



# National University of Sciences and Technology (NUST)

SEECS

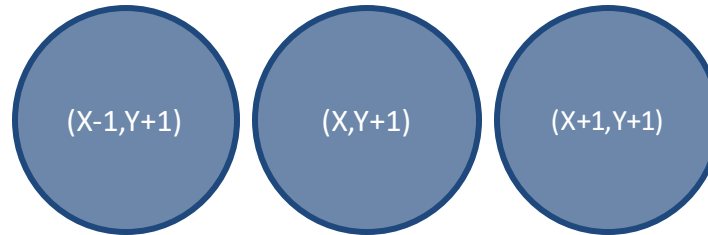
## Digital Image Processing

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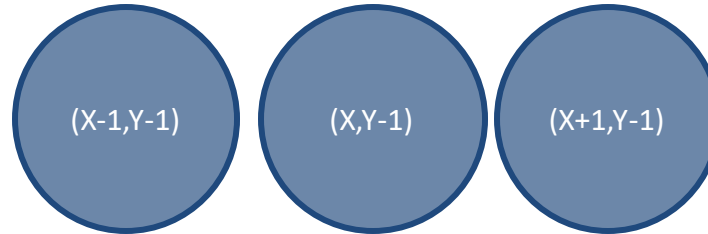
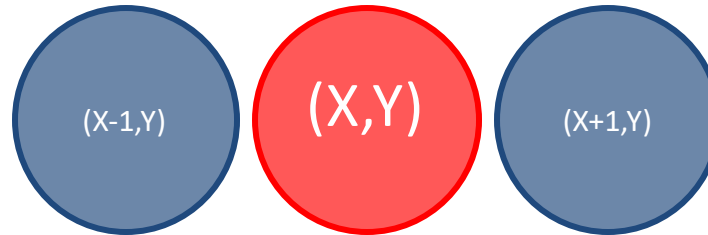
# Pixel Connectivity

- ◆ Neighbors of pixel are the pixels that are adjacent to the identified pixel.

(Diagonal Pixels)



(4 Connectivity)

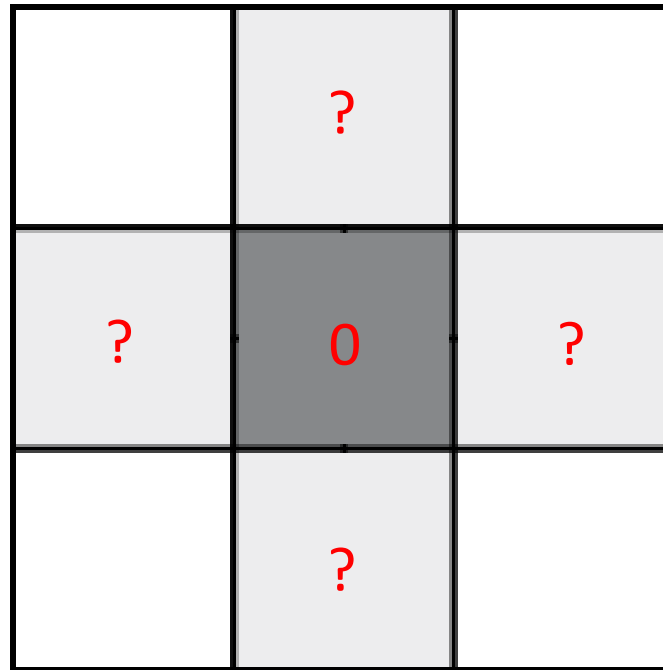


(8 Connectivity)

We can divide distance between pixels in following categories

- City Block Distance -  $D_4$
- Chess Board Distance -  $D_8$
- Euclidean Distance -  $D_E$

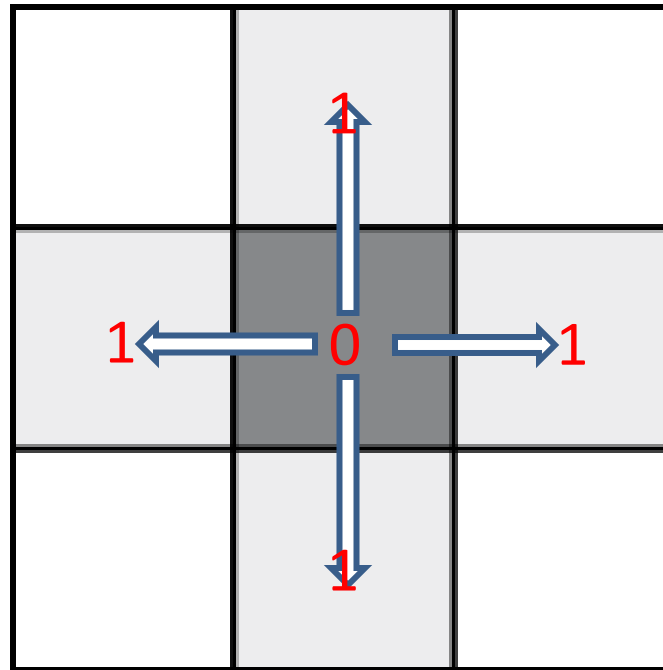
City block distance ( $D_4$  distance)



