

MAT454 Notes

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January 15 2020

Let's, as we usually do, consider a holomorphic function $f(z)$ in an open set $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{C}$. Last time, we showed that f has a convergent power series expansion in any open disc in Ω (centered at the center of the disc). For example, around $a = 0 \in \Omega$, we can write

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n$$

Writing $z = re^{i\theta}$, we get

$$f(re^{i\theta}) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n r^n e^{in\theta}$$

We can write out the following formula for these Fourier coefficients:

$$a_n r^n = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} e^{-in\theta} f(re^{i\theta}) d\theta$$

Today we're going to be looking at the consequences of this formula. First of all, this formula gives a simple but useful upper bound on a_n : if we take the maximum absolute value of f along the circle of radius r , written

$$M(r) = \sup_{\theta} |f(re^{i\theta})|$$

we get

$$|a_n| \leq \frac{M(r)}{r^n}$$

These are called **Cauchy's inequalities**. These have some important consequences, like **Liouville's theorem**: a bounded holomorphic function on all of \mathbb{C} is a constant. How does this follow? Well, if c is the upper bound of f on \mathbb{C} , we have each

$$\forall r \in \mathbb{R}^+, M(r) \leq c \implies |a_n| \leq \frac{M(r)}{r^n} \leq \frac{c}{r^n}$$

Hence, for $n > 0$, $0 \leq a_n \leq \epsilon$ for all $\epsilon > 0$, implying $a_n = 0$. It follows that $f = a_0 = c$, a constant. Another consequence is that we can write, for any r

$$f(0) = a_0 = a_0 r^0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(re^{i\theta}) d\theta$$

This generalizes readily to stating that holomorphic functions satisfy the **Mean Value Property (MVP)**:

$$f(\text{center of disk}) = \text{mean value on boundary}$$

Another property which we won't prove is the **Maximum Modulus Principle (MMP)**: if f is a continuous complex-valued function on an open $\Omega \subseteq \mathbb{C}$ with the MVP, then it satisfies the MMP, that is, if $|f|$ has a local maximum at a point a of Ω , then f is constant in a neighborhood of a .