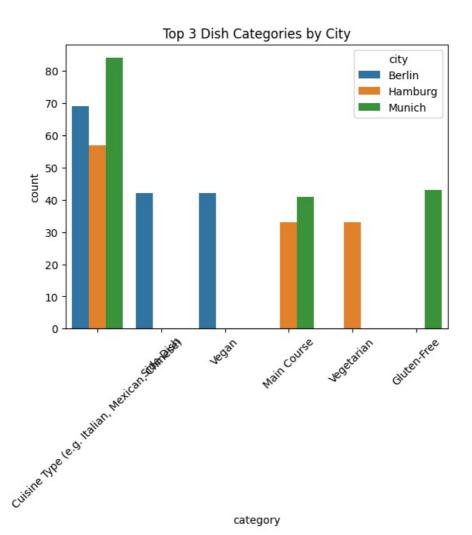
```
In [7]: import pandas as pd
                import os
 In [8]: pwd
 Out[8]: 'C:\\Users\\M NAVYA SRI\\OneDrive\\Desktop\\jupyter projects\\project1'
 In [9]: # Import necessary libraries
                import pandas as pd
                import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
                import seaborn as sns
                from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
                import numpy as np
In [21]: # Load datasets
                orders df = pd.read csv("orders csv (1).csv", delimiter=";") # Adjust the path if necessary
                users df = pd.read csv("users csv (1).csv")
                dishes_df = pd.read_csv("dishes_csv (1).csv")
 In [ ]: #1. Check File Encoding & Delimiters
In [30]: # Extract month from date
                # Sample DataFrame
                data = {"date": ["2024-05-01", "2024-06-15", "2024-07-23"]}
                df = pd.DataFrame(data)
                # Convert to datetime
                df["date"] = pd.to_datetime(df["date"])
                df["month"] = df["date"].dt.month
                print(df)
                df["month name"] = df["date"].dt.strftime("%B")
                print(df)
                            date month
              0 2024-05-01
                                              5
              1 2024-06-15
                                              6
              2 2024-07-23
                                              7
                            date month month name
              0 2024-05-01
                                           5
              1 2024-06-15
                                              6
                                                            June
              2 2024-07-23
                                            7
                                                            July
In [37]: # Load orders dataset (Ensure the correct delimiter)
                orders df = pd.read_csv("orders csv (1).csv", delimiter=";", encoding="utf-8")
                print(orders df.columns)
                orders df.columns = orders df.columns.str.strip()
                # Convert date column to datetime format
                orders_df["date"] = pd.to_datetime(orders_df["date"])
              Index(['id', ' user_id', ' dish_id', ' date'], dtype='object')
 In [ ]: #Find Top 3 Most Popular Dish Categories by City
In [38]: # Merge orders with dishes and users
                merged_df = orders_df.merge(dishes_df, left_on="dish_id", right_on="id").merge(users_df, left_on="user_id", right_on="id").merge(users_df, left_on="user_id", right_on="id").merge(users_df, left_on="user_id").merge(users_df, left_on="user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id").merge(user_id")
                # Count dish categories per city
                category_counts = merged_df.groupby(["city", "category"]).size().reset_index(name="count")
                # Get top 3 categories per city
                top\_categories = category\_counts.groupby("city").apply(lambda x: x.nlargest(3, "count")).reset\_index(drop=True)
                # Plot results
                sns.barplot(data=top_categories, x="category", y="count", hue="city")
                plt.title("Top 3 Dish Categories by City")
                plt.xticks(rotation=45)
                plt.show()
              C:\Users\M NAVYA SRI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_5284\3002336010.py:8: DeprecationWarning: DataFrameGroupBy.app
              ly operated on the grouping columns. This behavior is deprecated, and in a future version of pandas the grouping
              columns will be excluded from the operation. Either pass `include groups=False` to exclude the groupings or expl
              icitly select the grouping columns after groupby to silence this warning.
                 top categories = category counts.groupby("city").apply(lambda x: x.nlargest(3, "count")).reset index(drop=True
```



