



Streamlit

Team 4

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What is Streamlit?

Intro to Streamlit

Streamlit is an open-source Python library that makes it easy to create and share beautiful and **interactive custom web apps** for machine learning and data science.

Streamlit is **compatible with** several major libraries and frameworks such as **Scikit-Learn**, **Tensorflow**, **Keras**, **OpenCV**, **PyTorch**, **Plotly**, **Seaborn**, **NumPy**, and more.



Streamlit vs Dash vs Flask

Streamlit vs other similar python apps

	Simplicity	Maturity	Flexibility	Primary Use
Streamlit	A	C	B	Dashboards
Dash	B	B	B	Dashboards
Flask	C	A	A	Web Interfaces

As well, Streamlit allows you to build a web UI or a dashboard much faster than Dash or Flask.
e.g.: building a portfolio that have a tight deadline.

Reference: Terence Shin - [Towardsdatascience](#)



Pros & Cons

Pros

1. Accessible for everyone who understands Python, **no need to understand HTML and CSS**.
2. Has a **wide range and easy** to use **UI** components.
3. **No need** to worry about **routing**.
4. **Super-fast development** to deployment time. Literally minutes.

Cons

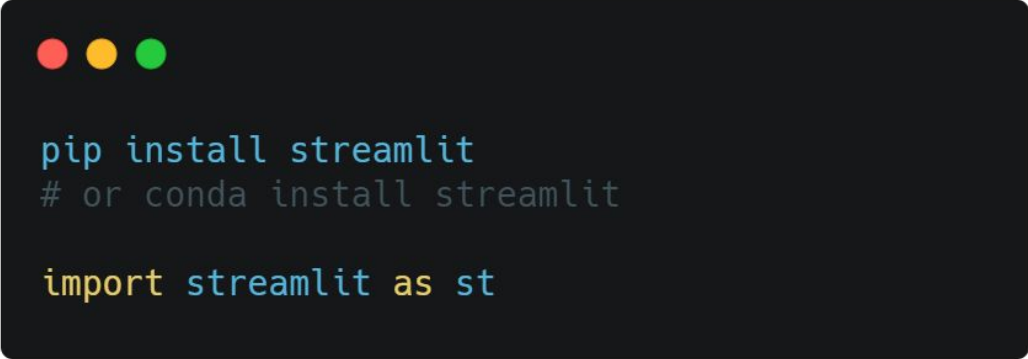
1. **Require some time to learn** its own **syntax**.
2. **Not that flexible**: limited set of widgets and doesn't integrate with Python notebooks.
3. **Will not scale**.
4. **Relatively new**, sometimes it's hard to find answers to your questions.



Installation & Basic Components

Installation & Import

Download in seconds and start creating beautiful data and machine learning apps.



```
pip install streamlit  
# or conda install streamlit  
  
import streamlit as st
```

You can go to their homepage: www.streamlit.io

Basic Components

- **Stateless** Components

Only send data **to** the browser.

e.g.: `st.markdown`

- **Bidirectional** Components

Have internal state and send data **back from** the browser.

e.g.: `st.slider`

```
import streamlit as st

x = st.slider('x')
st.markdown(f'`{x}` squared is `{x * x}`')
```

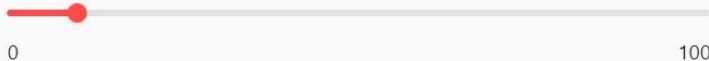


Basic Components (cont)

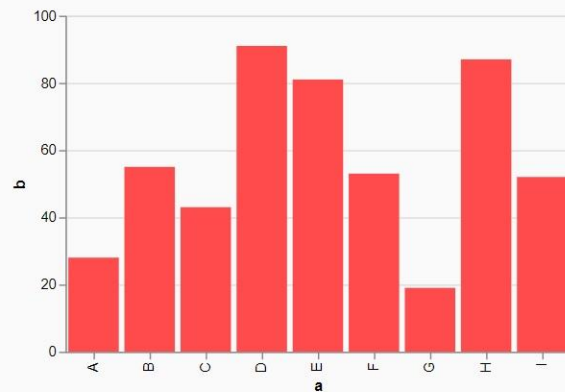
Title, Sidebar and Markdown

```
st.title("Predicting Diabetes Web App")
st.sidebar.title("Model Selection Panel")
st.markdown("Affected by Diabetes or not ?")
st.sidebar.markdown("Choose your model and its parameters")
```

Pick a number



```
number = st.slider("Pick a number", 0, 100)
```



```
st.altair_chart(my_chart)
```

Streamlit cheat sheet

streamlit.io

This cheat sheet is a summary of the [docs](#)

I also recommend [streamlitopedia](#)

How to install and import

```
$ pip install streamlit
```

```
Import convention
>>> import streamlit as st
```

