SS 605: Financial Management and Accounting



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Definitions of Financial Management

- ☐ Financial Management means planning, organizing, directing and controlling the financial activities such as procurement and utilization of funds of the enterprise with a view to achieve organizational goals and objectives.
- ☐ In other terms, Financial Management is the application of general principles of management to the financial possessions of an enterprise.

Company X is willing to introduce a new product. For this, the CEO employs a financial manager to perform all financial activities. Let's discuss!

Functions of Financial Management

- **1. Estimation of capital requirements**: A finance manager has to make estimation with regards to capital requirements of the company. This will depend upon expected costs and profits and future programmes and policies of a concern. Estimations have to be made in an adequate manner which increases earning capacity of enterprise.
- **2. Determination of capital composition**: Once the estimation have been made, the capital structure have to be decided. This involves short-term and long-term debt equity analysis. This will depend upon the proportion of equity capital a company is possessing and additional funds which have to be raised from outside parties.

Functions of Financial Management

- **3. Choice of sources of funds**: For additional funds to be procured, a company has many choices like-
 - ✓ Issue of shares and debentures
 - ✓ Loans to be taken from banks and financial institutions
 - ✓ Public deposits to be drawn like in form of bonds.

Choice of factor will depend on relative merits and demerits of each source and period of financing.

4. Investment of funds: The finance manager has to decide to allocate funds into profitable ventures so that there is safety on investment and regular returns is possible.

Functions of Financial Management

- **5. Disposal of surplus**: The net profits decision have to be made by the finance manager. This can be done in two ways:
 - ✓ Dividend declaration It includes identifying the rate of dividends and other benefits like bonus.
 - ✓ Retained profits The volume has to be decided which will depend upon expansional, innovational, diversification plans of the company.
- **6. Management of cash**: Finance manager has to make decisions with regards to cash management. Cash is required for many purposes like payment of wages and salaries, payment of electricity and water bills, payment to creditors, meeting current liabilities, maintenance of enough stock, purchase of raw materials, etc.
- **7. Financial controls**: The finance manager has not only to plan, procure and utilize the funds but he also has to exercise control over finances. This can be done through many techniques like ratio analysis, financial forecasting, cost and profit control, etc.

Objectives of Financial Management

The financial management is generally concerned with procurement, allocation and control of financial resources of a concern. The objectives can be —

- ✓ To ensure regular and adequate supply of funds to the concern.
- ✓ To ensure adequate returns to the shareholders which will depend upon the earning capacity, market price of the share, expectations of the shareholders.
- ✓ To ensure optimum funds utilization. Once the funds are procured, they should be utilized in maximum possible way at least cost.
- ✓ To ensure safety on investment, i.e. funds should be invested in safe ventures so that adequate rate of return can be achieved.
- ✓ To plan a sound capital structure There should be sound and fair composition of capital so that a balance is maintained between debt and equity capital.

Importance Financial Management

The importance of financial management is vital to an organization. It is a pathway to attain goals and objectives. Noticeable importance are —

- ✓ Provides guidance in financial planning
- ✓ Assist in acquiring funds from different sources
- ✓ Helps in investing the appropriate amount of funds
- ✓ Ensures proper use of fund
- ✓ Helps business firm to take financial decisions
- ✓ Makes a guideline of earning maximum profits incurring minimum cost
- ✓ Increase shareholder's wealth