

SASnatch: Using SAS Naturally (or knitrally) (or snatchurally)

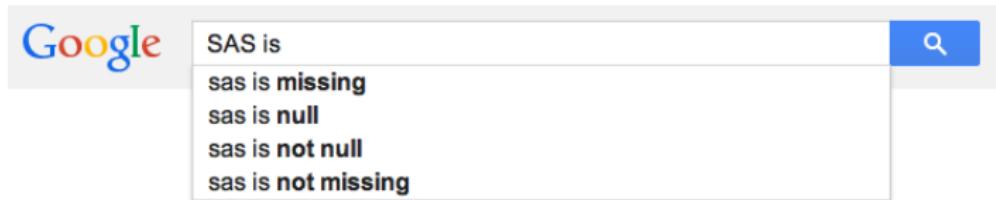
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What is SAS

And why should you care



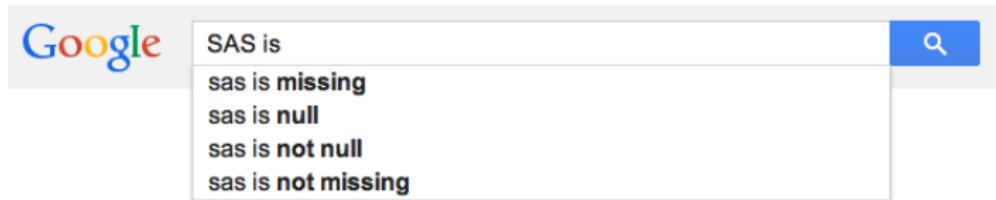
Multiple Choice: SAS is one of the following

- (a) SAS is a software suite developed by SAS institute for advanced analytics
- (b) A frustrating and cumbersome tool that has been losing its place in academia and increasingly in industry and which will not be missed when it disappears forever
- (c) A programming language that you will have to use in one or two classes but then all your professors after that will use R
- (d) All of the above

The answer is (a). The other choices are all incorrect.

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SAS: It's actually really good

It's better than you remember and does more than you knew



- SAS code that works now will still work years from now and SAS code that ran years ago will still run today
- SAS is very well documented (something that matters more as you move away from STAT 500 material),
- **Three of the big topics from this class**
 - ▶ SAS has interactive graphics,
 - ▶ built in tools for *static or dynamic* web publishing,
 - ▶ built in database management methods
- SAS runs on linux

Example: Principle components

```
DATA TURTLES;  
    INFILE "./turtles.dat";  
    INPUT LENGTH WIDTH HEIGHT SEX;  
  
PROC PRINCOMP COV OUT=PCA1;  
    VAR LENGTH WIDTH HEIGHT;  
  
PROC PLOT DATA=PCA1;  
    PLOT PRIN2*PRIN1;  
    PLOT PRIN3*PRIN1;  
    PLOT PRIN3*PRIN2;  
RUN;
```

A few problems you may have just noticed

Or noticed over and over again in STAT 500

- There is too much output.
 - ▶ SAS seems to err on the side of caution and gives us more than we usually need.
- The plots are underwhelming
 - ▶ SAS can create very high quality plots but these don't seem to be
 - ▶ We can always export the data sets so that we can make our plots in R, but this would be an enormous amount of trouble
- The output does not allow us to make changes.
 - ▶ We can dig into the html file produced in the second example but this is a far cry from the ease of using knitr

Most of my complaints about SAS have to do with the way it fails to work like knitr.

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SASnatch: Using SAS in a more natural way



SASnatch: The Power to Snatch

SASnatch is a package that aims to do the following:

- Transfer data between SAS and R with *minimal* effort,
- Eliminate clicking around SAS, and
- Manage SAS's output in a convenient way

Which will hopefully

- Allow the programmer to use which tool he or she prefers at that moment, be it is SAS or R
- Make SAS more accessible to R users

It does this through knitr (generally). I will show you how this works.

Next steps punchlist

Originally "easy, medium, and hard"

R:

- Incorporate SAS's log file into the inline call (i.e., `cat(log.file)`)
- Improve "chunk" behavior (the code should print, but must use `eval = FALSE ...`)

L^AT_EX:

- Syntax highlighting the SAS code in the output document (`LATEX` packages can do this, but using them with knitr is tricky)
- Using the SAS's higher level `LATEXoutput` (which would require accessing and using SAS's "style sheets")

SAS:

- Syntax highlighting while programming (VIM can kind of do this)
- Improve data management using databases (SAS and R can both read and write from SQLite - but it's not on the terminals)

Questions?

Thank you for listening!

SASnatch on github at: github.com/imouzon/SASnatch

Installation:

```
>library(devtools)  
>install_github('SASnatch','imouzon',  
               arg=' -l U://Documents/R/win-library/3.0')
```