GNU/Linux concepts

Операционни системи, ФМИ, 2019/2020

UNIX

- multitasking, multi-user computer operating system
- originally developed in 1969 by a group of AT&T employees at Bell Labs
 - Brian Kernighan
 - Dennis Ritchie
 - Ken Thompson
- by 1973 had been almost entirely recoded in C

UNIX design principles

- everything is a file
- small single-purpose programs with the ability to pipe them together
- configuration in ASCII
- The UNIX Philosophy, Mike Gancarz, 1994

Standard streams

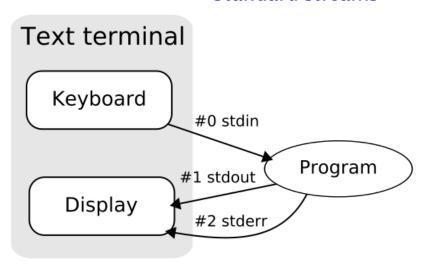


Figure 1: streams

Richard Stallman, GNU, FSF, GPL

- GNU (GNU's Not Unix), 1983 gcc, gdb, emacs
- Free Software Foundation, 1985
- GNU General Public License (GPL)
 - Guarantees that free software remains free
 - All software under the GPL make source available to the end user
 - Changes to a GPL'd software package must also be licensed under the GPL
 - Source code from one GPL'd software package can be incorporated into other GPL'd software
- "Free as in Freedom: Richard Stallman's Crusade for Free Software", Sam Williams, March 2002
 - http://oreilly.com/openbook/freedom/

Linux kernel

- Linus Torvalds
- Minix
- The Linux kernel
 - re-implementation of the UNIX APIs
 - GPL license
- GNU/Linux
- GNU/Hurd
- GNU/kFreeBSD

GNU/Linux distribution

- Linux kernel
- GNU software
- BSD/Linux utilities
- X.Org
- GUI components
- packaging and support
- added features

Standards

- Portable Operating System Interface for Unix (POSIX), IEEE
- Single UNIX Specification
- Filesystem Hierarchy Standard (FHS)
- Linux Standards Base (LSB)

Popular distributions

- GNU/Linux Distribution Timeline
- http://futurist.se/gldt/
- https://github.com/FabioLolix/linuxtimeline
- Slackware
- Debian
- Ubuntu
- Linux Mint
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL)
- Fedora
- CentOS (Community ENTerprise Operating System)
- FreeBSD
- Arch Linux

Login

- terminals
 - serial
 - virtual (TTY, PTY, PuTTY)
- GUI
- network login

Login session info

- User ID (UID)
- Group ID (GID)
- privileged user root, UID 0
- whoami
- id
- tty

Switching user

- su change user ID (or become superuser)
 - su -, su -1, su --login provide environment
- sudo execute a command as another user

Help

- foo --help, foo -h
- man [section] foo
 - Executable programs or shell commands
 - 2 System calls (functions provided by the kernel)
 - 3 Library calls (functions within program libraries)
 - 4 Special files (usually found in /dev)
 - 5 File formats and conventions eg /etc/passwd
 - **6** Games
 - Miscellaneous
 - System administration commands (usually only for root)
 - Mernel routines [Non standard]
- search through man pages for matches
 - whatis (man -f) manual page descriptions
 - apropos (man -k) search the manpage names and descriptions
- info