

Activity overview

By now, you've learned about RStudio, an integrated development environment that allows you to more efficiently create and manage projects using R. In this activity, you will learn how to access the cloud version of RStudio.

Upon completing this activity, you will be more familiar with the RStudio interface and comfortable using its basic tools. This is a foundational step that will prepare you for upcoming RStudio activities during this course. This hands-on activity, and the future RStudio activities you will complete, are essential to developing job-ready R programming skills.

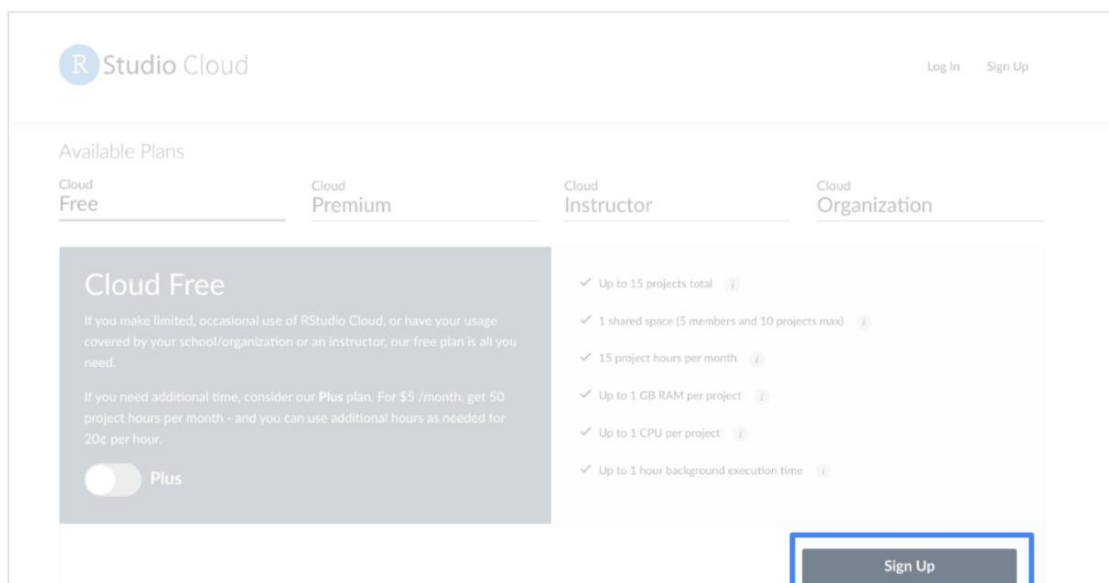
Access RStudio Cloud

RStudio Cloud (now called **Posit Cloud**) is the primary tool you will use for this course. In order to use RStudio Cloud, you need stable internet access. It won't matter what operating system you have because it works in your browser.

You can also install a desktop version, which you can download based on instructions provided in the next (optional) activity. This is a good alternative if you want to be able to work with R offline.

