

Program to find HCF and LCM of two numbers



Program

Logic

Syntax

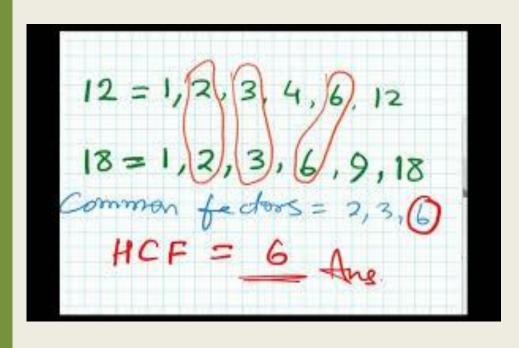
What is HCF??

- ☐ HCF stands for ***Highest common factor**.
- ☐ HCF can also be said as *greatest common divisor.
- HCF is The greatest number which divides each of the two or more numbers.

or

The HCF or GCD of two integers is the largest integer that can exactly divide both numbers (without a remainder).

Finding hcf in mathematics



Example 1

Example 2

Algorithm of finding GCD of two numbers

- ✓ Step 1 \rightarrow Define two variables A, B
- ✓ Step 2 \rightarrow Find the smallest number of the given A and B and store the smaller number in a separate variable sm
- ✓ Step 3 \rightarrow Set loop from 1 to sm(smaller of a & b)
- ✓ Step 4 → Check if both are completely divided by same loop number, if yes, store it
- ✓ Step $5 \rightarrow$ Display the stored number is HCF

Example of finding gcd using algorithm

- ✓ If A= 16 and b=20
- ✓ SM=16 and loop will move from 1 to 16
- ✓ NOW, we know the first common factor of 16 and 20 is 1.
- ✓ It will get stored in the variable let's say hcf=1;
- ✓ Now, after second iteration, i=2 then also hcf get initialized as hcf=2.
- ✓ Similarly, loop goes on till 16, and the last common factor is 4.
- ✓ So, finally hcf gets initialized as 4 and it will get displayed

Final Program

```
import java.util.*;
                                                  for(i=1;i \le sm;i++)
class hcf
                                                          if(a\%i = 0\&\&b\%i = 0)
  public static void main(String[] Args)
                                                             hcf= i;
     int a,b,i,sm,hcf=0;
     Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter two numbers");
                                                    lcm =
                                                       System.out.println("HCF is "+hcf);
     a = sc.nextInt();
     b = sc.nextInt();
     sm = (a < b)?a:b;
```