

WEEK 1**Solved Example:**

```
CREATE TABLE BRANCH
(BRANCH_NAME VARCHAR (15) PRIMARY KEY,
BRANCH_CITY VARCHAR (20),
ASSETS NUMBER (10));
CREATE TABLE ACCOUNT
(ACCOUNT_NUMBER NUMBER (10) PRIMARY KEY,
BRANCH_NAME VARCHAR (15) REFERENCES BRANCH,
BALANCE NUMBER (8));
CREATE TABLE CUSTOMER
(CUSTOMER_NAME VARCHAR (20) PRIMARY KEY,
CUSTOMER_STREET VARCHAR (15),
CUSTOMER_CITY VARCHAR (10));
CREATE TABLE LOAN
(LOAN_NUMBER NUMBER (10) PRIMARY KEY,
BRANCH_NAME VARCHAR (15) REFERENCES BRANCH,
AMOUNT NUMBER (10));
CREATE TABLE DEPOSITOR
(CUSTOMER_NAME VARCHAR (20) REFERENCES CUSTOMER,
ACCOUNT_NUMBER NUMBER (10) REFERENCES ACCOUNT,
PRIMARY KEY (CUSTOMER_NAME, ACCOUNT_NUMBER));
CREATE TABLE BORROWER
(CUSTOMER_NAME VARCHAR (20) REFERENCES CUSTOMER,
LOAN_NUMBER NUMBER (10) REFERENCES LOAN,
PRIMARY KEY (CUSTOMER_NAME, LOAN_NUMBER));
```

Retrieving records from a table:

1. list the information of all account holders (name and account number).
Select * from depositor.
2. List all branch names and their assets
SELECT BRANCH_NAME, ASSETS FROM BRANCH;
3. List all accounts of Brooklyn branch
SELECT * FROM ACCOUNT WHERE BRANCH_NAME= 'BROOKLYN';
4. List all loans with amount > 1000.
SELECT * FROM LOAN WHERE AMOUNT>1000;

Updating records from a table:

4. Change the assets of Perryridge branch to 340000000.
UPDATE BRANCH SET ASSETS=340000000
WHERE BRANCH_NAME='Perryridge';

Lab Exercises:

1. Create a table employee with (emp_no, emp_name, emp_address).

```
create table employee(emp_no int not null, emp_name varchar(10), emp_address  
varchar(10));
```

```
alter table employee add primary key(emp_no);
```

2. Insert five employee information.

```
insert into employee values(1, 'Danish', 'Manipal');  
insert into employee values(2, 'Bilal', 'Mangalore');  
insert into employee values(3, 'Eram', 'Mangalore');  
insert into employee values(4, 'Tarique', 'Manipal');  
insert into employee values(5, 'Atif', 'Bangalore');
```

3. Display names of all employees.

```
select emp_name from employee;
```

4. Display all the employees from 'MANIPAL'.

```
select * from employee where emp_address='Manipal';
```

5. Add a column named salary to employee table.

```
alter table employee add (salary int);
```

6. Assign the salary for all employees.

```
update employee set salary=70000;
```

7. View the structure of the table employee using describe.

```
desc employee;
```

8. Delete all the employees from 'MANGALORE'.

```
delete from employee where emp_address='Mangalore';
```

9. Rename employee as employee1.

```
rename employee to employee1;
```

10. Drop the table employee1.

```
drop table employee1;
```