Fundamentals of Cryptography

Homework 5

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Question 1

1)

$$p = 751, \alpha = 3, KprB = 123, i = KprA = 320, x = 71$$
$$KpubB = \alpha^{KprB} \bmod p$$
$$KpubA = \alpha^{i} \bmod p$$
$$KM = KpubB^{i} \bmod p$$
$$Encrypted = y = x * KM \bmod p$$
$$Decrypted = x = y * KM^{-1} \bmod p$$

$$KpubB = 3^{123} \bmod 751 = 743$$
$$KpubA = 3^{320} \bmod 751 = 378$$
$$KM = 743^{320} \bmod 751 = 499$$
$$y = 71 * 499 \bmod 751 = 132$$
$$x = 132 * 450 \bmod 751 = 71$$

2)

$$p = 751, \alpha = 3, KprB = 123, i = KprA = 210, x = 45$$
$$KpubB = \alpha^{KprB} \bmod p$$
$$KpubA = \alpha^{i} \bmod p$$
$$KM = KpubB^{i} \bmod p$$
$$Encrypted = y = x * KM \bmod p$$
$$Decrypted = x = y * KM^{-1} \bmod p$$

$$KpubB = 3^{123} \bmod 751 = 743$$
$$KpubA = 3^{210} \bmod 751 = 485$$
$$KM = 743^{210} \bmod 751 = 51$$
$$y = 45 * 51 \bmod 751 = 42$$
$$x = 42 * 162 \bmod 751 = 45$$

3)

$$p = 751, \alpha = 3, KprB = 500, i = KprA = 120, x = 500$$
$$KpubB = \alpha^{KprB} \bmod p$$
$$KpubA = \alpha^{i} \bmod p$$
$$KM = KpubB^{i} \bmod p$$
$$Encrypted = y = x * KM \bmod p$$

$$Decrypted = x = y * KM^{-1} \bmod p$$

$$KpubB = 3^{500} \bmod 751 = 72$$
$$KpubA = 3^{120} \bmod 751 = 556$$
$$KM = 72^{120} \bmod 751 = 1$$
$$y = 500 * 1 \bmod 751 = 500$$
$$x = 500 * 1 \bmod 751 = 500$$

Question 2

1)

$$n = 11$$
$$\alpha = 2, p = 2,5, \emptyset(11) = 10$$
$$p = 5 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{10}{5}} = 4 \bmod 11 \neq 1$$
$$p = 2 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{10}{2}} = 32 \bmod 11 = 10 \neq 1$$

پس نتیجه می گیریم ۲ یک مولد برای ۱۱ می باشد.

2)

$$n = 11^2$$
$$\alpha = 2, p = 2,5,11, \emptyset(11^2) = 110$$
$$p = 5 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{110}{5}} = 81 \bmod 11^2 \neq 1$$
$$p = 2 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{110}{2}} = 120 \bmod 11^2 \neq 1$$
$$p = 11 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{110}{11}} = 56 \bmod 11^2 \neq 1$$

پس نتیجه می گیریم ۲ یک مولد برای 11^2 می باشد.

3)

$$n = 2 * 11^2$$
$$\alpha = 2, p = 2,5,11, \emptyset(2 * 11^2) = 110$$
$$p = 5 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{110}{5}} = 202 \bmod 2 * 11^2 \neq 1$$
$$p = 2 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{110}{2}} = 120 \bmod 2 * 11^2 \neq 1$$
$$p = 11 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{110}{11}} = 56 \bmod 2 * 11^2 \neq 1$$

پس نتیجه می گیریم ۲ یک مولد برای $2 * 11^2$ می باشد.

4)

$$n = 11^{100}$$
$$\alpha = 2, p = 2,5,11, \emptyset(11^{100}) = 12527829 \dots$$
$$p = 5 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{12527829\dots}{5}} = \cdots \bmod 11^{100} \neq 1$$
$$p = 2 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{12527829\dots}{2}} = \cdots \bmod 11^{100} \neq 1$$

$$p = 11 \rightarrow 2^{\frac{12527829\ldots}{11}} = \cdots \; mod \; 11^{100} \neq 1$$

پس نتیجه می گیریم ۲ یک مولد برای 11^{100} می باشد.

Question 3

$$p = 44927, \alpha = 7, d = KprB = 22105, m = 10101$$
$$KpubB = \; \alpha^d \; mod \; p = 7^{22105} \; mod \; 44927 = 40909$$

در این جا باید i را انتخاب کنیم که به صورت تصادفی بین ۲ تا p-2 انتخاب میکنیم :

$$i = 32$$
$$KE = KpubA = \alpha^i \; mod \; p = \; 7^{32} \; mod \; p = 44755$$
$$KM = KpubB^i \; mod \; p = 10600$$
$$Encryption = y = x * KM \; mod \; p = 10101 * 10600 \; mod \; p = 9559$$
$$Decryption = x = y * KM^{-1} \; mod \; p = 9559 * 23468 \; mod \; p = 10101$$

Question 4

1)

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y^2 = 0^3 + (3 * 0) + 2 = 2 \; mod \; 7 \rightarrow 3,4$$
$$x = 1 \rightarrow y^2 = 1^3 + (3 * 1) + 2 = 6 \; mod \; 7 \rightarrow \times$$
$$x = 2 \rightarrow y^2 = 2^3 + (3 * 2) + 2 = 2 \; mod \; 7 \rightarrow 3,4$$
$$x = 3 \rightarrow y^2 = 3^3 + (3 * 3) + 2 = 3 \; mod \; 7 \rightarrow \times$$
$$x = 4 \rightarrow y^2 = 4^3 + (3 * 4) + 2 = 1 \; mod \; 7 \rightarrow 1,6$$
$$x = 5 \rightarrow y^2 = 5^3 + (3 * 5) + 2 = 2 \; mod \; 7 \rightarrow 3,4$$
$$x = 6 \rightarrow y^2 = 6^3 + (3 * 6) + 2 = 5 \; mod \; 7 \rightarrow \times$$

$$\{(0,3), (0,4), (2,3), (2,4), (4,1), (4,6), (5,3), (5,4)\}$$

2)

$$E = \{0, (0,3), (0,4), (2,3), (2,4), (4,1), (4,6), (5,3), (5,4)\} = 9$$

3)

$$0 * a = 0$$
$$1 * a = (0,3)$$
$$2 * a = (2,3)$$
$$3 * a = (5,4)$$
$$4 * a = (4,6)$$
$$5 * a = (4,1)$$

$$6 * a = (5,3)$$
$$7 * a = (2,4)$$
$$8 * a = (0,4)$$
$$9 * a = 0$$
$$|a| = 9 = E$$

پس نتیجه می گیریم که a یک مولد است.

Question 5

$k = 13, p = (6,3), Q = \sigma$

1) ***k is odd***:

$Q + N = Q = (6,3)$

$m = \frac{3.6^2 + 2}{2.3} \ mod\ 17 = \frac{110}{6}$

$6^{-1}\ mod\ 17 = 3 \rightarrow m = (3.110) mod\ 17 = 7$

$x3 = (7^2 - 6 - 6)\ mod\ 17 = 3, y3 = (7.(6-3) - 3) mod\ 17 = 1 \rightarrow\ N = (3,1)$

$k = 6, Q = (6,3), N = (3,1)$

2) ***k is even***:

$m = \frac{3.3^2 + 2}{2.1} \ mod\ 17 = 6$

$x3 = (6^2 - 3 - 3) mod\ 17 = 13, y3 = (6.(3-13) - 1) mod\ 17 = 7 \rightarrow N = (13,7)$

$k = 3, Q = (6,3), N = (13,7)$

3) ***k is odd***:

$m = \frac{7-3}{13-6} \ mod\ 17 = \frac{4}{7}$

$7^{-1}\ mod\ 17 = 5 \rightarrow m = (4.5) mod\ 17 = 3$

$x3 = (3^2 - 6 - 13) mod\ 17 = 7, y3 = (3.(6-7) - 3) mod\ 17 = 11 \rightarrow Q = (7,11)$

$m = \frac{3.13^2 + 2}{2.7} \ mod\ 17 = \frac{511}{14}$

$14^{-1}\ mod\ 17 = 11 \rightarrow m = (511.11) mod\ 17 = 6$

$x3 = (6^2 - 13 - 13)\ mod\ 17 = 10, y3 = (6.(13-10) - 7) mod\ 17 = 11 \rightarrow N = (10,11)$

$k = 1, Q = (7,11), N = (10,11)$

4) ***k is odd***:

$m = \frac{11-11}{10-7} \ mod\ 17 = 0$

$x3 = (0^2 - 7 - 10) mod\ 17 = 0, y3 = (0.(7-0) - 11) mod\ 17 = 6 \rightarrow Q = (0,6)$

$k = 0, Q = (0,6)$

$=> 13p = (0,6)$

Question 6

$$\text{private key} = \alpha = 6, \text{KpubB} = B = (5,9), y^2 \equiv x^3 + x + 6 \bmod 11$$
$$K = 6 * B = 2(2B + B)$$
$$2B = (X3, Y3), X1 = X2 = 5, Y1 = Y2 = 9$$
$$s = (3X1^2 + a) * 2Y1^{-1} \bmod 11 = 3 \bmod 11$$
$$X3 = s^2 - X1 - X2 \bmod 11 = 10 \bmod 11$$
$$Y3 = s(X1 - X3) - Y1 \bmod 11 = 9 \bmod 11 \rightarrow 2B = (10,9)$$

$$3B = 2B + B = (X3', Y3'), X1 = 10, X2 = 5, Y1 = Y2 = 9$$
$$s = (Y1 - Y2)(X2 - X1)^{-1} \bmod 11 = 0 \bmod 11$$
$$X3' = s^2 - X1 - X2 \bmod 11 = 7 \bmod 11$$
$$Y3' = s(X1 - X3') - Y1 \bmod 11 = 2 \bmod 11 \rightarrow 3B = (7,2)$$

$$6B = 2 * 3B = \left(X3^{"}, Y3^{"}\right), X1 = X2 = 7, Y1 = Y2 = 2$$
$$s = (3X1^2 + a) * 2Y1^{-1} \bmod 11 = 4 \bmod 11$$
$$X3^{"} = s^2 - X1 - X2 \bmod 11 = 2 \bmod 11$$
$$Y3^{"} = s\left(X1 - X3^{"}\right) - Y1 \bmod 11 = 7 \bmod 11 \rightarrow 6B = (2,7)$$
$$KAB = X3^{"} = 2$$