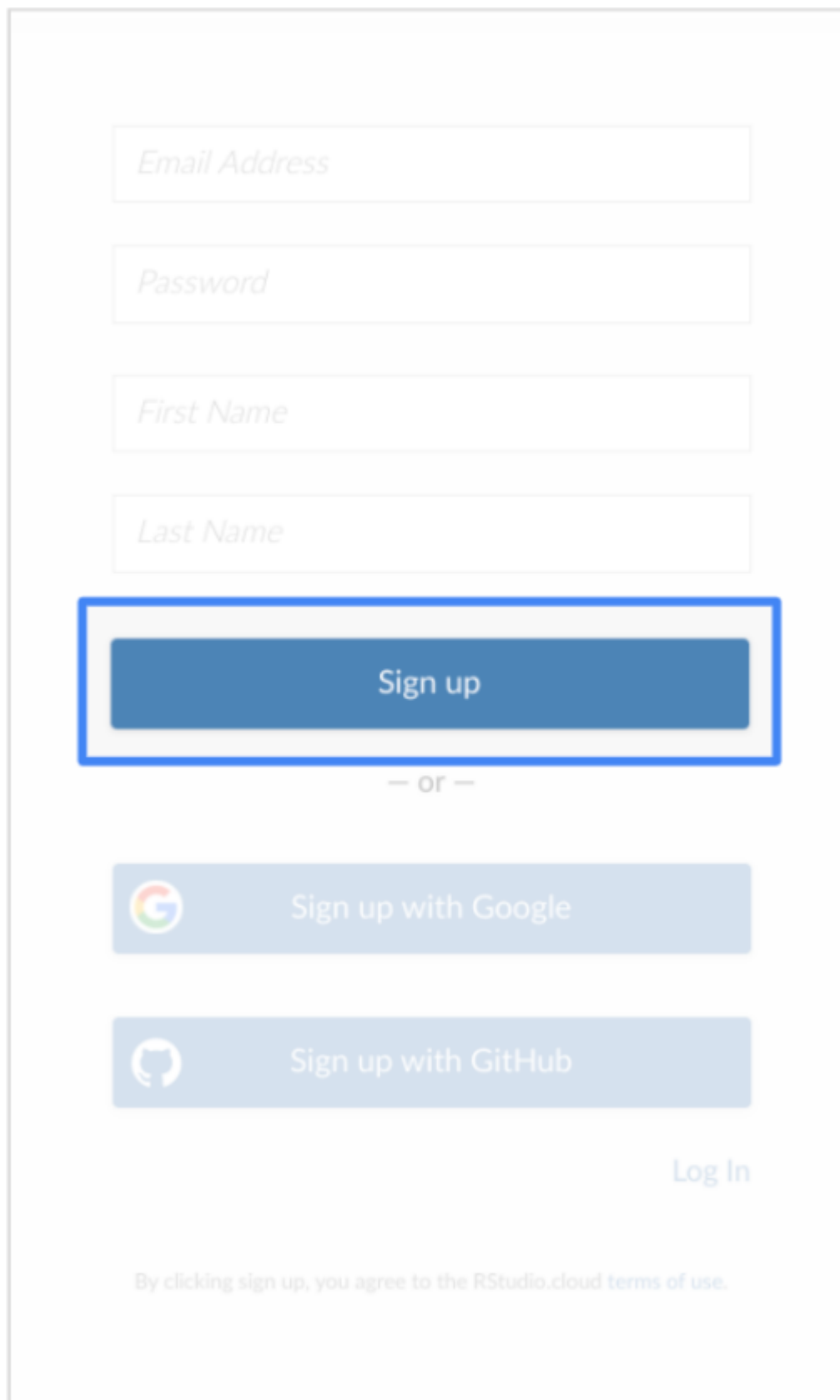
In order to access RStudio Cloud, follow these steps:

1. Sign up for an account at the [RStudio Cloud sign-up page](#).



Here, you will find more information about RStudio Cloud, including the pricing plans. You will use the free version throughout this course, but it does have a few limitations. You can only have up to 15 projects on your free account, and can only use 15 project hours per month. You might consider upgrading later on if you find yourself using RStudio a lot.

2. For now, click the **Sign Up** button on the bottom-right to start with the free version.



The image shows a sign-up form for RStudio Cloud. It features four input fields for 'Email Address', 'Password', 'First Name', and 'Last Name'. Below these is a prominent blue 'Sign up' button, which is highlighted with a blue rectangular border. Underneath the button is a separator line with the text '— or —'. Following this are two light blue buttons: 'Sign up with Google' (with the Google logo) and 'Sign up with GitHub' (with the GitHub logo). To the right of these buttons is a 'Log In' link. At the bottom, a small line of text states: 'By clicking sign up, you agree to the RStudio.cloud terms of use.'

