AndroCom: P2P Communication Without Internet

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Fall - 2023

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Submission Form for Final-Year

PROJECT REPORT



Version	V 1.0		NUMBER OF MEMBERS
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SUPERVISO	R NAME		
MEMBE	R NAME	REG. NO.	EMAIL ADDRESS
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Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1 Project Introduction

In today's world, the internet has become such an integral part of our lives that if it were to go down tomorrow, most forms of communication, such as messaging, calls, and video communication, would cease to function. AndroCom is an Android app that enables its users to send text messages, make voice calls, and engage in video calls with complete end-to-end encryption when communicating with other users without the need of an internet connection.

AndroCom has significant market potential due to its unique features. It can work in places with no internet, help universities with daily tasks, and serve as a reliable backup during internet outages or emergencies. Its versatility and special capabilities make it valuable in various situations, making it an important tool in the market.

This functionality is implemented through an AD HOC network that is created using a microcontroller, specifically a Raspberry Pi, which serves as a critical component of the system. A server is created on the Raspberry Pi using Python, enabling packet transfer between the Raspberry Pi and the devices using AndroCom. This innovative setup ensures secure and efficient communication while bypassing the need for a traditional internet connection, addressing the challenges posed by internet interruptions or limited access scenarios.

1.2 Existing Examples / Solutions

At present, a noticeable gap exists in the market for apps that offer communication functionality independent of an internet connection. AndroCom, by enabling text messaging, voice calls and video calls with end-to-end encryption using Raspberry Pi, distinguishes itself as an innovative solution that fills this void. Unlike conventional applications that rely on internet connectivity, AndroCom offers users a novel approach to communication in scenarios where such connectivity may be unavailable or limited, addressing a critical need in today's interconnected world.

1.3 Business Scope

The business scope of AndroCom is promising, offering a unique solution for communication in scenarios with limited or no internet access. It caters to a niche market and educational institutions, presents a valuable tool for disaster recovery and emergency services, and has the potential to serve as a backup communication service during internet outages. With its AD HOC networking capabilities, it can find use in various temporary gathering scenarios. The app's focus on data privacy and security also appeals to users prioritizing secure communication, while its potential global reach ensures a broad user base.

1.4 Useful Tools and Technologies

Following is a list of technologies that are used for designing, development and testing phases of the project:

- Kotlin
- Java
- Android Studio
- Figma
- Raspberry Pi
- Python

In our application development, we will employ a hybrid approach, primarily utilizing Kotlin for its modern features and conciseness, while also integrating Java where necessary for specific algorithms, socket programming and several modules. Android Studio will serve as our development environment of choice, offering a comprehensive set of tools for efficient coding and testing. Notably, our app will not rely on an internet connection due to its offline functionality. An AD HOC network is created using Raspberry Pi with a server implemented in Python.

1.5 Project Work Breakdown

A project work breakdown diagram is a way to break down a complex project into smaller, more manageable tasks. The project work breakdown for the AndroCom is given in *Figure 1.1*.

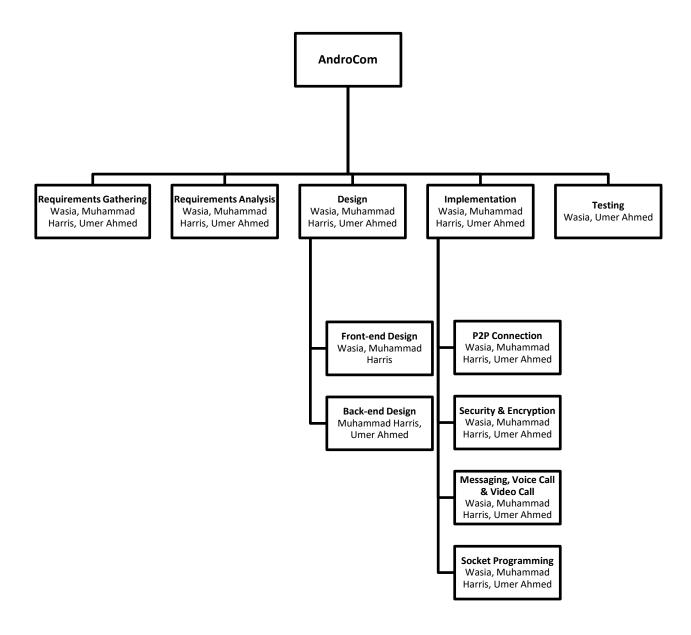


Figure 1.1: Project Work Breakdown

1.6 Project Timeline

A project timeline diagram is a visual representation of the tasks and milestones in a project, showing their start and end dates. In simple words, it's a bar chart that shows when things need to happen in order for your project to finish on time. The project timeline for AndroCom is given in *Figure 1.2*.

