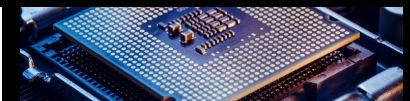
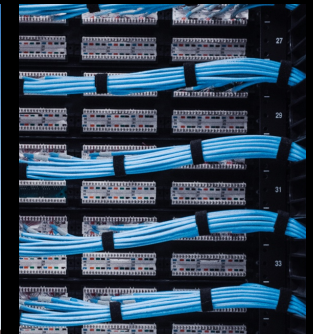
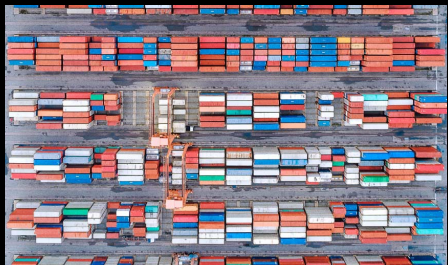


# Using SQL Adapter in Production



## 学习资料

- 在线文档

[https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL\\_inbound](https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL_inbound)

[https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL\\_outbound](https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL_outbound)

[https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL\\_adapter\\_methods\\_creating](https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL_adapter_methods_creating)

- Learning Service 课程



# 提纲

- SQL Inbound Adapter
  - 基本原理
  - 使用SQL adapte的BS
- SQL Outbound Adapter
- 调用存储过程
- SQL事务性调用



