RBC Model With Endogenous Labor Supply and Aggregate Uncertainty

The Matlab code in this folder solves a canonical RBC model with Frisch elasticity labor supply and aggregate uncertainty (TFP) shock.

Folder Guide:

- ./RBC_Frisch_GNLS_Slow.m solves the model using time loops (slow).
- ./RBC_Frisch_GNLS_Fast.m solves the model using vectorization instead of loops (fast)
- ./Functions has all auxiliary functions used in the main Matlab code
- ./Figures has useful plots given the solution

The algorithm used to solve the model follows Hanbaek, L. (2022). "A Dynamically Consistent Global Nonlinear Solution Method in the Sequence Space and Applications."

Model:

The individual state vector for the household is $\mathbf{s} = (a, K, A)$ where a is individual capital/asset level, K is the aggregate level if capital, and A is the exogenous TFP shock. The household's recursive problem is formulated as follows:

$$V(a, K, A) = \max_{c, n, a'} \left\{ \frac{c^{1-\sigma}}{1-\sigma} - \eta \frac{n^{1+1/\chi}}{1+1/\chi} + \beta \mathbb{E}_{A'} V(a', K', A') \right\}$$
(1)

s.t.
$$c + a' = (1 + r(K, A))a + w(K, A)n, c \ge 0, n \in [0, 1], a' \ge 0$$

The representative firm-side problem is as follows:

$$\max_{K,L} AK^{\alpha}L^{1-\alpha} - (\delta + r(K,A))K - w(K,A)L \tag{2}$$

The Market clearing conditions are:

$$a = K \tag{3}$$

$$n = L \tag{4}$$

and where the good's market clears by Walras' Law.

The consistency condition for a Recursive Competitive Equilibrium becomes:

$$a'(a, K, A) = K' \tag{5}$$

Finally, the TFP follows a stochastic log-AR1 process:

$$\log(A') = \mu + \rho \log(A) + \sigma_{\epsilon} \epsilon, \quad \epsilon \sim iid \, N(0, 1). \tag{6}$$