Building a Multi-Master, Replicated Redis Clone with Erlang/OTP

Chad DePue

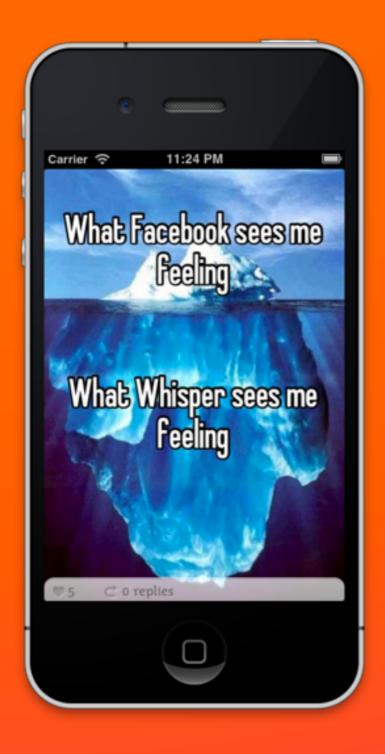
Founder of Inaka CTO of WhisperText Enjoy Erlang Love Redis achaddepue

Who is Inaka?

We are an international team of 25 developers, building high performance iOS/Android apps, using Ruby, Erlang, Elixir, Node.

What is Whisper?









Top 10 Social Network

What is Edis?

Redis - a C-based fast in-memory, disk-backed key/value database

Edis - an Erlang-based, leveldbbacked key/value store that speaks the Redis protocol



Edis - an Erlang-based server that...

- Uses gen_tcp
- Uses gen_fsm
- Uses LevelDB
- Implements Redis command set
- Respects Redis algorithms

Why is Redis Great?

- Speed
- Expressivity of the command set
- Ease of Deployment

Command Group

Selected Commands

Key/Value SET/GET

Hashes HSETNX

Lists RPOP/LPOP

Sets SUNION/SPOP

Sorted Sets ZADD/ZRANGE

Publish/Subscribe SUBSCRIBE/PUBLISH

Transactions MULTI/EXEC

work_queue

1,2,7,10

work_queue

1,2,7,10

run_queue

18

work_queue

run_queue

1,2,7,10

18

work_queue

run_queue

1,2,7

- 10, 18

work_queue

run_queue

1,2,7

10, 18

Atomic

Redis Design Decisions

- Data must fit in-memory
- Master-slave model
- Scripting Blocks the Thread

Edis Design Decisions

- Disk-backed by default
- Pluggable DB
- Master-Slave or Master-Master
- Extensible with Erlang

Edis Design Decisions

It's important that Edis respects Redis's goals of algorithmic complexity.

If a Redis command is O(log(n)), Edis will have the same O().*

* Except for ZSETS - We don't yet have skiplists in Erlang.

Edis Use Cases

- Smart Redis Proxy
- Handy Interface on top of existing data
- Reference Protocol Implementation

We're going to ...

- Learn Erlang in 45 seconds
- Review Edis Architecture
- Trace a SET command
- Learn about Replication and MM
- Demo Multi-Master (time permitting)

Key terms in Erlang/ OTP in 45 seconds

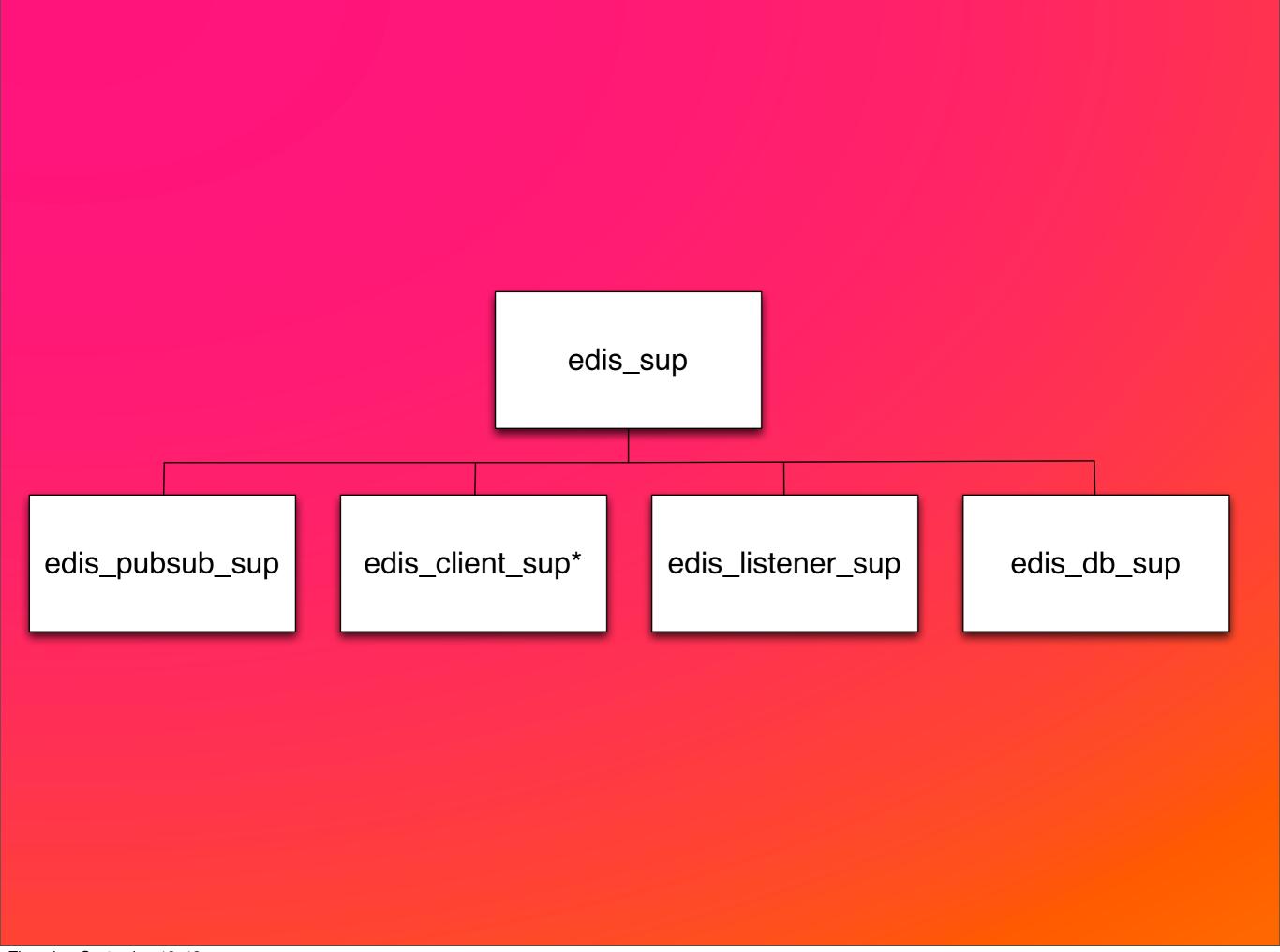
- pattern matching
- variable immutability
- lightweight processes + messages
- semicolon; comma, period.
- OTP provides:
 - gen_server, gen_fsm
 - supervisors (and more)

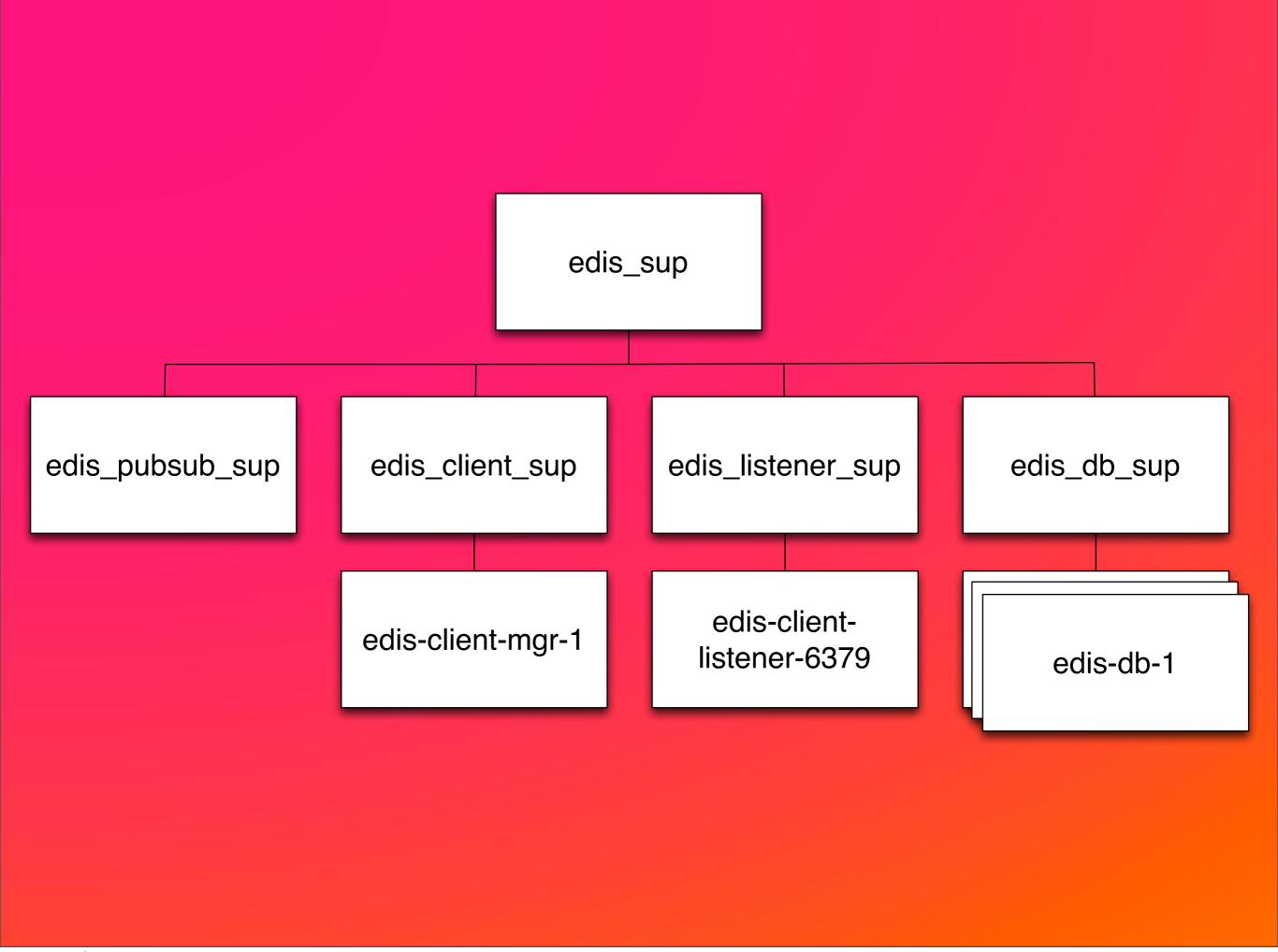
Get All 3 Major Erlang Books

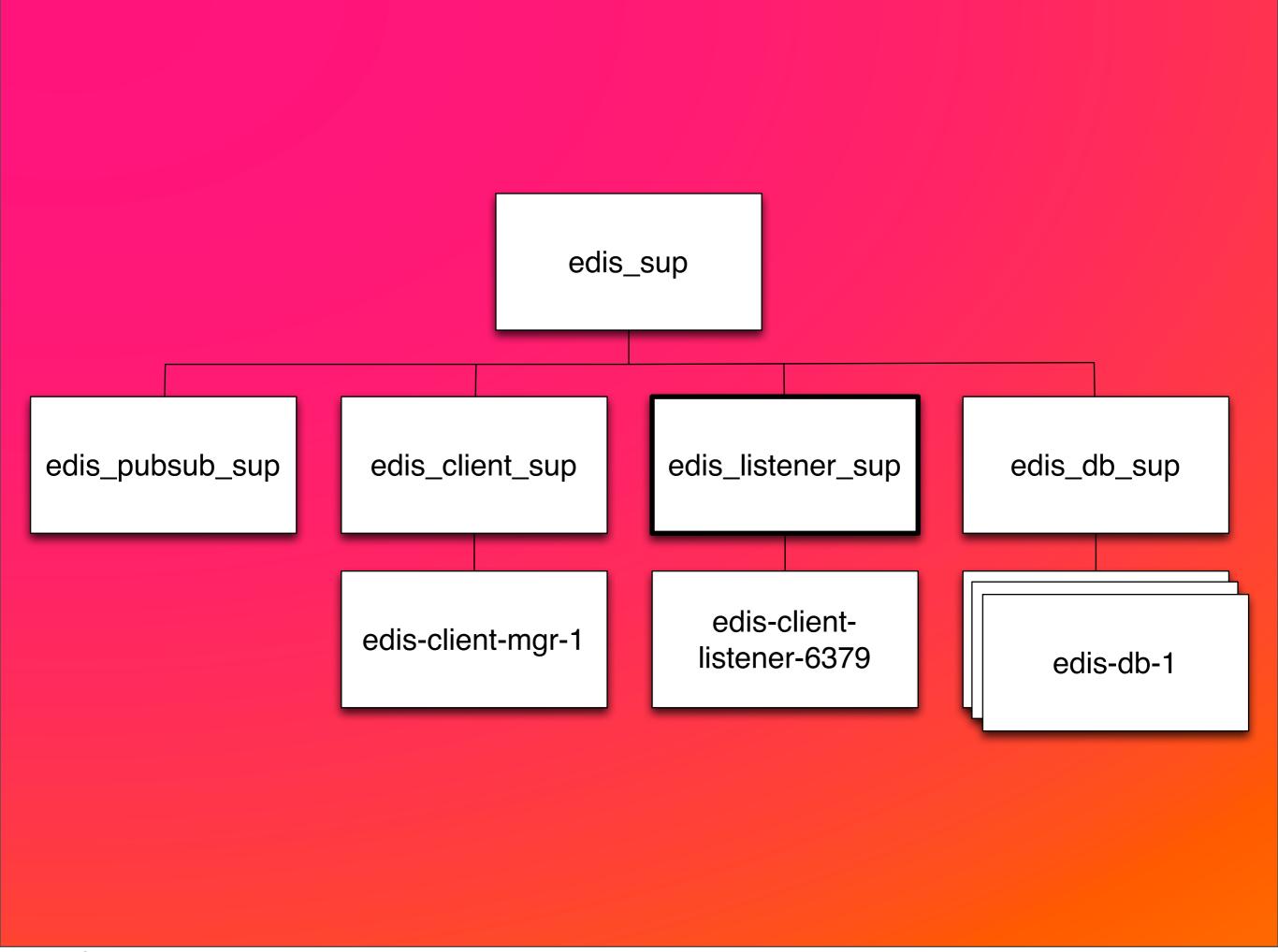
Armstrong Book
Erlang Programming
Erlang and OTP in Action

