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Jupyter ile Veri Görselleştirme Çalışması

Bu benim yapmış olduğum ilk jupyter notebook çalışmam. Bu çalışmam ile veri görselleştirme örneğini gerçekleştiriyorum.

Github ile Örnek Çalışmaları İnceliyorum

Pandas NumPy Sckit-Learn Tensorflow OpenCV

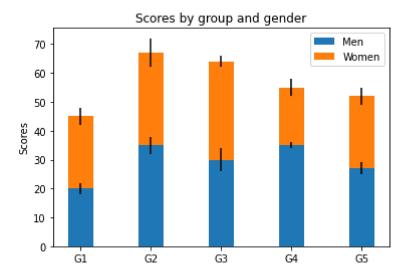
```
In [1]:
          import numpy as np
In [2]:
          from bokeh.plotting import figure, show
In [4]:
          N = 500
          x = np.linspace(0, 10, N)
          y = np.linspace(0, 10, N)
          xx, yy = np.meshgrid(x, y)
          d = np.sin(xx)*np.cos(yy)
In [5]:
          p = figure(tooltips=[("x", "$x"), ("y", "$y"), ("value", "@image")])
          p.x range.range_padding = p.y_range.range_padding = 0
In [9]:
          # must give a vector of image data for image parameter
          p.image(image=[d], x=0, y=0, dw=10, dh=10, palette="Spectral11", level="image")
          p.grid.grid line width = 0.5
In [11]:
          show(p)
In [12]:
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [13]:
          labels = ['G1', 'G2', 'G3', 'G4', 'G5']
          men means = [20, 35, 30, 35, 27]
          women_means = [25, 32, 34, 20, 25]
          men_std = [2, 3, 4, 1, 2]
          women_std = [3, 5, 2, 3, 3]
                             # the width of the bars: can also be len(x) sequence
          width = 0.35
In [14]:
          fig, ax = plt.subplots()
```

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```
1.0
          0.8
          0.6
          0.4
          0.2
          0.0
                      0.2
                                          0.6
            0.0
                                0.4
                                                   0.8
                                                             1.0
In [15]:
          ax.bar(labels, men_means, width, yerr=men_std, label='Men')
          ax.bar(labels, women_means, width, yerr=women_std, bottom=men_means,
                  label='Women')
          <BarContainer object of 5 artists>
Out[15]:
In [16]:
          ax.set ylabel('Scores')
          ax.set_title('Scores by group and gender')
          ax.legend()
          <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x26aefe78e50>
Out[16]:
In [17]:
          plt.show()
          labels = ['G1', 'G2', 'G3', 'G4', 'G5']
          men_means = [20, 35, 30, 35, 27]
          women_means = [25, 32, 34, 20, 25]
          men_std = [2, 3, 4, 1, 2]
          women_std = [3, 5, 2, 3, 3]
          width = 0.35
                              # the width of the bars: can also be len(x) sequence
          fig, ax = plt.subplots()
```

```
In [18]:
          ax.bar(labels, men means, width, yerr=men std, label='Men')
          ax.bar(labels, women means, width, yerr=women std, bottom=men means,
                 label='Women')
          ax.set ylabel('Scores')
          ax.set_title('Scores by group and gender')
          ax.legend()
          plt.show()
```

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In []: