**Assignment No:** 01

**Subject Name:**  Professional Practices

**Assignment Topic:** questions.

**Government College University Faisalabad (GCUF)**

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Q1: What is plagiarism?

**Plagiarism** is using the words or ideas of others and passing them off as your own. Plagiarism is a type of intellectual theft.

Plagiarism can take many forms, from deliberate cheating to accidentally copying from a source without acknowledgement. Consequently, whenever you use the words or ideas of another person in your work, you must acknowledge where they came from.

Q2: Why should not I plagiarize?

**Plagiarism is unethical for three reasons:**

* Firstly, it is unethical because it is a form of theft. By taking the ideas and words of others and pretending they are your own, you are stealing someone else’s intellectual property.
* Secondly, it is unethical because the plagiarizer subsequently benefits from this theft.
* Thirdly, a degree is evidence of its holder’s abilities and knowledge. If a student gains employment on the basis of a qualification they have not earned, they may be a risk to others.

Q3: What are the reasons for not plagiarizing?

1. It helps you to get a full practice of doing it again by yourself.
2. All of your assignments would be approved if you haven’t created them by stealing someone’s content.
3. You can live with peace of mind and satisfied by creating the content without making any plagiarism.
4. In case of trying to commit this act, you can face many difficulties i.e. penalties by charging money or imprisonment etc.
5. It can be highly beneficial for you in the long-term. You can’t always rely on copying other’s content or ideas.
6. The good quality of your writing with the great improvement in vocabulary are guaranteed through self-creation of content.

Q4: Describe what does copying from a single source mean?

When you only select one source to read, you don’t usually get much in the way of additional ideas. And with only one viewpoint, it’s hard to do anything besides repeat what the original author said. With two or more, you can find many places where the works either compliment or contrast each other, allowing you ample room to make statements that are not simply cut-n-paste jobs.

Q5: Describe what does copying from a several sources mean?

Literary theft definition. Literary theft is characterized as the act of straightforwardly replicating and afterward introducing existing items without precise referring to or referencing, as well as making the item look like one's own, without authorization from the first maker.

Q6: Describe what does paraphrasing means?

A paraphrase is a restatement of the meaning of a text or passage using other words. The term itself is derived via Latin paraphrasis from Greek παράφρασις, meaning "additional manner of expression".   
Paraphrasing is presenting ideas and information in your own words and acknowledging where they come from. By using your own words, you demonstrate your understanding and your ability to convey this information.

**We have identified 5 steps involved with paraphrasing. They include:**

1. Read the original text until you understand it
2. Note down key concepts
3. Write down your version of the text without looking at the original
4. Compare your paraphrased text and make adjustments to ensure that it does not remain too similar. Edit your work so it is written in an academic manner and it flows with the rest of your assignment
5. Make sure you have included a citation

**Four tips for paraphrasing:**

1. Start your first sentence at a different point from the original source
2. Use synonyms
3. Change the form of words
4. Change the sentence structure

Q7: Write short note on programming code reuse.

In software engineering and programming building, reusability is the utilization of existing resources in some structure inside the product item advancement process these benefits are items and results of the product improvement life cycle and incorporate code, programming parts, test suites, plans and documentation. Clarification: Inheritance permits you to reuse your effectively composed code by acquiring the properties of composed code into different pieces of the code, thus permitting you to reuse the effectively composed code.

Q8: How to avoid multimedia plagiarism.

1. Attribute the data. For any optional source (a reality, a statement, and so forth.), offer credit to the source, ideally with a connect to the first material.

2. How numerous words would you be able to utilize?

3. Keep track of your work.

4. Use web look.

Q9: How to use quotations for avoiding plagiarism?

**Quotations** must be identical to the original, using a narrow segment of the source. They must match the source document word for word and must be attributed to the original author.

• provide support for claims or add credibility to your writing,  
• give examples of several points of view on a subject,  
• call attention to a position that you wish to agree or disagree with,  
• highlight a particularly striking phrase, sentence, or passage by quoting the original,  
• distance yourself from the original by quoting it in order to cue readers that the words are not your own, and  
• expand the breadth or depth of your writing.

Q10: How do you use paraphrasing to avoid plagiarism?

**Paraphrasing is a valuable skill because...**  
• it is better than quoting information from an undistinguished passage..  
• it helps control the temptation to quote too much.  
• the mental process required for successful paraphrasing helps you to grasp the full meaning of the original.  
• allows you to continue writing in your own personal tone and writing voice while quoting someone else's material.