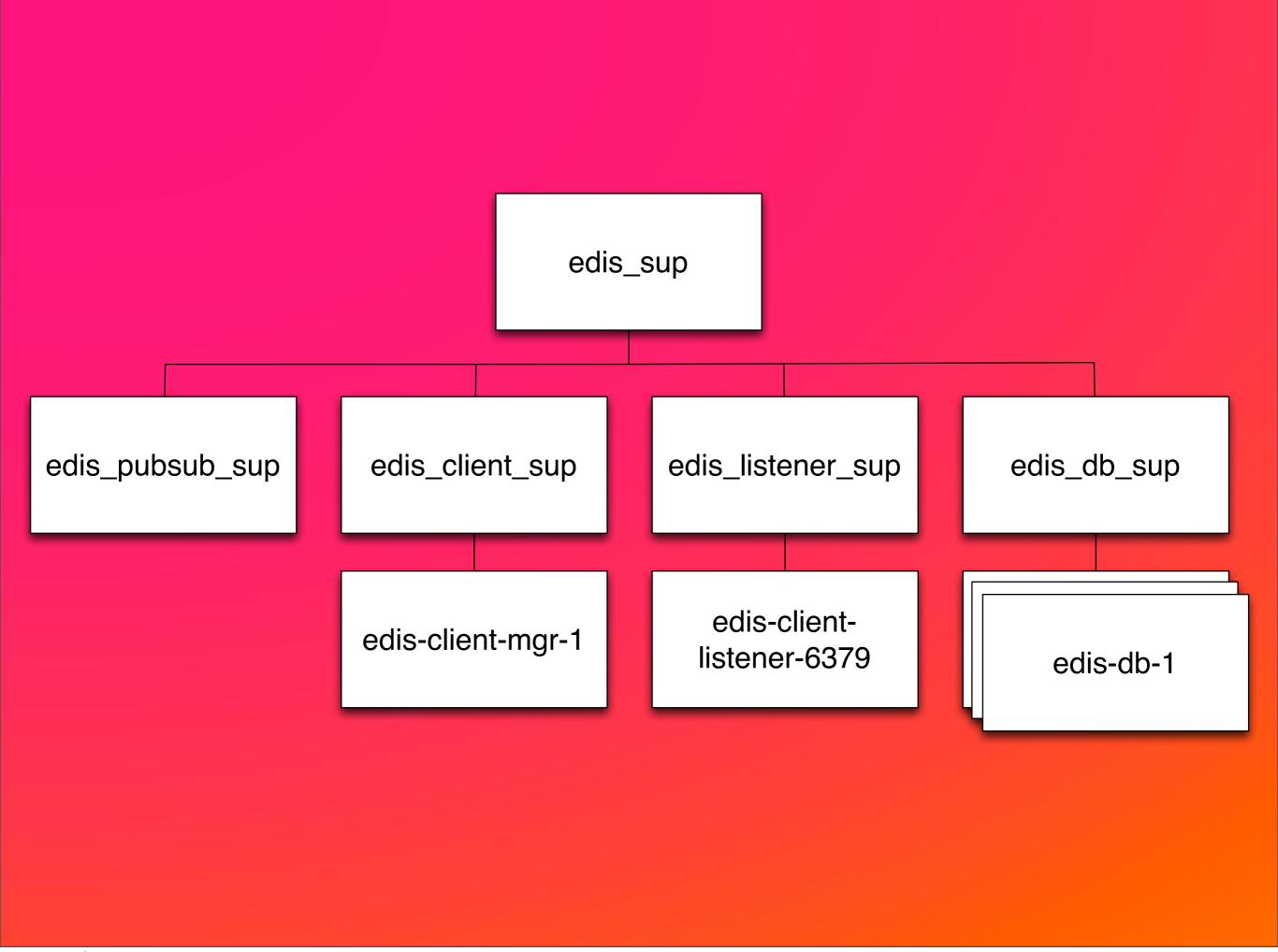
(Become a Berliever) (Architecture) (Practical)

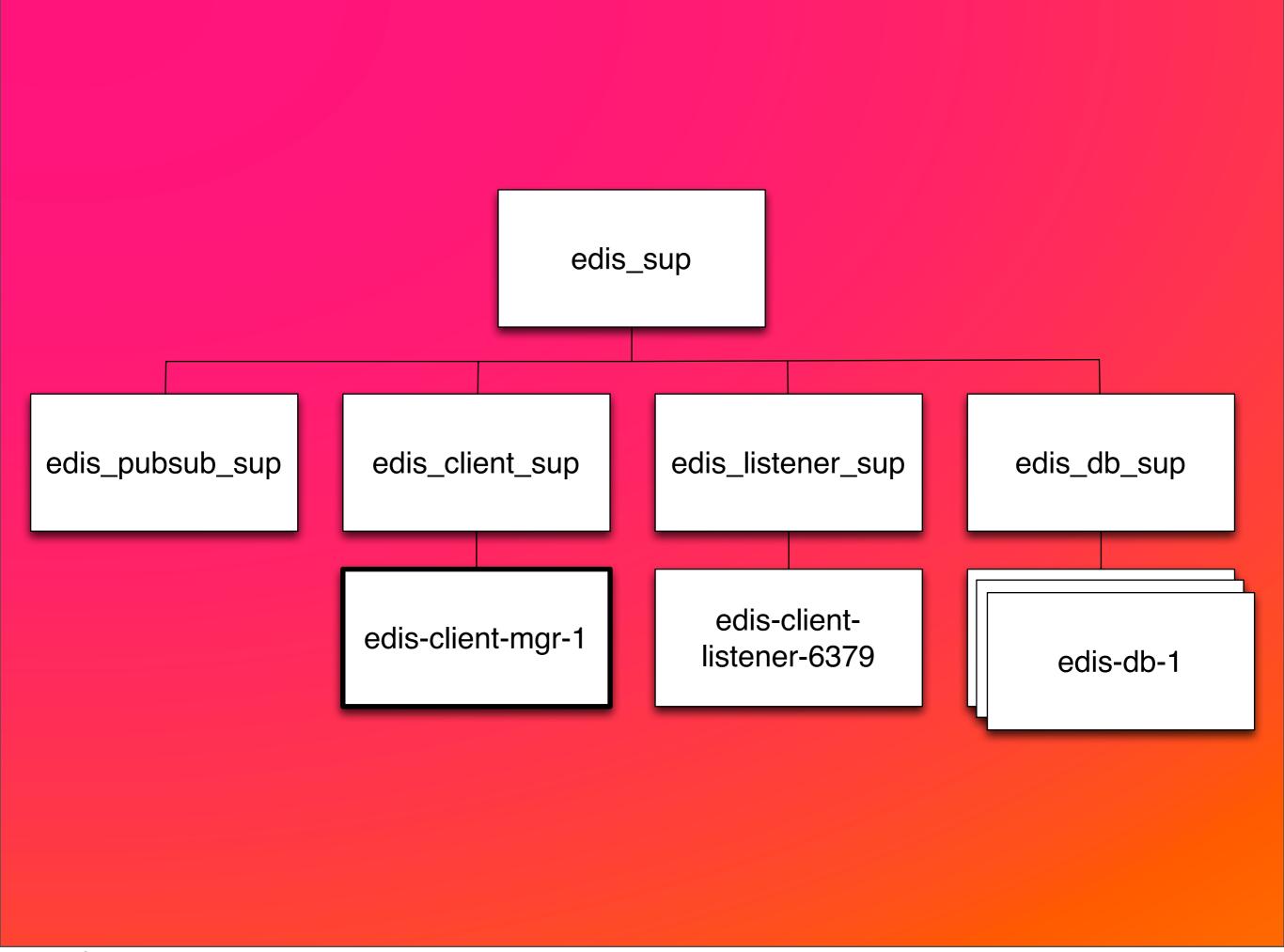
Structure of the App













```
64 socket({socket ready, Socket}, State) ->
65
    % Now we own the socket
66
    PeerPort = inet:peername(Socket),
67
68
    ok = inet:setopts(Socket, [{active, once},
69
                                {packet, line}, binary]),
      = erlang:process flag(trap_exit, true),
70
71
    {ok, CmdRunner} = edis command runner:start link(Socket),
72
    {next state, command start,
73
       State#state{socket = Socket,
74
                   peerport = PeerPort,
75
                   command runner = CmdRunner}, hibernate};
```

edis_client.erl

```
64 socket({socket ready, Socket}, State) ->
    % Now we own the socket
65
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74
                   peerport
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                    command runner = CmdRunner}, hibernate};
75
```

edis_client.erl

```
64 socket({socket_ready, Socket}, State) ->
```

```
{next_state, StateName, State};
```

edis_client.erl

```
foundaries for the state of the state o
```

edis_client.erl

gen_fsm:send_event(<Pid>, message).

edis client:StateName(message,State).

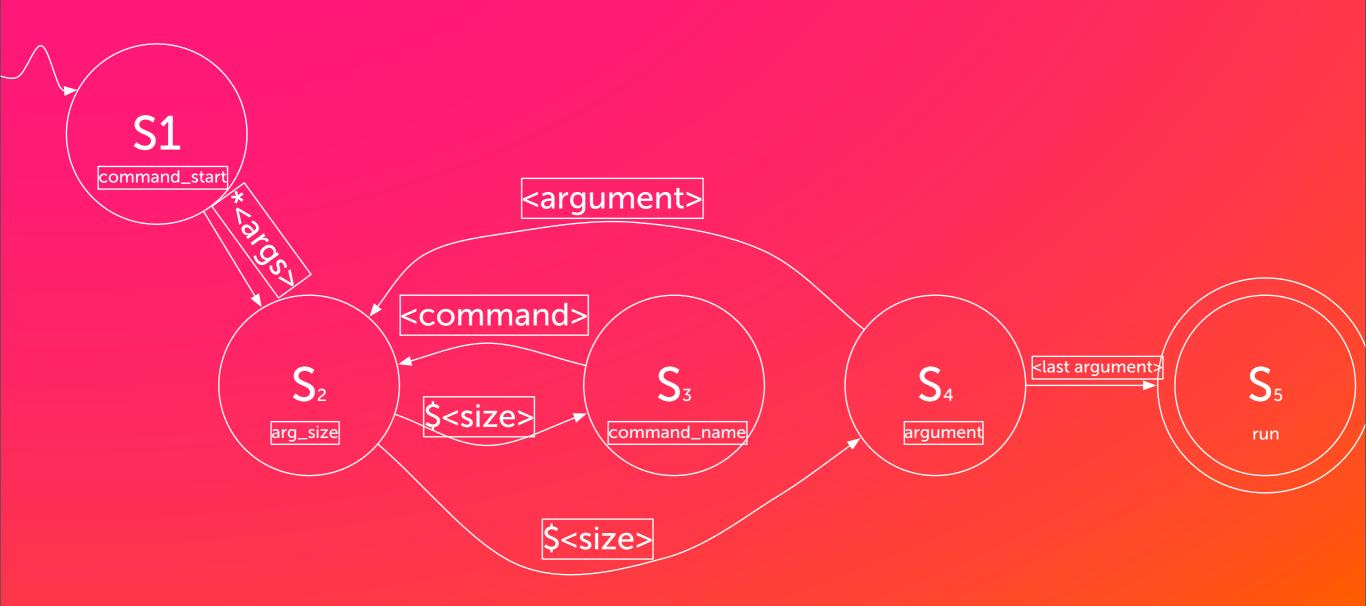
edis_client.erl

edis_client:command_start({data,Data},State}).

