <option> :- It defines an option in a drop-down list.
- <optgroup> :- It defines a group of related options in a drop down list.
- <fieldset> :- It groups the related element in a form.
- <label>:- It defines a label in an input element.
- <output>:- It defines the result of a calculation.

<label> tag

It is considered better to have label in form. As it makes the code parser/browser/user friendly. If you click on the label tag, it will focus on the text control. To do so, you need to have for attribute in label tag that must be same as id attribute of input tag.

Input type

- Password: The password is not visible to the user in password field control.
- Email:- The email field in new in HTML 5. It validates the text for correct email address. You must use @ and . in this field.
- Radio:- The radio button is used to select one option from multiple options. It is used for selection of gender, quiz questions etc.
- Checkbox: The checkbox control is used to check multiple options from given checkboxes.
- Submit :- HTML <input type="submit"> are used to add a submit button on web page. When user clicks on submit button, then form get submit to the server.

```
padding: auto;
style="
COMPUTER SOCIETY OF INDIA ANNUAL CONVENTION 2022 PARTICIPANTS RECORD
  <label for="name"> 1. Name of Participant: </label>
  <input type="text" id="name" placeholder="Enter Your Name" />
  <label for="address"> 2. Address: Street </label>
  <input type="text" id="address" placeholder="Street Name" />
  <input type="text" id="town" placeholder="Town Name" />
  <label for="state">State</label>
  <input type="text" id="state" placeholder="State Name" />
  <label for="pincode">Pincode</label>
  <input type="number" id="pincode" placeholder="Enter Pincode " />
```

```
<label for="work">3. Select the work you are involved:</label>
 <option value="no-work">Select your choice</option>
 <option value="Computer Education">Computer Education/option>
 <option value="Website Development">Website Development
   Application Development
<label for="tutorial">4. Select any tutorial you with to Attend:
<label for="Tutorial"> 16<sup>th</sup> April 2022</label>
 <option value="no-option">Select your choice</option>
 <option value="web Tech">Website Technology</option>
 <option value="Android Development">Android Development/option>
 <option value="Digital Marketing">Digital Marketing</option>
<label for="Tutorial"> 17<sup>th</sup> April 2022</label>
 <option value="no-option">Select your choice</option>
 <option value="web Tech">Website Technology</option>
 <option value="Android Development">Android Development/option>
 <option value="Digital Marketing">Digital Marketing</option>
<label for="requirements">5. Type any of your requirements in the Box:</label>
```

COMPUTER SOCIETY OF INDIA ANNUAL CONVENTION 2022 PARTICIPANTS RECORD

1. Name of Participant: Enter Your Name							
2. Address: Street Street Name Town Town Town Name							
State State Name Pincode Enter Pincode							
3. Select the work you are involved: Select your choice $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$							
4. Select any tutorial you with to Attend: $16^{th}April2022 \hbox{$\tt Selectyourchoice} {\color{red} \bullet} \\ 17^{th}April2022 \hbox{$\tt Selectyourchoice} {\color{red} \bullet} \\ \end{array}$							
5. Type any of your requirements in the Box:							
Start over Send over							