Email Address


Password


First Name

Last Name

Sign up

— or —

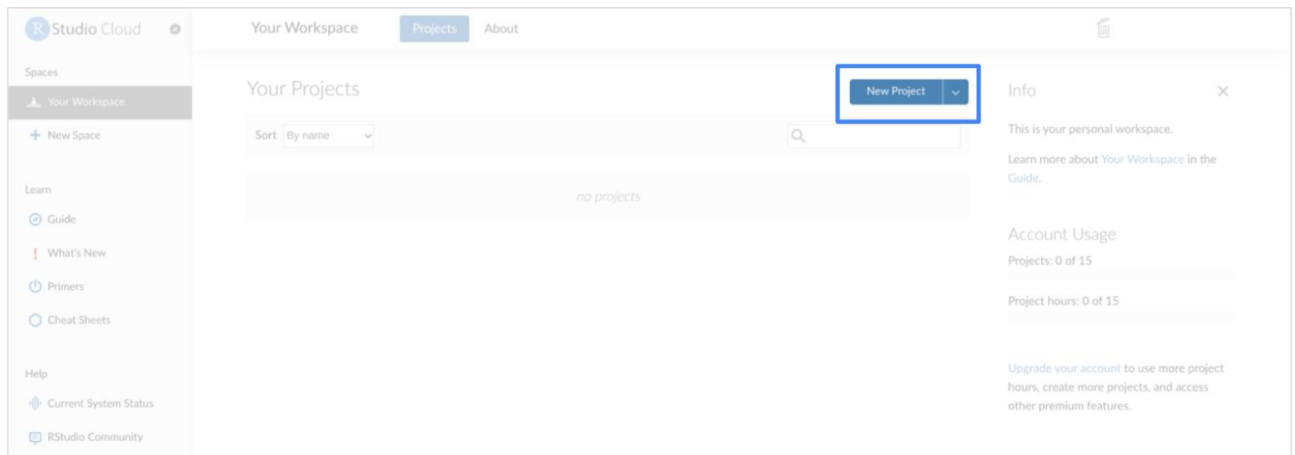
 Sign up with Google

 Sign up with GitHub

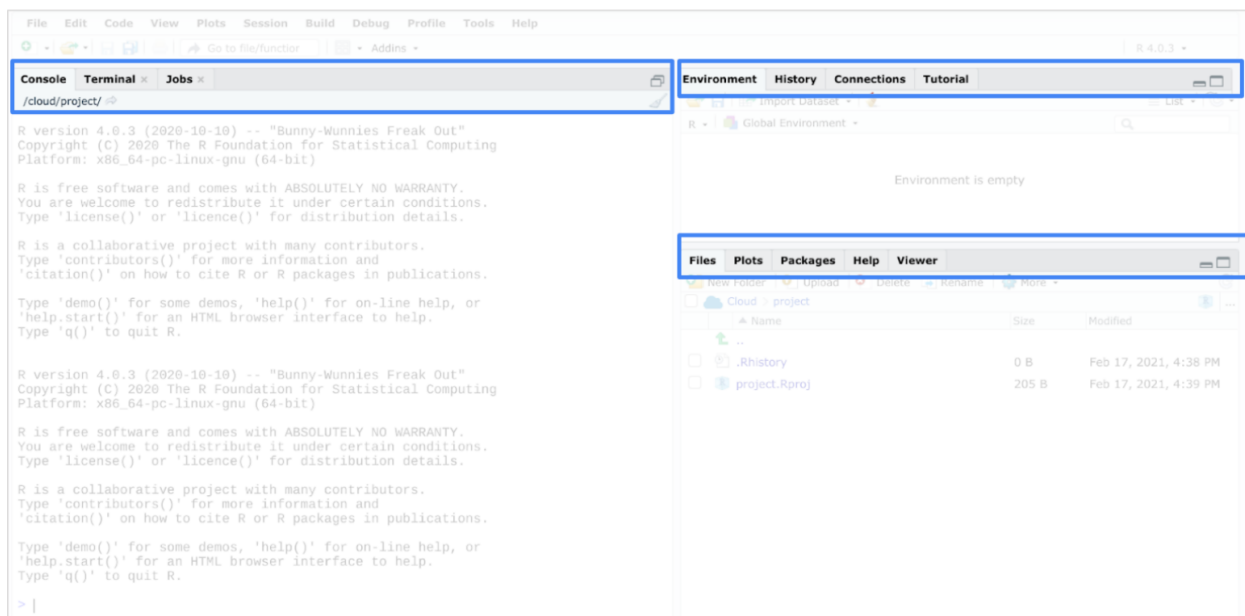
Log In

By clicking sign up, you agree to the RStudio.cloud terms of use.