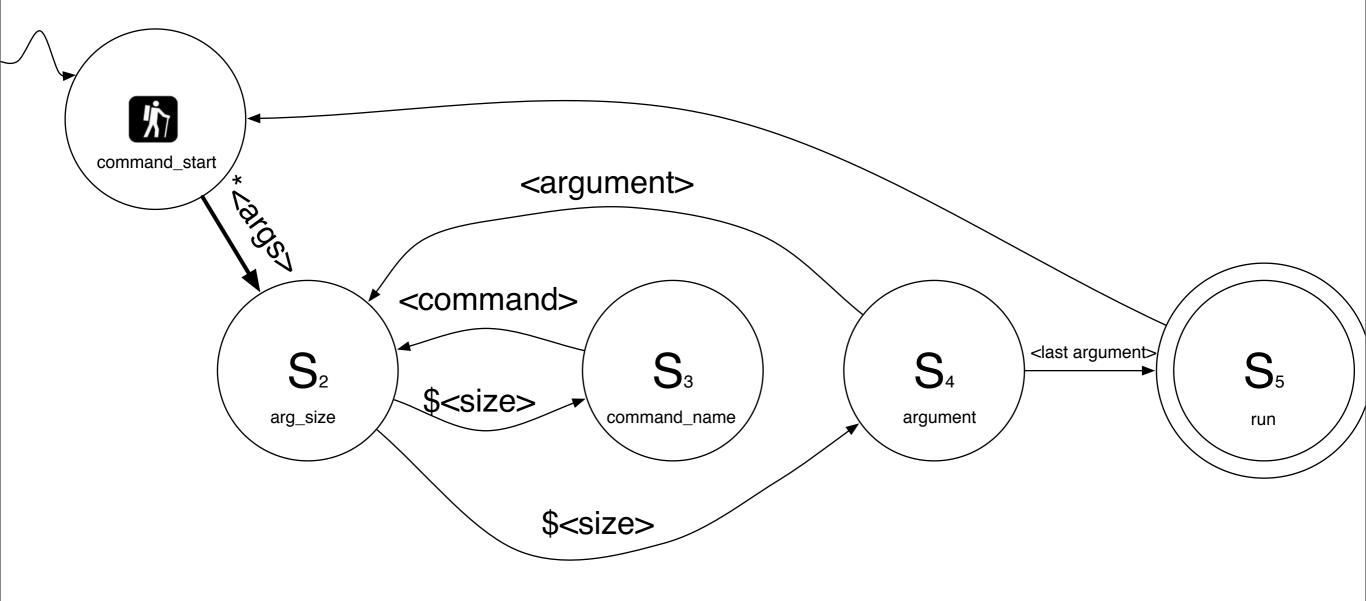
Redis Protocol



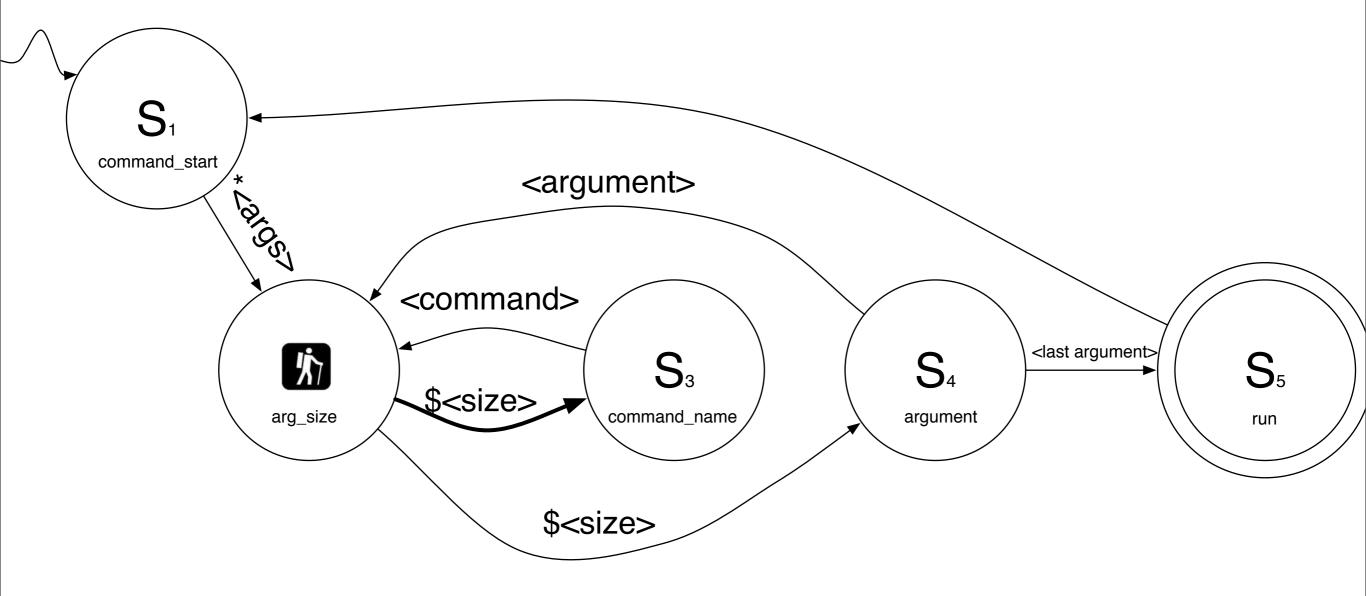
Redis Protocol



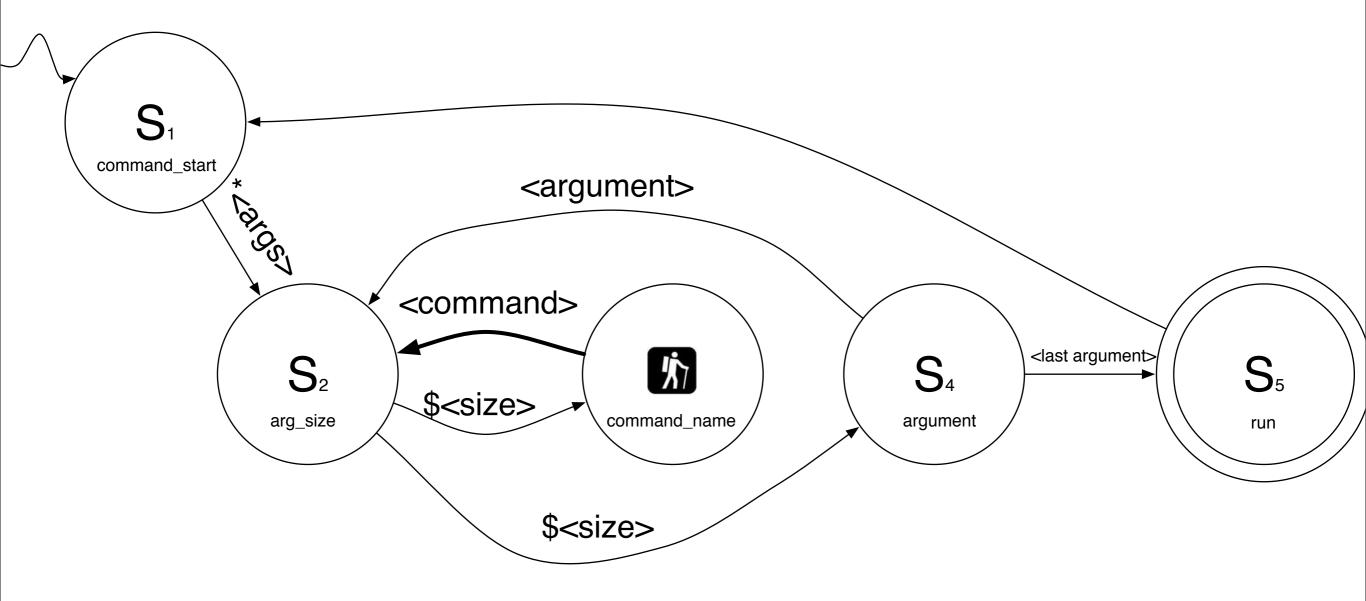
DBG <0.104.0> got {tcp, #Port<0.3714>, <<"**3\r\n">>} in state command_start *DBG* <0.104.0> switched to state arg_size



