

Lecture 10: Introduction to Computer Programming Course - CS1010

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE | 10/11/2019



Rensselaer

Announcements

- ALAC Tutoring Now Available
 - Monday-Wednesday: 8-10 pm in AE 118
- Homework 5 is posted

Goals for today

- Problems on:
- Tuples and Images

Problem 1

- Write a function called `add_tuples` that takes three tuples, each with two values, and returns a single tuple with two values containing the sum of the values in the tuples.
- Test cases
 - `add_tuples((1,4), (8,3), (14,0)) : (23, 7)`
 - `add_tuples((3,2), (11,1), (-2,6)) : (12, 9)`

Problem 2

- Get an image (your own or from google) and do the following:
- Read the image into python
- Crop it (Based on the size of the Image crop half – for both x and y coordinates)
- Covert it to grayscale
- Save it in your working folder.

Problem 3

- Given two tuples as inputs (a and b), that represent points in the x-y plane output a tuple that lies at the midpoint of the line joining a and b.
- Test cases:
- `midpoint((2,3),(5,6)) : (3.5,4.5)`
- `midpoint((-1,0),(7,-4)) : (3.0, -2.0)`

Problem 4

- Write a function that takes a tuple as an input and prints its elements in reverse order.
- Test cases:
- `reverse((1,2,3,4,5))`: (5, 4, 3, 2, 1)
- `reverse(('a','b','c','d'))`: ('d', 'c', 'b', 'a')

Problem 5

- `def test(x):`
- `if x[0] > x[1]:`
- `return (x[1], x[0])`
- `else:`
- `return x`

- `s = ('a', 'b')`
- `t = (1, 2, 3)`
- `u = (4, 5, 2)`
- `print(t[1] + u[0])`
- `print(t+u)`
- `print(s[1] * t[2])`
- `print(test(u))`
- `print(test((5, 2, 3)))`

- Without typing into Spyder predict the output of the code shown.

Next Lecture

- Lists