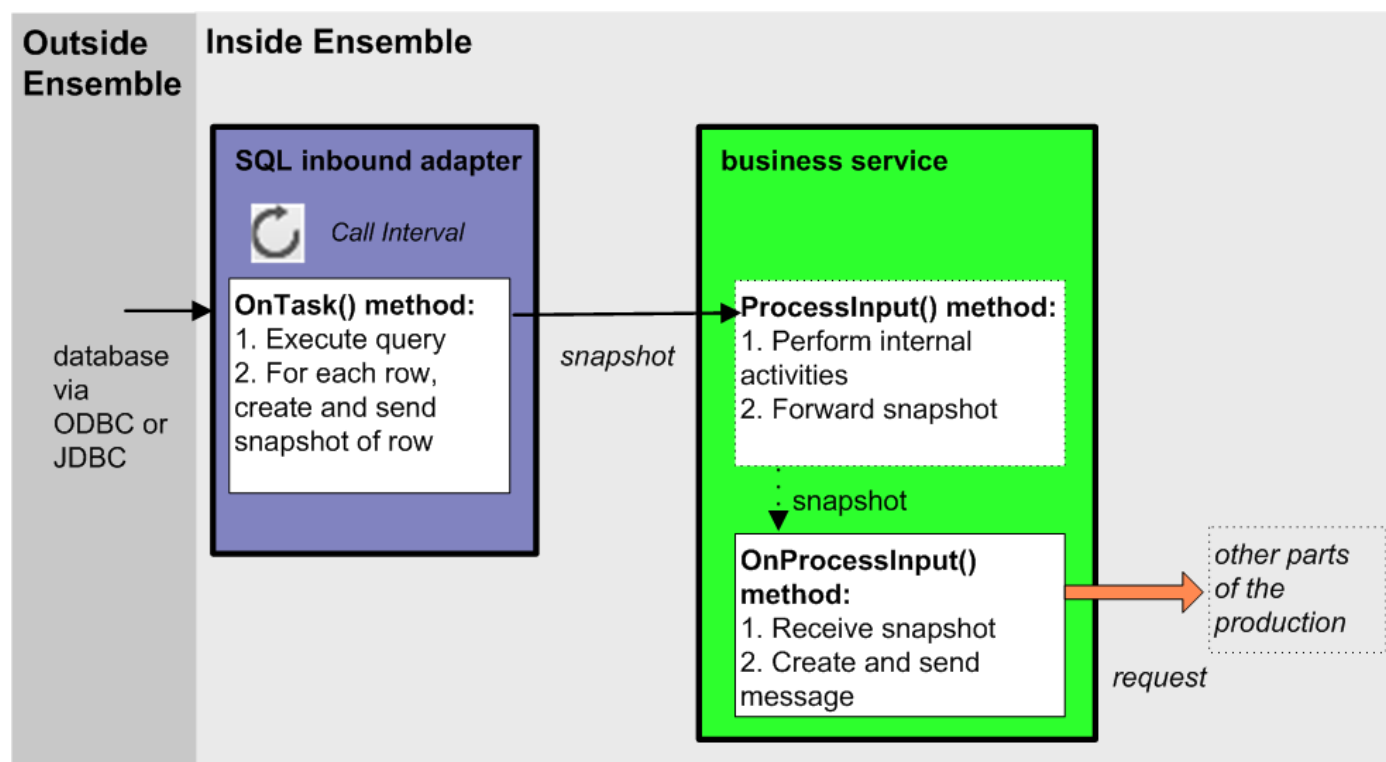
# SQL Inbound Adapter

---

EnsLib.SQL.InboundAdapter

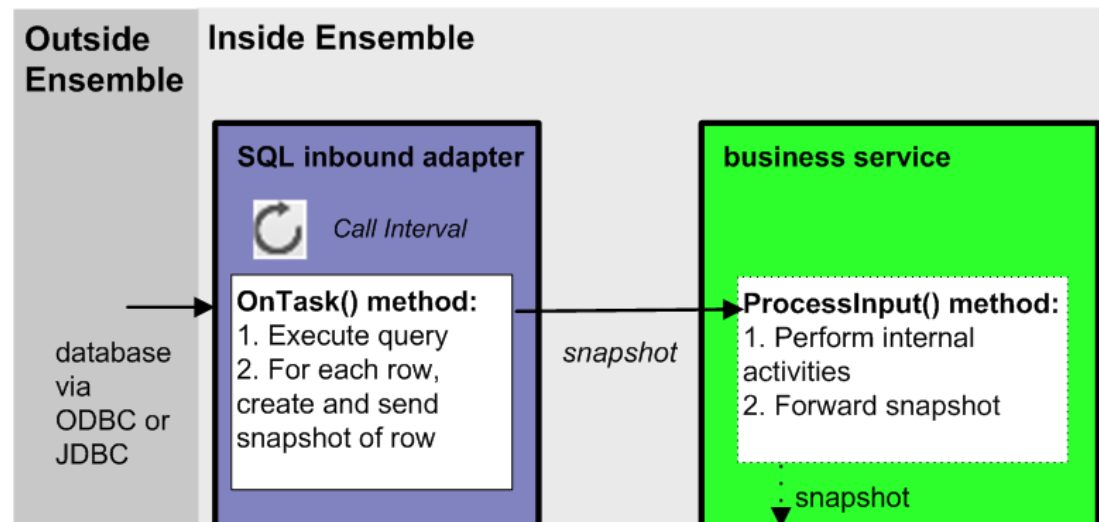
## SQL Inbound adapter的工作原理

- 自动发现数据库的改动，以只抽取更新的数据。
- 用户必须自己生成BS类，通用的方法是使用Studio的向导创建，创建的类如下页



# SQL Inbound adapter

- ODBC/JDBC连接数据库
- 周期执行OnTask()方法，执行数据库查询语句
  - 循环周期通过BS的CallInterval 设置, 默认5秒
- 查询返回结果集，iterate结果集中的每一行数据
  - ▶ 该数据已经被处理过并且未被修改，则忽略(KeyFieldName)
  - ▶ 该数据已被处理并出错，则忽略该记录直到下次重启
  - ▶ 否则，创建EnsLib.SQL.Snapshot实例，发给BS的ProcessInput()处理
- ProcessInput()包含一系列BS要求的的监控和错误日志
- ProcessInput()调用OnProcessInput(), 用户应实现处理EnsLib.SQL.Snapshot的逻辑，并产生ensemble message发给其他组件



- asdfa
  - ODBC/JDBC连接数据库
  - 周期执行OnTask()方法，执行数据库查询语句
    - 循环周期通过BS的CallInterval 设置, 默认5秒
- 查询返回结果集，iterate结果集中的每一行数据
- 该数据已经被处理过并且未被修改，则忽略(KeyFieldName )
- 该数据已被处理并出错，则忽略该记录直到下次重启
- 否则，创建EnsLib.SQL.Snapshot实例，发给BS的ProcessInput()处理



## 创建一个BS使用Adapter

- 使用Studio向导产生的类, 开发者只需要

```
Class Practice.BS.sampleSQL Extends Ens.BusinessService  
{
```

```
Parameter ADAPTER = "EnsLib.SQL.InboundAdapter";
```

```
Method OnProcessInput(pInput As EnsLib.SQL.Snapshot, Output pOutput As %RegisteredObject) As %Status  
{
```

```
    Quit $$$ERROR($$$NotImplemented)  
}
```

```
}
```





## 使用Snapshot对象

参加链接文档[https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL\\_inbound#ESQL\\_snapshot\\_using](https://docs.intersystems.com/healthconnectlatest/csp/docbook/Doc.View.cls?KEY=ESQL_inbound#ESQL_snapshot_using)