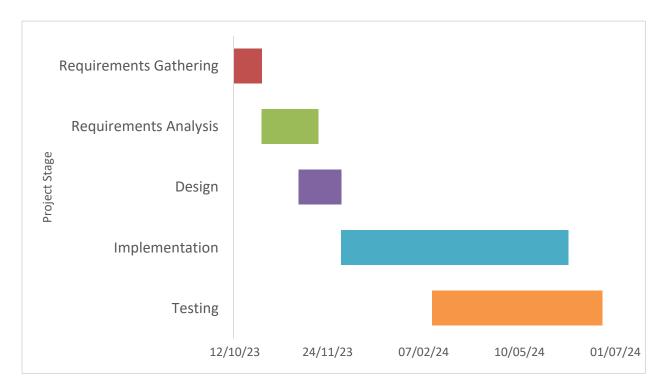


Figure 1.2: Project Time Line

Chapter 2 Requirement Specification and Analysis

This chapter documents the specification and analysis of requirements for *AndroCom*. We have systematically sorted out the development requirements for the software, emphasizing the importance of identifying every small detail at this stage to prevent future software alterations.

This chapter covers the following specifications for the required software:

- Functional & Non-Functional Requirements
- Use Case Diagram
- Brief Description of Each Use Case
- Detailed Sequence Diagram for Each Use Case
- Domain Model
- System Architecture

2.1 Functional Requirements

Functional requirements are what a system must do to meet user needs. The functional requirements for AndroCom are given in *Table 2.1*.

Table 2.1: Functional Requirements

S. No.	Functional Requirement	Туре	Status
1	Configured microcontroller for network connection	Core	Incomplete
2	User profile setup in application	Core	Incomplete
3	List of active users connected with the	Core	Incomplete
4	Block or unblock users	Intermediate	Incomplete
5	Mute messages and chat notifications of	Intermediate	Incomplete
6	Text Messages with active users	Core	Incomplete
7	Voice Calls with active users	Core	Incomplete
8	Video Calls with active users	Core	Incomplete
9	Mute mic or turn-off camera when in call	Intermediate	Incomplete
10	Multicast broadcast by creating groups	Intermediate	Incomplete
11	Traffic Prioritization	Intermediate	Incomplete

2.2 Non-Functional Requirements

Non-functional requirements are the constraints on how a system should work. The non-functional requirements for AndroCom are given in *Table 2.2.*

Table 2.2: Functional and Non-Functional Requirement

S. No.	Non-Functional Requirements	Category
1	Prompt when connected to the wrong network	Security
2	De-authorize unauthorized users	Security
3	End-to-End text encryption	Security
4	User friendly UI	Usability
5	View last seen time in active users list	Usability
6	View Signal Strength with network	Performance
7	Optimize resource usage on Microcontroller	Performance
8	Low consumption and Lightweight application	Performance

2.3 Selected Functional Requirements

The Selected function requirements of AndroCom for FYP Part-I are given in Table 2.3.

Table 2.3: Selected Functional Requirement

S. No.	Functional Requirement	Туре
1	Configured microcontroller for network connection	Core
2	User profile setup in application	Core
3	List of active users connected with the network	Core
4	Block or unblock users	Intermediate
5	Mute message or call notifications of users	Intermediate
6	Text Messages with active users	Core
7	Voice Calls with active users	Core

2.4 System Use Case Modeling

A system use case diagram is a visual representation of the different ways that users can interact with a system. The system use case diagram of AndroCom is shown in *Figure 2.1.*

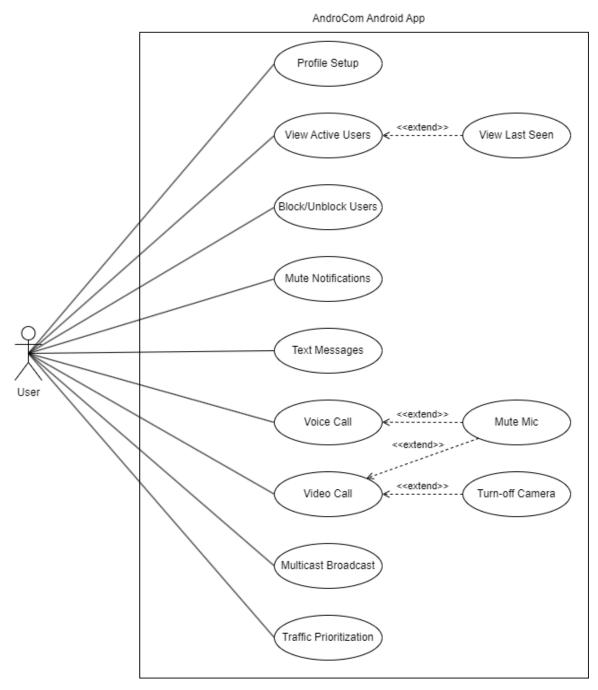


Figure 2.1: System Use Case Diagram

Use Case 1 (Configured Microcontroller for Network Connection):