Practical 7

```
<title>Online Application Form</title>
  style="
   text-align: center;
 Online Application Form
   <label for="position">Position Applied For:</label</pre>
    ><input type="text" autofocus id="position" /> <br /><br />
    <label for="name">Enter Your Name:</label>
    <input type="text" id="name" placeholder="" />
    <label for="nationality">Enter Your Nationality:</label>
    <input type="text" name="nationality" id="nationality" /><br /><br />
    <label for="gender">Select Your Gender:</label><br />
    <input type="radio" name="gender" value="male" /> Male<br />
    <input type="radio" name="gender" value="female" /> Female<br />
    <input type="radio" name="gender" value="other" /> Other
    <label for="dob">Date Of Birth:</label>
    <input type="date" id="dob" name="dateofbirth" value="" min="" max="" />
    <label for="address">Enter Your Address:</label>
```

```
<input type="number" name="number" id="telephone number" /> <br /><br />
<label for="Email"> Enter Your Email: </label>
<input type="email" required name="email" id="Email" />
<label for="passward">Enter Your Password:</label>
<input type="password" name="passward" required id="passward" />
<label for="education">Educational History:</label><br />
<input type="checkbox" name="12th" id="education" />12th Class Student
<input type="checkbox" name="BCA" id="education" />BCA Student
<input type="checkbox" name="12th pass" id="qualification" />12th Pass
<input type="checkbox" name="undergraduate" id="qualification" /> Under
Graduate <br />
<input type="checkbox" name="graduate" id="qualification" /> Graduate
<input type="checkbox" name="postgraduate" id="qualification" /> Post
Graduate <br />
<input type="checkbox" name="doctorate" id="qualification" /> Doctorate
<label for="skills">Skills:</label><br />
<input type="checkbox" name="Web Development" id="skills" />Web
Development<br />
<input type="checkbox" name="App Development" id="skills" />App
Development <br />
```

```
type="checkbox"
 name="BlockChain Development"
 id="skills"
/>BlockChain Development<br />
  type="checkbox"
 id="skills"
/>Software Development<br />
<label for="work experience"</pre>
 >Work Experience/Employment/Training:</label</pre>
 type="number"
 min="0"
 max="10"
 id="work experience"
 name="personal statement "
 <h3>Referee 1</h3>
 <input type="text" id="name" placeholder="" /><br /><br />
```

```
<label for="occupation">Occupation:</label>
<input type="text" id="occupation" placeholder="" /><br /><br />
<label for="relation">Relationship:
<input type="text" id="relation" placeholder="" /><br /><br />
<label for="address">Address:</label>
<label for="name">Telephone:</label>
<input type="text" id="name" placeholder="" />
<h3>Referee 2</h3>
<label for="name">Name:</label>
<input type="text" id="name" placeholder="" /><br /><br />
<label for="occupation">Occupation:</label>
<input type="text" id="occupation" placeholder="" /><br /><br />
<label for="relation">Relationship:
<input type="text" id="relation" placeholder="" /><br /><br />
<label for="address">Address:</label>
<label for="name">Telephone:</label>
<input type="text" id="name" placeholder="" />
<input type="reset" value="Reset" />
<input type="submit" value="Submit" />
```



Personal Statement:

	Online Application Form
Position Applied For:	
Enter Your Name:	
Enter Your Nationality:	
Select Your Gender: Male Female Other	
Date Of Birth: dd-mm-yyyy	
Enter Your Address:	
Enter Your Number:	
Enter Your Email:	
Enter Your Password:	
Educational History: 12th Class Student BCA Student	
Qualification: 12th Pass Under Graduate Graduate Post Graduate Doctorate	
Skills: Web Development App Development BlockChain Development Software Development	
Work Experience/Employment/Training:	

Referee 1			
Name:			
Occupation:			
Relationship:			
Address:			
Telephone:			
-	1		
Referee 2			
Name:			
Occupation:			
Relationship:	_		
	_		
Address:			
Telephone:]		
•	,		

Practical 8

Theory:-

Image map

Reset Submit

The HTML <map> tag defines an image map. An image map is an image with clickable areas. The areas are defined with one or more <area> tags.

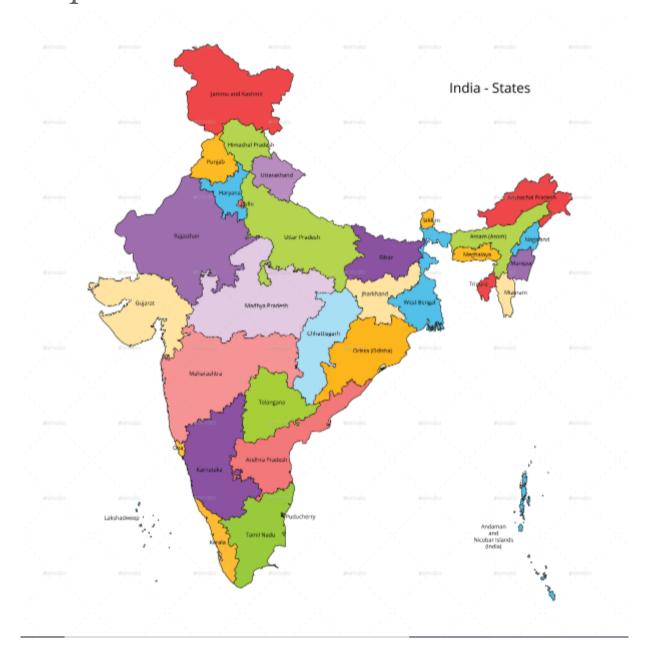
Usemap attribute

The usemap value starts with a hash tag # followed by the name of the image map, and is used to create a relationship between the image and the image map.

