

PROBABILITY ASSIGNMENT

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4 solution 2

1 Since A and B are independent events, we have

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 $1 \qquad (i).P(AB)=P(A) P(B)$

1 $P(AB)=0.3 \times 0.4$

P(AB) = 0.12

(ii). P(A+B)=P(A)+P(B)-P(AB)

P(A+B)=0.3+0.4-0.12=0.58

(iii).P(A | B)= $\frac{0.12}{0.40}$ =0.3

(iv).P(B | A)= $\frac{P(B+A)}{P(A)} = \frac{0.12}{0.30} = 0.4$

1 problem 1

compute P(A | B),IF P(B)=0.5 and P(AB)=0.32 ?

2 solution 1

By using property of conditional probability we have,

$$P(A \mid B) = \frac{P(AB)}{P(B)} = \frac{0.32}{0.5} = 0.64$$

3 problem 2

Let A and B be independent events with P(A)=0.3 and P(B)=0.4 find

(i).P(AB)

(ii).P(A+B)

(iii). $P(A \mid B)$

(iv).P(B | A)

5 problem 3

Two dice are thrown simultaneously. If X denotes the number of sixes, find the expectation of X.

6 solution 3

let X be the random variable which denotes the number of sixes on two dices so,

X may have value 0,1,or 2 $\,$

Total number of possible outcomes = 36 when a two discs are rolled once,

 $P(X=0)=P(\text{non-six on both side})=\frac{25}{36}$

P(X=1)=P(six on first and non six on

second)+P(non six on first and six on the second)= $\frac{10}{36}$

Therefore, The required probability distribution as follows

X	0	1	2
P(X)	$\frac{25}{36}$	$\frac{10}{36}$	$\frac{1}{36}$

The Expectation of X=Mean of the variable X

$$E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i P(x_i)$$

$$\sum X P(X) = \frac{1}{3}$$