

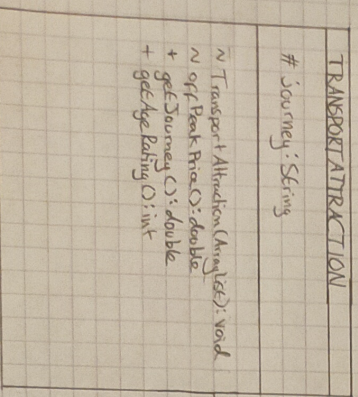
# Programming 1 - Coursework Assignment 2

Student number: 100279967

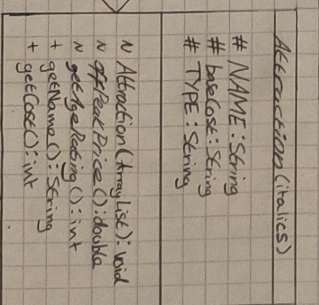
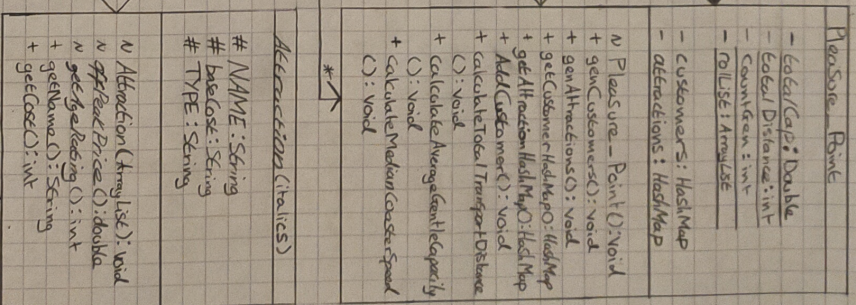
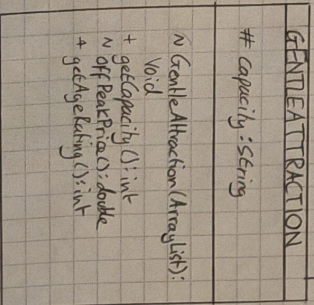
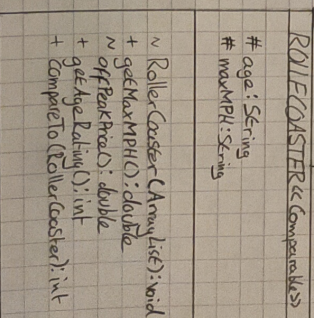
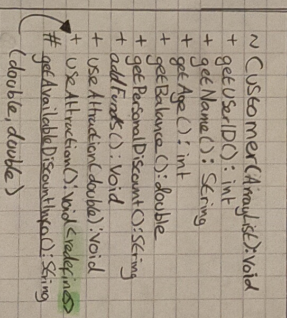
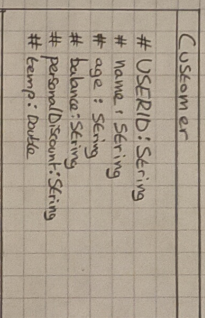
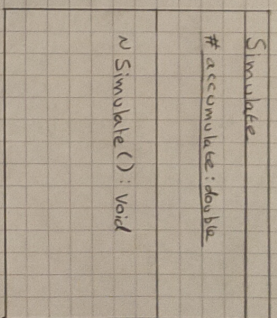
Wednesday 8<sup>th</sup> April, 2020 17:14



# UML Class Diagram



Attraction





Listing 1: Attraction.java

```

1 package com.Greedy;
2
3 // Unused imports are required for test harness.
4 import java.util.ArrayList;
5
6 abstract class Attraction {
7
8     // Final as we don't want the name to ever change (HashMap depends on name as
8     ↪ primary key).
9     protected final String name;
10    protected String baseCost;
11    protected final String type;
12
13    Attraction(ArrayList<String> line) {
14        name = line.get(0);
15        baseCost = line.get(1);
16        type = line.get(2);
17    }
18
19    //Defining abstract methods
20    abstract double offPeakPrice();
21    abstract int getAgeRating();
22
23    // Accessor that retrieves name of any attraction. Not used (yet), but maybe
23    ↪ useful later on.
24    public String getName() { return name; }
25
26    // parse cost as double here as this is optimal (runtime).
27    public int getCost() { return Integer.parseInt(baseCost); }
28
29    public String toString() { return name + "@" + baseCost + "@" + type; }
30
31    /* TEST HARNESS
32    public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException,
32    ↪ InsufficientBalanceException, AgeRestrictionException {
33        String x = "name@250@type";
34        ArrayList<String> y = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(x.split("@")));
35        Attraction test = new Attraction(y) {
36            @Override
37            double offPeakPrice() { return 0; }
38
39            @Override
40            public int getAgeRating() { return 0; }
41        };
42        // TESTS
43        System.out.println(test);
44        System.out.println(test.getCost());
45        System.out.println(test.getName());
46        System.out.println(test.getAgeRating());
47        System.out.println(test.offPeakPrice());
48    }
49    */
50 }

