#### PA 1

https://github.com/comp346/W15

## Objectives

- Explain the specification
- Multiple threading
- Issues without Synchronization
- Simple solution

#### Setup

- 1. Create a new project
- 2. Extract the provided file
- 3. Copy java files to your project
- 4. Run

#### What are inside?

- Account
- Depositor
- Withdrawer
- AccountManager

#### Account's Properties

Account Number, Name & Balance. Balance can be changed.

#### **Account's Behaviors**

- Open or create account
- Deposit
- Withdraw
- Check balance

#### Account Skeleton

```
class Account {
    private int accountID;
    private String name;
    private double balance;
    //Skeleton
    public Account(int acc, String name, double balance) { ??? }
    public void deposit(double amount) { ??? }
    public void withdrawn(double amount) { ??? }
    public double getBalance() { ??? }
    public String toString() { ??? }
```

#### Inheritance

```
Dove can inherit general properties of a bird: fly, eat ...
public class Dove extends Bird {
A bird can inherit from an animal ...
public class Bird extends Animal {
```

## Hierrachy

Every class in java either is inherited directly or indirectly from Object

**Thread** is an execution that executes a **given task** concurrently with other threads.

```
class CustomTask extends Thread {
    public void run { ??? }
}
Create a thread then call start
CustomTask t = new CustomTask();
t.start();
```

**Depositor** is an execution which executes **deposit N times** to a given account.

```
public class Depositor extends Thread {
    private Account account;
    public Depositor(Account account) {
       this.account = account;
    public void run() {
        for(int i = 0; i < times; i++) {
            account.deposit(amount);
```

Withdrawer is an execution which executes withdraw N times to a given account.

```
public class Withdrawer extends Thread {
    private Account account;
    public Depositor(Account account) {
       this.account = account;
    public void run() {
        for(int i = 0; i < times; i++) {
            account.withdraw(amount);
```

#### Account Manager

- 1. Application Entry has static void main method
- 2. Create 10 accounts
- 3. Print out balances
- 4. Each account, create 1 depositor and 1 withdrawer
- 5. Start all depositors and withdrawers
- 6. Waits for all finished
- 7. Print out balance

```
public class AccountManager {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = 10;
        //Create and initialize accounts
        Account[] accounts = new Account[n];
        accounts[0] = new Account(1234, "Mike", 1000);
        accounts[9] = new Account(9999, "Alex", 2000);
        for(int i = \emptyset; i < n; i++){
            System.out.println(accounts[i]);
        //Depositors and withdrawers
        Depositor[] ds = new Depositor[n];
        Withdrawer[] ws = new Withdrawer[n];
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            ds[i] = new Depositor(accounts[i]);
            ws[i] = new Withdrawer(accounts[i]);
        //More to come
```

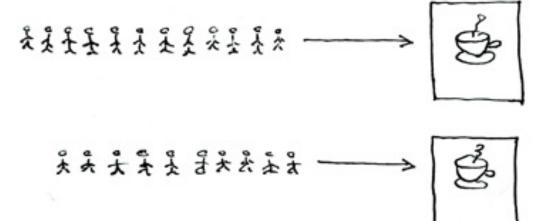
```
public class AccountManager {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int n = 10;
        // .. Omitted step 2, 3 and 4
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
           ds[i].start();
            ws[i].start();
        //Waits for finish
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            ds[i].join();
            ws[i].join();
        //Check balance again
        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){
            System.out.println(accounts[i]);
```

### Re-run the application

- 1. Remember the balance of the first account
- 2. Is it the same as the initialized balance?
- 3. Re-run once more, is it the same as the previous steps.

# What happens if both lines approach at the same time?

Parallel = Two Queuces Two Coffee Machines



@ Jae Amstray 2013

#### Race condition

```
public class UnsafeSequence {
    private int value = 0;
    public int getNext() {
        return value++;
    }
}
```

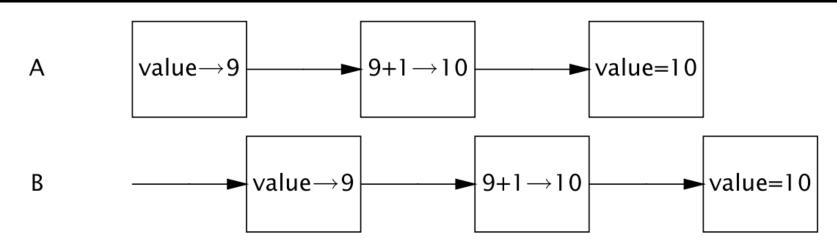


FIGURE 1.1. Unlucky execution of UnsafeSequence.getNext.

#### Synchronized (Intrinsic Lock)

Only one thread is allowed to enter a method or a block of statements.

```
public class SynchronizedSequence {
    private int value;
    public synchronized int getNext() {
        return value++;
    }
}
```

http://docs.oracle.com/javase/tutorial/essential/concurrency/locksync.html

## Package

- Group of related classes (Example System.out.println())
- Create package
- Import package

## Task & Submission

Please refer the specification

## Thank you