- Use the HTML <map> element to define an image map
- Use the HTML <area> element to define the clickable areas in the image map
- Use the HTML usemap attribute of the element to point to an image map

```
usemap="#indiamap"
     width=""
       target="_blank"
        title="Uttar Pradesh"
       href="https://edistrict.up.gov.in/edistrictup/"
coords="1319,867,897,689,1013,922,1116,1017,1281,1091,1328,933,1321,902,1321,885,897,728,
       shape="poly"
       target="_blank"
       alt="Rajasthan"
       shape="poly"
        target="_blank"
        alt="Uttarakhand"
        title="Uttarakhand"
```

```
href="https://edistrict.uk.gov.in/"
        shape="poly"
        target="_blank"
        href="https://www.jk.gov.in/jkeservices/"
coords="652,176,788,132,865,205,911,246,973,249,955,260,1019,233,1072,246,1070,326,1048,3
56,1028,363,1010,381,1008,400,1037,427,1039,447,1039,471,1026,480,1013,480,991,471,964,46
        shape="poly"
        target=" blank"
        href="http://edistrict.punjabgovt.gov.in/eda/landing.aspx"
coords="755,517,795,510,812,524,819,543,830,563,852,581,861,596,872,623,867,636,856,647,8
41,651,828,664,821,680,799,675,784,677,757,669,716,660,694,655,689,629"
       shape="poly"
```



Practical 9

Theory:-

HTML Frames

HTML frames are used to divide your browser window into multiple sections where each section can load a separate HTML document. A collection of frames in the browser window is known as a frameset.

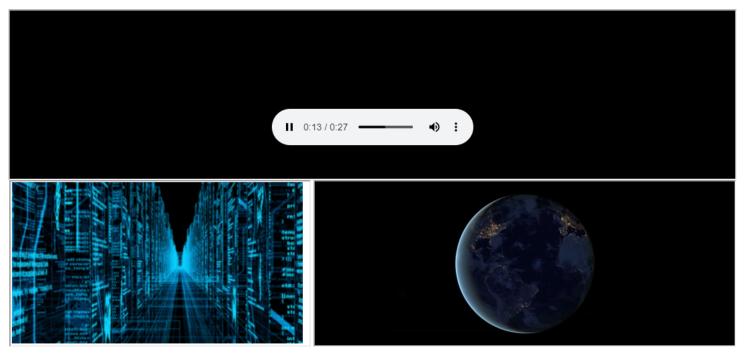
To use frames on a page we use <frameset> tag instead of <body> tag. The <frameset> tag defines, how to divide the window into frames. The rows attribute of <frameset> tag defines horizontal frames and cols attribute defines vertical frames. Each frame is indicated by <frame> tag and it defines which HTML document shall open into the frame.

Attributes

- Src:- This attribute is used to give the file name that should be loaded in the frame.
- Name:- This attribute allows you to give a name to a frame. It is used to indicate which frame a document should be loaded into.
- Frameborder:- This attribute specifies whether or not the borders of that frame.
- Marginwidth:- This attribute allows you to specify the width of the space between the left and right of the frame's borders and the frame's content.
- Marginheight:- This attribute allows you to specify the height of the space between the top and bottom of the frame's borders and its contents.
- Scrolling:- This attribute controls the appearance of the scrollbars that appear on the frame. This takes values either "yes", "no" or "auto".

```
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8" />
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
   <title>Frames</title>
       iframe{
           padding: 0;
           margin: 0;
       div
           text-align: center;
```

```
<div>
<iframe
    src="Media/audio.mp3"
    width="80%"
    height="250"
    frameborder="1"
    style="background: brown;"
    allowfullscreen=""
    allow="fullscreen; picture-in-picture"
    ></iframe>
    <iframe src="Media/4.png" style="display: inline-block;" width="33%" height="40%"
frameborder="1"></iframe>
    <iframe src="Media/video.mp4" width="46.3%" height="40%" frameborder="1"></iframe>
</div>
</div>
</html>
```