Table 2.4: Use Case 1

Use Case ID:	UC1	1			
Use Case Name:	Confi	gured Microcontro	ller for netwo	rk conn	ection
Created By:	Wasia	1	Last Updat	ed By:	Muhammad Harris
Date Created:	22-10	-2023	Last Re	evision Date:	29-10-2023
A	ctors:	User			
Descri	ption:	The user will turn network on his ar		controll	er and connect with its
Tri	igger:	The user wants to	o create an a	d hoc n	etwork
Precondi	tions:	The user has no internet and wants to use AndroCom for his communication			
Post condi	tions:	An ad hoc network will be created via the microcontroller			
Normal	Flow:	User	r System		System
		1.User turns microcontroller	on the	Microc hoc ne	ontroller creates an ad twork
		2.User connects with ad hoc network via his android device network and is allowed to communicate on the network		k and is allowed to	
Alternative F	lows:	None			
Excep	tions:	Microcontroller doesn't turn on.			
		2. No network is created by the microcontroller.			
		3. Network doesn't show on available networks list.			

Use Case 2 (User Profile Setup):

Table 2.5: Use Case 2

Use Case ID:	UC2	2				
Use Case Name:	User profile setup					
Created By:	Umer	Ahmed	Last Updat	ed By:	Wasia	
Date Created:	22-10	-2023	Last Re	evision Date:	30-10-2023	
A	ctors:	User				
Descri	ption:	The user will be presented with a sign-up screen where he enters their first name, last name and optionally uploads their profile picture in app.				
Tri	igger:	The user installs the application and wishes to complete their profile setup.				
Precondi	tions:	The user has successfully installed the application and is on the initial sign-up screen.				
Post condi	tions:	The user's profile information is saved and he can access, use their profile within application.				
Normal	Flow:	User		System		
		1.User clicks button to request	get started for sign-up.	_	stem provides a User page for profile setup.	
		2.User provide first name, last name and clicks continue. The system re-direct the User to a newly created profile page.				
Alternative F	lows:	The user cancels the profile setup.				
Excep	tions:	The User has not filled the form correctly.				
		2. The system is	not respondir	ng.		

Use Case 3 (List of active users connected with network):

Table 2.6: Use Case 3

Use Case ID:	UC3					
Use Case Name:	List of	f active users conr	nected with n	etwork		
Created By:	Wasia	a	Last Updat	ed By:	Umer Ahmed	
Date Created:	22-10	-2023	Last Re	evision Date:	30-10-2023	
A	ctors:	User				
Descri	ption:	System will provide a list of active users who are currently connected to the network for monitoring and management purposes.				
Tri	gger:	The user selects the "Active Users" option from the application menu.				
Precondi	tions:	User is logged into the application and a connection is established.				
Post condi	tions:	The application displays a list of all active users connected to the network.				
Normal	Flow:	User			System	
		1. The user selects the "Active Users" option from the application menu. The system displays the list of active users to the user.				
Alternative F	lows:	Network connection is not established and error message will be displayed.				
Excep	tions:	Network server is	unavailable.			

Use Case 4 (Text messages with active users):

Table 2.7: Use Case 4

Use Case ID:	UC4					
Use Case Name:	Text r	nessages with	active users			
Created By:	Muha	mmad Harris	Last Updat	ed By:	Wasia	
Date Created:	22-10	-2023	Last Revision	n Date:	30-10-2023	
A	ctors:	User				
Descri	ption:	User can send users on the n		t mess	ages to other active	
Tri	igger:	The user selec	ts the chat icon	from th	e application menu.	
Precondi	tions:	The user must be connected to network and is logged into the application.				
Post condi	ditions: The user is able to send and receive text messages to ot active users on a network.				ext messages to other	
Normal	Flow:	U	ser		System	
		1. The user s icon from appli		_	stem displays the chat the application.	
		2.The user recipient of a to			stem highlights ed recipient.	
		3. The user enters the text message and sends it. The system send text message to the recipient ove network.				
Alternative F	lows:	vs: Recipient is not active and text message is not delivered.				
Excep	tions:	User not logged into the application				
		2. Network server is unavailable.				

Use Case 5 (Block or unblock users):

Table 2.8: Use Case 5

Use Case ID:	UC5						
Use Case Name:	Block	Block and unblock users					
Created By:	Umer	Ahmed	Last Updat	ed By:	Wasia		
Date Created:	22-10	-2023	Last Revision	n Date:	30-10-2023		
A	ctors:	User					
Descri	ption:		will prevent furth		er within application. munication from or to		
Tri	igger:	The user selects the "Block or unblock users" option from the application menu.					
Precondi	tions:	User must be connected to network and is logged into the application interacting with the user whose status they want to change.					
Post condi	tions:	The selected uuser's action.	iser is either blo	cked or	unblocked, as per the		
Normal	Flow:	U	ser System		System		
					ve users on the		
		2.The user selects the user they want to block or unblock. The system blocks or unblocks the selected user.					
Alternative Flows: User is already blocked or				ected us	ser is not active.		
Excep	tions:	_	ged into the app				

Use Case 6 (Voice call with active users):

Table 2.9: Use Case 6

Use Case ID:	UC6					
Use Case Name:	Voice call with active users					
Created By:	Umer Ahmed		Last Updated By:		Muhammad Harris	
Date Created:	10-10-2023		Last Revision Date:		11-10-2023	
A	ctors:	User				
Description:		User can initiate and receive a voice call from an active user within application.				
Trigger:		The user will press the call icon from the text chat section.				
Preconditions:		User must be connected to network and is logged into the application. The user has selected an active user from the list and indicated to make a voice call.				
Post conditions:		The user is able to a voice call with another active user on the network.				
Normal Flow:		User		System		
			e voice call and	call red	stem sends a voice quest to the recipient e network.	
				_	stem establishes a connection between ers.	
Alternative Flows:		The recipient user rejects the voice call request and call is not established.				
		User not logged into the application. Selected active user is no longer available or active.				

Use Case 7 (mute messages and call notifications of users):

Table 2.10: Use Case 7

Use Case ID:	UC7						
Use Case Name:	Mute messages and call notifications of users						
Created By:	Wasia		Last Updated By:		ed By:	Muhammad Harris	
Date Created:	10-10-2023		Last Revision Date:		Date:	19-10-2023	
A	ctors:	User					
Description:		User can mute messages and call notifications of specific users within application.					
Trigger:		The user selects the "Mute messages and call notification" option from the settings or user preferences section.					
Preconditions:		User must be connected to network and is logged into the application. Also, user has identified specific users from whom they want to mute notifications.					
Post conditions:		The selected user's message and call notifications are either muted or unmuted, as per user's action.					
Normal Flow:		U	ser			System	
		1. The user se messages notifications" o	and		-	stem displays a list of ve users on the k.	
			ages a	nd call	and ca	stem mutes messages Il notifications from the ed user.	
Alternative Flows:		The selected user is already muted or a user is not active.					
Exceptions:		User not logged into the application and is not connected to the network.					

2.5 System Sequence Diagrams

A system use case sequence diagram is a visual representation of the steps involved in a particular use case of a system, showing the interactions between the different actors and components of the system. Following are the sequence diagrams for AndroCom application.