```

Listing 2: TransportAttraction.java

```

1 package com.Greedy;
2
3 import java.util.ArrayList;
4
5 // Subclass of baseclass (Attraction) specific too transportation attractions.
6 final class TransportAttraction extends Attraction {
7
8     protected String journey;
9
10    TransportAttraction(ArrayList<String> line) {
11        super(line);
12        journey = line.get(3);
13    }
14
15    @Override
16    double offPeakPrice() { return Double.parseDouble(baseCost) * 0.5; }
17
18    public String toString() {
19        return name + "@" + baseCost + "@" + type + "@" + journey;
20    }
21
22    // Double because client may wish for higher degree of accuracy in future.
23    public double getJourney() { return Double.parseDouble(journey); }
24
25    @Override
26    public int getAgeRating() {
27        return 0;
28    }
29
30    /* TEST HARNESS
31    public static void main(String[] args) {
32        String x = "name@250@type@20.3";
33        ArrayList<String> y = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(x.split("@")));
34        TransportAttraction test = new TransportAttraction(y);
35        System.out.println(test);
36        System.out.println(test.getJourney());
37        System.out.println(test.offPeakPrice());
38        System.out.println(test.getAgeRating());
39    }
40    */
41 }

```

Listing 3: GentleAttraction.java

```

1 package com.Greedy;
2 import java.util.ArrayList;
3
4 // GentleAttraction is another subclass of Attraction, therefore, extends Attraction
  ↳ definition as specified
5 final class GentleAttraction extends Attraction {
6
7     protected String capacity;
8
9     GentleAttraction(ArrayList<String> line) {
10         super(line);
11         capacity = line.get(3);
12     }
13
14     // Return capacity of gentle attraction as an integer.
15     public int getCapacity() { return Integer.parseInt(capacity); }
16
17     // Method that returns off peak price of ride.
18     @Override
19     double offPeakPrice() { return Double.parseDouble(baseCost) * 0.2; }
20
21     @Override
22     public String toString() {
23         return name + "@" + baseCost + "@" + type + "@" + capacity;
24     }
25
26     @Override
27     public int getAgeRating() { return 0; }
28
29     /* TEST HARNESS
30     public static void main(String[] args) {
31         String x = "name@250@type@4";
32         ArrayList<String> y = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(x.split("@")));
33         GentleAttraction test = new GentleAttraction(y);
34         System.out.println(test);
35         System.out.println(test.getCapacity());
36         System.out.println(test.getAgeRating());
37         System.out.println(test.offPeakPrice());
38     }
39     */
40 }

```

Listing 4: RollerCoaster.java

```

1 package com.Greedy;
2
3 import java.util.ArrayList;
4
5 // RollerCoaster is an extension on what has been defined in Attraction.
6 final class RollerCoaster extends Attraction implements Comparable<RollerCoaster> {
7
8     // Protected fields for roller coaster.
9     protected String age;
10    protected String maxMPH;
11
12    // ArrayList to extend definition of subclass.
13    RollerCoaster(ArrayList<String> line) {
14        super(line);
15        age = line.get(3);
16        maxMPH = line.get(4);
17    }
18
19    // returns double for maximum MPH of roller-coaster.
20    public Double getMaxMPH() {
21        return Double.parseDouble(maxMPH);
22    }
23
24    // offPeakPrice
25    @Override
26    double offPeakPrice() {
27        return Double.parseDouble(baseCost);
28    }
29
30    //returns integer of the rides age-rating (e.g. 12).
31    @Override
32    public int getAgeRating() {
33        return Integer.parseInt(age);
34    }
35
36    @Override
37    public String toString() {
38        return name + "@" + baseCost + "@" + type + "@" + age + "@" + maxMPH;
39    }
40
41    // Compares previous and current maxMPH to sort into list later (refer to
42    ↪ Pleasure_Point class).
43    @Override
44    public int compareTo(RollerCoaster rollerCoaster) {
45        return Double.compare(rollerCoaster.getMaxMPH(), this.getMaxMPH());
46    }
47
48    /* TEST HARNESS
49    public static void main(String[] args) {
50        String x = "name@250@type@20@55.2";
51        ArrayList<String> y = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(x.split("@")));
52        RollerCoaster test = new RollerCoaster(y);
53        System.out.println(test);
54        System.out.println(test.getMaxMPH());
55        System.out.println(test.offPeakPrice());
56        System.out.println(test.getAgeRating());
57    }
58    */
59 }

