



Induction - hints

1 Exercises

Beginner

- 1.1 Show the difference is always even. What does this imply?
- 1.2 Draw a diagonal and look at the two smaller polygons.
- 1.3 When going from n to $n + 1$, remember that your induction hypothesis allows you to interchange both sides of the statement!
- 1.4 From when onwards is the inequality no longer satisfiable? How do we go from $n!$ to $(n + 1)!$? And how do we go from 3^n to 3^{n+1} ?
- 1.5 Take the inequality for n , add $\frac{1}{(n+1)^2}$ on both sides and find a common denominator for the right hand side. Is it possible to remove something from the fraction in order to simplify the inequality (while also keeping it correct)?
- 1.6 Write the $n + 1$ term as a sum of terms all divisible by 47.

Advanced

- 1.7 Use strong induction and consider the n even / n odd cases.
- 1.8 Find a formula to calculate a number based on the previous one.
- 1.9 Consider the $(n + 1)$ th line. How many times does it intersect with the remaining n lines? What does that imply about the number of new regions?
- 1.10 Where is it possible to place the tallest block?
- 1.11 Instead of adding a new point, remove one in order to minimise the number of edges removed.
- 1.12 There are two cases: whether the last element is in the subset. No need to find an explicit formula, just google "Fibonacci".
- 1.13 Consider an extra person at the end of the line.

1.14 How many steps are needed to get the largest book on platform 3 ? Find a formula for that and prove it.

Olympiad

1.15 Try to decompose a valid decomposition into more squares. Several base cases might be necessary.

1.16 On the $2^{n+1} \times 2^{n+1}$ chessboard, consider the quarter with the missing square. Is it possible to place a L-triomino such that the inductive hypothesis can be applied to the remaining three quarters?

1.17 Instead of adding a car, remove the right car and add its oil to a remaining car. What can we conclude about the case with $n + 1$ cars thanks to the case with n cars?

1.18 Find Bob's winning strategy its the pattern. Prove that pattern.