Add widgets to sidebar

```
st.sidebar.<widget>
```

```
>>> my_val = st.sidebar.text_input('I:')
```

Command line

```
$ streamlit --help
$ streamlit run your_script.py
$ streamlit hello
$ streamlit config show
$ streamlit cache clear
$ streamlit docs
$ streamlit --version
```

Pre-release features

To access beta and experimental features

```
pip uninstall streamlit
pip install streamlit-nightly --upgrade
```

Magic commands

Magic commands allow you to implicitly `st.write()`

```
''' _This_ is some __Markdown__ '''
```

```
a=3
'a', a
```

```
'dataframe:', data
```

Display text

```
st.text('Fixed width text')
st.markdown('__Markdown__') # see *
st.latex(r'\'' e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0 '')
st.write('Most objects') # df, err, func, keras!
st.write(['st', 'is <', 3]) # see *
st.title('My title')
st.header(My header')
st.subheader('My sub')
st.code('for i in range(8): foo()')
```

* optional kwarg `unsafe_allow_html = True`

Display data

```
st.dataframe(data)
st.table(data.iloc[0:10])
st.json({'foo': 'bar', 'fu': 'ba'})
```

Display charts

```
st.line_chart(data)
st.area_chart(data)
st.bar_chart(data)
st.pyplot(fig)
st.altair_chart(data)
st.vega_lite_chart(data)
st.plotly_chart(data)
st.bokeh_chart(data)
st.pydeck_chart(data)
st.deck_gl_chart(data)
st.graphviz_chart(data)
st.map(data)
```

Display media

```
st.image('./header.png')
st.audio(data)
st.video(data)
```

Display interactive widgets

```
st.button('Hit me')
st.checkbox('Check me out')
st.radio('Radio', [1,2,3])
st.selectbox('Select', [1,2,3])
st.multiselect('Multiselect', [1,2,3])
st.slider('Slide me', min_value=0, max_value=10)
st.text_input('Enter some text')
st.number_input('Enter a number')
st.text_area('Area for textual entry')
st.date_input('Date input')
st.time_input('Time entry')
st.file_uploader('File uploader')
st.beta_color_picker('Pick a color')
```

Use widgets' returned values in variables:

```
>>> for i in range(int(st.number_input('Num:'))): foo()
>>> if st.sidebar.selectbox('I:', ['f']) == 'f': b()
>>> my_slider_val = st.slider('Quinn Mallory', 1, 88)
>>> st.write(slider_val)
```

Control flow

```
st.stop()
```

Display code

```
st.echo()
```

```
>>> with st.echo():
>>>     # Code below both executed and printed
>>>     foo = 'bar'
>>>     st.write(foo)
```

Display progress and status

```
st.progress(progress__variable_1_to_100)
```

```
st.spinner()
```

```
>>> with st.spinner(text='In progress'):
>>>     time.sleep(5)
>>>     st.success('Done')
```

```
st.balloons()
st.error('Error message')
st.warning('Warning message')
st.info('Info message')
st.success('Success message')
st.exception(e)
```

Placeholders, help, and options

```
st.empty()
```

```
>>> my_placeholder = st.empty()
>>> my_placeholder.text('Replaced!')
```

```
st.help(pandas.DataFrame)
```

```
st.get_option(key)
st.set_option(key)
```

```
st.beta_set_page_config(layout='wide')
```

Mutate data

```
DeltaGenerator.add_rows(data)
```

```
>>> my_table = st.table(df1)
>>> my_table.add_rows(df2)
```

```
>>> my_chart = st.line_chart(df1)
>>> my_chart.add_rows(df2)
```

Optimize performance

```
@st.cache
```

```
>>> @st.cache
... def foo(bar):
...     # Mutate bar
...     return data
...
>>> d1 = foo(ref1)
>>> # Executes as first time
>>>
>>> d2 = foo(ref1)
>>> # Does not execute; returns cached value, d1==d2
>>>
>>> d3 = foo(ref2)
>>> # Different arg, so function executes
```

Reference: daniellewisDL



Deployment

Deploying with Heroku in 3 Steps

1. Make sure to have **requirements.txt** file and state which version of the package you want Heroku to install.
2. Include **Procfile**, **runtime.txt**, and **setup.sh**.
3. **Push** to Heroku!

Checkout the example from us here: team4-streamlit.herokuapp.com

source code on github: [thunder-talk-team4-streamlit](https://github.com/thunder-talk/team4-streamlit)

Procfile

```
web: sh setup.sh && streamlit run app.py
```

runtime.txt

```
python-3.6.1
```

Only compatible with python 3.6+

setup.sh

```
mkdir -p ~/.streamlit/  
echo "[general]  
email = \"email@com\"  
" > ~/.streamlit/credentials.toml  
echo "[server]  
headless = true  
port = $PORT  
enableCORS = false  
" > ~/.streamlit/config.toml
```




Thank You!

Team 4