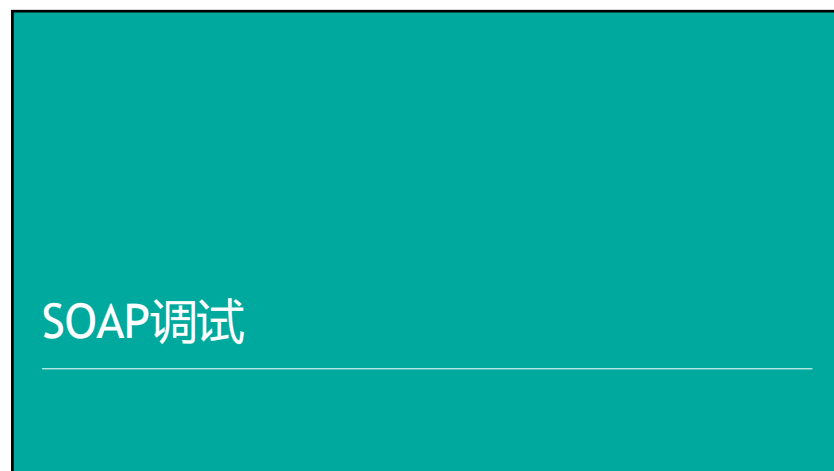




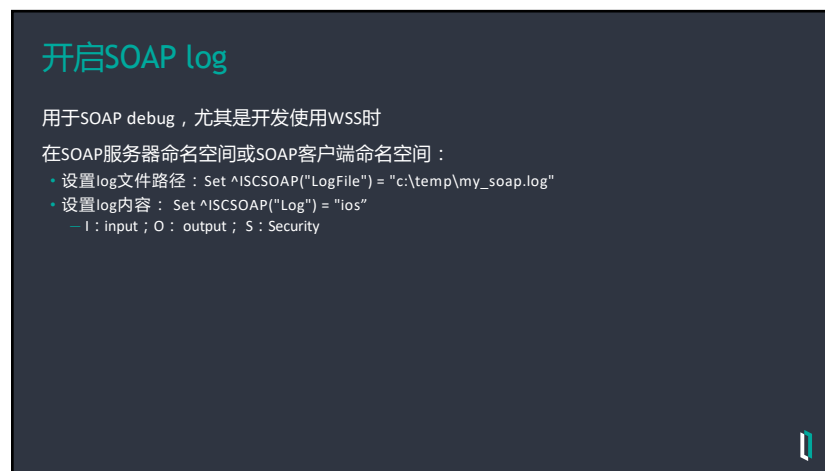
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IRIS对WS-Security的支持

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IRIS的WS-Security支持

支持

- WS-Security头
- X.509 令牌
- XML加密
- XML签名
- 用户名令牌
- WS-Security SAML令牌

支持明细

- https://docs.intersystems.com/latest/csp/docbook/DocBook.UI.Page.cls?KEY=GSOAPSEC_intro#GSOAPSEC_standards

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SOAP用户认证

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SOAP用户认证

SOAP服务器端开启用户认证

- 1. 服务器端SOAP 类，增加Parameter SECURITYIN = "REQUIRED";
- 2. 修改服务器端SOAP应用的认证模式为password
- 3. 为SOAP客户端访问，创建用户账户

SOAP客户端

- 1. 向SOAP请求消息头增加用户名令牌
 - Set utoken=##class(%SOAPSecurity.UsernameToken).Create("_SYSTEM","SYS")
 - Do client.SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(utoken)

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演示

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X.509证书和准备工作

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IRIS使用X.509证书

通常X.509证书用于：

- 加密SOAP消息
- 数字签名

如何使用X.509证书

- 证书通常在SOAP服务器端和客户端共享
- 私钥保存在SOAP服务器端用于加密

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准备工作 - 准备X.509证书

从CA机构获得X.509证书

使用OpenSSL生成私有证书

- 第一步，生成私钥：`openssl genrsa -des3 -out rootCA.key 4096`
- 第二步，生成X509证书：`openssl req -new -x509 -key rootCA.key -days 3650 -out IRIS.cer`

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准备工作 - IRIS注册X.509证书

X.509证书应该是PEM编码格式

证书应以IRIS.cer文件保存在mgr子目录下

- IRIS.cer文件里可以保存过个证书

通过System > Security Management > X.509 Credentials注册证书



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IRIS如何获取证书

获取保存并注册的证书

- set credset=##class(%SYS.X509Credentials).GetByAlias(alias,password)
- alias是IRIS保存的X.509证书的别名
- Password是私钥的密码, 可选填

获取输入SOAP消息安全头里的证书

- set credset=..SecurityIn.Signature.X509Credentials
- if \$CLASSNAME(credset)'=%SYS.X509Credentials" {set credset=""}



