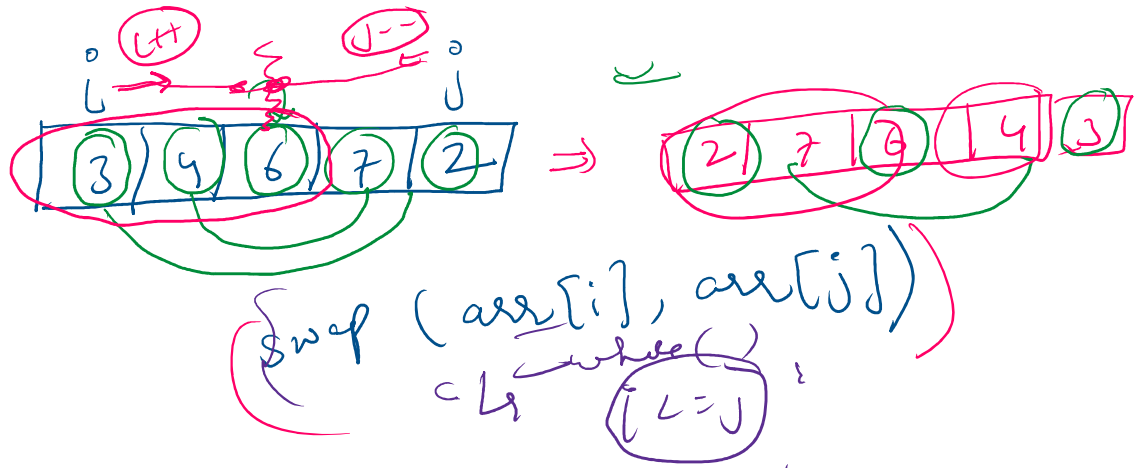
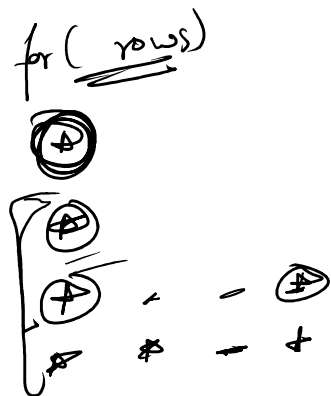
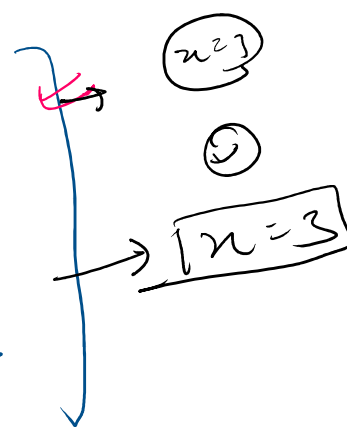
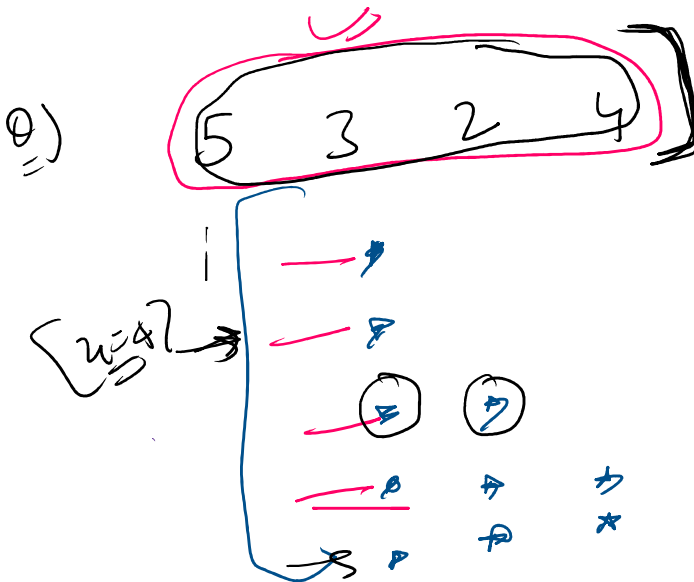
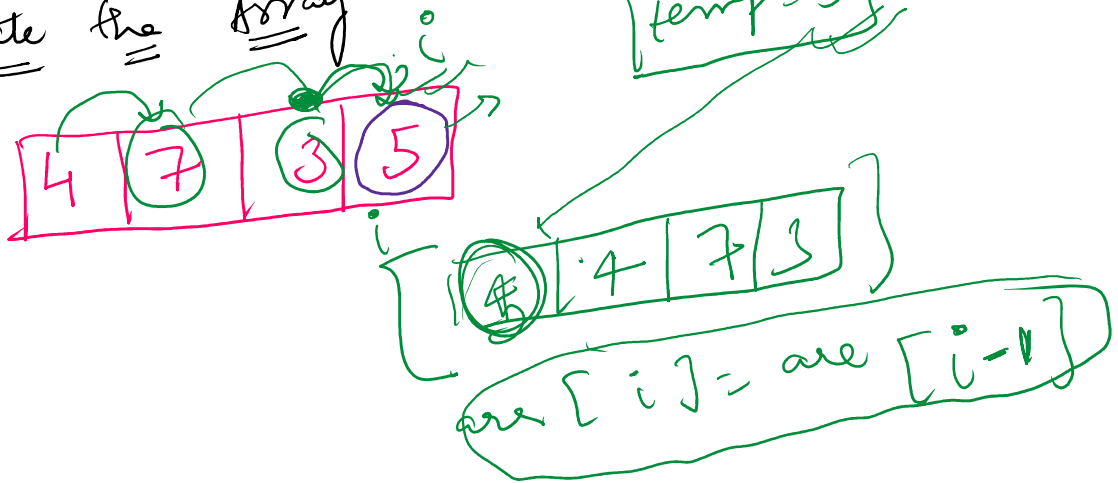