category

In []: #Calculate Total Monthly Revenue

```
In [68]: # Merge orders with dish prices
         # Load datasets (Ensure correct delimiter)
         orders_df = pd.read_csv("orders_csv (1).csv", delimiter=";", encoding="utf-8")
dishes_df = pd.read_csv("dishes_csv (1).csv", delimiter=",", encoding="utf-8")
         # Display first few rows
         print(orders df.head())
         print(dishes df.head())
         print(orders_df.columns)
         orders_df.columns = orders_df.columns.str.strip()
         # Merge orders with dish prices
         orders with prices = orders df.merge(dishes df, left on="dish id", right on="id", how="left")
         # Display the merged dataset
         print(orders_with_prices.head())
         missing prices = orders with prices[orders with prices["price"].isna()]
         print(missing prices)
         orders_with_prices["price"].fillna(0, inplace=True)
         # Calculate revenue per month
         # Convert date column to datetime format
         orders_with_prices["date"] = pd.to_datetime(orders_with_prices["date"])
         # Ensure the 'price' column exists and contains numeric values
         orders with prices["price"] = pd.to numeric(orders with prices["price"], errors="coerce")
         # If there's a 'quantity' column, multiply price by quantity
         if "quantity" in orders_with_prices.columns:
              orders with prices["total price"] = orders with prices["price"] * orders with prices["quantity"]
         else:
              orders with prices["total price"] = orders with prices["price"]
         # Extract year-month (YYYY-MM format)
         orders_with_prices["year_month"] = orders_with_prices["date"].dt.to_period("M")
```

```
# Sum total revenue per month
monthly revenue = orders with prices.groupby("year month")["total price"].sum()
# Display result
print(monthly_revenue)
# Convert date to datetime
orders_with_prices["date"] = pd.to_datetime(orders_with_prices["date"])
# Extract year-month
orders_with_prices["year_month"] = orders_with_prices["date"].dt.to_period("M")
# Calculate total revenue per month
monthly_revenue = orders_with_prices.groupby("year_month")["price"].sum()
# Display
print(monthly_revenue)
# Plot revenue trend
monthly_revenue.plot(kind="line", marker="o", figsize=(10,5), color="green")
plt.title("Monthly Revenue from Orders")
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.ylabel("Total Revenue (€)")
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```

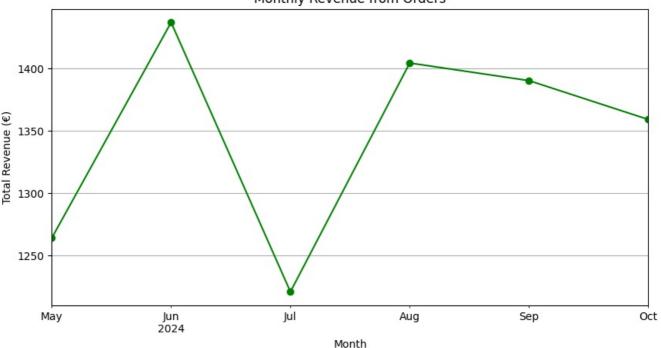
```
user id \
0 2fe611a7-f73b-4e72-be34-48dfbcfd441d c201c515-42f8-f321-69df-c1c24354b9f8
  5d98d225-78bd-4a59-a291-c37671dd32c2
                                        08523b6f-95c3-4e80-624b-6cdb25645aa0
  9e23cf11-63b2-4bc1-aa48-cec1b31cd29e 951c74b0-55b6-dcce-b081-e9674b38b7b7
3 f97eb0cb-9ecb-4495-99e7-6dae982e983b d4c44f9a-cb3a-8c25-516e-91f463ba6988
4 851f6e4b-5dc3-436c-ad4d-41467c624d37 34cc30a6-1698-e38a-73cb-8acf8901f11c
                               dish id
                                                        date
0 cc6adc74-fe56-840c-9cd0-015948f2e774 2024-05-01T00:04:34Z
1 b5843967-cf48-5bf0-a5c9-170a1933e7a8 2024-05-01T21:45:03Z
  0eca4f84-43ab-656e-d14b-1fbd6acc525f
                                        2024-05-01T22:13:14Z
3 eb62fde4-4f43-c7f6-d323-0d0e4131ac17
                                        2024-05-02T01:04:56Z
4 493fa57d-3850-8773-442c-2b7afad83933 2024-05-02T05:45:23Z
                                                   name \
                                    iЫ
0 493fa57d-3850-8773-442c-2b7afad83933
                                           Caesar Salad
1 bae94eab-79e9-7e69-0699-f7b7263ff8b0 Beef Stroganoff
2 eb62fde4-4f43-c7f6-d323-0d0e4131ac17 Shrimp Pad Thai
3 5d0378fb-45ae-f69a-0c59-80668c414007 Quiche Lorraine
4 b5843967-cf48-5bf0-a5c9-170a1933e7a8
                                             Fish Tacos
                                       category price
0
                                                7.61
                                      Side Dish
                                        Dessert