Practical 10

Theory:-

HTML Iframe tag

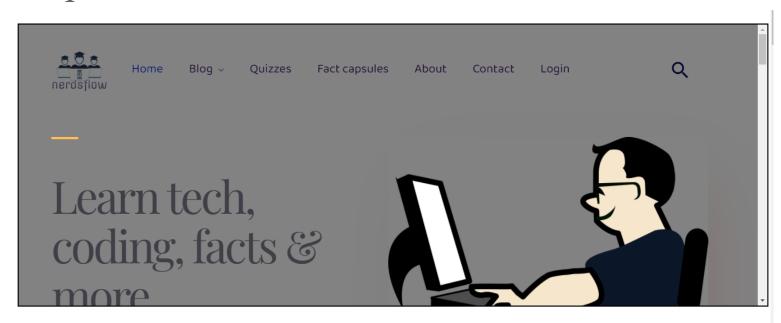
The iframe HTML element represents a nested browsing context, embedding another HTML page into the current one. The iframe tag defines a rectangular region within the document in which the browser can display a separate document, including scrollbars and borders. An inline frame is used to embed another document within the current HTML document.

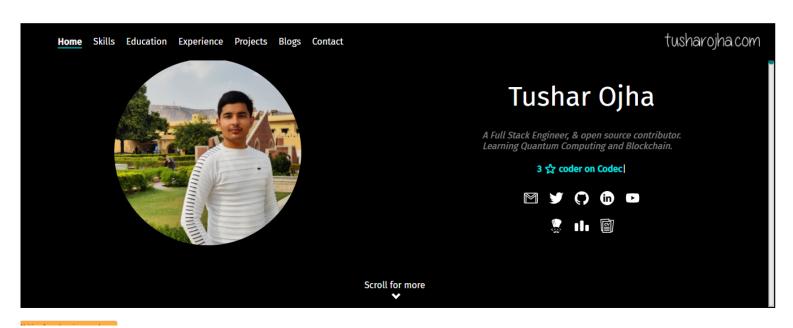
Attributes

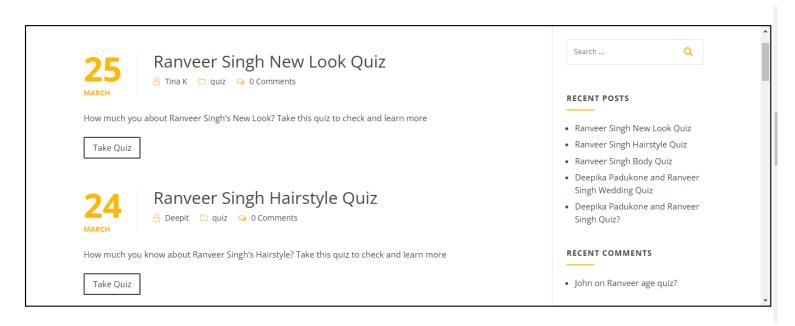
- Src:- This attribute is used to give the file name that should be loaded in the frame. Its value can be any URL.
- Name: This attribute allows you to give a name to a frame. It is used to indicate which frame a document should be loaded into. This is especially important when you want to create links in one frame that load pages into another frame, in which case the second frame needs a name to identify itself as the target of the link.
- Frameborder:- This attribute specifies whether or not the borders of that frame are shown; it overrides the value given in the frameborder attribute on the frameset tag.
- Marginwidth:- This attribute allows you to specify the width of the space between the left and right of the frame's borders and the frame's content.
- Scrolling:- This attribute controls the appearance of the scrollbars that appear on the frame.