Class 6 - Arrays

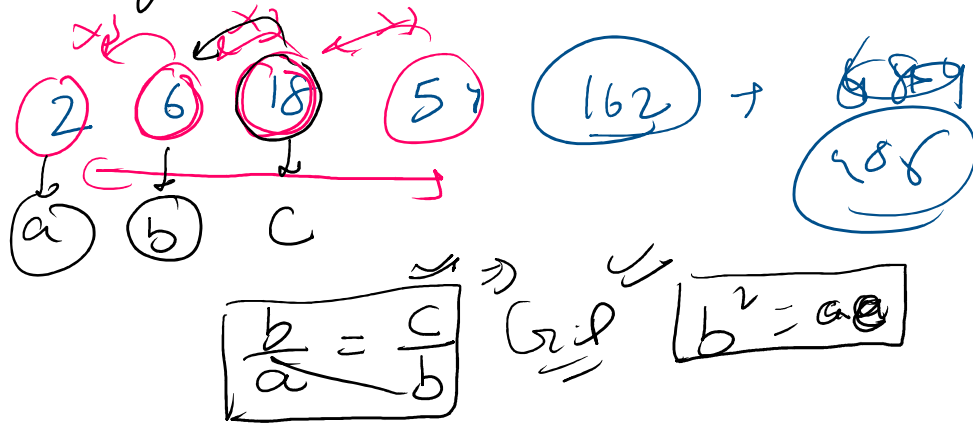
Sunday, April 20, 2025 10:01 AM



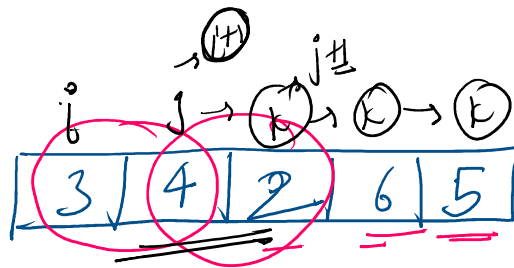
Rotate the array



Geometric Progression



Triples

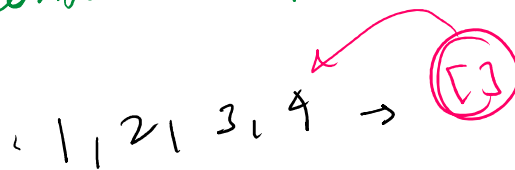


- $(3, 4, 2)$
- $(3, 4, 6)$
- $(3, 4, 5)$
- $(4, 2, 6)$
- $(4, 2, 5)$
- $(2, 6, 5)$

Sub array

[continuous portion of an array]

Empty is also a sub array

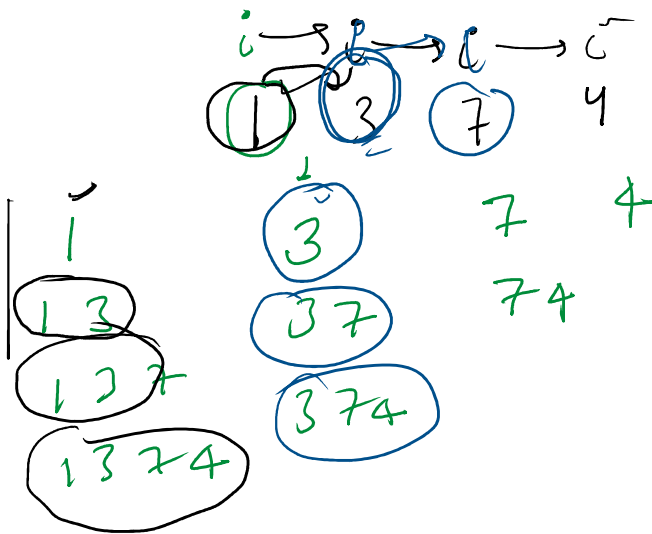


- | | | |
|---|-----|------------|
| 1 | 1 2 | 1, 2, 3 |
| 2 | 2 3 | 2, 3, 4 |
| 3 | 3 4 | 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| 4 | [] | |

② Number of ^{nonempty} subarrays of an array of length $n = \left[\frac{n \times (n+1)}{2} \right]$

$n \geq 4$

$$\left(\frac{4 \times 5}{2} \right) = 10$$



$$\text{sum} = \cancel{0} + \underline{\underline{1}} + 3 + 7 + 4$$

$$\text{sum} = \cancel{0} + \underline{\underline{3}} + 7 + 4$$