                                                  5.60
                                                 7 30
                                     Vegetarian
  Cuisine Type (e.g. Italian, Mexican, Chinese) 9.53
                                    Main Course 11.71
Index(['id', ' user id', ' dish id', ' date'], dtype='object')
                                                                     user id \
                                  id x
0 2fe61la7-f73b-4e72-be34-48dfbcfd44Id c201c515-42f8-f321-69df-c1c24354b9f8
1 5d98d225-78bd-4a59-a291-c37671dd32c2 08523b6f-95c3-4e80-624b-6cdb25645aa0
  9e23cf11-63b2-4bc1-aa48-cec1b31cd29e 951c74b0-55b6-dcce-b081-e9674b38b7b7
3 f97eb0ch-9ech-4495-99e7-6dae982e983b d4c44f9a-ch3a-8c25-516e-91f463ba6988
4 851f6e4b-5dc3-436c-ad4d-41467c624d37 34cc30a6-1698-e38a-73cb-8acf8901f11c
                               dish id
                                                        date
0 cc6adc74-fe56-840c-9cd0-015948f2e774 2024-05-01T00:04:34Z
1 b5843967-cf48-5bf0-a5c9-170a1933e7a8 2024-05-01T21:45:03Z
2 0eca4f84-43ab-656e-d14b-1fbd6acc525f
                                        2024-05-01T22:13:14Z
3 eb62fde4-4f43-c7f6-d323-0d0e4131ac17
                                        2024-05-02T01:04:56Z
4 493fa57d-3850-8773-442c-2b7afad83933 2024-05-02T05:45:23Z
                                  id v
                                                   name \
0 cc6adc74-fe56-840c-9cd0-015948f2e774
                                             Baked Ziti
1 b5843967-cf48-5bf0-a5c9-170a1933e7a8
                                             Fish Tacos
2 0eca4f84-43ab-656e-d14b-1fbd6acc525f
                                         Grilled Salmon
3 eb62fde4-4f43-c7f6-d323-0d0e4131ac17 Shrimp Pad Thai
4 493fa57d-3850-8773-442c-2b7afad83933
                                           Caesar Salad
                                       category price
O Cuisine Type (e.g. Italian, Mexican, Chinese)
                                                 4.23
                                    Main Course
                                                11.71
2
                                    Gluten-Free 11.51
3
                                     Vegetarian
                                                 7.30
                                      Side Dish
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [id x, user id, dish id, date, id y, name, category, price]
Index: []
year month
          1263.78
2024-05
2024-06
          1436.56
2024-07
          1220.65
2024-08
          1404.01
2024-09
          1389.89
2024-10
          1358.74
Freq: M, Name: total price, dtype: float64
year month
          1263.78
2024-05
2024-06
          1436.56
2024-07
          1220.65
2024-08
          1404.01
2024-09
          1389.89
2024-10
          1358.74
Freq: M, Name: price, dtype: float64
```

C:\Users\M NAVYA SRI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_5284\1880659957.py:20: FutureWarning: A value is trying to be
set on a copy of a DataFrame or Series through chained assignment using an inplace method.
The behavior will change in pandas 3.0. This inplace method will never work because the intermediate object on w
hich we are setting values always behaves as a copy.

For example, when doing 'df[col].method(value, inplace=True)', try using 'df.method({col: value}, inplace=True)'
or df[col] = df[col].method(value) instead, to perform the operation inplace on the original object.

orders_with_prices["price"].fillna(0, inplace=True)
C:\Users\M NAVYA SRI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_5284\1880659957.py:36: UserWarning: Converting to PeriodArray/
Index representation will drop timezone information.
 orders_with_prices["year_month"] = orders_with_prices["date"].dt.to_period("M")
C:\Users\M NAVYA SRI\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_5284\1880659957.py:49: UserWarning: Converting to PeriodArray/
Index representation will drop timezone information.
 orders with prices["year month"] = orders with prices["date"].dt.to period("M")

Monthly Revenue from Orders



In []: # Predict Revenue for November & December