3. Input your email, a password, as well as your first and last name.
4. Once you have signed up, open RStudio Cloud for the first time.



5. Click **New Project** to create a new project workspace and open the RStudio Cloud console.



Install and load packages

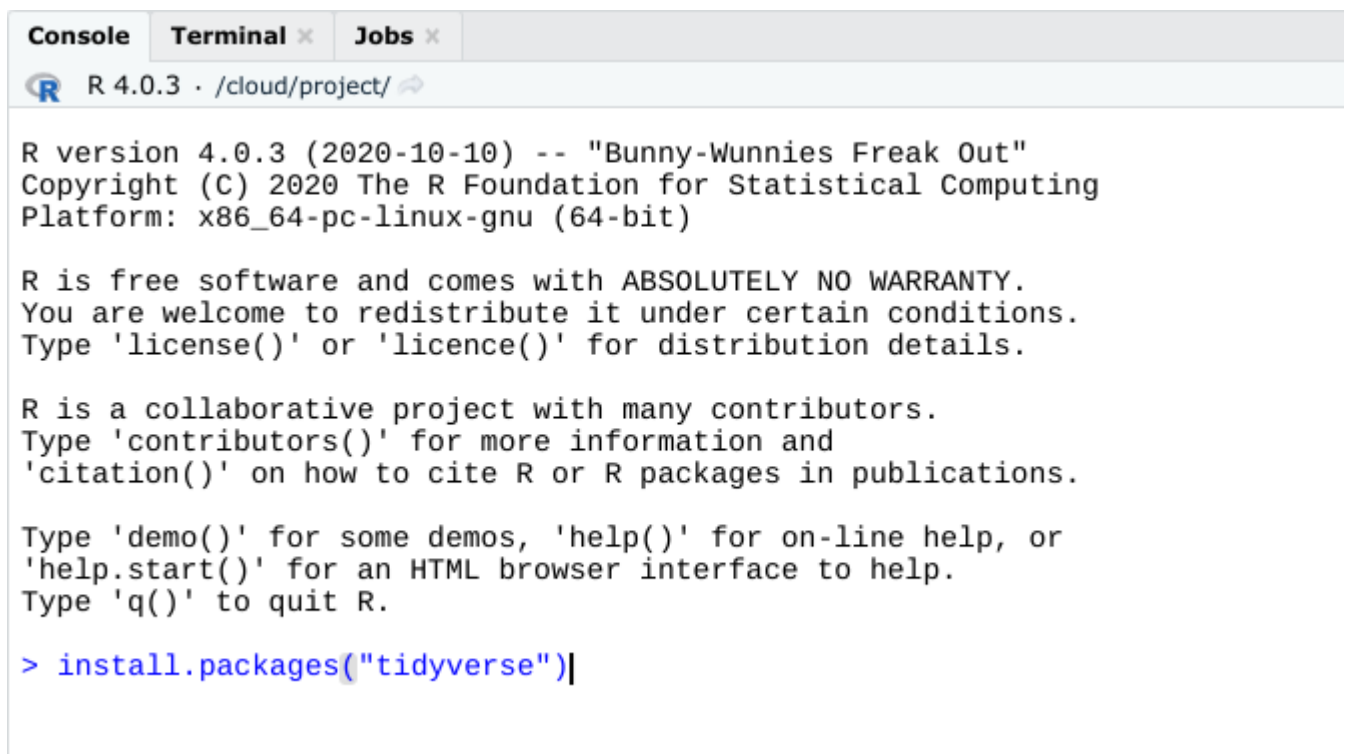
Once you have opened a new project in your console, you can install packages to RStudio Cloud.

