

## Linear Search in JAVA

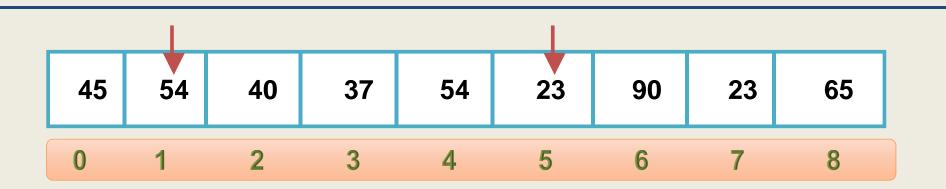


**Program** 

Logic

**Syntax** 

## First Occurrence Of The Number In The Array

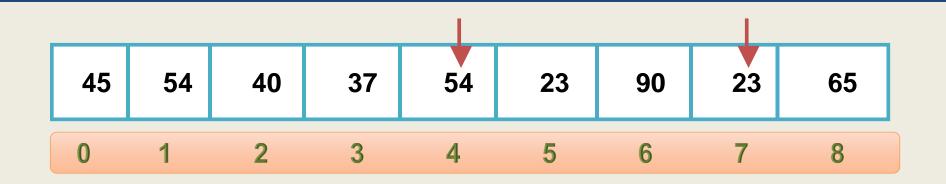


Element	First Occurrence
54	Index: 1; Position: 2
23	Index: 5; Position: 6
40	Index: 2; Position: 3
32	Not Found

WAP to input n numbers in an array and a number to search in the array. Perform the Linear Search and check whether the number is present in the array or not. If present, print the **first occurrence** of the number.

```
import java.util.*;
public class first_occurrence {
 public static void main(String Args[]) {
    int l,i,flag=0;
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
    L= sc.nextInt();
    int A[] = new int[L];
    System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array");
    for(i = 0; i < L; i++) {
    A[i] = sc.nextInt();
   System.out.println("Enter the element to be searched");
   int n = sc.nextInt();
    for(i=0; i< L; i++)
      if(A[i] == n) {
        flag=1;
        break;
```

## Last Occurrence Of The Number In The Array

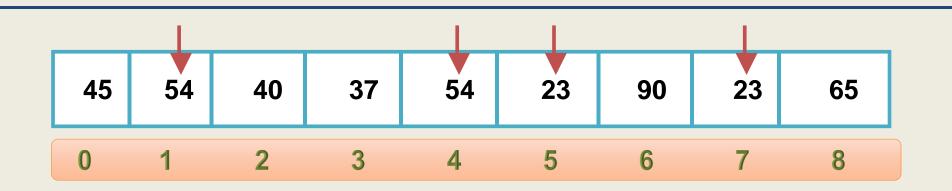


Element	First Occurrence
54	Index: 4; Position: 5
23	Index: 7; Position: 8
40	Index: 2; Position: 3
32	Not Found

WAP to input n numbers in an array and a number to search in the array. Perform the Linear Search and check whether the number is present in the array or not. If present, print the **last occurrence** of the number.

```
import java.util.*;
public class last_occurrence {
 public static void main (String Args[]) {
    int l,i,flag=0;
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
    L= sc.nextInt();
    int A[] = new int[L];
    System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array");
    for(i = 0; i < L; i++) {
    A[i] = sc.nextInt();
   System.out.println("Enter the element to be searched");
   int n = sc.nextInt();
    for(i=L-1; i>=0; i--)
      if(A[i] == n) {
        flag=1;
        break;
```

## All Occurrences Of The Number In The Array



Element	First Occurrence
54	Index: 1,4; Position: 2,5
23	Index: 5,7; Position: 6,8
40	Index: 2; Position: 3
32	Not Found

WAP to input n numbers in an array and a number to search in the array. Perform the Linear Search and check whether the number is present in the array or not. If present, print the **all occurrences** of the number.

```
import java.util.*;
public class all_occurrence {
 public static void main(String Args[]) {
    int l,i,flag=0;
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
    L= sc.nextInt();
    int A[] = new int[L];
    System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array");
    for(i = 0; i < L; i++) {
    A[i] = sc.nextInt();
   System.out.println("Enter the element to be searched");
   int n = sc.nextInt();
   for(i=0; i< L; i++)
      if(A[i]==n)
        flag=1;
        System.out.println("Element found at index "+i+" at position "+ (i+1));
```

```
if(flag= =0){
    System.out.println("Not Found");
    }
}
```

WAP to input roll numbers & marks of n students in two different arrays. Take an input the roll number & print its respective marks.

```
import java.util.*;
public class student {
 public static void main(String Args[]) {
    int i,flag=0;
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the size of the arrays");
    int L= sc.nextInt();
    int R[] = new int[L];
    int M[] = new int[L];
    for(i = 0; i < L; i++) {
      System.out.println("Enter the roll no and marks of
"+(i+1)+" student");
    R[i] = sc.nextInt();
    M[i] = sc.nextInt();
   System.out.println("Enter the roll no to be searched");
   int n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
for(i=0;i<L;i++) {
      if(R[i]==n){
          flag=1;
          break;
      }
      if(flag==1)
      System.out.println("Marks of this student "+M[i]);
      else
          System.out.println("Invalid Roll Number");
      }
}</pre>
```