```

Listing 5: Customer.java

```

1 package com.Greedy;
2
3 import java.util.ArrayList;
4
5 public class Customer {
6
7     protected final String userID;
8     protected String name;
9     protected String age;
10    protected String balance;
11    protected String personalDiscount;
12    protected Double temp;
13
14
15    // Defines 'Customer' object. Used ArrayList as size of Customer does change.
16    Customer(ArrayList<String> line) {
17        userID = line.get(0);
18        name = line.get(1);
19        age = line.get(2);
20        balance = line.get(3);
21        if (line.size() > 4)
22            personalDiscount = line.get(4);
23        else
24            personalDiscount = null;
25    }
26
27    // Accessors
28    public int getUserID() { return Integer.parseInt(userID); }
29    public String getName() { return name; }
30    public int getAge() { return Integer.parseInt(age); }
31    public double getBalance() { return Double.parseDouble(balance); }
32    public String getPersonalDiscount() { return personalDiscount; }
33
34    // Method that adds 'amount' to the customers balance.
35    public void addFunds(String amount) {
36        double temp = getBalance() + Integer.parseInt(amount);
37        balance = String.valueOf(temp);
38    }
39
40    // Method that reduced balance when using attraction (if customer has enough).
41    public void useAttraction(double attractionPrice) throws
42        ↪ InsufficientBalanceException {
43
44        double price;
45
46        if (personalDiscount == null) {
47            if (getBalance() - attractionPrice < 0) {
48                throw new InsufficientBalanceException
49                    ↪ ("Not enough funds (" + -(getBalance() - attractionPrice) +
50                    ↪ "p) difference");
51            }
52            balance = Double.toString(getBalance() - attractionPrice);
53            System.out.println(attractionPrice);
54            Simulate.accumulate += attractionPrice;
55        }
56        else {
57            switch (personalDiscount) {
58                case "FAMILY":

```

```

58         price = attractionPrice * 0.85;
59         temp = getBalance() - price;
60         if (temp < 0) {
61             throw new InsufficientBalanceException("Not enough funds (" +
62                 ↪ -temp + "p) difference");
63         }
64         else {
65             Simulate.accumulate += price;
66             System.out.println(price);
67             balance = temp.toString();
68         }
69         break;
70     case "STUDENT":
71         price = attractionPrice * 0.9;
72         temp = getBalance() - price;
73         if (temp < 0) {
74             throw new InsufficientBalanceException("Not enough funds (" +
75                 ↪ -temp + "p) difference");
76         }
77         else {
78             Simulate.accumulate += price;
79             System.out.println(price);
80             balance = temp.toString();
81         }
82         break;
83     default:
84         //balance = Double.toString(getBalance() - attractionPrice);
85         System.out.println("error");
86         break;
87     }
88 }
89 }
90
91 public void useAttraction(double limit, double attractionPrice) throws
92     AgeRestrictionException, InsufficientBalanceException {
93     if (getAge() < limit) {
94         throw new AgeRestrictionException("Sorry, you are not old enough to use
95             ↪ this attraction.");
96     }
97     else
98         useAttraction(attractionPrice);
99 }
100 // Displays Discount information
101 protected static String getAvailableDiscountInfo() {
102     String infoTit = String.format(
103         "%-25s %-25s %-25s", "Family Discount",
104         "Student Discount", "Park Employees");
105     String info = String.format
106         ("% -25s %-25s %-25s", "15% deduction",
107         "10% deduction", "15% deduction");
108     return "\n" + infoTit + "\n" + info;
109 }
110
111 @Override
112 public String toString() {
113     String outPut = userID + "#" + name + "#" + age + "#" + balance;
114     if (personalDiscount == null || personalDiscount.equals("")) return outPut;

