

Instructions: Each response should be in a .py file. Submit all your code to

<https://submittity.cs.rpi.edu>

Answer the following questions:

- 1. Fibonacci series:** Write a Python program using 'While Loop' to get the Fibonacci series between 0 to a user provided value.
Note : The Fibonacci Sequence is the series of numbers :
0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21,
Every next number is found by adding up the two numbers before it.
For example if user provided value=50 then:
Expected Output : 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34. **(20 points)**
- 2. Data computation:** Write a program that takes a user input 'n' and prints all numbers that are multiples of 5 up to n. **(20 points)**
- 3. Print Data:** Write a function that takes two user inputs: an integer N, a Boolean. If Boolean is True, then return all even integers up to N (less than or equal to) else return all odd integers up to N (less than or equal to). **(20 points)**
Test Cases:
odd_even_print(10,False): 1,3,5,7,9
odd_even_print(10,True): 2,4,6,8,10
odd_even_print(13,False): 1,3,5,7,9,11,13
- 4. Test Numbers:** Write python program that prints all odd numbers in a given range (both inclusive). For the range, read user provided input for the minimum value and the maximum value. **(20 points)**
Test cases:
Range is 11-25; Output: 11,13,15,17,19,21,23
Range is 2-13; Output: 3,5,7,9,11,13
- 5. Armstrong Number:** A positive integer is called an Armstrong number of order n if
$$abcd... = a^n + b^n + c^n + d^n + ...$$

We are interested in Armstrong numbers of order 3 only. To write this program we can use the following property: In case of an Armstrong number of 3 digits, the sum of cubes of each digits is equal to the number itself. For example:
 $153 = 1*1*1 + 5*5*5 + 3*3*3$ // 153 is an Armstrong number.
Write a Python program to check if a user provided three-digit number is an Armstrong number or not. **(20 points)**
Hint: Separate each digit by dividing the number with 10 to get the remainder.