

## CASE Statements versus CASE Expressions

Don't confuse the [CASE statement of a proof](#)<sup>□</sup> with the [TLA<sup>+</sup> CASE expression](#)<sup>□</sup>. A CASE that follows a step number in a proof is a CASE statement. A TLA<sup>+</sup> CASE expression cannot be the assertion of a proof step. If you wanted to assert a CASE expression as a proof step, you could write something like:

⟨4⟩2. TRUE = CASE ...

However, it's highly unlikely that you'll ever want to do that.

[CLOSE](#)