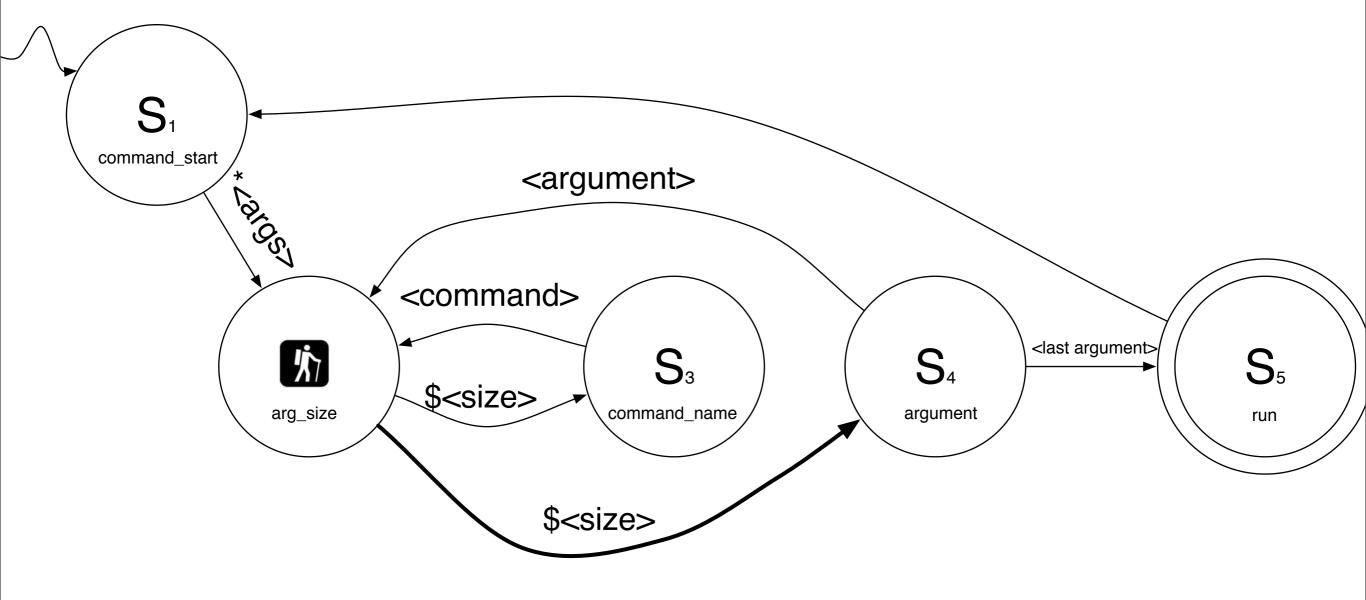
DBG <0.104.0> got {tcp, #Port<0.3714>, <<"\$3\r\n">>} in state arg_size *DBG* <0.104.0> switched to state command_name



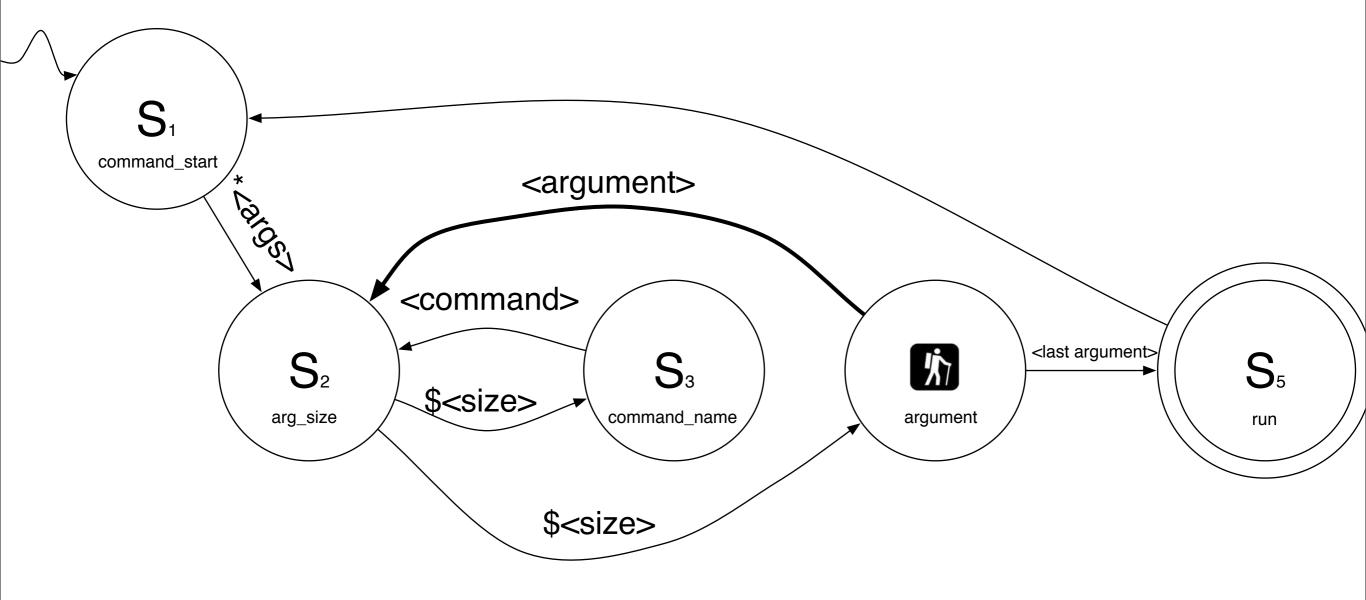
DBG <0.104.0> got {tcp, #Port<0.3714>, <<"set\r\n">>} in state command_name *DBG* <0.104.0> switched to state arg_size



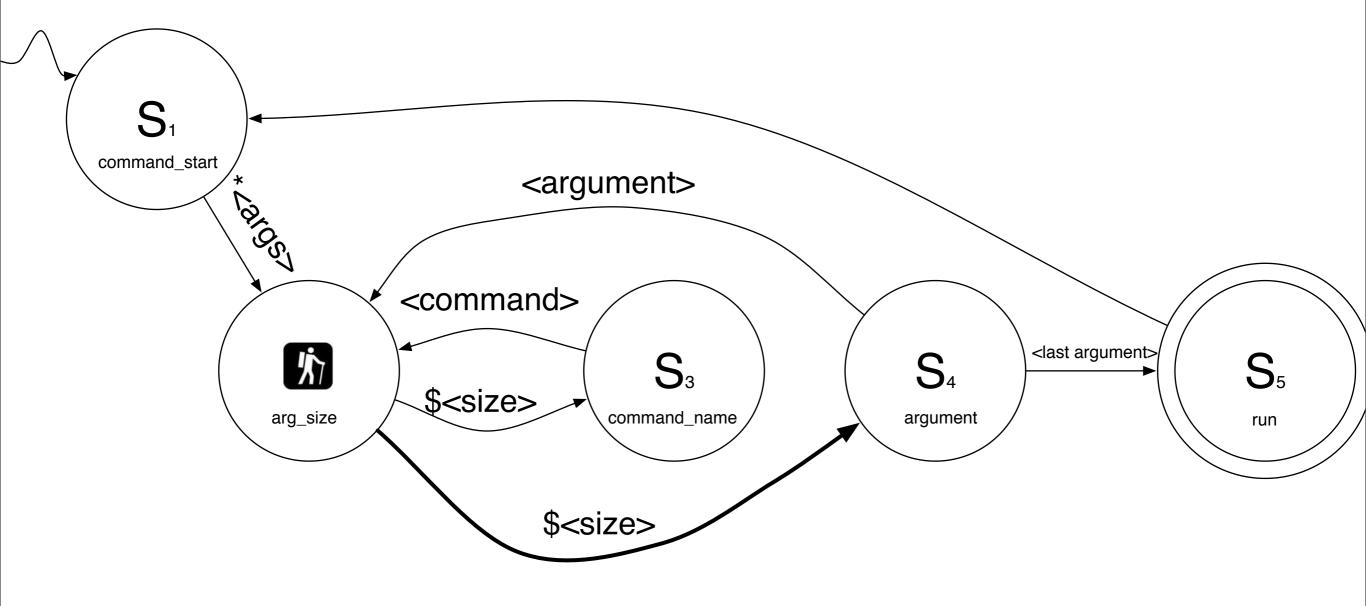
DBG <0.104.0> got {tcp, #Port<0.3714>,<<"\$4\r\n">>} in state arg_size *DBG* <0.104.0> switched to state argument