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SOAP消息加密

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加密SOAP消息

加密消息头

- 通常是SOAP客户端, 加密消息头的元素, 例如用户名令牌

加密消息体

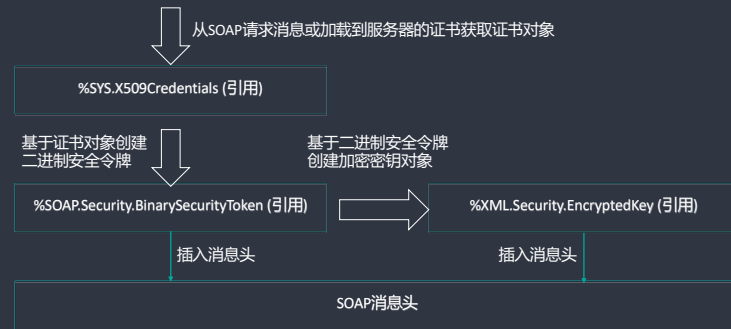
- 通常是SOAP服务器端和客户端, 加密消息体数据

可以同时加密消息头和消息体



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加密SOAP消息



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加密SOAP消息 - SOAP服务器端示例代码

```

Method EncryptBody()
{
    //从注册的证书产生证书对象
    set clientcred = ##class(%SYS.X509Credentials).GetByAlias("Server","demo")
    // 创建X.509二进制安全令牌
    set bst=##class(%SOAP.Security.BinarySecurityToken).CreateX509Token(clientcred)
    do .SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(bst)
    //产生对称密钥，用证书包含的公钥加密，并产生对此令牌的直接引用-EncryptedKey
    set encrypt=$$$SOAPWSEncryptDefault
    set enc=##class(%XML.Security.EncryptedKey).CreateX509(bst,encrypt)
    //将 <EncryptedKey> 加入SOAP安全头
    Do .SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(enc)
}
  
```

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加密SOAP消息 - SOAP客户端示例代码

```

ClassMethod Test()
{
    set client=##class(HISSOAPService.HISSOAPServiceSoap).%New()
    // 创建WS-Security用户名令牌
    set user="SOAPUser",pwd="demo"
    set userToken=##class(%SOAP.Security.UsernameToken).Create(user,pwd)
    // 获取保存的X.509证书
    set cred = ##class(%SYS.X509Credentials).GetByAlias("Server")
    // 创建加密密钥
    set encKey=##class(%XML.Security.EncryptedKey).CreateX509(cred, $$$SOAPWSEncryptDefault)
    // 创建EncryptedData 并使用密钥对其进行加密
    set encData=##class(%XML.Security.EncryptedData).Create(userToken)
    set dataRef=##class(%XML.Security.DataReference).Create(encData)
    do encKey.AddReference(dataRef)
    //向SOAP安全头添加密钥
    do client.SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(encKey)
    // 向SOAP安全头添加用户名令牌，并加密
    do client.SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(userToken,encKey)
    Quit client.Test()
}
  
```

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演示

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其它设置

设置块加密算法：

- `$$$SOAPWSaes128cbc` (默认), `$$$SOAPWSaes192cbc` and `$$$SOAPWSaes256cbc`
- `set encKey.Algorithm=$$$SOAPWSaes256cbc`

设置密钥传输机制：

- `$$$SOAPWSrsaep`, `$$$SOAPWSrsa15`
- `do encKey.SetEncryptionMethod($$$$SOAPWSrsa15)`

设置加密范围：

- `$$$SOAPWSEncryptNone` (不加密), `$$$SOAPWSEncryptSoapBody` (消息体+消息头, 默认值), `$$$SOAPWSEncryptNoBody` (仅消息头)
- `set encrypt=$$$SOAPWSEncryptNone`
- `set encKey=##class(%XML.Security.EncryptedKey).CreateX509(cred,encrypt)`



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SOAP签名

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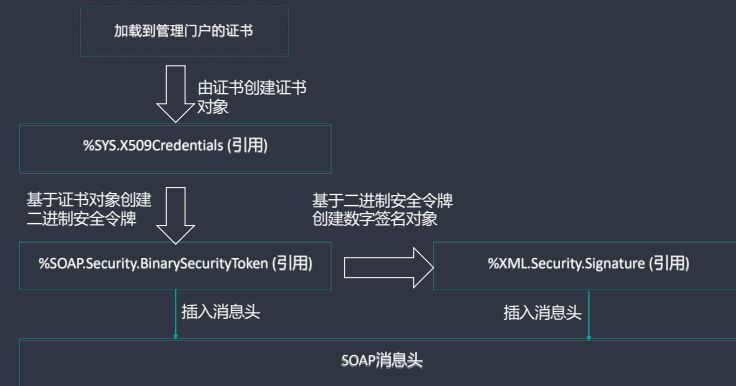
SOAP签名

通常使用数字签名来发现消息是否被改动，或简单验证是否消息中的某一部分真的由认证的实体所产生



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加入数字签名



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数字签名 - SOAP服务器端示例代码

```
Method EncryptBodyWithSignature()
{
    //从请求消息头的签名中获取 X.509 证书
    Set clientSig = ..SecurityIn.Signature
    Set clientCred = clientSig.X509Credentials
    //创建 X.509 二进制安全令牌
    set bst=##class(%SOAP.Security.BinarySecurityToken).CreateX509Token(clientCred)
    do ..SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(bst)
    //产生对称密钥，用证书包含的公钥加密，并产生对此令牌直接引用<EncryptedKey>
    Set enc=##class(%XML.Security.EncryptedKey).CreateX509(bst)
    //将 <EncryptedKey> 加入 SOAP 头
    Do ..SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(enc)
}
```

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数字签名 - SOAP客户端示例代码

```
ClassMethod TestSignature()
{
    Set client=##class(HISSOAPService.HISSOAPServiceSoap).%New()
    //创建 WS-Security 用户名令牌
    //获取保存的 X.509 证书
    //创建加密密钥
    //创建 EncryptedData 并使用密钥对其加密
    //向 SOAP 消息头增加密钥
    ...
    //创建 WS-Security 签名对象，并向 SOAP 消息头增加签名
    Set signature=##class(%XML.Security.Signature).CreateX509(cred)
    Do client.SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(signature)
    //向 SOAP 消息头增加用户名令牌，并加密
    do client.SecurityOut.AddSecurityElement(userToken, encKey)
    Quit client.TestSignature()
}
```

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其它设置 - 确定签名存放位置

```
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeNone
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeDefault (which equals $$$SOAPWSIncludeSoapBody +
$$$SOAPWSIncludeTimestamp + $$$SOAPWSIncludeAddressing)
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeSoapBody
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeTimestamp
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeAddressing
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeAction
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeFaultTo
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeFrom
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeMessageId
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeRelatesTo
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeReplyTo
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeTo
*$$$SOAPWSIncludeRMHeaders

*set parts=$$$$SOAPWSIncludeSoapBody + $$$SOAPWSIncludeTimestamp set
signature=##class(%XML.Security.Signature).CreateX509(cred,parts)
```

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其它设置 - 确定签名算法

```
*$$$SOAPWSsha1 (默认值)
*$$$SOAPWSsha256
*$$$SOAPWSsha384
*$$$SOAPWSsha512

*do sig.SetDigestMethod($$$$SOAPWSsha256)
```

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其它SOAP 消息安全头元素

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其它SOAP 消息安全头元素

<Timestamp>

- 用于避免重放攻击(replay attacks), 或自定义log

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SOAP 消息安全头的元素顺序

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SOAP 消息安全头的元素顺序

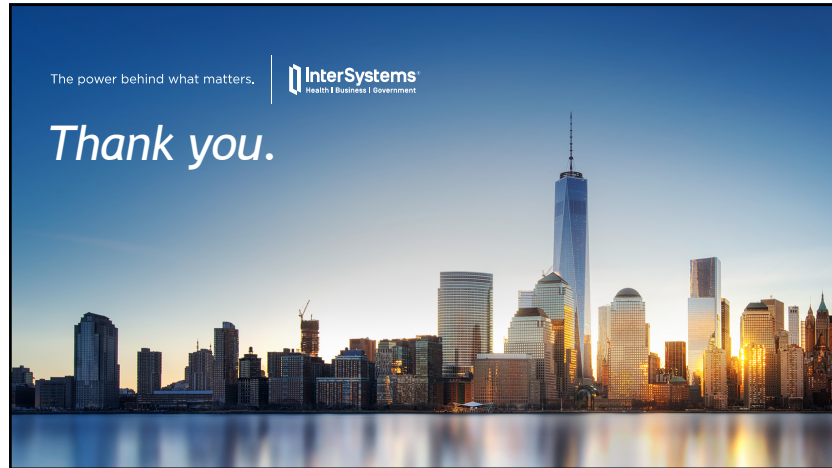
使用不对称密钥

签名后加密	加密后签名
1. 其它头元素	1. 其它头元素
2. <EncryptedKey>	2. <EncryptedKey>
3. <Signature>	3. <Signature>
	4. <ReferenceList>

使用对称密钥

签名后加密	加密后签名
1. 其它头元素	1. 其它头元素
2. <EncryptedKey>	2. <EncryptedKey>
3. <DerivedKeyToken>	3. <DerivedKeyToken>
4. <DerivedKeyToken>	4. <DerivedKeyToken>
5. <ReferenceList>	5. <Signature>
6. <Signature>	6. <ReferenceList>

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