

# DSO 545: Statistical Computing and Data Visualization

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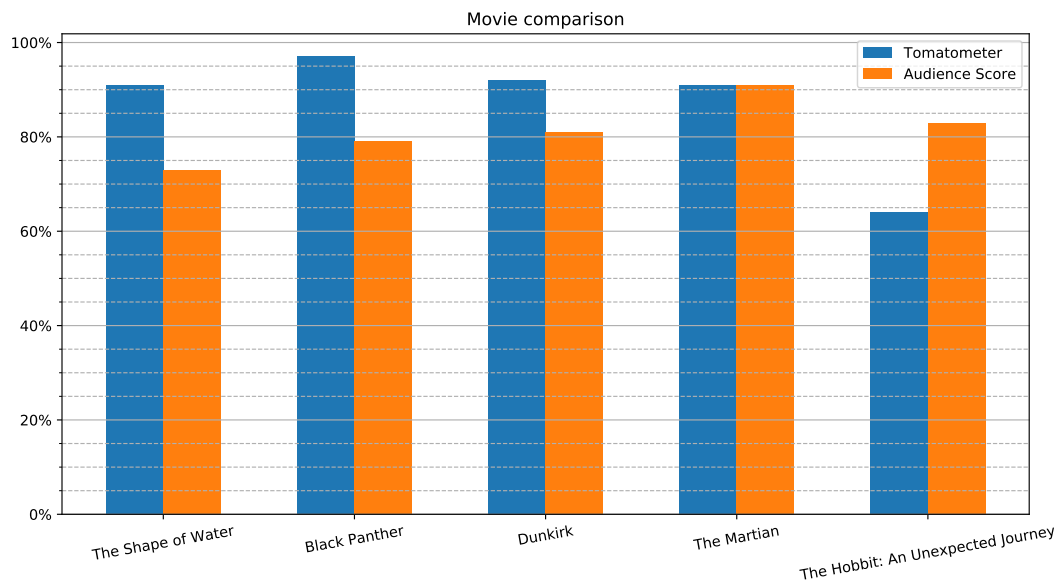
## Lab 5: Data Visualization Using Matplotlib (part 2)

1. Read the dataset `movie_scores.csv` into Python, and clean the data if necessary.

```
##           MovieTitle  Tomatometer  AudienceScore
## 0           The Shape of Water          91           73
## 1           Black Panther             97           79
## 2           Dunkirk                   92           81
## 3           The Martian                91           91
## 4  The Hobbit: An Unexpected Journey    64           83
```

2. Create the following bar plot to compare the movie scores from Tomatometer and Audience Score.

```
## <BarContainer object of 5 artists>
## <BarContainer object of 5 artists>
## ([<matplotlib.axis.XTick object at 0x118b53610>, <matplotlib.axis.XTick object at 0x11f072950>, <matplotlib.axis.XTick object at 0x11f072950>, <matplotlib.axis.XTick object at 0x11f072950>, <matplotlib.axis.XTick object at 0x11f072950>],
## ([<matplotlib.axis.YTick object at 0x11f015350>, <matplotlib.axis.YTick object at 0x11f009a10>, <matplotlib.axis.YTick object at 0x11f009a10>, <matplotlib.axis.YTick object at 0x11f009a10>, <matplotlib.axis.YTick object at 0x11f009a10>, <matplotlib.axis.YTick object at 0x11f009a10>, <matplotlib.axis.YTick object at 0x11f009a10>],
## [Text(0, 0, 'The Shape of Water'), Text(0, 0, 'Black Panther'), Text(0, 0, 'Dunkirk'), Text(0, 0, 'The Martian'), Text(0, 0, 'The Hobbit: An Unexpected Journey')],
## [Text(0, 0, '0%'), Text(0, 0, '20%'), Text(0, 0, '40%'), Text(0, 0, '60%'), Text(0, 0, '80%'), Text(0, 0, '100%')],
## [0, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100])
```



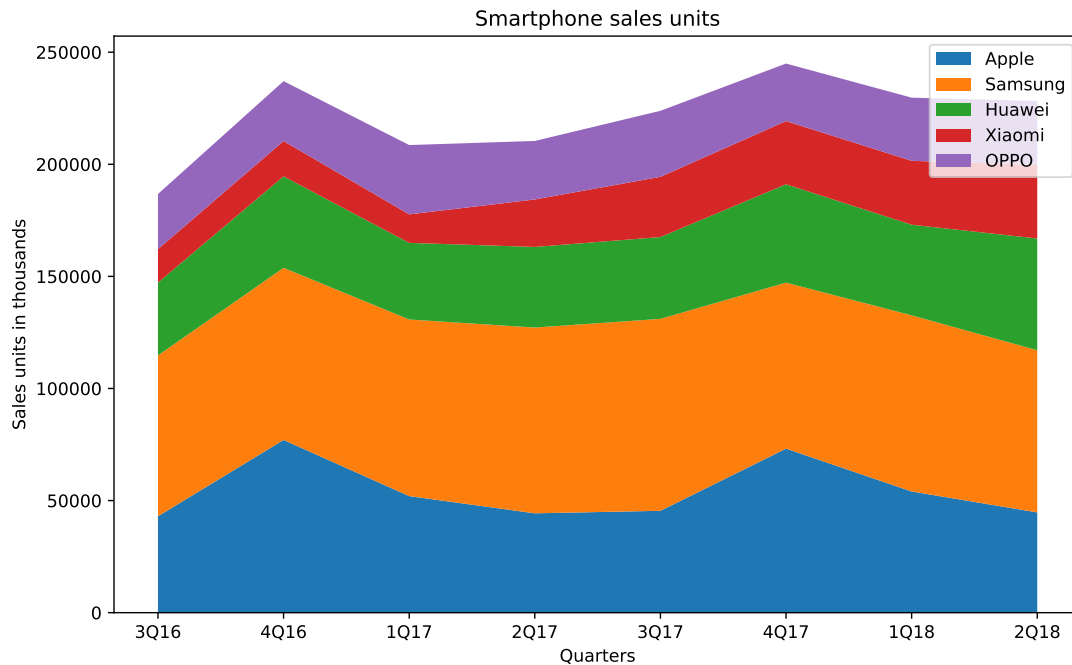
3. Read the dataset `smartphone_sales.csv` into Python, and clean the data if necessary.

```
##   Quarter  Apple  Samsung  Huawei  Xiaomi  OPPO
## 0    3Q16  43001   71734   32490   14926  24591
## 1    4Q16  77039   76783   40804   15751  26705
## 2    1Q17  51993   78776   34181   12707  30922
```

```
## 3    2Q17  44315    82855    35964    21179    26093
## 4    3Q17  45442    85605    36502    26853    29449
## 5    4Q17  73175    74027    43887    28188    25660
## 6    1Q18  54059    78565    40426    28498    28173
## 7    2Q18  44715    72336    49847    32826    28511
```

4. Create the following stacked area plot to compare the sales units of different smart phone manufacturer.

```
## [<matplotlib.collections.PolyCollection object at 0x121ea63d0>, <matplotlib.collections.PolyCollection object at 0x121ea63d0>]
```



5. Read the dataset `anage.csv` into Python, and clean the data if necessary.

6. The dataset `anage.csv` is not complete. Filter the data so that you end up with samples containing a body mass and a maximum longevity.

7. Create 4 subsets of the given dataset: `amphibia`, `aves`, `mammalia`, and `reptilia`

```
## array(['Amphibia', 'Aves', 'Mammalia', 'Reptilia'], dtype=object)
```

8. Create a scatter plot that shows the correlation between the body mass and the maximum longevity. Use log scale for the x-axis.

