# MCProf: Memory and Communication Profiler

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#### 1 Introduction

*MCProf* is a memory and communication profiler. It traces memory reads/writes and reports memory accesses by various functions in the application as well as the data-communication between functions. The information is obtained by performing dynamic binary instrumentation by utilizing Intel Pin [1] framework. This manual explains the process of setting up *MCProf* and using it.

## 2 Availability

MCProf can be downloaded from ...

## 3 Required Packages

In order to setup and use *MCProf* the following two packages are required:

- Intel Pin DBI framework [1] Revision 62732 or higher
- g++ compiler with support for C++11X
- graphviz Dot utility for converting the generated communication graphs from DOT to pdf formats

#### 4 Installation

*MCProf* uses Makefile to compile the sources. In order to compile *MCProf* from sources on 32-bit / 64-bit Linux, the following steps can be performed.

- Download Pin and copy and extract it to the directory where you want to keep Pin.
- Define a variable PIN\_ROOT by running the following commands:

```
export PIN_ROOT=/<absolute path to pin>
```

- You can also add this line, for instance, to your **.bashrc** in case you are using **bash** to export the variable automatically on opening a terminal.
- Download *MCProf* and copy and extract it to the directory where you want to compile it.
- Go the *MCProf* directory and run the following command to compile:

#### make

If every thing goes fine, you will see a directory obj-intel64 (or obj-ia32 depending upon your architecture). This directory will contain the executables and object files generated as a result of the compilation. The important files are:

- **mcprof.so** which is the tool. This will be used to profile the applications as explained in Section 5.
- executable files of the test applications available in **tests** directory. These executables can be used as test inputs.

### 5 Usage

In order to explain the usage of *MCProf* we will use the example application listed in Figure 1. The source code is available in tests directory of source package.

```
int *srcArr1, *srcArr2, *sumArr, *diffArr;
   int coeff = 2;
   int nElem;
5
   void initVecs(){
        for(int i = 0; i < nElem; i++){
6
7
            \operatorname{srcArr1}[i] = i * 5 + 7;
8
            srcArr2[i]=2*i - 3;
9
10
   }
   void sumVecs(){
11
12
        for(int i = 0; i < nElem; i++)
            sumArr[i] = srcArr1[i] + coeff * srcArr2[i];
13
14
15
   void diffVecs(){
        for(int i = 0; i < nElem; i++)
16
17
             diffArr[i] = coeff * (srcArr1[i] - srcArr2[i]);
   }
18
19
20
   int main(){
21
        nElem = 100;
22
        srcArr1 = malloc(nElem*sizeof(TYPE));
23
        srcArr2 = malloc(nElem*sizeof(TYPE));
24
25
        sumArr = malloc(nElem*sizeof(TYPE));
        diffArr = malloc(nElem*sizeof(TYPE));
26
27
        initVecs();
28
29
        sumVecs();
30
        diffVecs();
31
        free (srcArr1);
32
33
        free (srcArr2);
34
        free (sumArr);
        free (diffArr);
35
36
37
        return 0;
38
```

Figure 1: Example of an application processing some arrays.

#### 5.1 Using Given Tests

This example will be compiled during the default compilation of the *MCProf* discussed in Section 4. In order to profile this application by *MCProf* you can give the following command:

#### make vectOps.test

Simmilarly, other tests can also be executed by replacing the <vectOps> with the <name of the test application>.test as given in **tests** directory. This will generate the output information depending upon which engines is used. This will be explained in Section 6.

### 5.2 Using Your Own Example

This application can be compiled

### 6 Output

#### 7 Contact

In case you are interested in contributing to *MCProf* , or you have suggestions for improvements, or you want to report a bug, contact:

• Imran Ashraf < I.Ashraf@TUDelft.nl >

#### References

[1] C.K. Luk and et al. Pin: Building Customized Program Analysis Tools with Dynamic Instrumentation. In *PLDI '05*, pages 190–200, New York, NY, USA, 2005. ACM.