

## Today's Content

- Submatrix Sum Queries
- Sum of all Submatrices
- Max Submatrix Sum

1) 2D arrays.

2) Sum of Subarray 1D

3) Kadane

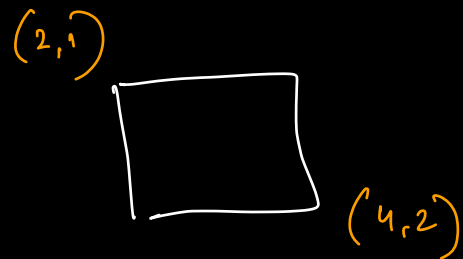
Q1) Given a matrix of size  $N \times M$ . Find sum of given submatrix

$\hookrightarrow$  part of matrix  
 $\hookrightarrow$  single element /

Eg

	0	1	2	3
0	2	-1	3	2
1	3	2	6	2
2	10	9	8	2
3	4	-1	2	3
4	3	2	6	9

Q : TL : (2,1)  
BR : (4,2)



Brute force: iterate through the submatrix & find sum.

TC :  $O(QMN)$

SC :  $O(1)$

Idea 2 :

$pl[i][j]$  = prefix matrix

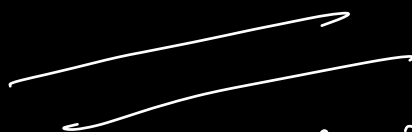
$pl[i][j]$  = Sum of all elements

$[(0,0) - (i,j)]$

	0	1	2	3
0				
1				
2				
3				
4				

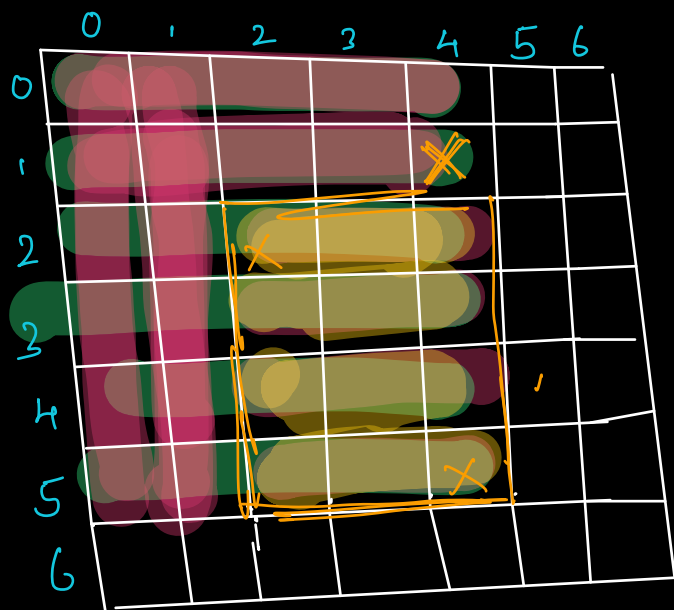
$$P[i][j] = \text{Sum} \{ (0,0) - (i,j) \}$$

$$1) P[3][2]$$



$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, j$$

Assuming we have  $P[3][2]$



$$\text{Sum} \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} \text{TL} & \text{BR} \\ (2,2) & (5,4) \end{array} \right\}$$