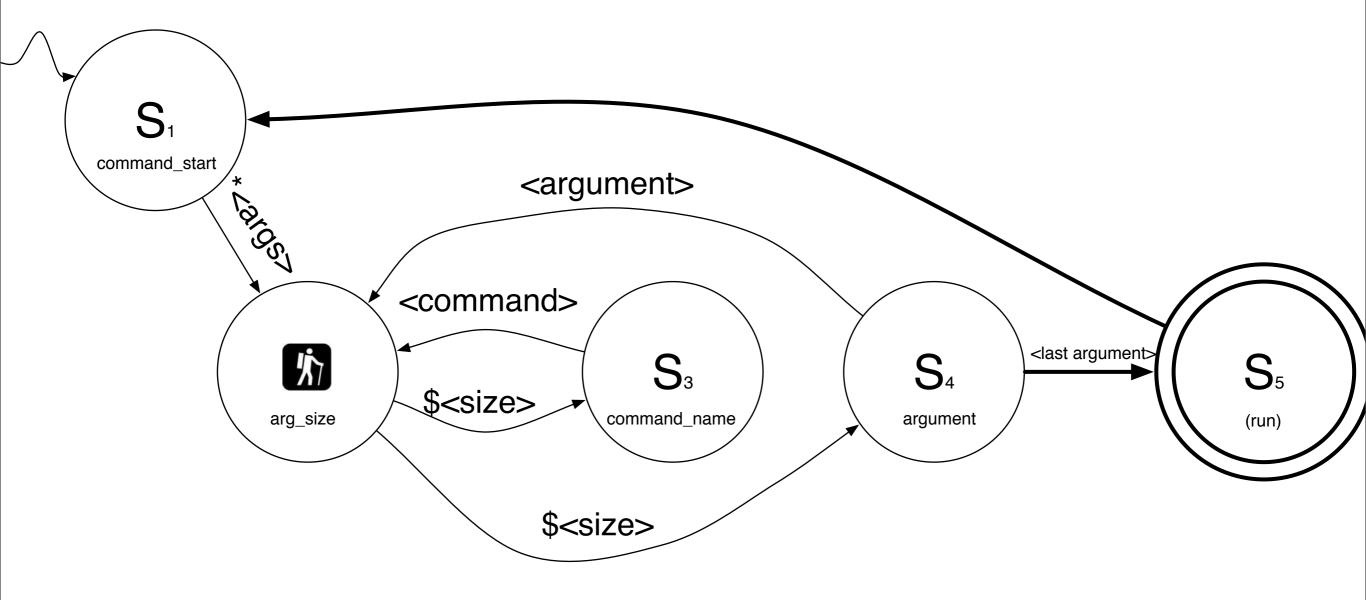
DBG <0.104.0> got {tcp, #Port<0.3714>,<<"lang\r\n">>} in state argument *DBG* <0.104.0> switched to state arg_size



DBG <0.104.0> got {tcp, #Port<0.3714>,<<"\$5\r\n">>} in state arg_size *DBG* <0.104.0> switched to state argument

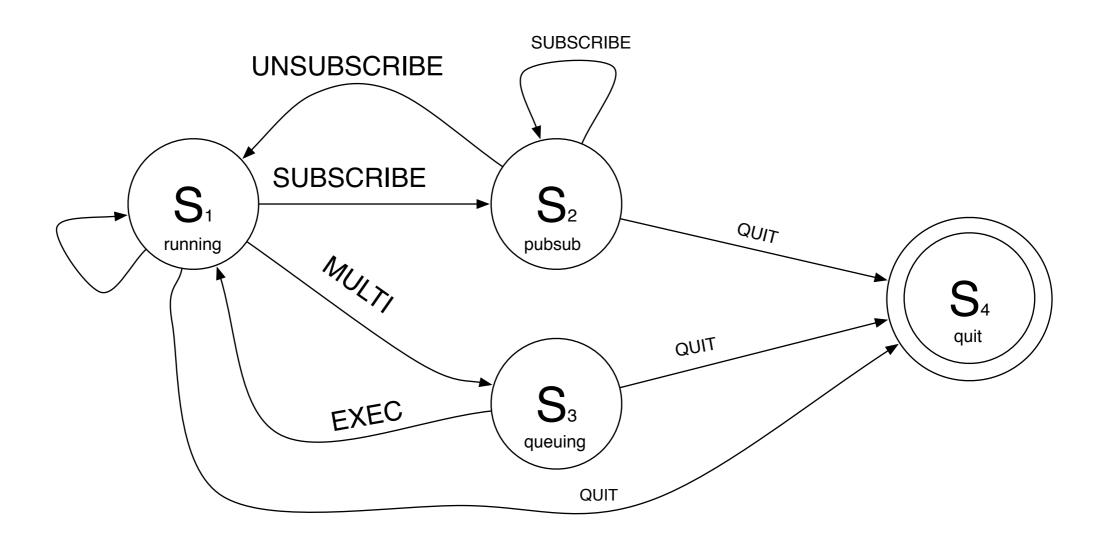


DBG <0.104.0> got {tcp, #Port<0.3714>, <<"erlang\r\n">>} in state argument *DBG* <0.104.0> switched to state command_start



edis_client.erl

State Machine - Runner



command_runner

```
87 handle cast({run, Cmd, Args}, State) ->
 88
      try
 89
        OriginalCommand = #edis command{cmd = Cmd,
 90
                                         db = State#state.db index,
 91
                                         args = Args,
 92
 93
        Command = parse command(OriginalCommand),
 94
 95
        ok = edis db monitor:notify(OriginalCommand),
96
 97
        case {State#state.multi queue, State#state.subscriptions} of
98
          {undefined, undefined} -> run(Command, State);
99
          {undefined, InPubSub} -> pubsub(Command, State);
          { InMulti, undefined} -> queue(Command, State);
100
101
          { InMulti, InPubSub} -> throw(invalid context)
102
        end
103
      catch
```

command_runner

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handle cast({run, Cmd, Args}, State) ->
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        end
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      catch
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command_runner

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handle cast({run, Cmd, Args}, State) ->
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98
          {undefined, undefined} -> run(Command, State);
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          {undefined, InPubSub} -> pubsub(Command, State);
100
          { InMulti, undefined} -> queue(Command, State);
          { InMulti, InPubSub} -> throw(invalid context)
101
102
        end
103
      catch
```

```
67 run(Db, Command, Timeout) ->
68  try gen_server:call(Db, Command, Timeout) of
69  ok -> ok;
70  {ok, Reply} -> Reply;
71  {error, Error} ->
72  throw(Error)
73  catch
74  _:{timeout, _} ->
75  throw(timeout)
76  end.
```

```
67 run(Db, Command, Timeout) ->
68  try gen_server:call(Db, Command, Timeout) of
69  ok -> ok;
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71  {error, Error} ->
72  throw(Error)
73  catch
74  _:{timeout, _} ->
75  throw(timeout)
76  end.
```

```
214 handle call(#edis command{cmd = <<"MSET">>>, args = KVs},
215
                   From, State) ->
216
     Reply =
       (State#state.backend mod):write(
217
218
        State#state.backend ref,
219
         [{put, Key,
220
           #edis item{key = Key, encoding = raw,
221
                      type = string, value = Value}}
                        222
     {reply, Reply, stamp([K | | \{K, _\} \le KVs], write, State)};
```

```
214 handle call(#edis command{cmd = <<"MSET">>>, args = KVs},
215
                   From, State) ->
216
     Reply =
       (State#state.backend_mod):write(
217
        State#state.backend ref,
218
219
         [{put, Key,
220
           #edis item{key = Key, encoding = raw,
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                      type = string, value = Value}}
                        222
     {reply, Reply, stamp([K | | \{K, _\} \le KVs], write, State)};
```

edis_command_runner.erl

edis_command_runner.erl

