첫날

C 맛보기

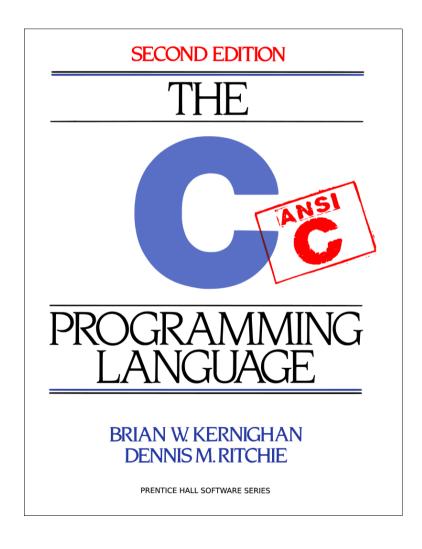
CSE2018 시스템프로그래밍기초 2016년 2학기

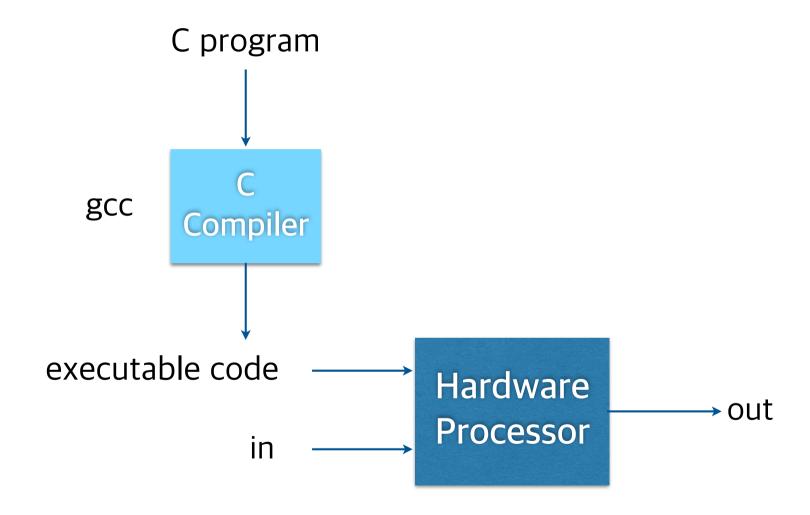
한양대학교 ERICA 컴퓨터공학과 => 소프트웨어학부 도경구

C (프로그래밍 언어)



https://ko.wikipedia.org/wiki/C_(%ED%94%84%EB%A1%9C%EA%B7%B8%EB%9E%98%EB%B0%8D_%EC%96%B8%EC%96%B4)





```
hello.c #include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    printf("hello, world\n");
}
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}
```

```
다음 온도변환 공식을 써서
      C = (5/9)(F - 32)
아래와 같은 형식으로
화씨/섭씨 온도 변환표를 명령창에 프린트하기
        -17
0
20
        -6
40
        4
60
        15
80
        26
100
        37
120
        48
140
        60
160
        71
180
        82
        93
200
220
        104
240
        115
260
        126
280
        137
300
        148
```

temp.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0, 20, ..., 300 */
int main() {
    int fahr, celsius;
    int lower, upper, step;
    lower = 0;  /* lower limit of temperature table */
    upper = 300; /* upper limit */
    step = 20; /* step size */
    fahr = lower;
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = 5 * (fahr - 32) / 9;
        printf("%d\t%d\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

comment 주석

temp.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0, 20, ..., 300 */
int main() {
    int fahr, celsius;
    int lower, upper, step;
    lower = 0;  /* lower limit of temperature table */
    upper = 300; /* upper limit */
    step = 20;  /* step size */
    fahr = lower;
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = 5 * (fahr - 32) / 9;
        printf("%d\t%d\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

variable declaration 변수 선언

temp.c

data types

char short int long float double #include <stdio.h≯ /* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table for fahr = \emptyset , 20, ..., 300 */ int main() { int fahr, celsius; int lower, upper, step; lower = 0; /* lower limit of temperature table */ upper = 300; /* upper limit */ step = 20; /* step size */ fahr = lower; while (fahr <= upper) {</pre> celsius = 5 * (fahr - 32) / 9;printf("%d\t%d\n", fahr, celsius); fahr = fahr + step; }

assignment statement 배정문(지정문)

temp.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0/20, ..., 300 */
int main() {
    int fahr,//celsius;
    int lower, upper, step;
    lower = 0; /* lower limit of temperature table */
    upper = 300; /* upper limit */
    step = 20;  /* step size */
    fahr = lower;
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = 5 * (fahr - 32) / 9;
        printf("%d\t%d\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

