#### Crash Course Exercises

## Problem 1.

Replicate the following:

This is the start of a paragraph. This is some text This is a new paragraph.

#### No more indentation.

On 25 June, 2020, the SPDR S&P 500 ETF Trust closed at \$307.35. Here is a table of its most relevant values:

Open	306.17	Div yield	1.91%
High	306.39	Prev close	307.35
Low	299.43	Mkt cap	268.01B

As an exercise, attempt to figure out the following:

- (i) Try to add "Data from Google Finance." as a caption below the table above.
- (ii) Attempt to re-align all the text above
  - Left align the first column
  - Center align the second column
  - Left align the third column
  - Right align the last column

### Problem 2.

Replicate the following:

a)

$$f'(x) = \left(\frac{du}{dx}\right) \left(\frac{-\sin u}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 u}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{2}{1 + x^2} \left(-\frac{2x}{1 + x^2}\right) \left(\frac{1 + x^2}{|2x|}\right)$$

$$= \sigma \left(\frac{2}{1 + x^2}\right)$$
(for  $x \neq 0$ )

where

$$\sigma = \begin{cases} -1 & \text{for } x > 0\\ 1 & \text{for } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Our domain will hence be  $(-\infty,0) \cup (0,\infty)$ . Note that

$$y_x \in \mathbb{R} \iff y_x < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

b) The characteristic polynomial is

$$\det\begin{bmatrix} 3-\lambda & -1\\ 1 & 1-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = (3-\lambda)(1-\lambda) - (-1)(1)$$
$$= \lambda^2 - 4\lambda + 4$$
$$= (\lambda - 2)^2$$

As such,

$$\lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = 2$$

c) We have

Theorem 1 (Wave Equation Solution).

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ A_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \cos\left(\frac{n\pi \alpha t}{L}\right) + B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi \alpha t}{L}\right) \right]$$
(1)

Where

$$A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$
$$B_n = \frac{2}{n\pi\alpha} \int_0^L g(x) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

*Proof.* By observation.

# Problem 3.

## Replicate the following:

We want to plot the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (x^8 + x^{16})/(1 + x^{24}) & \text{for } 0 \le x < 1\\ 0 & \text{for } x = 1 \end{cases}$$

First we use Desmos

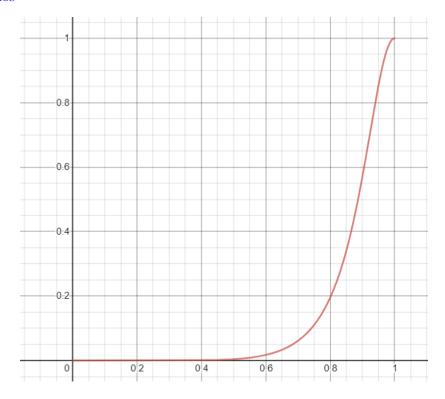


Figure 1: Demos graph of f(x)

Next, we use pgfplots:

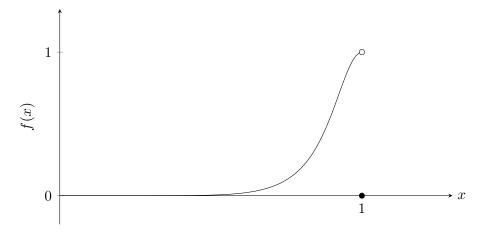


Figure 2: Pgfplots graph of f(x)