```



```

115         else outPut = outPut + "#" + personalDiscount;
116         return outPut;
117     }
118
119     @Override
120     public int hashCode() {
121         return Integer.parseInt(userID);
122     }
123
124     /* TEST HARNESS
125     public static void main(String[] args) throws InsufficientBalanceException {
126
127         // TEST 1 - Customer object with 5 fields:
128         String record = "123456,name,23,54.2,STUDENT";
129         ArrayList<String> objectBase = new
130             ↳ ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(record.split(",")));
131         Customer test = new Customer(objectBase);
132         System.out.println(test);
133
134         // TEST 2 - Customer object with 4 fields:
135         String record2 = "654321,name,23,23.1";
136         ArrayList<String> objectBase2 = new
137             ↳ ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(record2.split(",")));
138         Customer test2 = new Customer(objectBase2);
139         System.out.println(test2);
140
141         System.out.println(getAvailableDiscountInfo());
142
143         // WORKS
144         test2.useAttraction(4444);
145         test.useAttraction(4444);
146     }
147     */
148 }

```

Listing 6: PleasurePoint.java

```

1
2 package com.Greedy;
3
4 import java.io.File;
5 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
6 import java.util.*;
7
8
9
10 class Pleasure_Point {
11
12     // Static data types/structure for referencing in multiple methods.
13     private static double totalCap;
14     private static int totalDistance;
15     private static int countGen = 0;
16     private static ArrayList<RollerCoaster> rolList = new ArrayList<>();
17
18     // HashMaps to store multiple customer and attraction objects (separately).
19     private static HashMap<Integer, Customer> customers = new HashMap<>();
20     private static HashMap<String, Attraction> attractions = new HashMap<>();
21
22     // Constructor automatically creates customers and attractions when
23     ↪ Pleasure_Point class is created.
24     public Pleasure_Point() throws FileNotFoundException {
25         genAttractions();
26         genCustomers();
27     }
28
29     // Generates customer objects and adds them to the 'customers' HashMap.
30     public void genCustomers() throws FileNotFoundException {
31
32         Scanner scannerC = new Scanner(new File("customers.txt"));
33
34         /*
35         Loop that scans each line in file, stores as string type,
36         then splits string based off regex '#'
37         into a string[] type (called "fields").
38         With this data, we can create a 'new' instance of
39         class Customer (called "cus").
40         when then add this to CustomerList class (called "customers").
41         Repeats till encounters empty line.
42         */
43         while (scannerC.hasNextLine()) {
44             String record = scannerC.nextLine();
45             ArrayList<String> objectCus = new
46                 ↪ ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(record.split("#")));
47             Customer cus = new Customer(objectCus);
48             customers.put(cus.getUserID(), cus);
49         }
50         for (Integer key : customers.keySet()) {
51             System.out.println(customers.get(key));
52         }
53         System.out.println("\n");
54     }
55
56     // Generates attraction objects and adds them to the 'Attractions' HashMap.
57     public void genAttractions() throws FileNotFoundException {
58         Scanner scannerA = new Scanner(new File("attractions.txt"));

```

```

58
59     while(scannerA.hasNextLine()) {
60
61         String record = scannerA.nextLine();
62         ArrayList<String> objectBase = new
        ↪ ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(record.split("@")));
63         Attraction a = new Attraction(objectBase) {
64             @Override
65             double offPeakPrice() { return 0; }
66
67             @Override
68             public int getAgeRating() { return 0; }
69         };
70
71         // Switch checks what type of attraction it is, then builds object
72         ↪ accordingly.
73         switch(a.type) {
74             case "TRA":
75                 ArrayList<String> objectT = new
76                 ↪ ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(record.split("@")));
77                 TransportAttraction tran = new TransportAttraction(objectT);
78                 totalDistance += tran.getJourney();
79                 attractions.put(tran.name.trim(), tran);
80                 break;
81             case "GEN":
82                 ArrayList<String> objectG = new
83                 ↪ ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(record.split("@")));
84                 GentleAttraction gen = new GentleAttraction(objectG);
85                 totalCap += gen.getCapacity();
86                 countGen++;
87                 attractions.put(gen.name.trim(), gen);
88                 break;
89             case "ROL":
90                 ArrayList<String> objectR = new
91                 ↪ ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(record.split("@")));
92                 RollerCoaster rol = new RollerCoaster(objectR);
93                 attractions.put(rol.name.trim(), rol);
94                 rolList.add(rol);
95                 break;
96             default:
97                 System.out.println("Invalid attraction detected!");
98                 break;
99         }
100     }
101
102     // Accessors for HashMap(s).
103     public HashMap<Integer, Customer> getCustomerHashMap() {
104         return customers;
105     }
106     public HashMap<String, Attraction> getAttractionHashMap() { return attractions; }
107
108     // Method adds new customer (assuming request in transactions format).
109     public void addCustomer(String[] line) {
110         ArrayList<String> cus = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.asList(line));
111         if (cus.contains("ADD_CUSTOMER")) cus.remove(0);
112         Customer newCustomer = new Customer(cus);
113         customers.put(newCustomer.getUserID(), newCustomer);
114     }