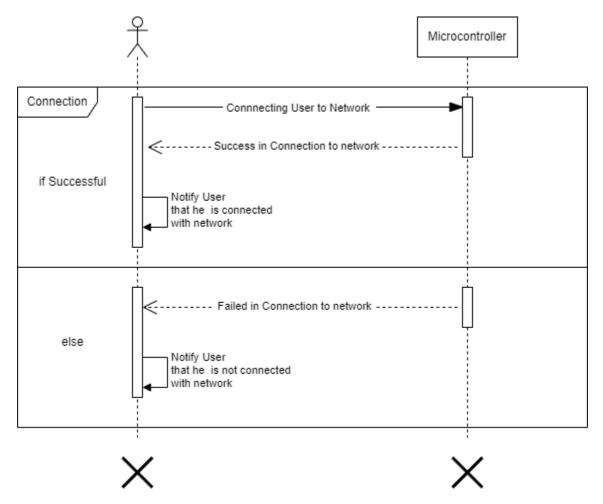


Figure 2.2: Establishing connection with microcontroller

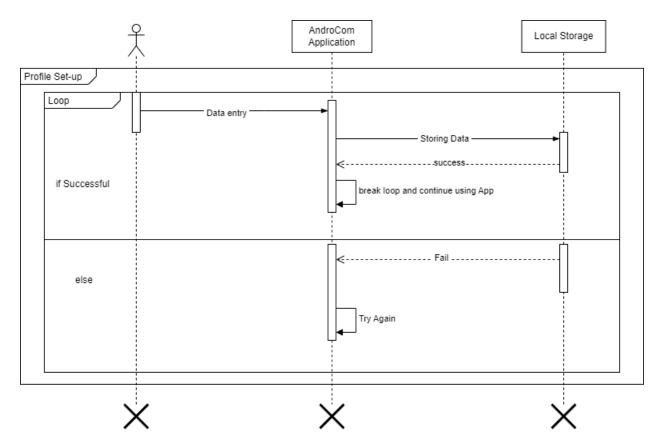


Figure 2.3: User profile setup

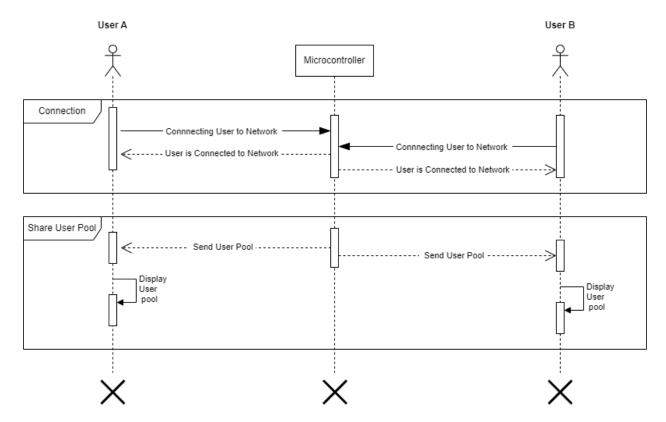


Figure 2.4: Sharing active user pool with user

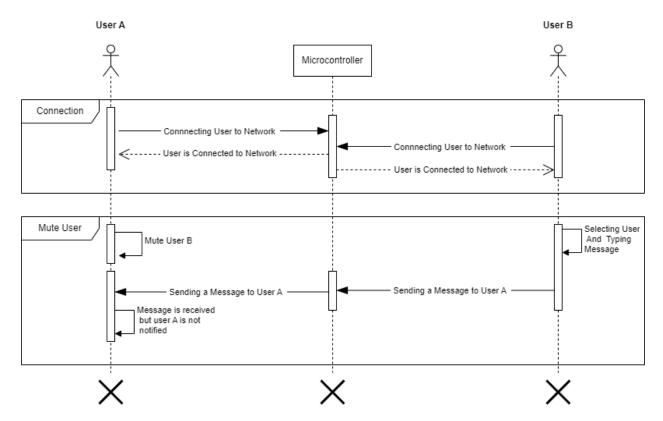


Figure 2.5: Mute user notifications

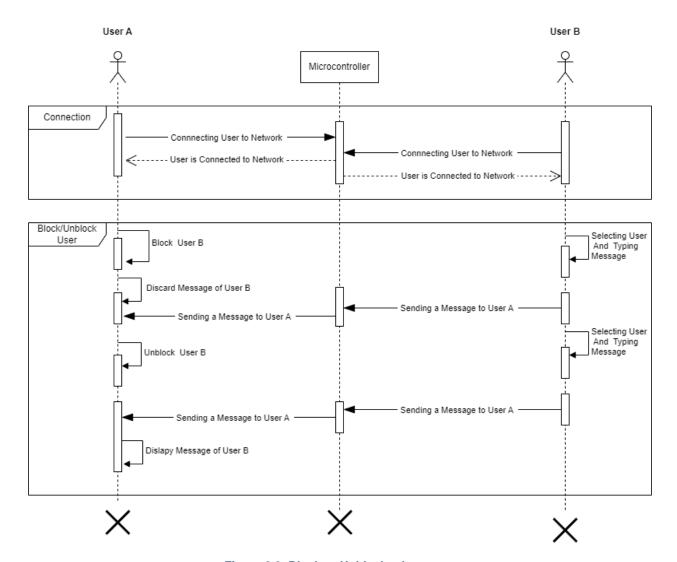


Figure 2.6: Block or Unblock other users

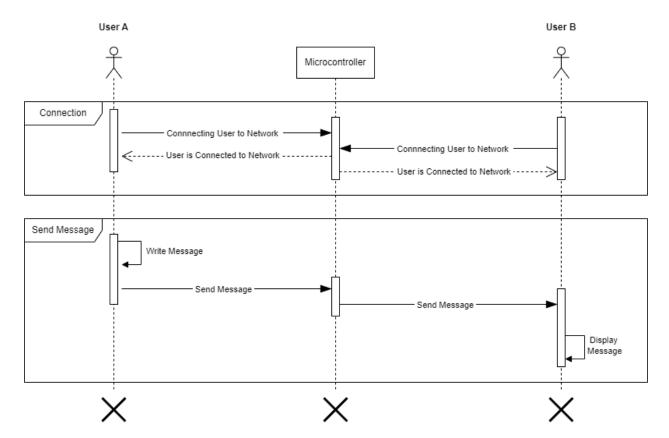


Figure 2.7: Send text message to other users

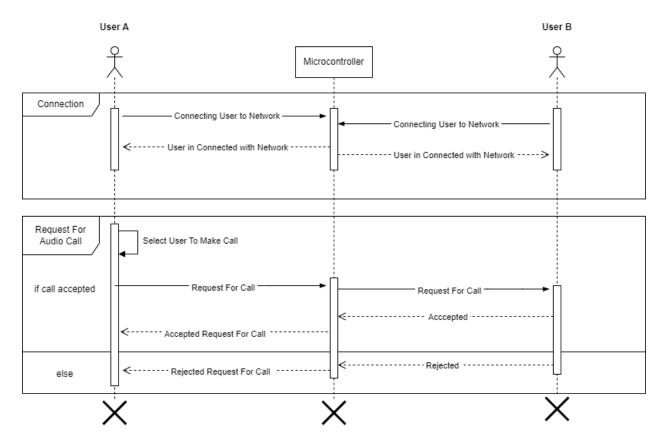


Figure 2.8: Making a voice call

2.6 Domain Model

A domain model is a conceptual map of the key concepts and relationships in a problem domain. Domain models are used to help developers understand and design software. The domain model for AndroCom is given below in *figure 2.9*.