loop 반복문

```
while (i < j)
i = 2 * i;
```

temp.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenhei/t-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0 / 20, ..., 300 */
int main() {
    int fahr, ¢elsius;
    int lower//upper, step;
                 /* lower limit of temperature table */
    lower = \emptyset;
    upper = /300; /* upper limit */
    step = \cancel{2}0; /* step size */
    fahr # lower;
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = 5 * (fahr - 32) / 9;
        printf("%d\t%d\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

```
temp.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0, 20, ..., 300 */
int main() {
    int fahr, celsius;
    int lower, upper, step;
    lower = 0;  /* lower limit of temperature table */
    upper = 300; /* upper limit */
    step = 20; /* step size */
    fahr = lower;
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = 5 * (fahr - 32) / 9;
        printf("%d\t%d\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

$$C = (5/9)(F - 32)$$

celsius = 5 * (fahr - 32) / 9:

fahr = fahr + step;

printf("%d\t%d\n", fahr, celsius);

```
printf("%3d %6d\n", fahr, celsius);
```

temp2.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0, 20, ..., 300; floating-point version */
int main() {
    float fahr, celsius;
    int lower, upper, step;
    lower = 0; /* lower limit of temperature table */
    upper = 300; /* upper limit */
    step = 20; /* step size */
    fahr = lower;
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = (5.0 / 9.0) * (fahr - 32.0);
        printf("%3.0f %6.1f\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

$$C = (5/9)(F - 32)$$

automatic type conversion 자동 타입 변환

temp2.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0, 20, ..., 300; floating-point version */
int main() {
    float fahr, celsius;
    int lower, upper, step;
    lower = 0; /* lower limit of temperature table */
    upper = 300; /* upper limit */
    step = 20; /* step size */
    fahr = lower:
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = (5.0 / 9.0) * (fahr - 32.0);
        printf("%3.0f %6.1f\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

```
celsius = (5.0 / 9.0) * (fahr - 32);
```

temp2.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table
   for fahr = 0, 20, ..., 300; floating-point version */
int main() {
    float fahr, celsius;
    int lower, upper, step;
    lower = 0;  /* lower limit of temperature table */
    upper = 300; /* upper limit */
    step = 20; /* step size */
    fahr = lower;
    while (fahr <= upper) {</pre>
        celsius = (5.0 / 9.0) * (fahr - 32.0);
        printf("%3.0f %6.1f\n", fahr, celsius);
        fahr = fahr + step;
```

temp4.c

```
#include <stdio.h>

/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table */
int main() {
   int fahr;

for (fahr = 0; fahr <= 300; fahr = fahr + 20)
      printf("%3d %6.1f\n", fahr, (5.0 / 9.0) * (fahr - 32));
}</pre>
```

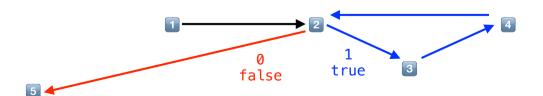
for Loop

temp4.c

```
#include <stdio.h>

/* print Fahrenheit-Celsius table */
int main() {
    int fahr;

    for (fahr = 0; fahr <= 300; fahr = fahr + 20)
        printf("%3d %6.1f\n", fahr, (5.0 / 9.0) * (fahr - 32));
}</pre>
```



Symbolic Constants

temp5.c

Character Input and Output 문자 입출력

c = getchar()

putchar()

File Copying 한 번에 문자 하나씩 입력에서 출력으로 카피하기

알고리즘

read a character
while (character is not end-of-file indicator)
output the character just read
read a character

filecopy.c

```
#include <stdio.h>

/* copy input to output; 1st version */
int main() {
   int c;

   c = getchar();
   while (c != EOF) {
      putchar(c);
      c = getchar();
   }
}
```

File Copying 한 번에 문자 하나씩 입력에서 출력으로 카피하기

알고리즘

read a character
while (character is not end-of-file indicator)
output the character just read
read a character

filecopy2.c

```
#include <stdio.h>

/* copy input to output; 1st version */
int main() {
   int c;

   while ((c = getchar()) != EOF)
       putchar(c);
}
```

Character Counting 문자 세기

charcount.c

Character Counting 문자 세기

charcount2.c

```
#include <stdio.h>

/* count characters in input; 2nd version */
int main() {
    double nc;

    for (nc = 0; getchar() != EOF; ++nc)
    ;
    printf("%.0f\n", nc);
}
```

Line Counting 줄 세기

linecount.c

Word Counting 단어 세기

wordcount.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define IN 1 /* inside a word */
#define OUT 0
              /* outside a word */
/* count lines, words, and characters in input */
int main() {
    int c, nl, nw, nc, state;
    state = OUT;
    nl = nw = nc = 0;
    while ((c = getchar()) != EOF) {
         ++nc;
         if (c == '\n')
              ++nl;
         if (c == ' ' || c == '\n' || c == '\t')
              state = OUT;
         else if (state == OUT) {
              state = IN;
              ++nw;
    printf("%d %d %d\n", nl, nw, nc);
```

```
white-space = {' ' , '\n', '\t'}
black-space = all other chars
```

