

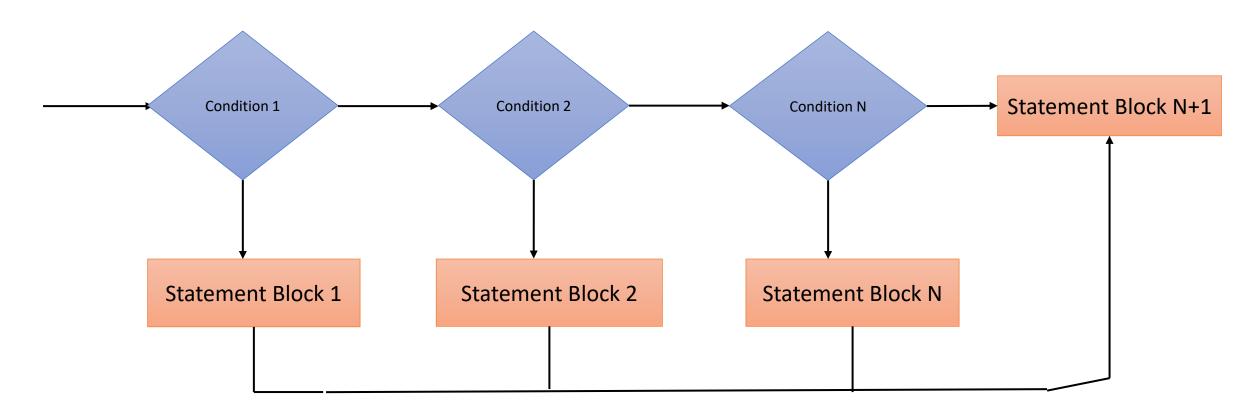
Module 4: Multiple If-Else



Multiple If-else statement

• It is Multi branch statement used to evaluate more than one conditions.

FLOWCHART OF MULTIPLE IF- ELSE:-



Syntax and Example of Multiple If-Else

```
if (condition)
  Body part code runs on if
  condition true.
  } elseif (condition)
  Body part code runs on
  elseif condition true.
  } else {
  Body part code runs on
  both if and elseif
  condition false.
```

```
Example:
    if (score >= 90)
          printf("A\n");
    else if (score >= 80)
          printf("B\n");
    else if (score >= 70)
          printf("C\n");
    else if (score >= 60)
          printf("D\n");
    else
          printf("F\n");
```

Programs based on Multiple If-Else

- 1. WAP to input a number and check one digit, two digit or more than one digit.
- 2. WAP to input two numbers and print the absolute difference between them.

 It means if there are two numbers let a and b and if a>b (5,3) then absolute difference is 5-3(a-b), else if a<b (3,5) then absolute difference is 5-3(b-a).
- 3. WAP to input three numbers and print the largest of them or smallest of them.
- 4. WAP to print roots of quadratic equation when the coefficients a, b and c will be given by the user. [Use Shri Dharacharaya Formula: $-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 4ac}$ /2a]
- 5. WAP to input a number and print it in words.[From 0 to 9].

Solution of the above programs

1. WAP to input a number and check one digit, two digit or more than two digits.

```
import java.util.*;
class digit{
  public static void main(String Args[])
    int a;
    Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
    a= sc.nextInt();
    if(a>=0 \&\& a<=9)
      System.out.println("one digit");
    else if(a>=10 && a<=99) {
      System.out.println("Two digits");
    else{
      System.out.println("Two digits");
```

2. WAP to input two numbers and print the absolute difference between them.

```
import java.util.*;
class absolute difference
  public static void main(String Args[])
    int a,b,c;
    Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter two numbers");
    a= sc.nextInt();
    b= sc.nextInt();
    if(a<b)
     c= b-a;
     System.out.println("The absolute difference is:"+c);
    else
      c=a-b;
      System.out.println("The absolute difference is:"+c);
```

Solution of the above programs

3. WAP to input three numbers and print the largest of them or smallest of them.

```
import java.util.*;
class largest {
  public static void main(String Args[])
    int a,b,c;
     Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
    a= sc.nextInt();
     b= sc.nextInt();
    c= sc.nextInt();
    if(a>b && a>c)
       System.out.println(a+ "is largest");
     else if(b>c && b>a) {
       System.out.println(b+ "is largest");
     else{
      System.out.println(c+ "is largest");
```

4. WAP to print roots of quadratic equation when the coefficients a, b and c will be given by the user.

```
import java.util.*;
class root {
 public static void main(String Args[]) {
    int a,b,c;
    double d,x,y;
    Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter three numbers");
    a= sc.nextInt(); b= sc.nextInt(); c = sc.nextInt();
    d = (b*b) - (4*a*c)
    if(d>0) {
    x = (-b + Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
    y = (-b - Math.sqrt(d))/(2*a);
    else if (d==0) {
      x = y = (-b)/(2*a);
   else {
      x=y=0;
      System.out.println("The roots are imaginary");
    System.out.println(x);
   System.out.println(y);
```

Solution of the above programs

```
5. WAP to input a number and print it in words. [From 0 to 9].
import java.util.*;
class num words{
  public static void main(String Args[])
    int a;
    Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter a number");
    a= sc.nextInt();
    if(a==0){
      System.out.println("Zero");
    else if(a==1)
      System.out.println("One");
    else if(a==2){
      System.out.println("Two");
    else if(a==3){
      System.out.println("Three");
```

```
else if(a==4){
      System.out.println("Four");
    else if(a==5){
      System.out.println("Five");
    else if(a==6){
      System.out.println("Six");
    else if(a==7){
      System.out.println("Seven");
    else if(a==8){
       System.out.println("Eight");
    else if(a==9){
      System.out.println("Nine");
    else{
      System.out.println("Enter only from 0 to 9");
```