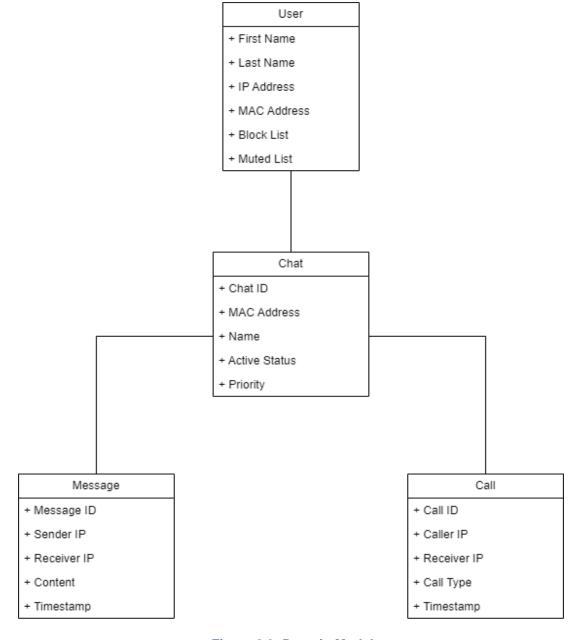


Figure 2.9: Domain Model

2.7 System Architecture

The system architecture of AndroCom is designed to provide a reliable and secure way for users to communicate without an internet connection. The system consists of a client app and a microcontroller. The client app is responsible for establishing a connection to the AD HOC network, sending and receiving messages, and making and receiving voice and video calls. The microcontroller is responsible for managing the AD HOC network and relaying messages between clients. The microcontroller is very portable and can be attached to transport vehicles and drones.

The client app and the server communicate with each other using TCP/IP sockets. The server also uses UDP sockets to broadcast messages to all clients on the AD HOC network.

The system architecture and system design are shown in *figure 10.10* and *figure 10.11*.

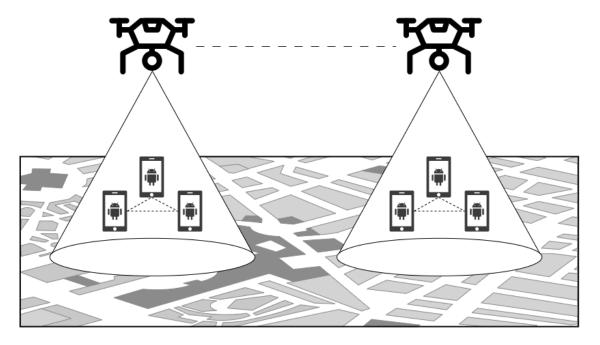


Figure 2.10: System Design

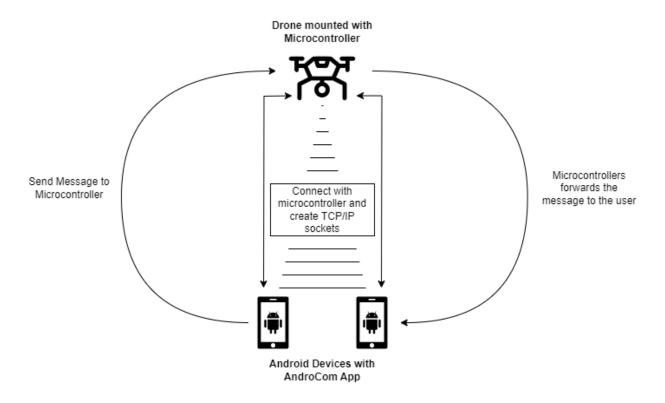


Figure 2.11: System Architecture

Chapter 3 System Design

The purpose of this chapter is to provide information that is complementary to the code. Without an adequate design that delivers required function as well as quality attributes, the project will fail. But communicating architecture to its stakeholders is as important a job as creating it in the first place.

This chapter covers the following specifications for the required software:

- Layer Definition
- Software Architecture
- Data Flow Diagram
- User Interface Design

3.1 Layer Definition

A layer definition is a description of the purpose, functionality, and interfaces of a layer in a layered system. In simple words, it is a definition of what a layer does and how it interacts with other layers. Layer definition for AndroCom is given in *Table 3.1*.