Packages are units of reproducible R code. Members of the R community create packages to keep track of the R functions that they write and reuse. Packages offer a helpful combination of code, reusable R functions, descriptive documentation, tests for checking your code, and sample data sets.

The lubridate package that you are about to install is part of the **tidyverse**. The tidyverse is a collection of packages in R with a common design philosophy for data manipulation, exploration, and visualization. For a lot of data analysts, the tidyverse is an essential tool. You will learn more about the tidyverse later on in this course.

To install the core tidyverse packages and load them, follow these steps:

1. In the bottom of the console, type **install.packages("tidyverse")** and press **Enter** (Windows) or **Return** (Mac).



The screenshot shows the R console window with the following text:

```
R version 4.0.3 (2020-10-10) -- "Bunny-Wunnies Freak Out"
Copyright (C) 2020 The R Foundation for Statistical Computing
Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)

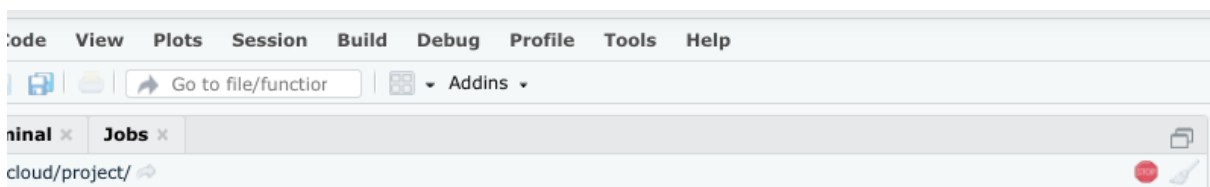
R is free software and comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY.
You are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.
Type 'license()' or 'licence()' for distribution details.

R is a collaborative project with many contributors.
Type 'contributors()' for more information and
'citation()' on how to cite R or R packages in publications.

Type 'demo()' for some demos, 'help()' for on-line help, or
'help.start()' for an HTML browser interface to help.
Type 'q()' to quit R.

> install.packages("tidyverse")
```

This may take a while. You can tell if the process is still running by checking the red **Stop** icon in the upper right of the console. You can click this icon to interrupt the running code and cancel the command.



You can tell that the process is complete when the cursor reappears in the bottom of the console.

```
* installing *binary* package 'tidyr' ...
* DONE (tidyr)
* installing *binary* package 'broom' ...
* DONE (broom)
* installing *binary* package 'modelr' ...
* DONE (modelr)
* installing *binary* package 'tidyverse' ...
* DONE (tidyverse)
```

```
The downloaded source packages are in
      '/tmp/RtmpEASzb7/downloaded_packages'
```

```
> |
```

2. Load the tidyverse library with the **library()** function. To load the core tidyverse, type **library(tidyverse)** and press **Enter** (Windows) or **Return** (Mac).

You only need to install a package once, but you need to reload it every time you start a new session.

```
> library(tidyverse)
— Attaching packages — tidyverse 1.3.1 —
✓ ggplot2 3.3.5      ✓ purrr  0.3.4
✓ tibble  3.1.2      ✓ dplyr  1.0.7
✓ tidyr   1.1.3      ✓ stringr 1.4.0
✓ readr   1.4.0      ✓ forcats 0.5.1
— Conflicts — tidyverse_conflicts() —
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()    masks stats::lag()
```

3. Load the lubridate package. Since this is already part of the tidyverse package, there is no need to re-install. However, the library will need to be loaded. Type **library(lubridate)** into the console pane and press **Enter** (Windows) or **Return** (Mac).

```
> library(lubridate)

Attaching package: 'lubridate'

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

    date, intersect, setdiff, union

> |
```

After you complete these steps, you can exit RStudio. Feel free to explore RStudio Cloud on your own to get more familiar with the tools and practice what you are learning in this course.