calculate neighboring pixel distance if

**1 small square = 1 unit**

## City block distance ( $D_4$ distance)

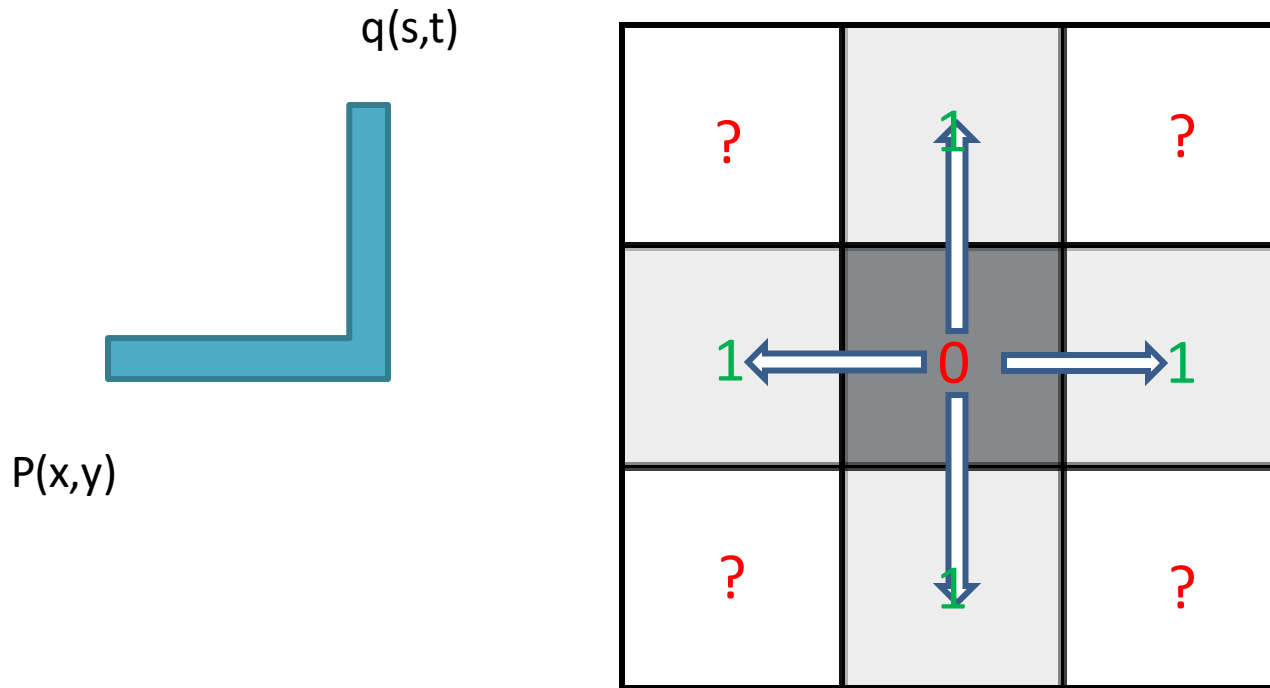


calculate neighboring pixel distance if

**1 small square = 1 unit**

# Distance Measures

City block distance ( $D_4$  distance)

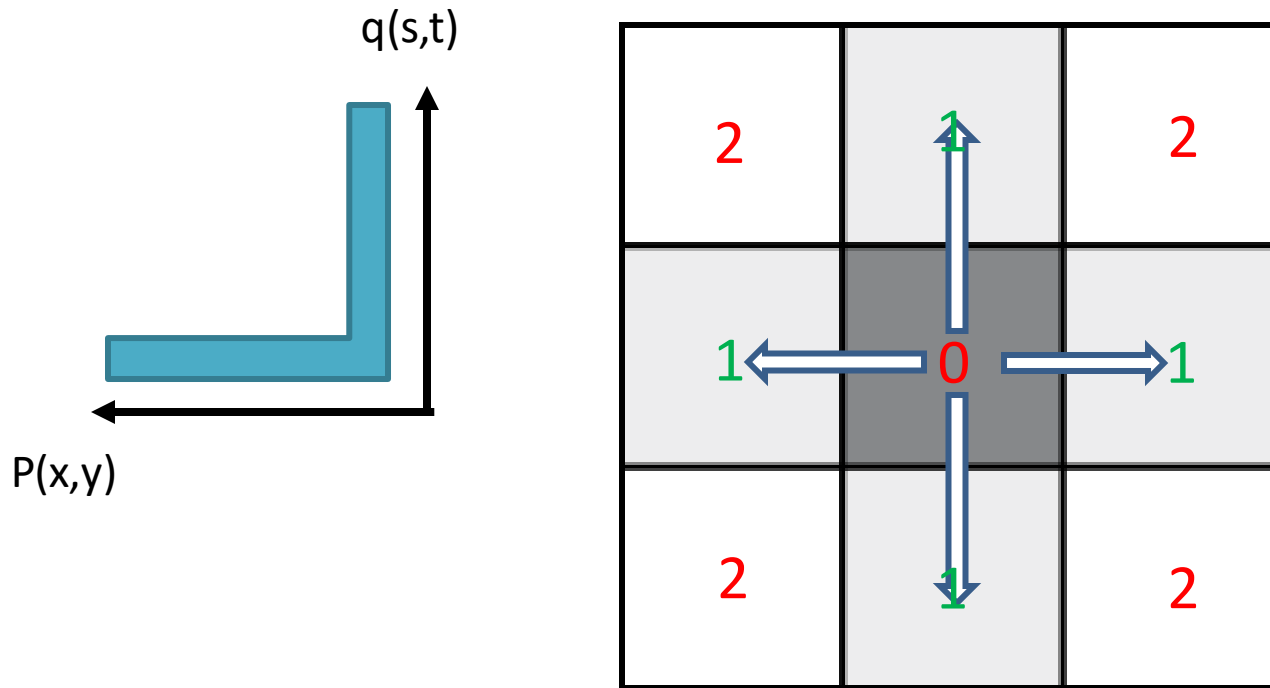


Calculate diagonal pixel distance if

**1 small square = 1 unit**

# Distance Measures

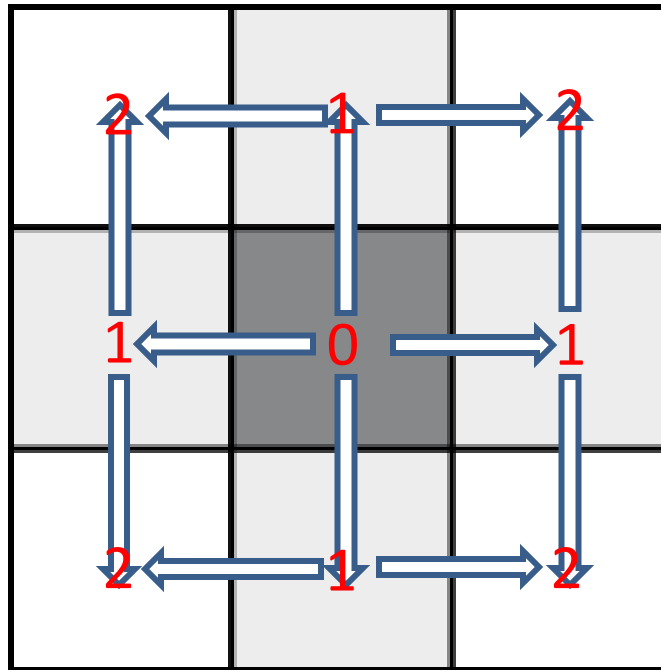
## City block distance ( $D_4$ distance)



Can you write the equation to calculate the **city block distance**?