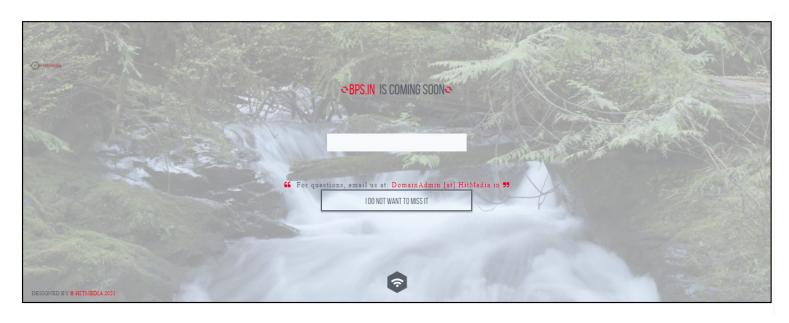
```
width="100%"
   height="300"
    style="border: 2px solid black;"
 width="100%"
 height="300"
 style="border: 2px solid black"
src="https://www.ranveer.com/"
width="100%"
height="300"
style="border: 2px solid black"
src="https://www.bps.in/"
width="100%"
height="300"
style="border: 2px solid black"
src="https://www.expert.ai/"
width="100%"
height="300"
style="border: 2px solid black"
```

```
</iframe><iframe
src="https://www.britannica.com/topic/history"
width="100%"
height="300"
style="border: 2px solid black"
>
</iframe>
</iframe>
</body>
</html>
```

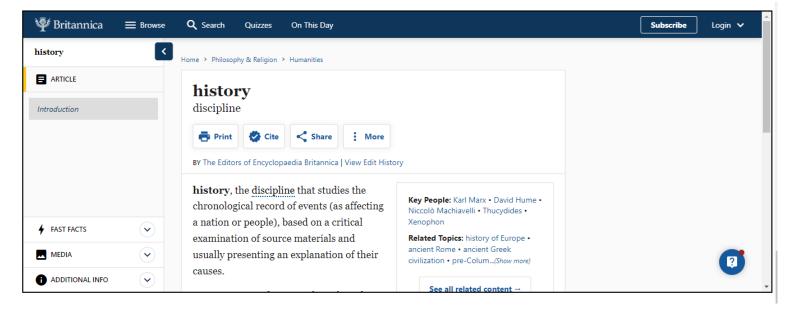












Practical 11

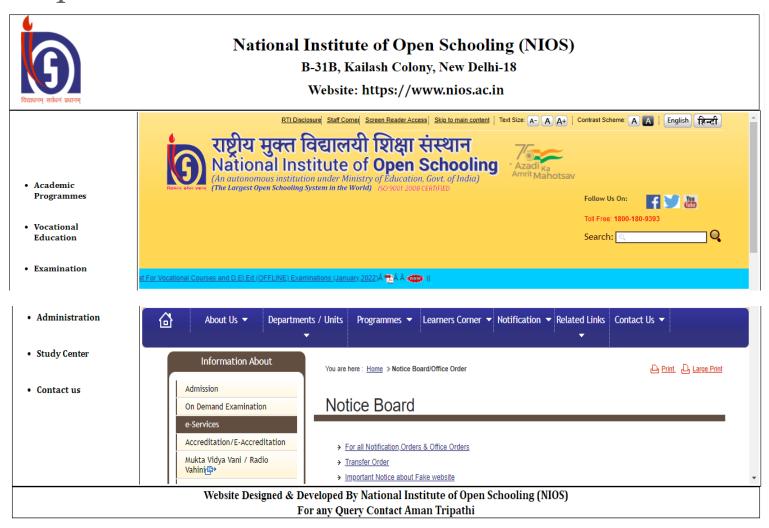
```
Chtml lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8" />
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
   <title>Frameset</title>
       text-decoration: none;
       color: black;
       text-align: left;
       font-weight: bolder;
       font-family: Cambria, Cochin, Georgia, Times, "Times New Roman", serif;
```

```
<header style="border: 1px solid black">
 <h3 style="display: inline">
     style="margin-left: 20px; margin-bottom: 10px"
     src="Media/National_Institute_of_Open_Schooling.png"
     alt=""
   style="
   National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS)
    <span style="font-size: x-large; margin-left: 20%">
     B-31B, Kailash Colony, New Delhi-18</span
    <span style="font-size: x-large; margin-left: 22%">
     Website:
        style="text-decoration: none; color: black"
        target="_blank"
        href="https://www.nios.ac.in"
       >https://www.nios.ac.in</a</pre>
```

```
target="frame"
       >Academic Programmes</a
       target="frame"
       >Vocational Education</a
       href="https://www.nios.ac.in/notice-boardoffice-order.aspx"
       target="frame"
       >Examination</a
```

```
target="frame"
  >Administration</a
  target="frame"
 >Study Center</a
<a href="https://www.nios.ac.in/contact-us.aspx" target="frame"</pre>
```

```
<h3 style="text-align: center; border: 1px solid black; margin: 0%">
  Website Designed & Developed By
  <a target="_blank" href="https://www.nios.ac.in"</pre>
   >National Institute of Open Schooling (NIOS)</a
  For any Query Contact
  <a target="_blank" href="https://linktr.ee/imamantripathi"</pre>
   >Aman Tripathi</a
```