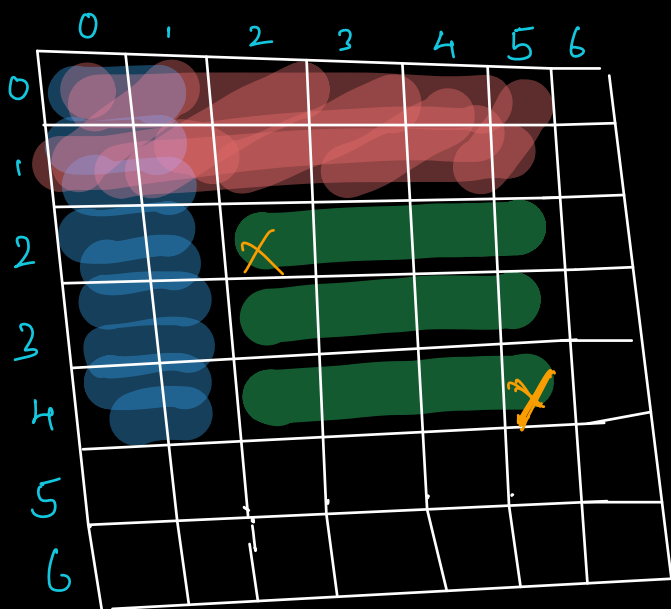
$$\text{Sum} = P\{ \underline{[5]} [4] \}$$

$$P\{ [1] [4] \}$$

$$P\{ \underline{[5]} [1] \}$$

+

$$P\{ [1] [1] \}$$



$$\text{Sum} \left\{ \begin{array}{cc} \text{TL} & \text{BR} \\ (2,2) & (4,5) \end{array} \right\}$$

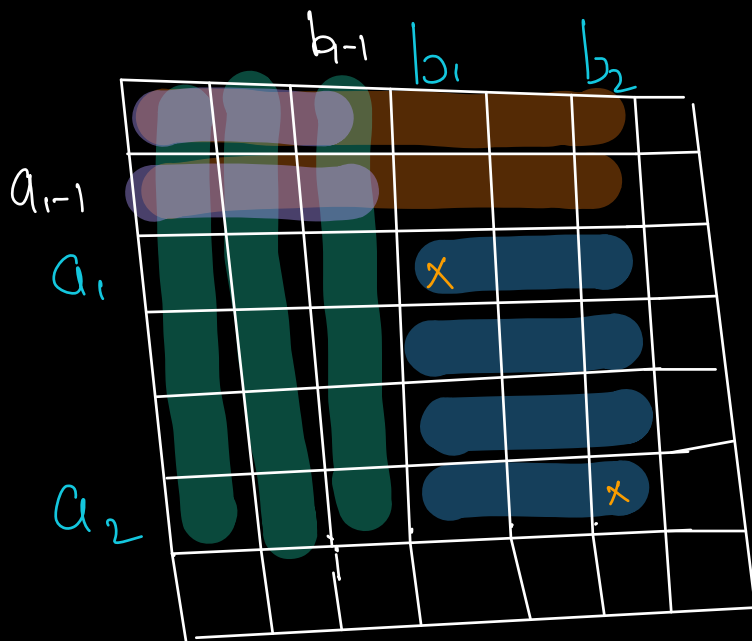
$$P\{ [4] [5] \}$$

$$P\{ \underline{[1]} [5] \}$$

$$P\{ [4] [1] \}$$

+

$$P\{ [1] [1] \}$$



TL BR  
Q :  $(a_1, b_1)$   $(a_2, b_2)$

$Pf[a_2][b_2]$

$Pf[a_1-1][b_2]$

$Pf[a_2][b_1-1]$

+

$Pf[a_1-1][b_1-1]$

$a_1 > 0$   
↑

$$ans = Pf[a_2][b_2] - Pf[a_1-1][b_2] - Pf[a_2][b_1-1]$$

$$+ Pf[a_1-1][b_1-1]$$

↓  
 $b_1 > 0$

↓  
 $a_1 > 0 \& b_1 > 0$

If you update  
↑  
constant

for Query =  $O(1)$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow O(1) \\ \leftarrow O(mn) \end{array} \right.$

# Calculating Prefix [][ ]

$a_0$	$b_0$	$c_0$
$a_1$	$b_1$	$c_1$
$a_2$	$b_2$	$c_2$

↓  
row wise  
prefix  
sum

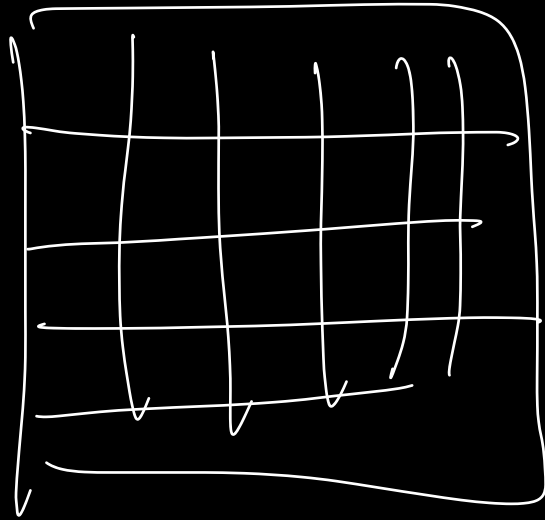
$a_0$	$a_0 + b_0$	$a_0 + b_0 + c_0$
$a_1$	$a_1 + b_1$	$a_1 + b_1 + c_1$
$a_2$	$a_2 + b_2$	$a_2 + b_2 + c_2$

Prefix  
sum  
→  
column  
wise

$a_0$	$a_0 + b_0$	$a_0 + b_0 + c_0$
$a_0 + a_1$	$a_0 + b_0 + a_1 + b_1$	$a_0 + b_0 + c_0 + a_1 + b_1 + c_1$
$a_0 + a_1 + a_2$	$a_0 + b_0 + a_1 + b_1 + a_2 + b_2$	$a_0 + b_0 + c_0 + a_1 + b_1 + c_1 + a_2 + b_2 + c_2$

$$Tc: n \times m + m \times n$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{\underline{O(mn)}}$$




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Entire Question with

Q Queries

nr 1.1

$$Tc: O(mn + q)$$

1

Q2 Given a matrix of size  $N \times M$ , find sum of all Submatrix Sum.

Ex:

$$\begin{matrix} & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 \\ 2 & 2 & 4 \end{matrix} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} [3], [3, 1], [3, -1], [3, 1, -1, -2] \\ [2, -1, 2], [3, 1, -1, -2, 2, 4], [1], [1, -2] \\ [1, -2, 4], [-1], [-1, -2], [-1, 2] \\ [-1, -2, 2, 4], [-2], [-2, 4], [2] \\ [2, 4], [4] \end{array} \right.$$

$$3 \times (6) + 1 \times (6) + -1 \times (8) + -2 \times (8)$$

$$2 \times (6) + 4 \times (6) \Rightarrow 36$$

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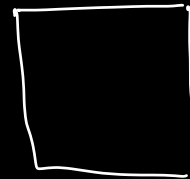
Given element  $(i, j)$ , how many submatrices would it be in?



	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	T	T	T	T			
1	T	T	T	T			
2	T	T	T	<del>T</del> B	B	B	B
3				B	B	B	B
4				B	B	B	B
5				B	B	B	B
6				B	B	B	B

How many submatrix  
cell [2,3] is in = ?

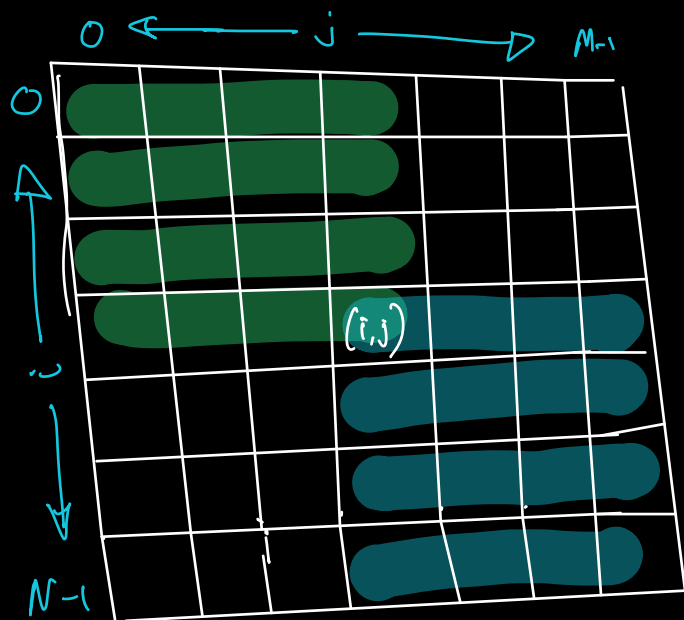
(TL)  $\Rightarrow$  12 possibilities



(BR)

