1. Basic ODEs

- (a) separatable: $y' = \frac{F(x)}{G(y)}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{F(x)}{G(y)} \Rightarrow \int G(y)dy = \int F(x)dx$
- (b) Linear: y' + p(x)y = q(x)Integrating Factor: $e^{\int p(x)dx}$ $\Rightarrow (e^{\int p(x)dx}y)' = e^{\int p(x)dx}q(x)$ $\Rightarrow e^{\int p(x)dx}y = \int e^{\int p(x)dx}q(x)dx$
- (c) ay'' + by' + cy = 0 (constant coefficient) characteristc EQ: $ar^2 + br + c = 0$ $\Delta > 0, y = C_1 e^{r_1 x} + C_2 e^{r_2 x}$ $\Delta = 0, y = C_1 e^{rx} + C_2 x e^{rx}$ $\Delta > 0, r = p \pm qi : y = e^{ax} [c_1 cos(bx) + c_2 sin(bx)]$

2. Fourier Series

Given F(x), $x \in [-L, L]$ write F(x) in a series:

$$F(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n cos(\frac{n\pi x}{L}) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n sin(\frac{n\pi x}{L})$$

where a_n , b_n are constants.

(a) Orthogonality Relations

$$\int_{-L}^{L} \sin(\frac{n\pi x}{L})\cos(\frac{m\pi x}{L}) = 0$$

$$\int_{-L}^{L} \cos(\frac{n\pi x}{L})\cos(\frac{m\pi x}{L}) = 0 (m \neq n), L(m = n)$$

$$\int_{-L}^{L} \sin(\frac{n\pi x}{L})\sin(\frac{m\pi x}{L}) = 0 (m \neq n), L(m = n)$$

- (b) $a_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^{L} F(x) cos(\frac{n\pi x}{L}) dx$ $b_n = \frac{1}{L} \int_{-L}^{L} F(x) sin(\frac{n\pi x}{L}) dx, n \in [0, \infty], n \in \mathbf{Z}$
- (c) Convergece Statement of F.S. F.S. convergence to the "periodic extension" of F(x) whever F(x) is continuous and to the average of $\frac{f(x^+)+f(x^-)}{2}$ at every point.
- (d) F.S.S and F.C.S of F(x) on [0,L]:

 F.C.S = $\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n cos \frac{n\pi x}{L}$, $a_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L F(x) cos(\frac{n\pi x}{L}) dx$ F.S.S = $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n sin \frac{n\pi x}{L}$, $a_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L F(x) cos(\frac{n\pi x}{L}) dx$ F.C.S \rightarrow even extension, F.S.S \rightarrow odd extension

3. Sturm-Liouville Problem

(a) Basic Examples of S-L BVP

 $f'' + \lambda f = 0, 0 \le x \le L$ and Boundary conditions Def: value λ for which the equation with the given boundary ends: has non-trival solution is called eigen value, the corresponding solution is called eigeon functions of the given S-L BVP.

First, general solutions:

$$\lambda = 0$$
, $f(x) = \alpha x + \beta$
 $\lambda > 0$, $f(x) = C_1 cos(\sqrt{\lambda}x) + C_2 sin(\sqrt{\lambda}x)$
 $\lambda < 0$, $f(x) = C_1 cosh(ax) + C_2 sinh(ax)$, $a^2 = -\lambda$, $a > 0$
Then, impose the boundary in each case.

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i. Boundary COND: f(0) = 0, f(L) = 0e-values: $\lambda_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{L^2}$, n = 1, 2, 3e-functions: $f_n \sim sin(\frac{n\pi x}{L})$

- ii. Boundary COND: f'(0) = 0, f'(L) = 0 e-values: $\lambda_n = \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{L^2}$, n = 0, 1, 2, 3 e-functions: $f_n \sim cos(\frac{n\pi x}{L})$
- iii. Boundary COND: f(0) = 0, f'(L) = 0e-values: $\lambda_n = (\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2L})^2$, n = 1, 2, 3e-functions: $f_n \sim sin(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2L}x)$
- iv. Boundary COND: f'(0) = 0, f(L) = 0e-values: $\lambda_n = (\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2L})^2$, n = 1, 2, 3e-functions: $f_n \sim cos(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2L}x)$