注意: Snapshot有属性和方法处理多个记录，但在Inbound Adapter的BS里，所有记录都是一条条处理的。在BO中使用Snapshot可以处理多个记录。

```
Class EnsLib.SQL.Snapshot Extends (%Persistent, %IRResultSet, %XML.Adaptor)
method Get(pName As %String, pRow=..%CurrentRow) returns %String
method GetColumnId(pName As %String) returns %Integer
method GetData(pColumn As %Integer, pRow=..%CurrentRow) returns %String 默认第一列为1
method GetColumnName(pColumn As %Integer = 0)
method GetColumnSize(pColumn As %Integer = 0)
method GetColumnType(pColumn As %Integer = 0)
```



## Snapshot使用Get()

```
Class ESQL.NewService1 Extends Ens.BusinessService
```

```
{  
  Parameter ADAPTER = "EnsLib.SQL.InboundAdapter";
```

```
Method OnProcessInput(pInput As EnsLib.SQL.Snapshot, pOutput As %RegisteredObject) As  
%Status
```

```
{  
    set req=##class(ESQL.request).%New()  
    set req.CustomerID=pInput.Get("CustomerID")  
    set req.Name=pInput.Get("Name")  
    set sc=..SendRequestSync("ESQL.operation",req,.pOutput)  
}  
}
```



# 初始化Adapter

```
Method OnInit() As %Status  
{ #; initialize persistent last key value  
Do ..Adapter.InitializePersistentValue(..%ConfigName,,0) Quit $$$OK  
}
```

```
Method OnInit() As %Status  
{ #; must initialize so the query can do a numeric comparison  
Do ..Adapter.InitializePersistentValue(..%ConfigName,"TopSales",0)  
Quit $$$OK  
}
```



# 添加组件到Production-设置数据连接

- 设置数据源

- ODBC连接需要加入组件DSN设置，DSN连接的顺序
  - Caché SQL Gateway(可以是ODBC或者JDBC)      accessplayground
  - JDBC URL(如果包含冒号)      jdbc:Cache://localhost:9982/Samples
  - 操作系统ODBC DSN accessplayground
- JDBC连接可以使用DSN设置连接一个SQL Gateway， 或者在组件中设置
  - JGService: Production中需要使用EnsLib.JavaGateway.Service
  - JDBCDriver
  - JDBCClasspath

- 轮询时间间隔

- 控制多长时间查询有没有新数据记录(CallInterval)

- Credentials

- 用于连接外部数据源的用户密码配置



# 添加组件到Production-SQL语句

- 查询

- SELECT \* FROM Sample.Person WHERE Age > ?, PostalCode = ?
- 使用字段而不是\*可避免通过JDBC连接的数据源更新的bug

- 参数

- value,value,value,...
- 以\$开始: 适配器property
  - Parameters中定义
- 以&开始: 适配器常量
  - OnInit()中设置键值对
  - &%LastKey, 适配器上次处理过的行的IDKey

- 删除查询Delete Query

- 执行查询后, 删除或者更新该行

- 关键字段名称

- 记录被处理数据的该值, 以供检查是否重复处理

设置 队列 日志 消息 作业 操作

应用 搜索:

适配器名称  
EnsLib.SQL.InboundAdapter

适配器描述  
SQL database polling client adapter. Repeatedly executes a query against a remote database via an ODBC- or JDBC- defined DSN (Data Source Name) and processes each resulting row.

业务合作伙伴

基本设置

启用  
☒

调用间隔  
5

外部注册ID

DSN  
Ens2017 Samples

凭据

Data Settings

查询  
select \* from Sample.Person

参数

删除查询

关键字段名称  
SSN

## 避免重复处理数据

- 记录数据库的一列为已处理的标志位（适合递增的记录）

```
^Ens.AppData("Training.BS.FromSQL","adapter.sqlparam","%LastKey")=210
```

- 记录处理过的记录

以SSN为keyID的Sample.Person记录

```
LEARNING>zw ^Ens.AppData
```

```
^Ens.AppData("Practice.BS.SQLFromSamples","adapter.sqlparam","%LastKey")="123-33-4444"
```

```
^Ens.AppData("Practice.BS.SQLFromSamples","adapter.sqlrow","101-56-6435")=1
```

```
^Ens.AppData("Practice.BS.SQLFromSamples","adapter.sqlrow","108-94-1237")=1
```

.....

- 修改数据源标志位字段，查询标志位为未处理的记录。多用于源数据修改触发的中间表记录
- PoolSize = 1, （否则会重复处理记录）



## 避免重复处理数据－使用KeyFieldName

- 查询全表，对数据源压力大，效率最低
- 适配器记录所有查询过的KeyFieldName.
- 可以通过拼接字段(Compsite)来发现源表不同字段的  
  - select stats, Year || Month as ID...
  - KeyFieldName使用ID

Setting	Value
<i>Query</i>	<b>SELECT * FROM Customer</b>
<i>DeleteQuery</i>	<i>none</i>
<i>KeyFieldName</i>	<b>CustomerID</b>
<i>Parameters</i>	<i>none</i>



## 避免重复处理数据 — 使用&%LastKey或者%LastKey

- 对于源表中有单调增长字段的情况， 可以记录该字段最后处理的值。 查询源表时只查询部分记录, 查询效率提高。

- %LastKey
- PersistentValue in OnInit()

Setting	Value
<i>Query</i>	<b>SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE ID&gt;?</b>
<i>DeleteQuery</i>	<i>none</i>
<i>KeyFieldName</i>	<b>CustomerID</b>
<i>Parameters</i>	<b>&amp;%LastKey</b>

- 如果用&%LastKey, 处理时为了保证完全不重复处理

- select \* from Customer where ID>? order by customerID





## 避免重复处理数据－使用DeleteQuery

- 配置KeyFieldName和DeleteQuery
- DeleteQuery可能很慢，因为delete或者
  - 使用batch delete/updat可以提高效率

Setting	Value
Query	<b>SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE Done=0</b>
DeleteQuery	<b>UPDATE Customer SET Done=1 WHERE CustomerID=?</b>
KeyFieldName	<b>CustomerID</b>
Parameters	<i>none</i>



## 清除Adapter的处理记录

仅限于测试环境!!!

- EnsLib.SQL.InboundAdapter

- //每次BS重启该数据自动清除，在哪?

- ClassMethod ClearRuntimeAppData(pConfigName As %String)

- ClassMethod ClearStaticAppData(pConfigName As %String)

- ClearAllAppData()



# SQL Outbound Adapter

---

## 创建使用SQL OutBoundAdapter的BO

- 创建BO， 使用EnsLib.SQL.OutBoundAdapter
- 在组件设置界面, 设置数据源， 用户， 密码等，
- 在BO方法里， 通过用代码调用adapter命令实现SQL语句的执行
  - 增删改查
  - 执行存储过程

```
Method InsertPerson(pRequest As Practice.PersonCreateUpdate, Output pResponse As Ens.StringResponse) As %Status
{
    Set sqlString = "Insert into Sample.Person"_" (Name,SSN)"_" values(?,?)"
    Set tSC=..Adapter.ExecuteUpdate(.rows,sqlString, pRequest.Name, pRequest.SSN)
    Quit:$$$ISERR(tSC) tSC
    set pResponse=##class(Ens.StringResponse).%New()
    set pResponse.StringValue=" record input"
    Quit tSC
}
```



## 执行查询操作

```
method ExecuteQuery(ByRef pRS As EnsLib.SQL.GatewayResultSet, pQueryStatement As %String, pParms...) as  
%Status
```

```
//如果driver不支持SQLDescribeParam
```

```
method ExecuteQueryParmArray(ByRef pRS As EnsLib.SQL.GatewayResultSet, pQueryStatement As %String, ByRef  
pParms) as %Status
```



## 执行插入，修改，删除

```
method ExecuteUpdate(Output pNumRowsAffected As %Integer, pUpdateStatement As %String, pParms...) as %Status
```

```
//如果driver不支持SQLDescribeParam
```

```
method ExecuteUpdateParmArray(Output pNumRowsAffected As %Integer, pUpdateStatement As %String, ByRef  
pParms) as %Status
```



## 执行存储过程

```
Method ExecuteProcedure(ByRef pResultSnapshots As %ListOfObjects,  
    Output pOutputParms As %ListOfDataTypes,  
    pQueryStatement As %String,  
    pIO As %String = "",  
    pInputParms...) As %Status
```

//如果需要定义多个参数而且ODBC driver不支持SQLDescribeParam

```
Method ExecuteProcedureParmArray(ByRef pResultSnapshots As %ListOfObjects, Output pOutputParms As %ListOfDataTypes,  
    pQueryStatement As %String, pIO As %String = "", ByRef pIOParms) As %Status
```

举例说明:

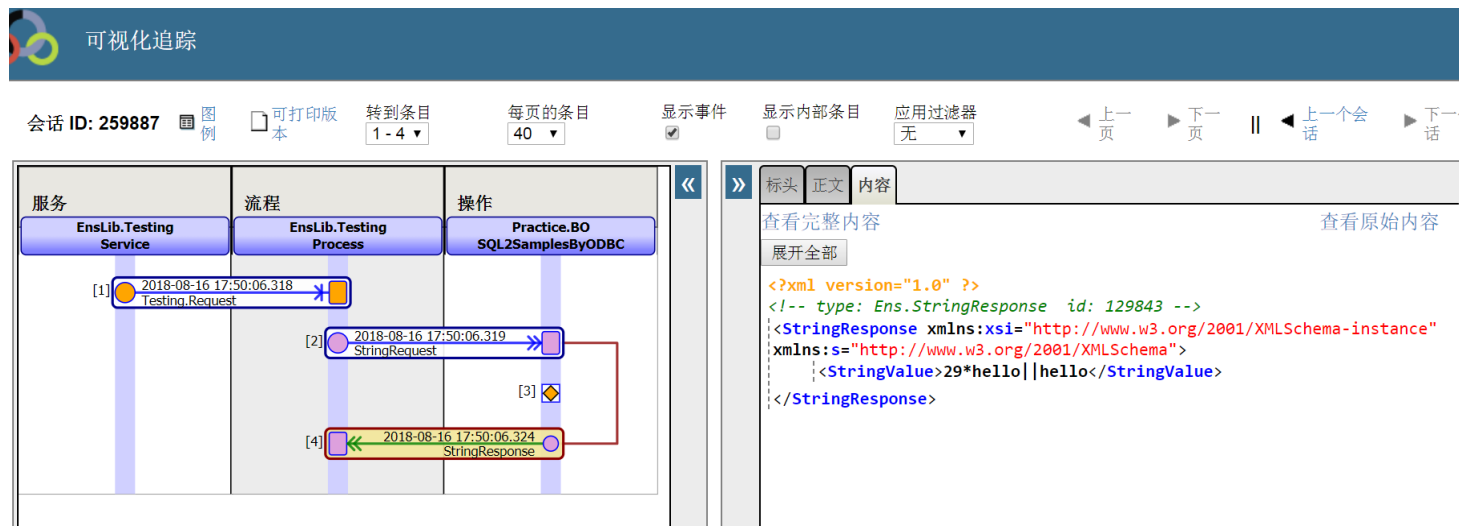
```
Set tQuery="{ ?=call Sample.Employee_StoredProcTest(?,?) }"  
Set tSC = ..Adapter.ExecuteProcedure(.tRTs,.tOutParms,tQuery,"oio",pReq.Parameters.GetAt(1))  
Set tRes.ParametersOut = tOutParms
```



```

Method TestProcedure(pRequest As Ens.StringRequest, pResponse As Ens.Response) As %Status
{
    Set tQuery="{ ?=call Sample.Employee_StoredProcTest(?,?) }"
    Set tSC = ..Adapter.ExecuteProcedure(.tRTs,.tOutParms,tQuery,"oio",,pRequest.StringValue,)
    set pResponse = ##class(Ens.StringResponse).%New()
    Set pResponse.StringValue = tOutParms.GetAt(1)_"*"_tOutParms.GetAt(2)
    Quit $$$OK
}

```





## 执行事务型操作

SetAutoCommit()

Commit ()

Rollback()

以上只适用于配置了DSN的情况，不要设置stayConnected=0(长连接)

```
Method TransactionExample(pRequest As common.examples.msgRequest2, Output pResponse As  
common.examples.msgResponse) As %Status
```

```
{ #Include %occStatus
```

```
try { //initialize variables and objects s
```

```
et tSC = $$$OK set pResponse = ##class(common.examples.msgResponse).%New()
```

```
#; start the transaction. Set autocommit to 0
```

```
set tSC = ..Adapter.SetAutoCommit(0) $$$ThrowOnError(tSC)
```

```
//Example UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE
```

```
set tQueryIns="insert into common_examples.mytable(name,age,datetime)" _" values  
('SAMPLE"_$random(9999)"_",40,"_$zdt($h,3)"_")"
```

```
set tSC = ..Adapter.ExecuteUpdate(.tAffectedRows,tQueryIns) $$$ThrowOnError(tSC)
```

```
// finalize transaction
```

```
set tSC=..Adapter.Commit() $$$ThrowOnError(tSC) }
```

```
catch err { if (err.%ClassName(1)="common.err.exception") && ($$$ISERR(err.status))
```

```
{ set tSC = err.status } else { set tSC =
```

```
$system.Status.Error(err.Code,err.Name,err.Location,err.InnerException) } set pResponse.status =  
tSC
```

```
do ..Adapter.Rollback() } Quit $$$OK }
```