```
716
     case ResType of
        ok -> tcp ok(State);
717
        string -> tcp string(Res, State);
718
719
        bulk -> tcp bulk(Res, State);
720
        multi bulk -> tcp multi bulk(Res, State);
721
        number -> tcp_number(Res, State);
722
        boolean -> tcp boolean(Res, State);
723
        float -> tcp float(Res, State);
724
        sort -> tcp sort(Res, State);
725
        zrange ->
726
          [ Key, Min, Max, ShowScores, Limit] = C#edis command.args,
727
          tcp zrange(Res, ShowScores, Limit, State)
728
      end.
```

LevelDB

- Stores arbitrary byte arrays
- Data is stored sorted by key
- Three operations: Put/Get/Delete
- Multiple changes in atomic batch operations
- Data is automatically compressed

(LevelDB is not the only backend, currently, inmemory and HanoiDB) So what is different?

- SAVE, BGSAVE, LASTSAVE: database dependent
- MULTI doesn't support cross-db/non-db
- SLAVEOF not fully supported
- Encoding is inefficient

Master/Slave Replication

Multi-Master Behavior

Replication

Master 'SYNC' Slave

Slave sends SYNC command



Master (may) flush RDB to disk



Master sends database file to slave



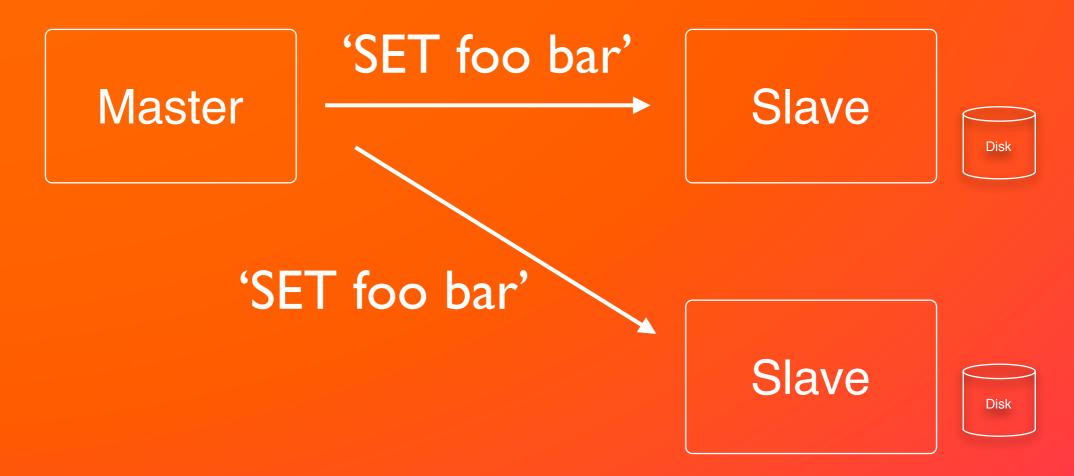
Slave saves file as its new .rdb file

Master

'SET foo bar'

Slave

Slave now MONITORs all commands



Masters can have multiple slaves

Master

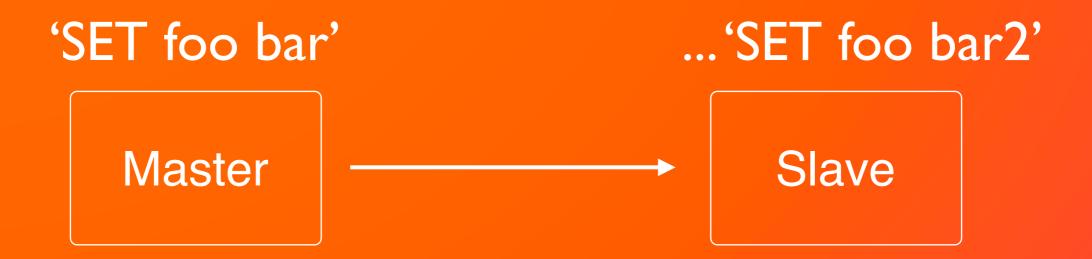
'SET foo bar'

Slave

↓ 'SET foo bar'

Slave

Slaves can have slaves



Slaves can accept writes (this can be disabled)

'SET foolsl' ... 'SET foo2 s2'

Master

Master

'GET foo2' -> s2 'GET fool' -> s1

No multi-master

'SET foolsl' ... 'SET foo2 s2'

Master

Master

'GET foo2' -> s2

'GET fool' -> s1

No multi-master

'SET fools!'

Master

Master

Master

'GET foo2' -> s2

'GET fool' -> s!

No multi-master

'SET fools!' ... 'SET foo2 s2'

Master

'GET fc 2' \ s2 \ 'C Γ fc I' -> s I

No multi-master in Redis (yet)

So how does Edis Multimaster work?

'SET fools!'

Master

Master

Uses gen_server:abcast/2

'SET fools!'

Master Master

Broadcasts to all nodes

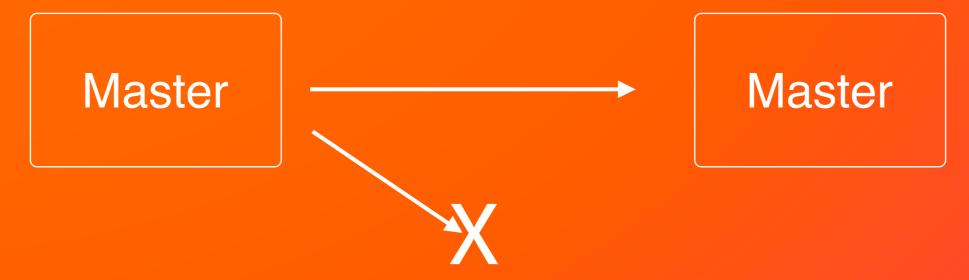
'SET fool sl' Master Master Master

Broadcasts to all nodes