**8 Steps to Effective Paraphrasing**

1. Reread the original passage until you understand its full meaning.  
2. Set the original aside, so it is out of sight, and write your paraphrase on a note card.  
3. Jot down a few words below your paraphrase to remind you later how you envision using this material in your essay.  
4.At the top of the note card, write a key word or phrase to indicate the subject of your paraphrase.  
5. Now, take out the original passage, and check your rendition with the original to make sure that your version accurately expresses all the essential information in a new form.  
6. Use quotation marks to identify any unique term or phraseology you have borrowed exactly from the source.  
7. Record the source (including the page) on your note card so that. you can credit it easily if you decide to incorporate the material into your paper.  
8. **TIP**: Some students like to read, highlight, and annotate the section to make sure that they understand it. Then put the quote away, so it is out of sight, and begin writing the paraphrase.

Q11: How do you use citations to avoid plagiarism?

Citing is one of the effective ways to avoid plagiarism. Follow the document formatting guidelines (i.e. APA, MLA, Chicago, etc.) used by your educational institution or the institution that issued the research request. This usually entails the addition of the author(s) and the date of the publication or similar information. Citing is really that simple. Not citing properly can constitute plagiarism.

Q12: How do you know when to include a reference in your work?

Referencing is an important part of academic work. It puts your work in context, demonstrates the breadth and depth of your research, and acknowledges another people’s work. You should reference whenever you use someone else’s idea.

**When to reference**

Whenever you use an idea from someone else's work, for example from a journal article, textbook or website, you should cite the original author to make it clear where that idea came from. This is the case regardless of whether you have paraphrased, summarized or directly quoted their work. This is a key part of good practice in academic writing.

Q13: Is it ok to copy from the web or purchasing essay?

Paying someone to write your paper, whether it’s a fellow student or an essay mill, is a form of plagiarism and is usually considered one of the most serious by teachers and administrators alike.

That’s because a teacher doesn’t just assign a paper to have you produce one, the goal of the assignment is to showcase your understanding of the subject, your ability to communicate that information and how well you analyze and draw conclusions from it.

In short, essays are designed to test your skills as a student and, if you simply pay someone else to write that paper, it is impossible for your teacher to evaluate your understanding or your progress.

Despite this, many still claim that since the use was “allowed” by the original author that it is ethically acceptable. After all, it’s a case of “victimless” plagiarism.

Q14: Write a short note on plagiarism penalties.

**Plagiarism is a crime – that is a fact.**

Just like with other forms of theft, the legal penalties for the crime vary depending on the severity. Going into a store and stealing a pack of gum is a lesser offence compared with stealing a car.

Most cases of plagiarism are considered misdemeanors, punishable by fines of anywhere between $100 and $50,000 — and up to one year in jail. Plagiarism can also be considered a felony under certain state and federal laws. For example, if a plagiarist copies and earns more than $2,500 from copyrighted material, he or she may face up to $250,000 in fines and up to ten years in jail.

Although the legal ramifications of plagiarism are clearly spelled out, the actual outcome of such cases of plagiarism within industries like publishing and research aren’t always so clear.

For example, many recent cases of newspaper plagiarism simply end with the offender ‘resigning’ from their position at the company.

For the publisher, it’s usually best to make the story go away quietly to prevent the reputation of the company from being harmed.

SECTION 2

Q: In context of Search Engine Optimization (SEO), how does Google penalize for plagiarism?

### ****1. Duplicate Content:****

By far the number one thing that gets websites penalized is having too much duplicate content. Original content is a pillar of SEO and there’s a reason for that. Google will only index the content once, so if you have tons of duplicate content this means that Google is just not taking it into account. Essentially, duplicate content is pointless as it doesn’t increase your rankings.

A penalty comes into play if the content is stolen from another site. Stolen duplicate content is plagiarizing, and Google will penalize sites that do this. Posting a quote or an article occasionally is fine but having no original content on your website means it will likely never see the light of a search engine result page.

### ****2. Copyrighted Material****

Google is coming down a lot harder on copyrighted material these days. Unauthorized use of images, videos, and articles is a quick way to get a black mark from Google. Things can become a little murky since often people don’t even realize an image they’re using is copyrighted! That’s why we always recommend people take their images and videos from free websites like [Pixabay](https://pixabay.com/) and [Unsplash](https://unsplash.com/). If you do use copyrighted material, make sure you credit this or obtain permission.