

4 video

# # Hoisting in JS (variable & function)

## Execution Context

### Phase 1

### Memory Creation

Before execution of code  
memory is allocated to all function & variable  
variable → undefined  
function → copy of function code.

### Phase 2 Code Execution

Actual values are assigned to variable & calculation happens.

Ex 1

```
var x = 7;
function getName() {
  console.log("Namaste JS");
}
```

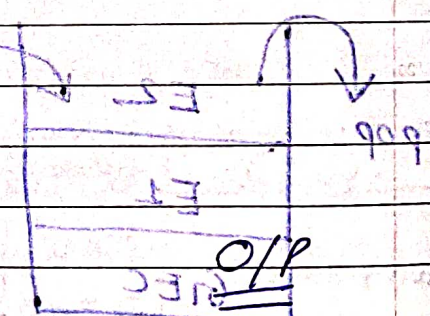
```
getName();
console.log(x);
```

O/P  
Namaste JS  
7

Ex 2

```
getName();
console.log(x);
```

```
function getName() {
  console.log("Namaste JS");
}
var x = 7;
```



Namaste JS  
undefined

Ex 3

```
getName();
console.log(x);
console.log(getName);
function getName() {
  console.log("Namaste JS");
}
```

- O/P
- Namaste JS
  - Uncaught ReferenceError: x is not defined. at index.js: 2
  - getName() & console.log("Namaste JS");



## Undefined

→ memory is allocated but value is not assigned.

→ variable is present but is being accessed before value is assigned to it.  
[only memory allocation phase is done & code execution for that variable is not over yet]

## Not defined

→ variable is not present in execution context / program

→ No memory is allocated to that variable

\* Before Actual code execution memory is allocated to all variables and function in memory creation phase of Execution context.

Ex 4. `getName();`

`console.log(x);`

`console.log(getName());`

`console.log(getName2);`

`var x = 7;`

`var getName = () => console.log("Namaste JS");`

`function getName2() {`

`console.log("Hello JS");`

o/p

invalid or unexpected token

undefined

undefined

`getName2() & console.log("Hello JS");`

\* Arrow function syntax

act as a variable in

memory creation

phase.