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MATH 4581.Assignment 7: SOLUTIONS

$$(1) \quad X(t) = A + t \quad A \sim U[0,1]$$

$$\Rightarrow E[A] = \frac{1}{2} \quad E[A^2] = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{VAR}[A] = \frac{1}{12}.$$

$$m(t) = E[X(t)] = \frac{1}{2} + t$$

$$\begin{aligned} R(t,s) &= E[X(t)X(s)] = E[(A+t)(A+s)] \\ &= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}(s+t) + st. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C(t,s) &= R(t,s) - m(t)m(s) = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}(s+t) + st - \left(\frac{1}{2}+t\right)\left(\frac{1}{2}+s\right) \\ &= \frac{1}{12} \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \quad A, B \sim N(0,1).$$

$$X(t) = A + tB.$$

$$m(t) = E[X(t)] = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} R(t,s) &= E[X(t)X(s)] = E[(A+tB)(A+sB)] \\ &= E[A^2] + st E[B^2] \\ &= 1 + st. \end{aligned}$$

$$C(t,s) = 1 + st.$$

(3) Wager 1: buy stock

outcome	prob.	cost	future value	return
150	p	100	150	50
30	$1-p$	100	30	-70

Wager 2: buy option

outcome	prob.	cost	future value	return
150	p	c	30	$30-c$
30	$1-p$	c	0	$-c$

$$\text{No arbitrage} \Rightarrow E[R_1] = 50p - 70(1-p) = 0$$

$$E[R_2] = (30-c)p - c(1-p) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow c = \$ \frac{35}{2} = \$ 17.50$$

$$\text{Risk-free prob. vector } \vec{p} = \left(\frac{7}{12}, \frac{5}{12} \right)$$

(4) Wager 1: buy stock

outcome	prob.	cost	future value	return
200	p	100	200	100
120	q	100	120	20
30	r	100	30	-70

Wager 2: buy option

outcome	prob.	cost	future value	return
200	p	25	90	65
120	q	25	10	-15
30	r	25	0	-25

Wager 3: buy ether option

outcome	prob	cost	future value	return
200	p	c	110	$110 - c$
120	q	c	30	$30 - c$
30	r	c	0	$-c$

No arbitrage:

$$E[R_1] = 100p + 20q - 70r = 0$$

$$E[R_2] = 65p - 15q - 25r = 0$$

$$E[R_3] = (110 - c)p + (30 - c)q - c(r) = 0.$$

$$p + q + r = 1.$$

$$\Rightarrow c = \$ \frac{145}{4} \approx \$36.25$$

Risk-free prob. vector $\vec{p} = \left(\frac{31}{128}, \frac{41}{128}, \frac{56}{128} \right)$