Table 3.1: Layer Definition

Layers	Description			
Application Layer (AndroCom App)	This layer is responsible for providing user			
	interfaces and other key functionalities.			
Network Layer (Microcontroller)	This layer is responsible for communicating with the microcontroller over a network.			

3.1.2 Application Layer

This layer is responsible for implementing the core functionality of the application, such as connecting sockets, sending and receiving messages, making & receiving voice and video calls, and interacting with the user interface.

3.1.2 Network Layer

This layer is responsible for communicating with the microcontroller over a network. The AndroCom App layer sends and receives messages to and from the network layer. The network layer then sends and receives messages to and from the microcontroller.

3.2 Software Architecture

A software architecture diagram is a visual representation of the structure of a software system, showing the components of the system and how they interact. In simpler words, it is a diagram that shows how a software system is built. The software architecture diagram is given below in *figure 3.1*.

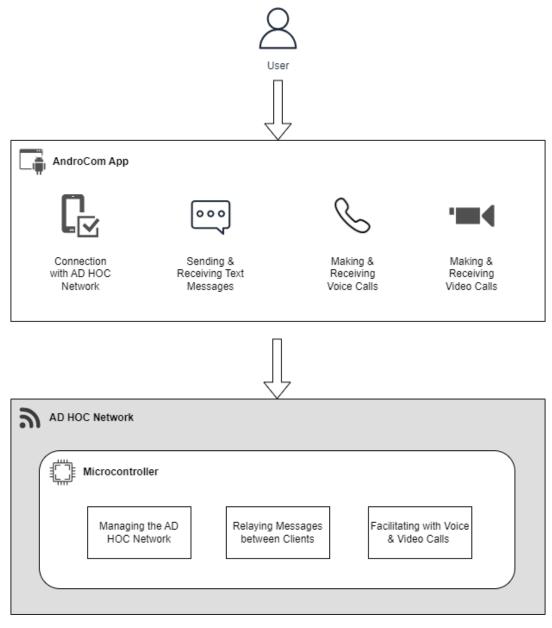


Figure 3.1: Software Architecture Diagram

3.3 Data Flow Diagram

A Data Flow Diagram is a graphical representation of the flow of data through a system, showing its inputs, outputs, and processing steps. The data flow diagram for AndroCom is given in *figure 3.2*.

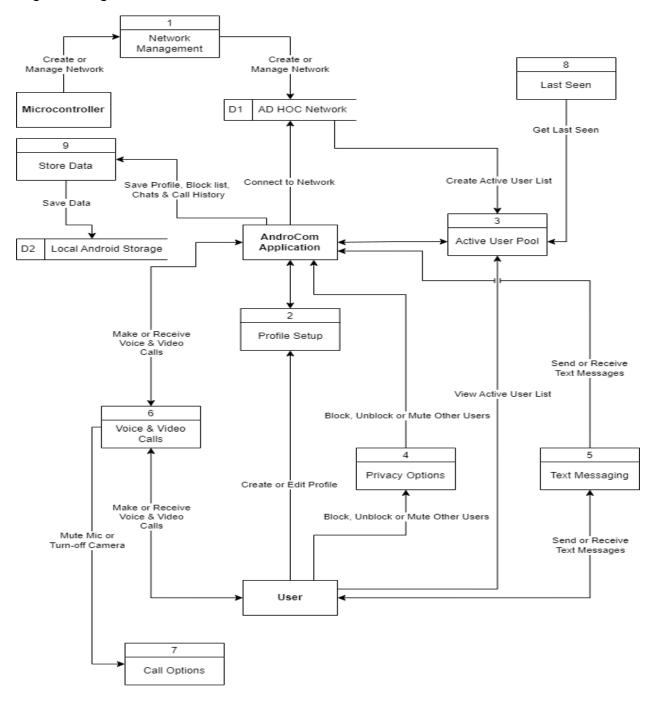


Figure 3.2: Data Flow Diagram

3.4 User Interface Design

User interface design is the process of creating interactive screens that are easy to use and understand. The UI design for AndroCom is given below.

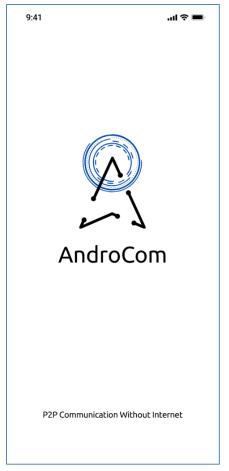


Figure 3.3: Splash Screen



Figure 3.4: Screen upon initial launch

Description:

The AndroCom app's splash screen is the first thing users see when they open the app. It displays the app's logo in the center against a white background. This screen creates a strong initial impression and sets the stage for the user's interaction with the app.