'SET fool sl' Master Master Master

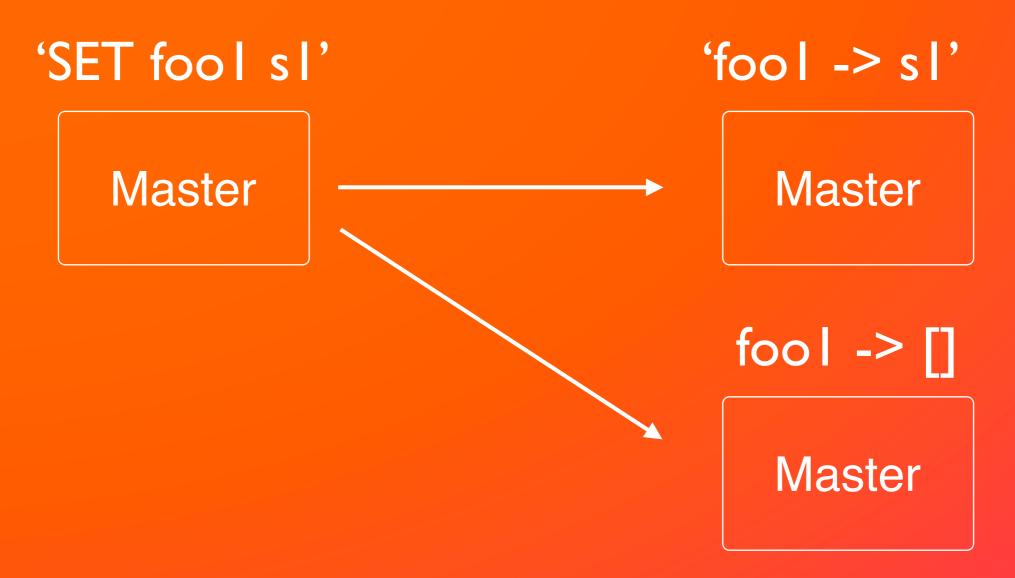
Uses vector clocks to resolve key versions

'SET fools!'

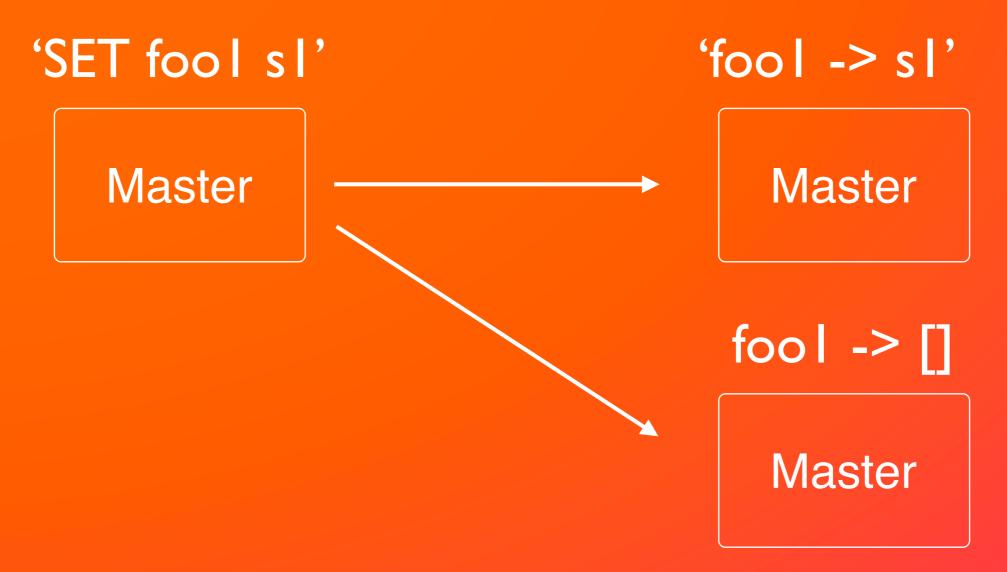


Master

Does not update disconnected nodes on reconnect



Does not update disconnected nodes on reconnect



However disconnected nodes will detect that keys are out of date since last connection

What is Edis's CAP?

Consistent

Available

Partition-Tolerant

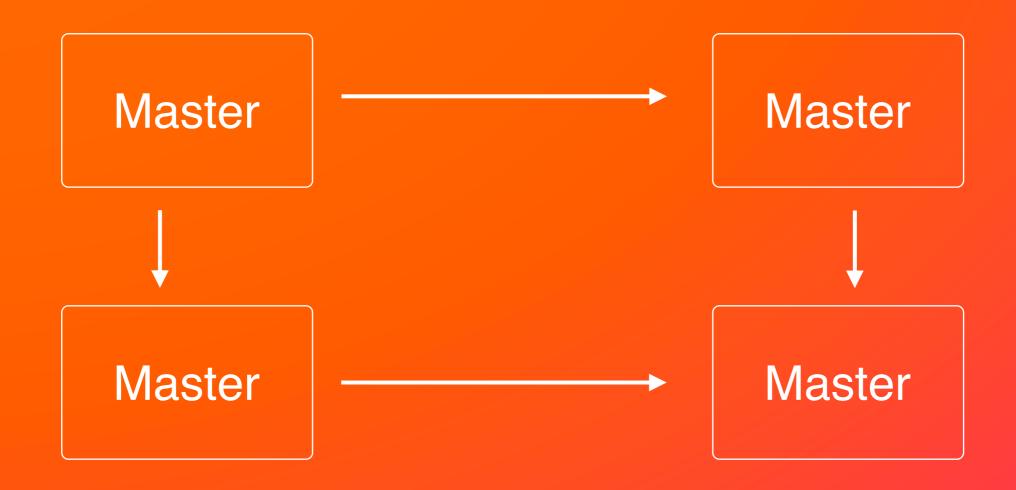
What is Edis's CAP?

Consistent

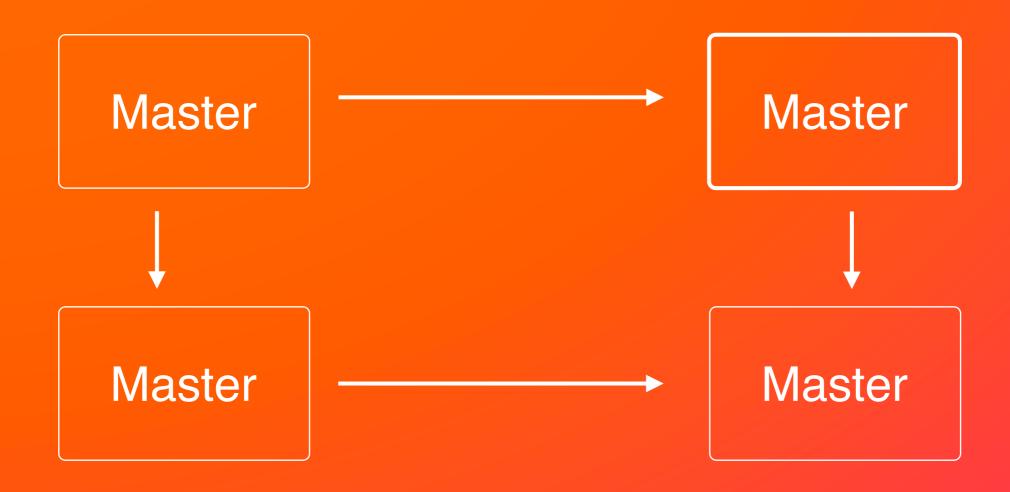
Available Partition-Tolerant

What's next?

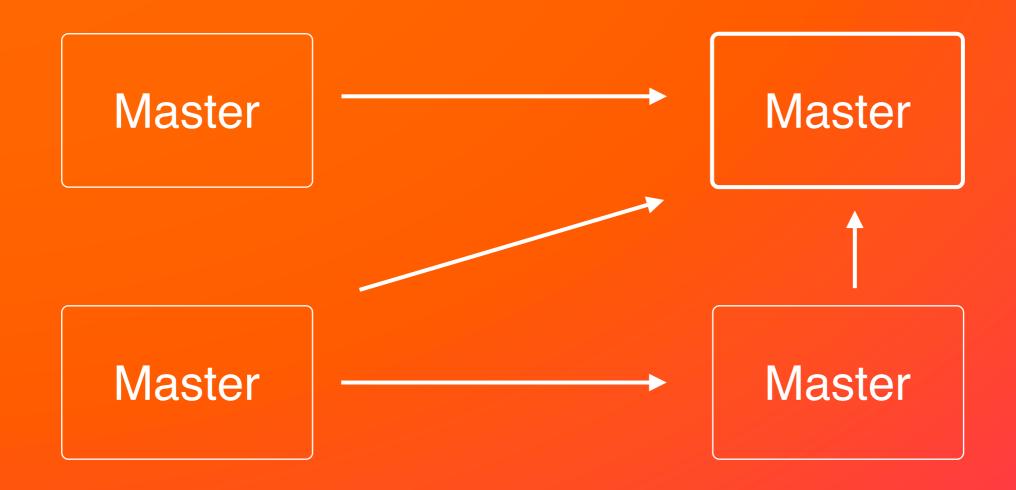
Computation Nodes



Leader Election using gen_leader



Leader Election using gen_leader



now INCR, POP, etc occur on leader only

Replication on reconnect

- Master asks leader for SYNC but disconnects after database received
- New node can either block before replying or background replicate (Currently replication is background)

- Finish Replication for all datatypes
- Post commit hooks
- Redis cluster implementation

How can you help?

- Look at the Edis source
- Lots of Benchmarks w/ common test
- Experiment with it

https://github.com/inaka/edis

Thanks to Joachim Nilsson for his Uppsala University thesis work applied to Edis while at Inaka

Thank you / Questions?

http://inaka.net @chaddepue chad@inaka.net || chad@whisper.sh



Other slides

Performance (Operations/second)

	Redis	In-Memory Edis	% slower
PING (inline)	120,734	40,741	296%
PING	129,892	32,956	394%
MSET (10 keys)	73,825	6,662	1,108%
SET	135,160	22,051	613%
GET	134,282	23,127	581%
INCR	138,916	24,421	569%
LPUSH	137,990	21,397	645%
LPOP	130,769	22,728	575%
SADD	135,160	21,860	618%
SPOP	132,456	25,707	515%
LRANGE (first 100 elements)	65,362	1,783	3,667%

Performance (Operations/second)

	Redis	LevelDB Edis	% slower
PING (inline)	120,734	41,152	293%
PING	129,892	32,419	401%
MSET (10 keys)	73,825	6,058	1,219%
SET	135,160	20,726	652%
GET	134,282	21,463	626%
INCR	138,916	17,930	775%
LPUSH	137,990	226	61,105%
LPOP	130,769	229	57,092%
SADD	135,160	9,003	1,501%
SPOP	132,456	1,298	10,205%
LRANGE (first 100 elements)	65,362	644	10,143%