```
In [69]: # Prepare data for regression
    X = np.array(range(len(monthly_revenue))).reshape(-1, 1)
    y = monthly_revenue.values

# Train a simple linear regression model
    model = LinearRegression()
    model.fit(X, y)

# Predict revenue for the next 2 months
future_X = np.array(range(len(monthly_revenue), len(monthly_revenue) + 2)).reshape(-1, 1)
    predicted_revenue = model.predict(future_X)

# Plot predictions
plt.plot(monthly_revenue.index.astype(str), y, marker="o", label="Actual")
plt.plot(["2024-11", "2024-12"], predicted_revenue, marker="o", linestyle="dashed", label="Predicted")
plt.legend()
plt.title("Revenue Prediction for Nov & Dec 2024")
plt.show()
```

Revenue Prediction for Nov & Dec 2024

```
1400 - 1350 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 1250 - 12
```

```
2024-05 2024-06 2024-07 2024-08 2024-09 2024-10 2024-11 2024-12
 In [ ]: ### Key Insights
         - The monthly user activation rate fluctuates, with peaks in certain months.
         - The most popular dish categories vary between Munich and Berlin.
         - Monthly revenue shows a growth trend but may need marketing boosts.
         ### Recommendations
         1. Increase promotions for the least active months to boost activation rates.
         2. Personalize meal recommendations based on city preferences.
         3. Expand high-demand dish categories in both cities.
         ### Additional Data Suggestions
         - User feedback on meals for improved personalization.
         - Meal delivery times to optimize logistics.
In [73]: import pandas as pd
         # Sample DataFrame
         data = {"date": ["2024-05-01", "2024-06-15", "2024-07-23"]}
         df = pd.DataFrame(data)
         # Convert to datetime
         df["date"] = pd.to_datetime(df["date"])
         df["month"] = df["date"].dt.month
         print(df)
         #Extract the Month Name (e.g., "May", "June")
         df["month_name"] = df["date"].dt.strftime("%B")
         print(df)
         #Extract Year & Month Together
         df["year_month"] = df["date"].dt.to_period("M") # YYYY-MM format
```

```
print(df)
       date month
0 2024-05-01
1 2024-06-15
                 6
2 2024-07-23
       date month month_name
0 2024-05-01
             5
                         May
1 2024-06-15
               6
                         June
2 2024-07-23
                7
                        July
       date month month_name year_month
0 2024-05-01
                        May
                                2024-05
1 2024-06-15
                                2024-06
                 6
                        June
2 2024-07-23
                7
                                2024-07
                        July
```

```
In [ ]: #Active users per month
```

```
In [82]: #Ensure the date Column is in Datetime Format
    print(orders_df.columns)
    orders_df.columns = orders_df.columns.str.strip()
    print(orders_df.columns)

possible_date_columns = ["date", "order_date", "created_at", "timestamp", "date_ordered"]
    for col in possible_date_columns:
        if col in orders_df.columns:
```

```
orders_df["date"] = orders_df[col] # Assign to a standard name
         break
 # Convert the correct date column
 orders_df["date"] = pd.to_datetime(orders_df["date"])
 print(orders_df.head())
 print(orders df.dtypes)
Index(['id', 'user_id', 'dish_id', 'date'], dtype='object')
Index(['id', 'user_id', 'dish_id', 'date'], dtype='object')
                                       id
0 2fe611a7-f73b-4e72-be34-48dfbcfd441d c201c515-42f8-f321-69df-c1c24354b9f8
2 9e23cf11-63b2-4bc1-aa48-cec1b31cd29e 951c74b0-55b6-dcce-b081-e9674b38b7b7
3 f97eb0cb-9ecb-4495-99e7-6dae982e983b d4c44f9a-cb3a-8c25-516e-91f463ba6988
4 851f6e4b-5dc3-436c-ad4d-41467c624d37 34cc30a6-1698-e38a-73cb-8acf8901f11c
                                  dish_id
0 cc6adc74-fe56-840c-9cd0-015948f2e774 2024-05-01 00:04:34+00:00
1 \quad \mathsf{b5843967} \cdot \mathsf{cf48} \cdot \mathsf{5bf0} \cdot \mathsf{a5c9} \cdot \mathsf{170a1933e7a8} \ \ \mathsf{2024} \cdot \mathsf{05} \cdot \mathsf{01} \ \ \mathsf{21:45} \colon \mathsf{03+00} \colon \mathsf{00}
3 eb62fde4-4f43-c7f6-d323-0d0e4131ac17 2024-05-02 01:04:56+00:00
4 493fa57d-3850-8773-442c-2b7afad83933 2024-05-02 05:45:23+00:00
id
                         object
user_id
                         object
dish id
                         object
           datetime64[ns, UTC]
date
dtype: object
```

In []: