

## 10 Popular Memory Leaks in JS

1.

### Accidental global variables

```
b = 15;
```

```
function abcc() {
```

```
    c = "Hi charde system design";
```

```
}
```

```
abcc();
```

```
function abcd() {
```

```
    this.d = "Love to charde SD";
```

```
}
```

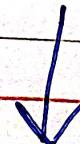
```
abcd();
```

```
console.log(b, c, d);
```

→ // we are able to access all those -  
variable as they are declared globally.

- accidentally it may override
- normal JS function behave  
differently i.e. it also creates  
global variable.

How we can fix this



"use strict";

```
var b = 15;
function abc(c) {
    var c = "Hi charde system design";
}
abc();
console.log(window.c);

function abcd() {
    this.d = "Love to charde SP";
}
new abcd();
console.log(c, d)
```

↓      ↓  
      →  
    undefined

## 2. Forgotten timers or callbacks

```
var timer = setInterval(function() {
    var node = document.getElementById('node');
    if (node) {
        node.innerHTML = JSON.stringify(
            - someResource);
        clearInterval(timer);
    }
}, 1000);
```

3

### Remove Listeners if not required

```
var ele = document.getElementById('button');  
var text = document.getElementById('text');
```

```
function onClick() {  
    console.log("clicked");  
    text.innerHTML = 'text';  
}
```

```
function removeListener() {  
    element.removeEventListener('click', onClick);  
}
```

```
function addListener() {  
    removeListener();  
    element.addEventListener('click', onClick);  
}
```

```
function render() {  
    setInterval(() => {  
        addListener();  
    }, 3000);  
}
```

```
render();
```

Other Way

```
var ele = document.getElementById('button');
```

```
var text = document.getElementById('text');
```

```
function onClick() {
```

```
    console.log('Clicked');
```

```
    text.innerHTML = 'text';
```

```
}
```

```
function addListener() {
```

```
    element.addEventListener('click', onClick,  
    { once: true })
```

```
}
```

```
addListener();
```

out of

## 4 DOM Reference

```
var a = document.getElementById('rg1');
```

```
console.log(a);
```

```
document.body.removeChild(document.getElementById  
some html ('rg1'));
```

```
console.log(document.getElementById('rg1'));
```

```
console.log(a);
```

some html // somehow it stores that data.  
null

what to do  
manually clear it

Date:  
Page No.

document.body.remove(a)  
a = null

## 5 Closures

var theThing = null;

var replaceThing = function () {

var originalThing = theThing;

var unused = function () {

if (originalThing)

console.log("hi");

}

theThing = f

longsb: new Array(1000000),

someMethod: function () {

console.log("Bye");

}

}

setInterval(replaceThing, 1000);

it  
will  
increase the  
memory  
for  
JSVM instance  
in memory  
tab

## ⑥ Reference Object cycle

let  $x = \{$

$a: \{$

$b: 2,$

$y,$

$z\};$

$var y = x;$

`console.log(x, y);`

`console.log('-----');`

$x = 1;$

`console.log(x, y);`

`console.log('-----');`

$var z = y.a;$

`console.log(x, y, z);`

$y = 2;$

`console.log(x, y, z);`

`console.log('-----');`

$z = 3;$

`console.log(x, y, z);`

(7)

## Detached window

```
let notesWindow;
```

```
function showNotes() {
```

```
notesWindow = window.open("/example 7/index.html");
notesWindow.document.addEventListener("click", nextSlide);
```

3

```
document.getElementById("notes").onClick =
```

```
showNotes;
```

```
let slide = 1;
```

```
function nextSlide() {
```

```
slide += 1;
```

```
notesWindow.document.title = `Slide ${slide}`;
```

4

```
document.getElementById("title").onClick =
```

```
nextSlide;
```

```
function closeNotes() {
```

```
notesWindow.close();
```

```
notesWindow = null;
```

5

```
document.getElementById("close").onClick =
```

```
closeNotes;
```

## 8 Forget to stop listening.

When we creates the promise but it didn't resolving or rejecting or you can say not occurring anything.

async function randomString(length) {

    await new Promise((resolve) => setTimeout(resolve, 1))

    : return result;

}

(async function main() {

    const unsettled = new Promise((c) => f3),  
    for (let i = 0; i < 1000; i++) {

        await Promise.race([unsettled, randomString(1000)]),

    }

}();



This will increase the memory.

## Forget to disconnect

Resize Observer

Intersection Observer

Mutation Observer

In the above observer don't forget  
to call `.disconnect()` or  
`.unobserve()`

## Virtualization of DOM

windowed or virtualization

→ only the visible rows are rendered.

~~adjust its configurable properties -  
below to see.~~

→ also take care of the data which  
is fetched from the api. It should  
also not cause memory leak.