```

```

113 // Shows result of adding all distances from transport attractions.
114 public void calculateTotalTransportDistance() {
115     System.out.println("The total transport distance of all transport
        ↳ attractions: " + totalDistance);
116 }
117
118 // Shows average amount of seats in a gentle attraction.
119 public void calculateAverageGentleCapacity() {
120     System.out.println("Average gentle attraction capacity (approx): " +
        ↳ Math.round(totalCap/countGen));
121 }
122
123 public void calculateMedianCoasterSpeed() {
124     // finds median if number of of roller coasters is odd.
125     rollList.sort(RollerCoaster::compareTo);
126     if(rollList.size()%2 != 0) {
127         System.out.println("The median roller coaster speed: " +
            ↳ rollList.get(rollList.size() / 2).maxMPH);
128     }
129     // finds median if number of of roller coasters is even.
130     else {
131         double temp =
            ↳ Math.round(Double.parseDouble(String.valueOf(rollList.size()/2)));
132         double median = ((temp - 1) + (temp + 2)) / 2;
133         System.out.println(median);
134     }
135 }
136
137 /* TEST HARNESS
138 public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
139
140     genCustomers();
141     genAttractions();
142     System.out.println(customers.get(585526));
143     System.out.println(attractions.get("Tower of Midnight").getCost());
144     String[] line = {"999888", "dave", "45", "65.22", null };
145     //AddCustomer(line);
146     customers.remove(999888);
147     System.out.println(customers.get(999888));
148
149     // RETURN TO STATIC TO USE
150     //System.out.println(getCustomerHashMap().get(585526));
151     //System.out.println(getAttractionHashMap().get("Tower of Midnight"));
152
153     // MAKE STATIC TO WORK IN THIS MAIN!
154     //calculateTotalTransportDistance();
155     //calculateAverageGentleCapacity();
156     //calculateMedianCoasterSpeed();
157 }
158 */
159 }

```



Listing 7: Simulate.java

```

1
2 package com.Greedy;
3
4 import java.io.File;
5 import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
6 import java.util.Arrays;
7 import java.util.Scanner;
8
9 /**
10  BY: CALLUM CLEGG [100279967]
11
12  Data-Structures:
13  I decided to make my customer and attraction constructors store data in an ArrayList.
14  I felt this was justified as the number of fields varied depending on the type of
15  customer or attraction subclass.
16
17  Furthermore, I used hash-maps to store my all customers and all attractions because
18  ↪ it is
19  capable of faster element access, I can also use hash keys which fits well with
20  ↪ unique
21  fields provided (i.e. 'userID' is always unique in-addition to attraction names
22  ↪ [viable primary key]).
23
24  Testing:
25  I have included the txt files I used to test different types of
26  ↪ customers/attractions.
27  The customers and attractions I used were pre-existing, meaning I could use the
28  ↪ original
29  'transactions.txt' in order to test if my classes were performing as expected.
30
31  All classes (except those that extend 'exception' or Simulate), have a 'TEST
32  ↪ HARNESS' located
33  at the bottom of each class. Redundant imports are present due to their need when
34  ↪ 'TEST HARNESS'
35  is un-commented.
36
37  LAST UPDATED: 08/04/2020
38  */
39
40 class Simulate {
41
42     // Single double variable that 'accumulates' profit from useAttraction method.
43     static double accumulate;
44
45     public static void main(String[] args) throws FileNotFoundException {
46         Simulate assignment = new Simulate();
47         System.out.println(assignment);
48     }
49
50     Simulate() throws FileNotFoundException {
51
52         Pleasure_Point pleasurePoint = new Pleasure_Point(); // Create instance of
53         ↪ Pleasure_Point object.
54         Scanner transactions = new Scanner(new File("transactions.txt"));
55
56         while (transactions.hasNextLine()) {
57
58             //Break down each line of the transactions file into a number of fields.
59             String record = transactions.nextLine();