Practical 12

```
<body style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 10px">
```

The Taj Mahal'Crown of the Palace' is an ivory-white marble mausoleum on the right bank of the river Yamuna in the Indian city of Agra. It was commissioned in 1632 by the Mughal emperor Shah Jahan (r. 1628-1658) to house the tomb of his favourite wife, Mumtaz Mahal; it also houses the tomb of Shah Jahan himself. The tomb is the centrepiece of a 17-hectare (42-acre) complex, which includes a mosque and a guest house, and is set in formal gardens bounded on three sides by a crenellated wall.

</h3>

<iframe

src="https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/d/da/Taj-Mahal.jpg/200px-Taj-Ma
hal.jpg"

width="200px"
height="133px"
frameborder="4"

</iframe>

<h3>

he most spectacular feature is the marble dome that surmounts the tomb. The dome is nearly 35 metres (115 ft) high which is close in measurement to the length of the base, and accentuated by the cylindrical "drum" it sits on, which is approximately 7 metres (23 ft) high. Because of its shape, the dome is often called an onion dome or amrud (guava dome).[19] The top is decorated with a lotus design which also serves to accentuate its height. The shape of the dome is emphasised by four smaller domed chattris (kiosks) placed at its corners, which replicate the onion shape of the main dome. The dome is slightly asymmetrical.[20] Their columned bases open through the roof of the tomb and provide light to the interior. Tall decorative spires (guldastas) extend from edges of base walls, and provide visual emphasis to the height of the dome. The lotus motif is repeated on both the chattris and guldastas. The dome and chattris are

topped by a gilded finial which mixes traditional Persian and Hindustani decorative elements.[21] The main finial was originally made of gold but was replaced by a copy made of gilded bronze in the early 19th century. This feature provides a clear example of integration of traditional Persian and Hindu decorative elements.[22] The finial is topped by a moon, a typical Islamic motif whose horns point heavenward.[23] The minarets, which are each more than 40 metres (130 ft) tall, display the designer's penchant for symmetry. They were designed as working minarets- a traditional element of mosques, used by the muezzin to call the Islamic faithful to prayer. Each minaret is effectively divided into three equal parts by two working balconies that ring the tower. At the top of the tower is a final balcony surmounted by a chattri that mirrors the design of those on the tomb. The chattris all share the same decorative elements of a lotus design topped by a gilded finial. The minarets were constructed slightly outside of the plinth so that in the event of collapse, a typical occurrence with many tall constructions of the period, the material from the towers would tend to fall away from the tomb.[24]