(20 possibilities)

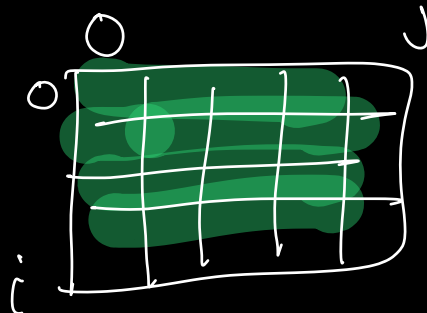
Generalize



How many submatrix  
cell  $[i, j]$  is in = ?

$$T \Rightarrow (i+1) \times (j+1)$$

$$B \Rightarrow (n-i) \times (m-j)$$



mat[ ][ ]

ans = 0

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {

int cnt = (i+1) \* (j+1) \* (n-i) \* (m-j)

ans = ans + cnt \* mat[i][j];

}

}

return ans;

T.C:  $O(M \times N)$

S.C:  $O(1)$

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Q<sub>3</sub> Given a matrix  $[N \times M]$ , find **max**  
**submatrix sum**, where submatrix starts  
**row = 0** and ends **row = n-1**

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	-3	2	3	4	-6	4
1	5	5	-5	2	2	-7
2	-4	-3	1	-1	1	4

0	1	2	3	4	5
-2	4	-1	5	-3	1

 $\Rightarrow$  **8**

Q4 Given a matrix  $[N \times M]$ , find max submatrix sum, where submatrix starts row = 0 and ends anywhere

	0	1	2	3	4	5
0	2	-4	1	3	-1	2
1	1	3	2	-7	3	3
2	0	-1	1	3	4	-7
3	1	-1	-6	4	-4	6

$[0] [0] [1] [0] [0] [0]$

- Case 1 start = 0 end = 0 Apply Kadane  $[2 | -4 | 1 | 3 | -1 | 2] \Rightarrow 5$
- Case 2 0 1  $[3 | -1 | 3 | -4 | 2 | 5] \Rightarrow 8$
- Case 3 0 2  $[3 | -2 | 4 | -1 | 6 | -2] \Rightarrow 10$
- Case 4 0 3  $[4 | -3 | -2 | 3 | 2 | 4] \Rightarrow 9$

## Pseudo Code

st = 0

ans = INT\_MIN;

sum[m] = {0};

for (int end = 0 ; end < n ; end++) {

for (int i = 0 ; i < m ; i++) {  
O(m) = sum[i] = sum[i] + mat[end][i];  
}

O(m) = current\_max = kadane(sum)

ans = max(ans, current\_max);

}

return ans;

Tc :  $O(nm)$

Sc :  $O(m)$

Q4 Given a matrix  $[N \times M]$ , find max submatrix sum, where submatrix starts anywhere and ends anywhere.

```
for (st = 0; st < n; st++) {
```

```
    sum[m] = {0};
```

```
    for (int end = st; end < n; end++) {
```

```
        for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
            sum[i] = sum[i] + mat[end][i];
        }

```

```
        cur_max = kadane(sum)
```

```
        ans = max(ans, cur_max);
    }
}

```

return ans

$$TC: (n \times m \times m) \\ = (n^2 m)$$

$$SC: O(m)$$

Case 1      start      end  
                 0            0

Case 2      0            1

Case 3      0            2

Case 4      0            3

start      end  
    1      1

1      2  
1