Figure 3.5: Profile Setup

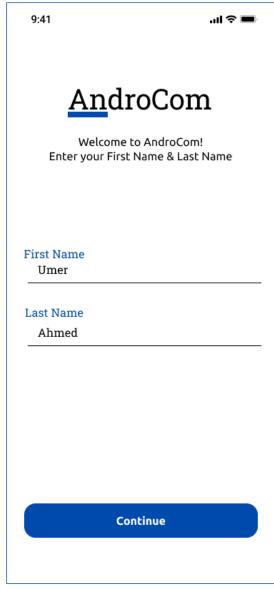


Figure 3.6: Profile Setup (filled)

The profile setup screen in AndroCom is where users enter their first name and last name. It's a clean and minimalist design, with input fields for both names. What's distinctive is the 'Next' button, which remains inactive until both fields are filled. This encourages users to provide their information, ensuring a complete profile setup.

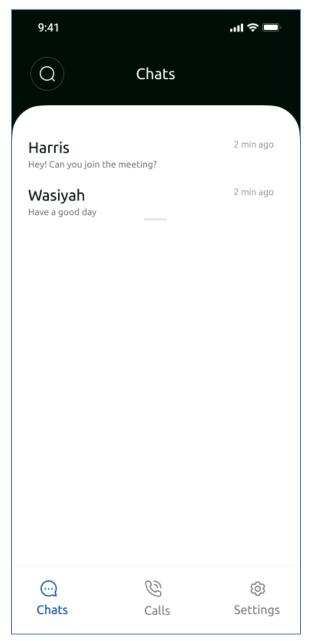


Figure 3.7: Chats Screen

The chat screen in AndroCom is where users can seamlessly engage in multiple conversations. The user-friendly interface allows users to view and manage various chat threads.

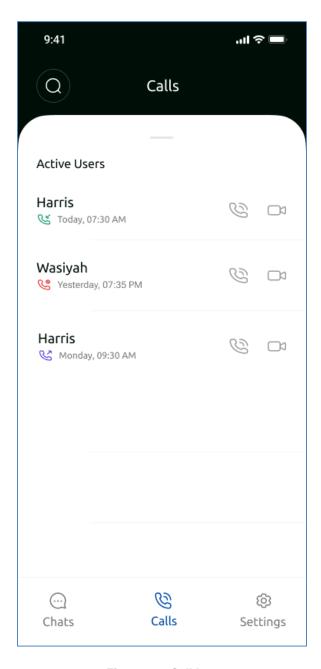


Figure 3.8: Call Log

The call log screen in AndroCom provides users with a comprehensive record of their recent calls and also displays active users with whom call can be made.

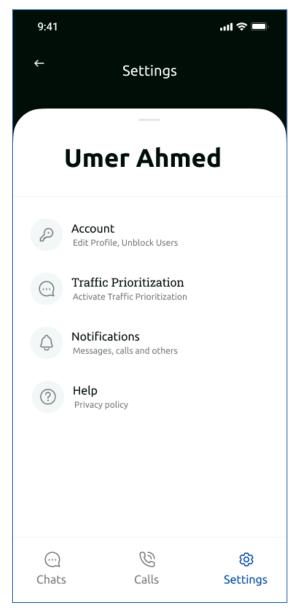


Figure 3.9: Settings Menu

The settings screen in AndroCom is where you can easily view and edit your display name, unblock users, activate network prioritization, adjust notification settings, and access the privacy policy and manual.



Figure 3.10: Message Screen

The messaging screen in AndroCom is where you can scroll through older messages and send new ones to active users. Also, you can make voice and video calls directly from this screen, ensuring that your communication needs are all in one place.

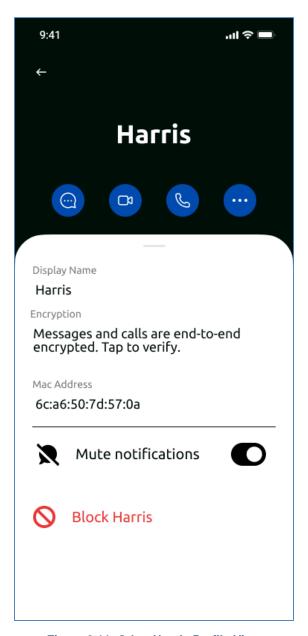


Figure 3.11: Other User's Profile View

When viewing another person's profile in AndroCom, you'll find essential information at a glance. This includes their name and MAC address, making it easy to identify and connect with them. Additionally, you have the option to mute or block the user.



Figure 3.12: Incoming Voice Call Screen

Figure 3.13: Ongoing Voice Call Screen

Figure 3.14: Ongoing Video Call Screen

In AndroCom, when you receive an incoming voice call, the caller's name is prominently displayed. By sliding, you can accept the call. During an ongoing voice call, you have the option to mute your microphone for privacy and convenience. And for video calls, you can mute the microphone or disable the camera.