Dynamic matching procedures for causal inference in social networks

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Abstract

We design a matching mechanism to elicit the elect of friendship formation on a group of observed traits.

1 Introduction

A social network is a community of people with common interests. Such networks are not static but evolve over time, suh as friendships being created and dissolved over the life course.

2 Network Creation Model

Similar to Christakis and Fowler (2007), we developed a network creation model which is ran in two stages. In a first stage, we allow each node to nominate a friend. In the second stage we compute the happiness of all the nodes.

For each node we create a set of candidates based in probability: $\log it^{-1} (-3||(X_i, Z_i) - (X_j, Z_j)||)$. Then from the set of candidates, we pick one at random to be the nominated friend. After the edges have been added, we compute the happiness according to the following equation:

$$h_{i,t} = w_0 + w_1 h_{i,t-1} + w_2 \sum_{i} h_{j,t-1} + w_3 X_i + w_4 Z_i$$

References

Christakis, N. A. and J. H. Fowler (2007). The spread of obesity in a large social network over 32 years. New England journal of medicine 357(4), 370–379.