NAME:		RPI ID			
(	CS1010 Introduction to	Computer Programming Spring 2019	Exam 2 (Make-up)		
	Please read the following pledge, then sign and print your name on the spaces provided, certifying the				
	honor as a Rensselaer Pol	ytechnic Institute student, I have abided by I will not give or take answers from anyone.	<del>-</del> ,		
Your S	gnature and Date				
Your P	RINTED name				
Ru	les: There are <u>6 questio</u>	<u>ns</u> in all to be completed in <u>1 <b>hour 50</b> m</u>	ninutes.		
1.	Work entirely alone. D dishonesty will not be	o not give or solicit assistance from any tolerated.	other student. Academic		
2.	Sit in your assigned sea	at.			
3.	Turn off cell phones ar	nd smart phones.			
4.	The exam allows use o	f hand written notes (2 pages A4 size) fo	or reference.		
5.	Feel free to use the res	strooms as necessary. Just leave all you	r materials at your seat.		
6.	If you have a question,	bring it down to the front so as to mini	mize disruption.		
Quest	ion 1	_			
Quest	ion 2	_			
Question 3		_			
Quest	ion 4	_			
Quest	ion 5	_			
Quest	ion 6	_			
		Total (From 100 points):			

Question 1. What is the output of the following code. There is no error in this code. (25 points: 5 points each)

Code	Output
x=23	24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48
while x in range(23,50):	
if x%2==0:	
print(x, end=' ')	
x+=1	
Number = 6	1
for row in range(1, Number):	21
for column in range(row, 0, -1):	3 2 1
print(column, end=' ')	4321
print("")	5 4 3 2 1
rows=6	*
for i in range (0, rows):	**
for j in range(0, i + 1):	
print("*", end=' ')	* * *
print("\n")	* * * *
	* * * * *
a = 0	* * * * * *
while a < 5:	****
b=0	*****
while b<5:	****
	****
print('*', end='')	
b+=1	
print()	
a+= 1	

**Question 2.** Find all factors of a user provided number n including 1 and itself. For example, 10 has factors 1,2,5,10. (**10 Points**).

```
Solution:
num=int(input("enter a number "))
factors=[]
i=1
while i <=num+1:
    if num%i==0:
        factors.append(i)
    i+=1
print (factors)</pre>
```

Question 3. Explain what each line of code does in not more than 1 line. (10 points: 2 points each)

```
a. im = Image.open(filename)
im.crop((0, 0, 600, 600))
```

Opens and crops image 'filename'

c. im = Image.open(filename)im.sizeOpens and displays pixel size of an image.

- d. im.convert('L')Converts an image to grayscale.
- e. Newobj=[1,2,3]
  Creates a list of 3 elements.

**Question 4**. What is wrong with the following code. Assume each of the following is a separate program. Find the first error in the code that prevents it from generating output. If there is an error describe it in the solutions box on the right. If there is no error simply write NO ERROR. **(20 points: 5 points each)** 

Code	Solution
Test1 = (0, 1, 2, 3)	Tuple does not support assignment
Test1[0] = 4	(immutable)
while (count < 9):	Counter not initialized
print("Hello World")	
count = count + 1	
def capitalize_list(names):	NO ERROR
for n in names:	
n = n.capitalize()	
def new(a,b):	Zero division error
c=a+b/(a-b)	
print(c)	
new(3,3)	

## Question 5.

**List Operations:** Given a List, List\_of\_Integers = [1,5,0,2,6,8,10]

Write a single line of code to accomplish the following: (10 points: 2 points each)

Question	Solution/code
Add number '12' to the list	List_of_Integers.append(12)
Arrange the list elements in this order:	List_of_Integers.sort()
[0, 1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12]	
Remove the number 10 from the list i.e.	List_of_integers.remove(10)
get	
Remove the last element from the list.	List_of_integers.pop()
Remove the zero from the list	List_of_Integers.remove(0)

## **Question 6**

 a. Given a list of strings, find if each is a palindrome or not. Output a list with values True and False. True for a palindrome and False if not. (10 points)

A palindrome is a string that reads the same forward or backward.

```
Test Cases: ['abc','nursesrun','mom','car']→ [False, True, True, False] ['nun','apple','ababa']→ [True, False,True]
```

## **Solution:**

```
def reverse(word):
    wrd=str(word)
    rvs=wrd[::-1]
    if wrd == rvs:
        return True
    else:
        return False

def test_reverse(words):
    new_list=[]
    for i in words:
        new_list.append(reverse(i))
    return new_list
```

**b.** Given a list/array of integers, write a program that outputs a new list/array with the number two more raised to power its index. For example if input = [1,2,3,4] then output will be  $[(1^2), (2^3), (3^4), (4^5)]$  because the index of 1 is zero, index of 2 is 1, index of 3 is 2 and so on. (10 points)

```
Solution:
```

```
def square_num(x):
    final=[]
    for i in range(0,len(x)):
        final.append((x[i])**(i+2))
    print(final)
```

c. Write a Python program to print the even numbers from a given list. (5 points) def is even num(I):

```
enum = []

for n in l:

if n % 2 == 0:

enum.append(n)

return enum

print(is_even_num([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]))
```