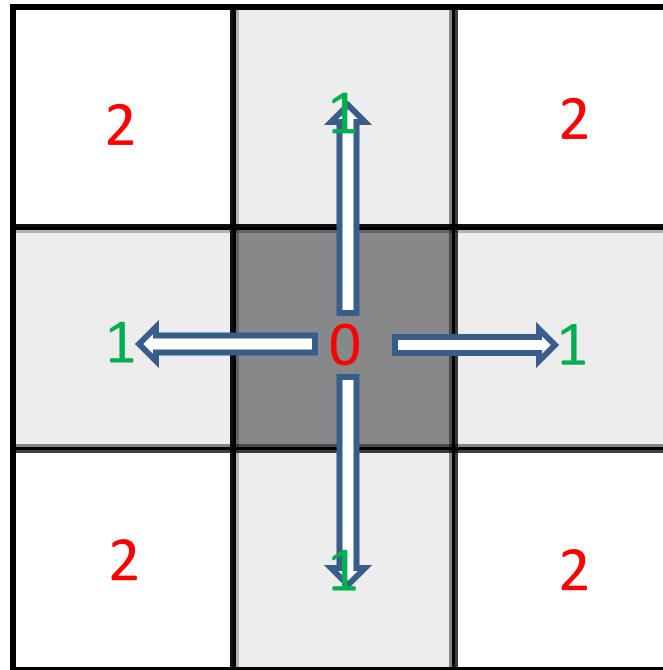
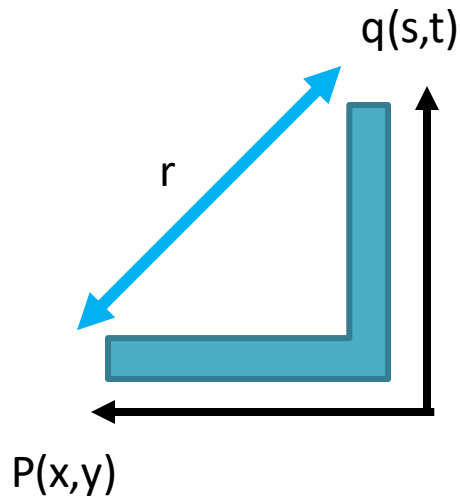


## City block distance ( $D_4$ distance)



$$D_4(p, q) = |x - s| + |y - t|$$

## City block distance ( $D_4$ distance)

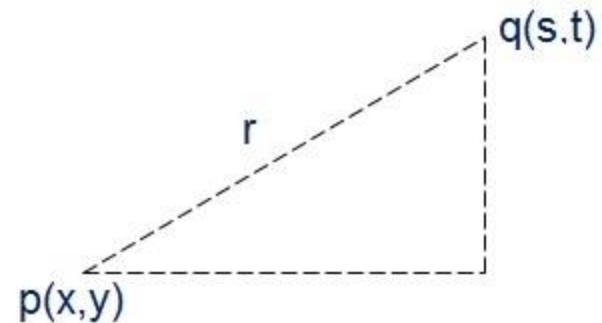


Can you write the equation to calculate the **Euclidean distance**?

## Euclidean Distance

$$D_e(p, q) = \sqrt{(x-s)^2 + (y-t)^2}$$

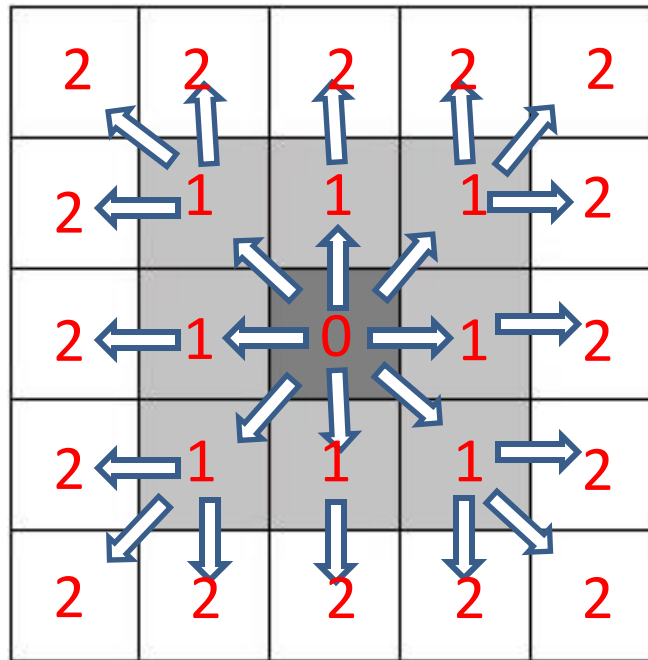
5	8	7	4	6
9	15	10	q(s,t)	2
17	14	1	5	18
27	2	9	19	22
p(x,y)	4	1	10	12



$$D = \{(1-4)^2 + (1-4)^2\}^{0.5}$$

$$D = 4.24$$

## Chessboard distance ( $D_8$ distance)



$$D_8 = D_4 \cup D_d$$

$$D_8(p, q) = \max(|x - s|, |y - t|)$$

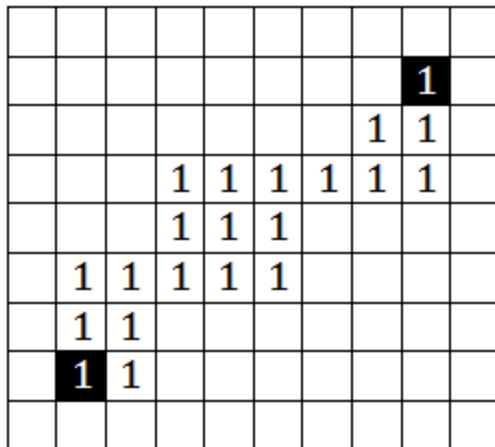
# Distance Measures

Find minimum number of pixels between highlighted pixels using

4 Connectivity ?

8 Connectivity ?

Euclidean Distance ?



4 connectivity = 13

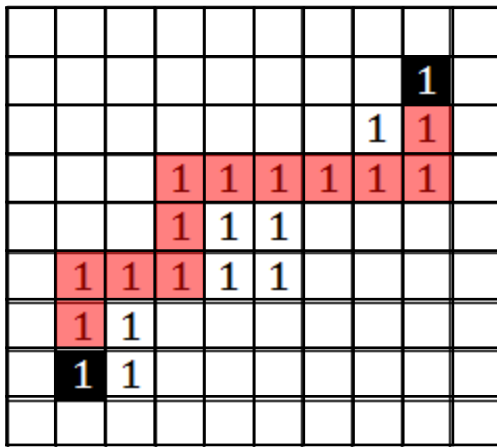
# Distance Measures

Find minimum number of pixels between highlighted pixels using

4 Connectivity ?

8 Connectivity ?

Euclidean Distance ?



4 connectivity = 13

# Distance Measures

Find minimum number of pixels between highlighted pixels using

4 Connectivity ?

8 Connectivity ?

Euclidean Distance ?

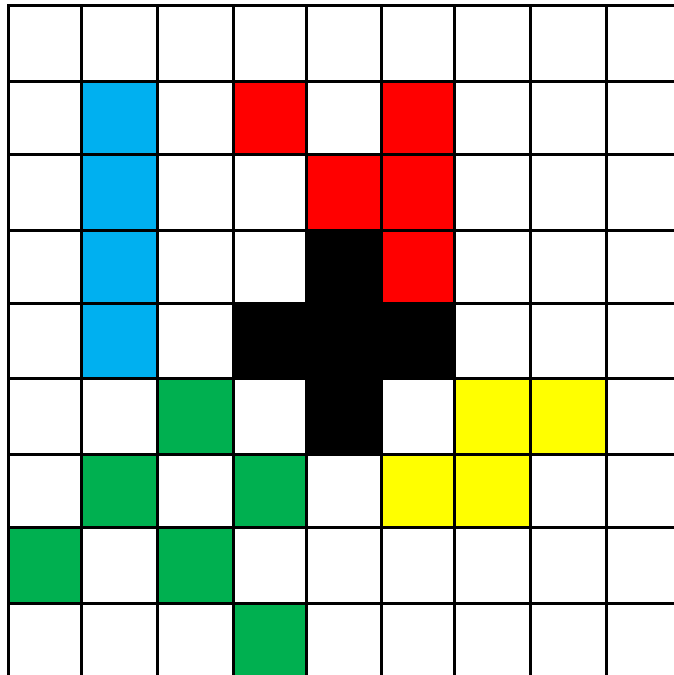
								1	
							1	1	
			1	1	1	1	1	1	
			1	1	1				
	1	1	1	1	1				
	1	1							
	1	1							

4 connectivity = 13

8 connectivity = 7

Euclidean Distance = 9.48

Which color object is meeting the requirements for the 4 connectivity, 8 connectivity or both?



Black = 4 & 8 Connectivity

Red = 8 Connectivity

Yellow = 4 & 8 Connectivity

Green = 8 Connectivity

Blue = 4 & 8 Connectivity

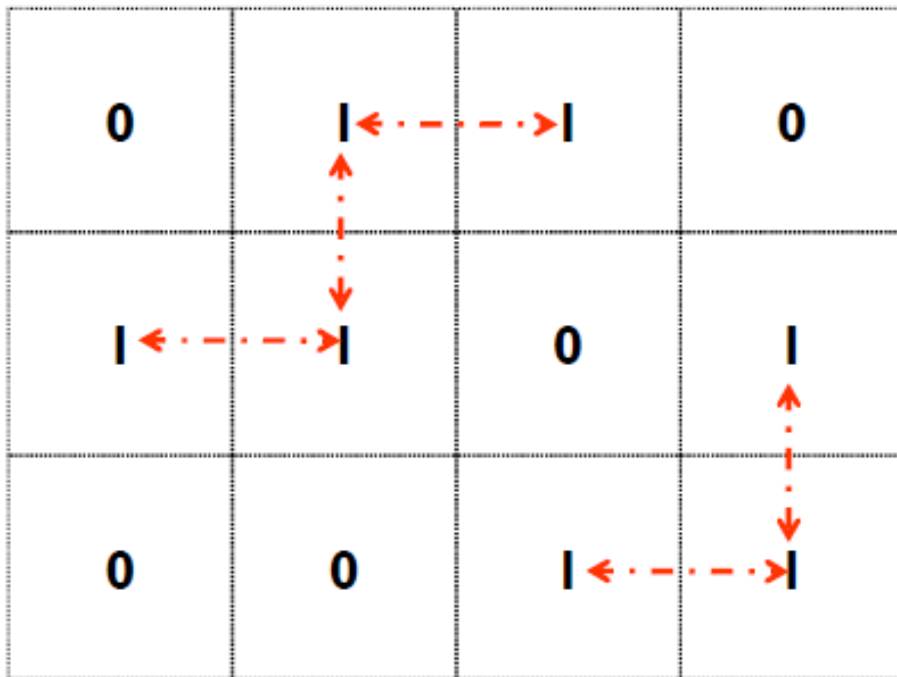


- Establishing boundaries of objects and components of regions in an image.
- Group the same region by assumption that the pixels are of same color or equal intensity
- Two pixels  $p$  &  $q$  are connected if
  - They are adjacent in some sense
  - If their gray levels satisfy a specified criterion of similarity

# 4-Connectivity

**V**: Set of gray levels used to define the criterion of similarity

**p, q**: Pixels being observed



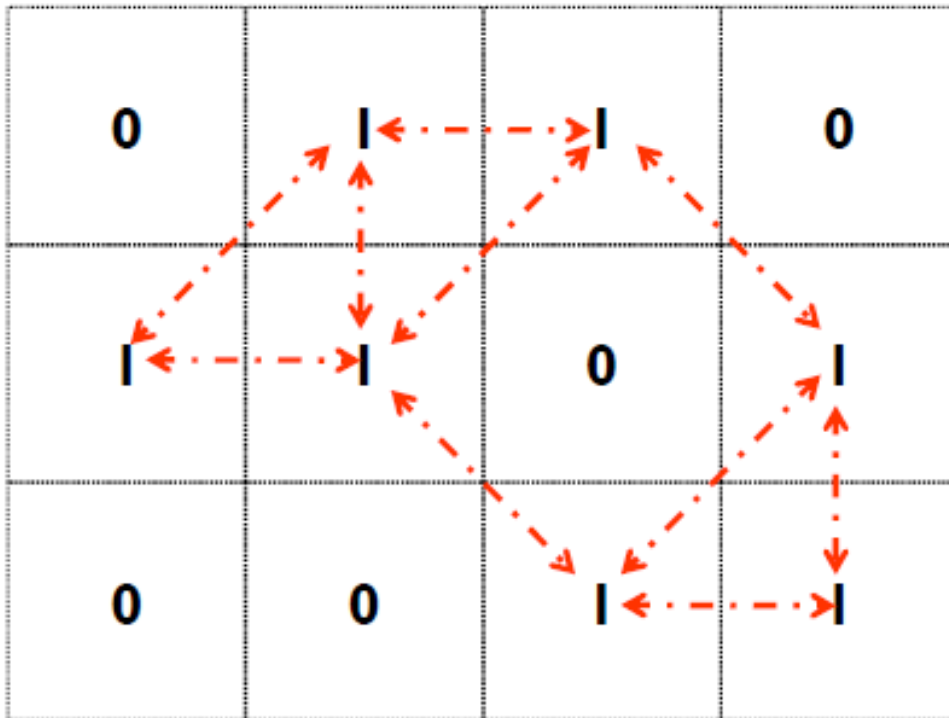
Set of gray levels  $V = \{1\}$

$(p, q) \in V, \text{ and } q \in N_4(p)$

# 8-Connectivity

**V**: Set of gray levels used to define the criterion of similarity

**P, q**: Pixels being observed



Set of gray levels  $V = \{1\}$

$(p, q) \in V, \text{ and } q \in N_8(p)$

# 4-Connectivity Labeling

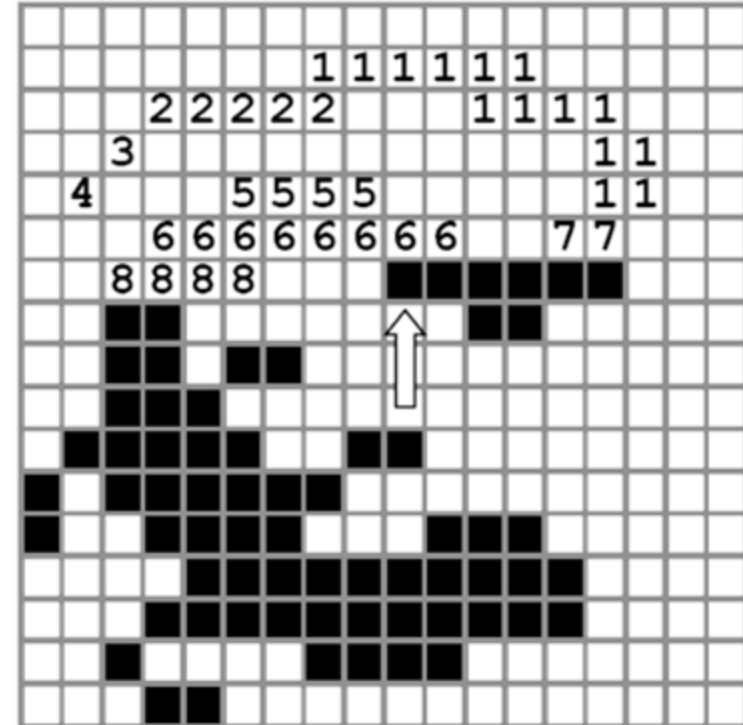


- ◆ Process the image from left to right, top to bottom:
  - 1.) If the next pixel to process is 1
    - i.) If only one of its neighbors (top or left) is 1, copy its label.
    - ii.) If both are 1 and have the same label, copy it.
    - iii.) If they have different labels
      - Copy the label from the left.
      - Update the equivalence table.
    - iv.) Otherwise, assign a new label.

Pass 1

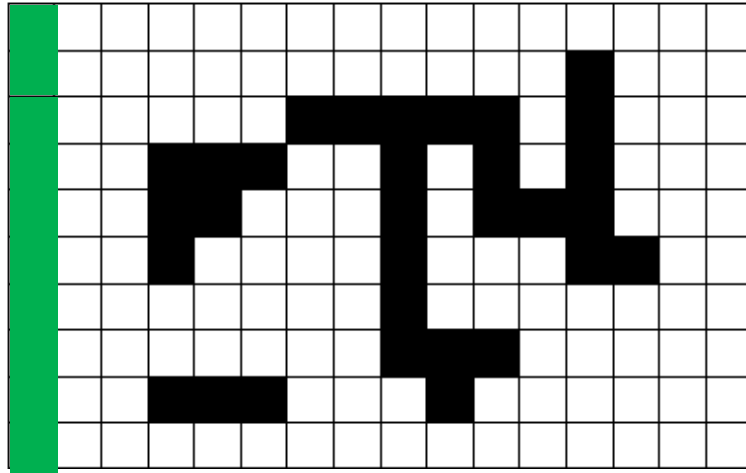
- ◆ Re-label with the smallest of equivalent labels

Pass 2



$\{1, 3, 4, 5\}$	$2, 7\}$
$\{6, 8\}$	

# 4-Connectivity Labeling

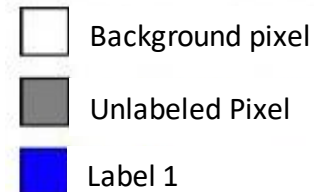
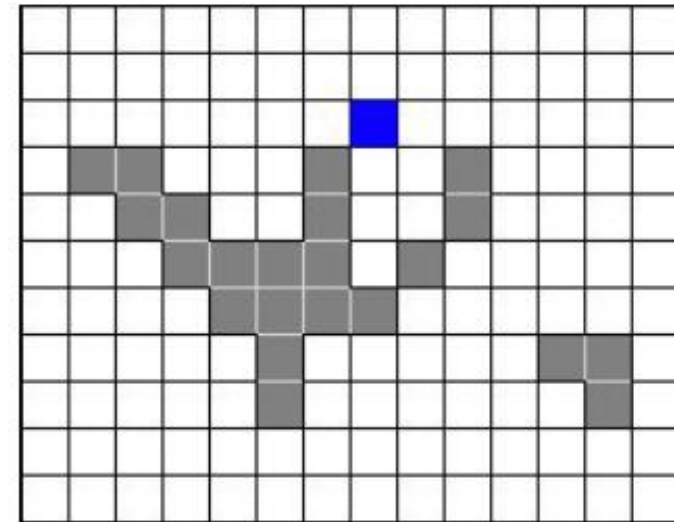
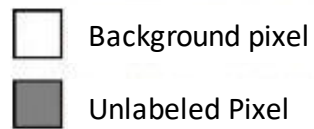
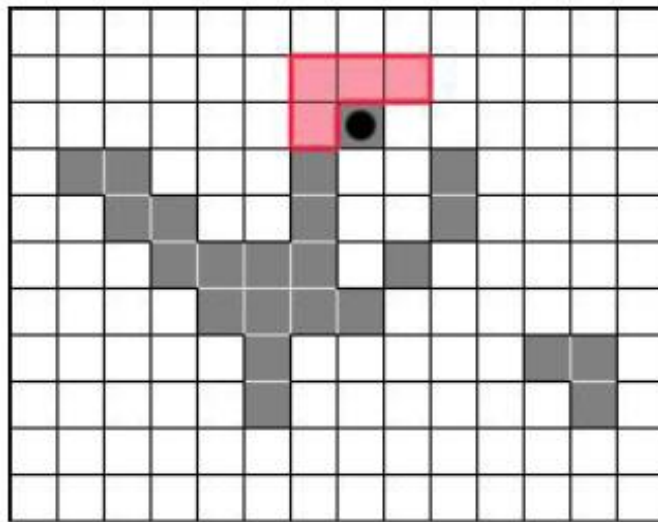


													1	
					2	2	2	2	2				1	
			3	3	3			2		2			1	
			3	3				2		2	2	2		
			3					2				2	2	
								2						
								2	2	2				
								2						
			4	4	4									

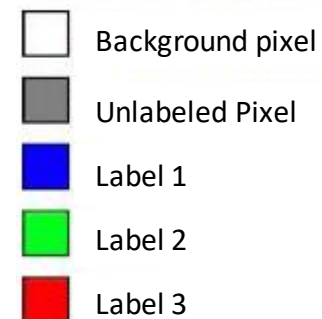
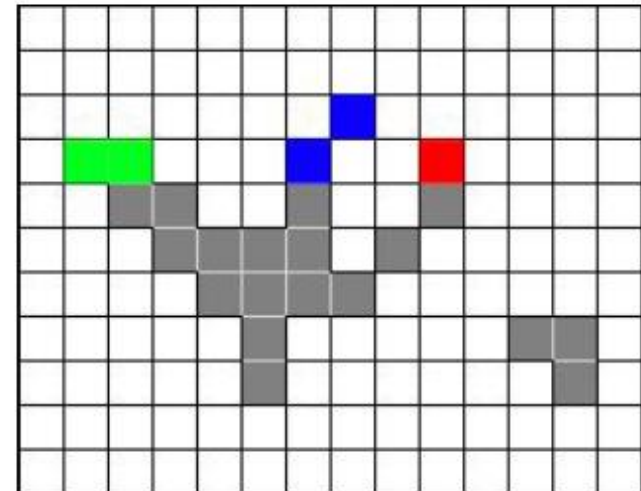
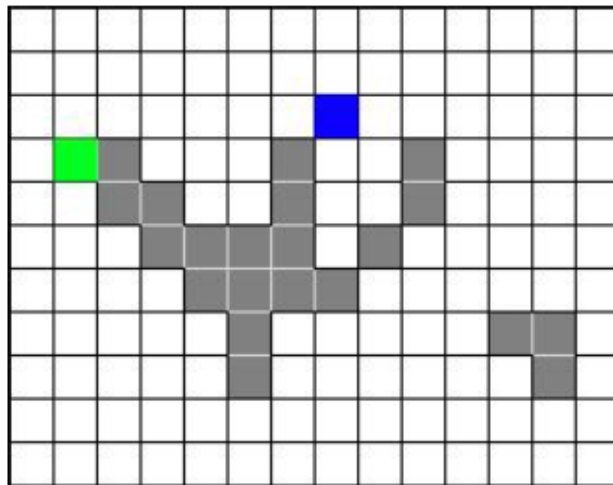
Table :    1, 2  
               2  
               3  
               4

What will be values of table in second scan ?

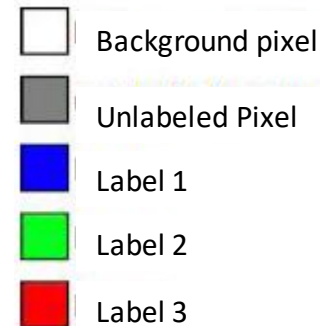
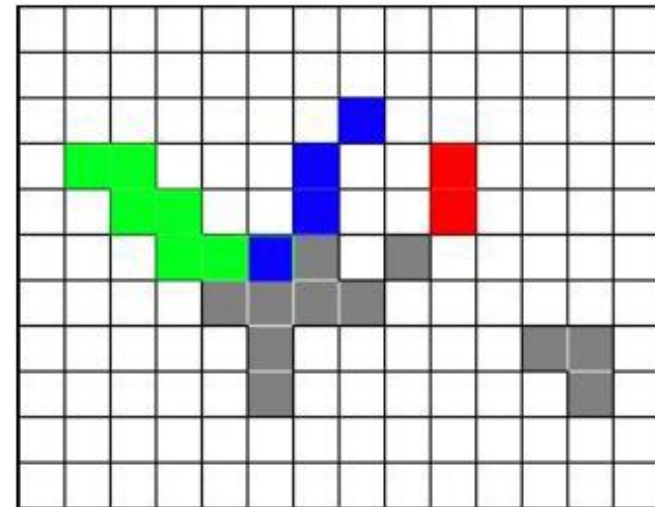
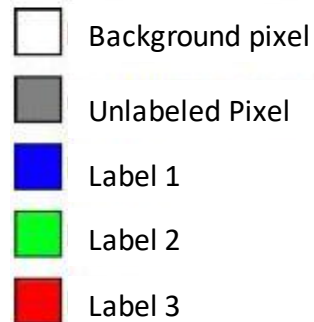
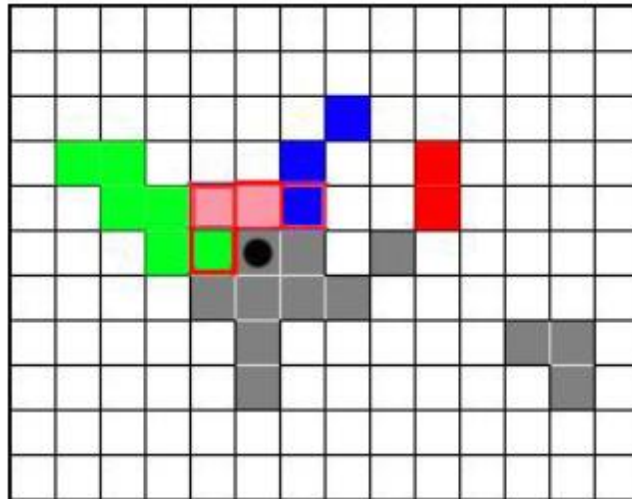
# 8-Connectivity Labeling



# 8-Connectivity Labeling



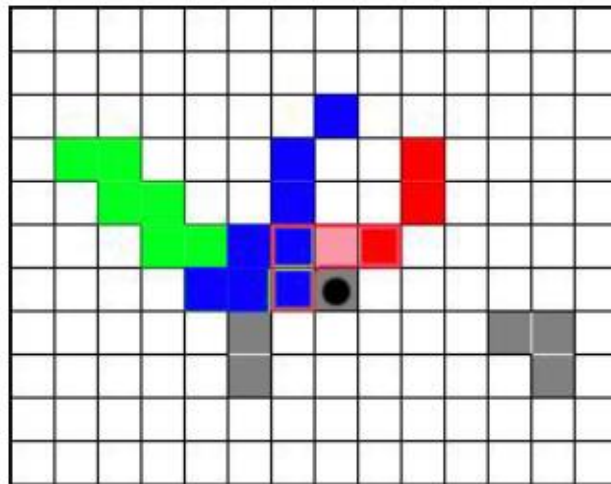
# 8-Connectivity Labeling



EQUIVALENCE TABLE	

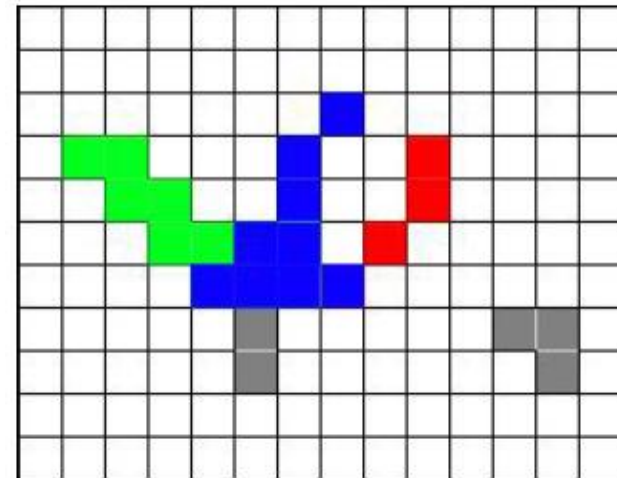


# 8-Connectivity Labeling



- Background pixel
- Unlabeled pixel
- Label 1
- Label 2
- Label 3

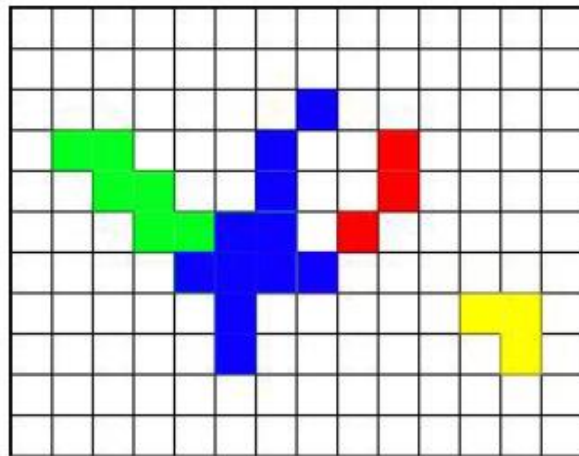
EQUIVALENCE TABLE	
Label 1	Label 2









- Background pixel
- Unlabeled pixel
- Label 1
- Label 2
- Label 3

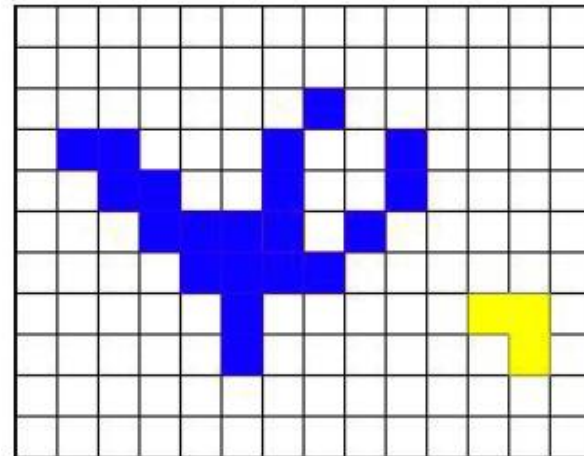
EQUIVALENCE TABLE		
Label 1	Label 2	Label 3







# 8-Connectivity Labeling



-  Background pixel
-  Unlabeled pixel
-  Label 1
-  Label 2
-  Label 3
-  Label 4

EQUIVALENCE TABLE



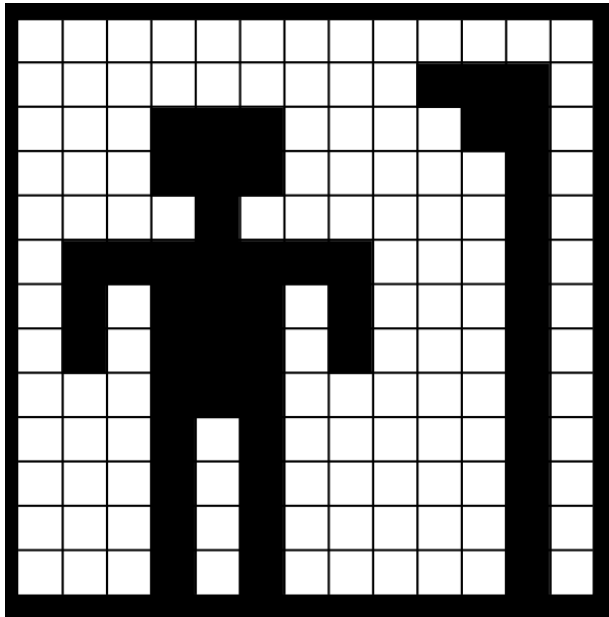
-  Background pixel
-  Unlabeled pixel
-  Label 1
-  Label 2
-  Label 3
-  Label 4

EQUIVALENCE TABLE

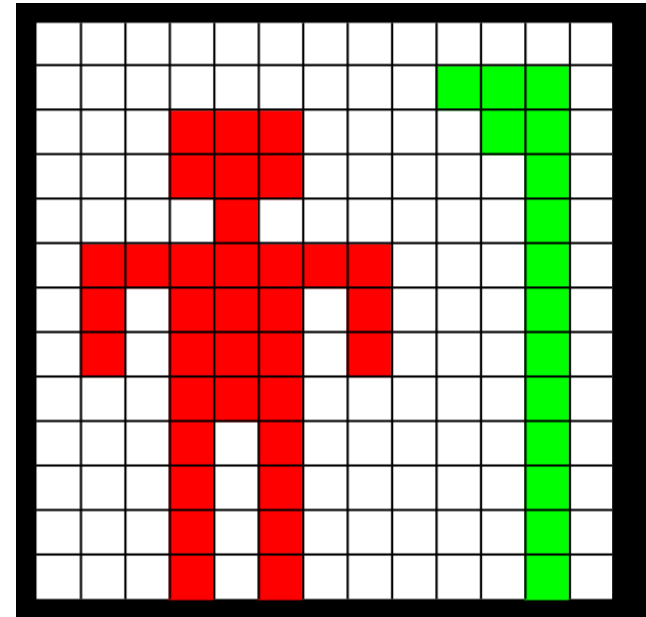


# Labeling - Example

Original Image

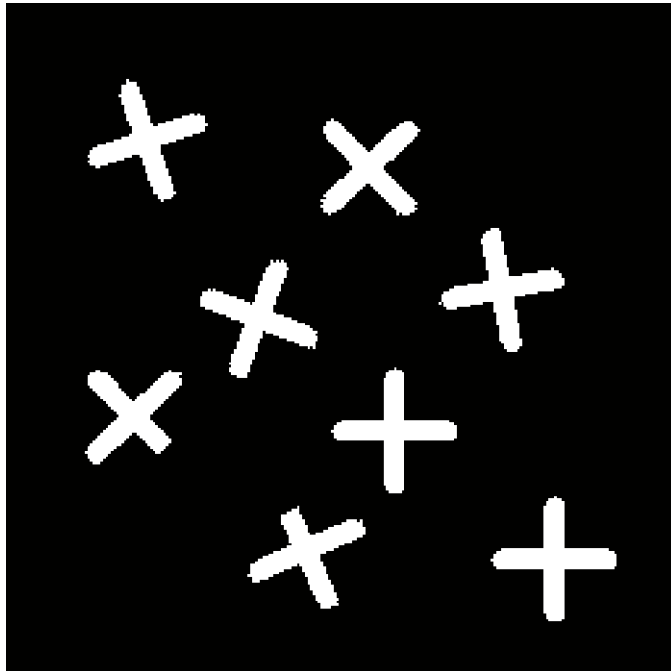


Labeled Objects

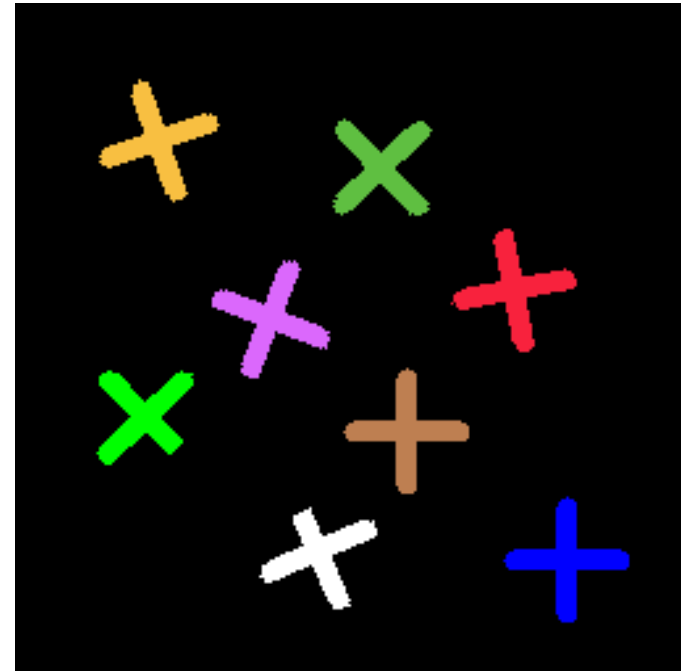


# Labeling - Example

Original Image



Labeled Objects



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End  
Pixel Connectivity