</h3>

</body>

</html>

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Practical 13

Theory:-

CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) is a stylesheet language used to design the webpage to make it attractive. The reason for using this is to simplify the process of making web pages presentable. It allows you to apply styles to web pages. More importantly, it enables you to do this independent of the HTML that makes up each web page.

```
border-width: 5px;
 padding: 0px;
 width: 98%;
li {
 border-right: 20px solid red;
 width: 120px;
 height: 40px;
 background-color: #fff;
 color: black;
 text-align: center;
 margin-top: 80px;
 margin-left: 40px;
 margin-bottom: 20px;
 margin-right: 30px;
 padding-top: 70px;
padding-left: 20%;
color: red;
 font-family: "Times New Roman", Times, serif;
color: rebeccapurple;
text-decoration: none;
```

```
Musings
     Links
href="https://imamantripathi.github.io/HTML-Lab/Webpage_Using_CSS_Practical_13.html"
       target=" blank"
       rel="noopener noreferrer"
       ><h1>My first webpage using css</h1>
       Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Facilis nobis
       maiores totam tenetur rem iusto non? Voluptatibus voluptates labore
       veritatis cum quo!
       Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet consectetur adipisicing elit. Accusamus est
       reiciendis eveniet amet accusantium exercitationem, deserunt vitae
       saepe, laudantium quisquam nulla quasi nihil eligendi dolorum error
       delectus perferendis soluta nesciunt debitis ipsum? Omnis commodi soluta
       culpa natus dolores, labore aliquid.
```

Home Page



Practical 14

Theory:-

CSS Color property is used to set the color of HTML elements. This property is used to set font colour, background color etc.

Color of an element can be defined in the following ways:

- Built-In Color
- RGB Format
- RGBA Format
- Hexadecimal Notation
- HSL
- HSLA

Built-In Color: These are a set of predefined colors which are used by its name. For example: red, blue, green etc.

Syntax:

h1 {

color: color-name;

```
}
```

Background color Property: This property specifies the background color of an element. A color name can also be given as: "green", a HEX value as "#5570f0", an RGB value as "rgb(25, 255, 2)".

Syntax:

```
body {
  background-color:color name
}
```

CSS border properties allow us to set the style, color, and width of the border.

Note: Different properties can be set for all the different borders i.e.top border, right border, bottom border and left border.

Properties of CSS Borders:

1. Border Style: The border-style property specifies the type of border. None of the other border properties will work without setting the border style.

Following are the types of borders:

*dotted - Defines a dotted border

*dashed - Defines a dashed border

*solid - Defines a solid border

*double - Defines a double border

*groove - Defines a 3D grooved border.

*ridge - Defines a 3D ridged border.

*inset - Defines a 3D inset border.

*outset - Defines a 3D outset border.

*none - Defines no border

*hidden - Defines a hidden border

- **2. Border Width:** Border width sets the width of the border. The width of the border can be in px, pt, cm or thin, medium and thick.
- **3. Border Color:** This property is used to set the color of the border. Color can be set using the color name, hex value, or RGB value. If the color is not specified border inherits the color of the element itself.
- **4. Border individual sides:** Individual sides can be set with different properties.

Syntax: If border properties have 4 values then.

border-style: solid dashed dotted double

Solid: top border

Dashed: right border

Dotted: bottom border

Double: left border

Syntax: If border properties have 3 values then:

border-style: solid dotted double Solid: top border Dotted: Left and right border Double: bottom border **Syntax:** If border properties have 2 values border-style:solid dotted Solid: top and bottom border Dotted: right and left border **Syntax:** If border properties have 1 value

border-style:dotted

Dotted: top, bottom, left and right border

CSS Margins: CSS margins are used to create space around the element. We can set the different sizes of margins for individual sides(top, right, bottom, left).

Margin properties can have the following values:

- Length in cm, px, pt, etc.
- Width % of the element.
- Margin calculated by the browser: auto.

Syntax:

```
body
{
    margin: size;
}
```

```
Chtml lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8" />
   <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge" />
   <title>Zebra Table</title>
```

```
margin-left: auto;
   margin-right: auto;
   border: 2px solid black;
   margin-top: 100px;
   border: 2px solid black;
   padding: 5px 70px 5px;
   text-align: center;
   background-color: black;
  color: aliceblue;
Name
   Major
    History
```

```
1002
Biology
Chemistry
1004
Tarun
Maths
1005
Maths
1006
Neetesh
Maths
Vipin
Computer
```

Roll No.	Name	Major
1001	Aman	History
1002	Ramkumar	Biology
1003	Warner	Chemistry
1004	Tarun	Maths
1005	Ankit	Maths
1006	Neetesh	Maths
1007	Vipin	Computer