```

```

52 String[] fields = record.split(",");
53
54 // Switch checks what type of transaction the line is, acts accordingly
55   ↳ (based off index 0).
56 switch (fields[0]) {
57     case "USE_ATTRACTION":
58
59         String name = fields[3].trim();
60
61         double price =
62             ↳ pleasurePoint.getAttractionHashMap().get(name).getCost();
63         double priceOffPeak =
64             ↳ pleasurePoint.getAttractionHashMap().get(name).offPeakPrice();
65
66         // Required age for ride (only relevant to roller coasters).
67         int age =
68             ↳ pleasurePoint.getAttractionHashMap().get(fields[3]).getAgeRating();
69
70         // Try catch to see if user has enough in balance to pay for ride
71         ↳ referenced in index 3.
72         try {
73             if
74                 ↳ (pleasurePoint.getAttractionHashMap().get(fields[3]).type.equals
75                 ↳ {
76
77                 if (fields[1].equals("STANDARD_PRICE")) {
78                     System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
79                         get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])));
80                     pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
81                         get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])).useAttraction(age,
82                             ↳ price);
83                     System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
84                         get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])) + "\n");
85                 } else if (fields[1].equals("OFF_PEAK")) {
86                     System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
87                         get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])));
88
89                     pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
90                         get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])).useAttraction(age,
91                             ↳ priceOffPeak);
92                     System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
93                         get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])) + "\n");
94                 } else {
95                     System.out.println("ERROR: OFF_PEAK or STANDARD_PRICE
96                         ↳ not found!");
97                     System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
98                         get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])));
99                     break;
100                 }
101             }
102         } catch (InsufficientBalanceException | AgeRestrictionException
103             ↳ e) {
104             System.out.println(e.toString() + " -> " + fields[2] + "\n");
105         }
106
107         try {
108             if
109                 ↳ (!pleasurePoint.getAttractionHashMap().get(fields[3]).type.equals
110                 ↳ {

```

```

99
100         if (fields[1].equals("STANDARD_PRICE")) {
101             System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
102                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])));
103             pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])).
104                 useAttraction(Double.parseDouble(String.valueOf(price)));
105             System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
106                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])) + "\n");
107         } else if (fields[1].equals("OFF_PEAK")) {
108             System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
109                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])));
110             pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
111                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])).useAttraction(price);
112             System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
113                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])) + "\n");
114         } else {
115             System.out.println("ERROR: OFF_PEAK or STANDARD_PRICE
116                 ↪ not found!");
117             System.out.println(pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
118                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[2])) + "\n");
119             break;
120         }
121     } catch (InsufficientBalanceException e) {
122         System.out.println(e.toString() + " -> " + fields[2] + "\n");
123     }
124
125     break;
126
127     case "NEW_CUSTOMER":
128         fields = Arrays.copyOfRange(fields, 1, fields.length);
129         pleasurePoint.addCustomer(fields);
130         System.out.println("NEW CUSTOMER: " +
131             ↪ pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
132                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[0])) + "\n");
133         break;
134     case "ADD_FUNDS":
135         System.out.println("Before: " +
136             ↪ pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
137                 get(Integer.parseInt(fields[1])));
138
139         System.out.println(fields[2] + "+");
140
141         pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().get(Integer.parseInt(fields[1])).addFunds(fields[2]);
142
143         System.out.println("After: " + pleasurePoint.getCustomerHashMap().
144             get(Integer.parseInt(fields[1])) + "\n");
145         break;
146     default:
147         System.out.println("ERROR");
148 }
149
150 System.out.println("\n");
151
152 pleasurePoint.calculateAverageGentleCapacity();
153 pleasurePoint.calculateMedianCoasterSpeed();
154 pleasurePoint.calculateTotalTransportDistance();
155 System.out.println(Customer.getAvailableDiscountInfo());

```

```
156         System.out.println("Total profit: " + accumulate);
157     }
158     @Override
159     public String toString() { return ""; }
160 }
```



Listing 8: InsufficientBalanceException.java

```
1 package com.Greedy;
2
3 // Custom exception for insufficient balance
4 class InsufficientBalanceException extends Exception {
5     InsufficientBalanceException(String message) {
6         super(message);
7     }
8 }
```

Listing 9: AgeRestrictionException.java

```
1 package com.Greedy;
2
3 // Custom exception for age restriction.
4 public class AgeRestrictionException extends Exception {
5     AgeRestrictionException(String message) {
6         super(message);
7     }
8 }
```