# Compiler Design

Fatemeh Deldar

Isfahan University of Technology

1402-1403

- *LL*(1)
  - The first "L" in *LL*(1) stands for scanning the input from left to right
  - The second "L" for producing a leftmost derivation
  - The "1" for using one input symbol of lookahead at each step to make parsing action decisions
- A grammar G is LL(1) if and only if whenever  $A \rightarrow \alpha | \beta$  are two distinct productions of G, the following conditions hold:
  - 1.  $FIRST(\alpha)$  and  $FIRST(\beta)$  are disjoint sets
  - 2. If  $\epsilon$  is in  $FIRST(\beta)$ , then  $FIRST(\alpha)$  and FOLLOW(A) are disjoint sets, and likewise if  $\epsilon$  is in  $FIRST(\alpha)$
- Predictive parsers can be constructed for *LL*(1) grammars

Construction of a predictive parsing table

**INPUT**: Grammar G.

**OUTPUT**: Parsing table M.

**METHOD**: For each production  $A \to \alpha$  of the grammar, do the following:

- 1. For each terminal a in FIRST( $\alpha$ ), add  $A \to \alpha$  to M[A, a].
- 2. If  $\epsilon$  is in FIRST( $\alpha$ ), then for each terminal b in FOLLOW(A), add  $A \to \alpha$  to M[A, b]. If  $\epsilon$  is in FIRST( $\alpha$ ) and \$ is in FOLLOW(A), add  $A \to \alpha$  to M[A, \$] as well.
- If, after performing the above, there is no production at all in M[A, a], then set M[A, a] to error

Example

NON -	INPUT SYMBOL						
TERMINAL	$\operatorname{id}$	+	*	(	)	\$	
$\overline{}$	$E \to TE'$			$E \to TE'$			
E'		$E' \to +TE'$			$E' \to \epsilon$	$E' \to \epsilon$	
T	$T \to FT'$			$T \to FT'$			
$T^{\prime}$		$T'  o \epsilon$	$T' \to *FT'$		$T'  o \epsilon$	$T'  o \epsilon$	
F	$F  o \mathbf{id}$			$F \to (E)$			

- For every *LL*(1) grammar, each parsing-table entry uniquely identifies a production or an error
- Example

$$S \rightarrow iEtSS' \mid a$$

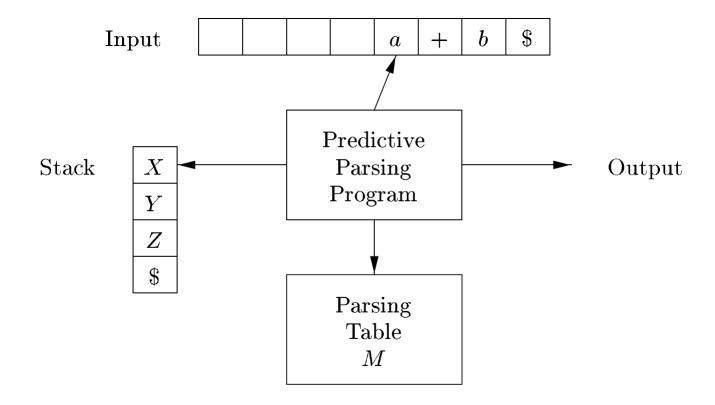
$$S' \rightarrow eS \mid \epsilon$$

$$E \rightarrow b$$

Non -	INPUT SYMBOL						
TERMINAL	a	b	e	i	t	\$	
S	$S \to a$			$S \rightarrow iEtSS'$			
S'			$ \begin{array}{c} S' \to \epsilon \\ S' \to eS \end{array} $			$S' \to \epsilon$	
E		$E \rightarrow b$					

# Nonrecursive Predictive Parsing

• A nonrecursive predictive parser can be built by maintaining a stack explicitly, rather than implicitly via recursive calls



## Nonrecursive Predictive Parsing

#### Table-driven predictive parsing

• Initially, *w*\$ in the input buffer and the start symbol *S* of *G* on top of the stack, above \$

```
let a be the first symbol of w;
let X be the top stack symbol;
while (X \neq \$) { /* stack is not empty */
       if (X = a) pop the stack and let a be the next symbol of w;
       else if (X \text{ is a terminal }) error();
       else if (M[X, a] is an error entry ) error();
       else if (M[X,a] = X \rightarrow Y_1Y_2\cdots Y_k)
              output the production X \to Y_1 Y_2 \cdots Y_k;
              pop the stack;
              push Y_k, Y_{k-1}, \ldots, Y_1 onto the stack, with Y_1 on top;
       let X be the top stack symbol;
```

#### Example

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} E & \rightarrow & T \ E' \\ E' & \rightarrow & + T \ E' \mid \epsilon \\ T & \rightarrow & F \ T' \\ T' & \rightarrow & * F \ T' \mid \epsilon \\ F & \rightarrow & (E) \mid \mathbf{id} \end{array}$$

MATCHED	STACK	Input	ACTION
	E\$	$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} * \mathbf{id} $	
	TE'\$	$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} * \mathbf{id} \$$	output $E \to TE'$
	FT'E'\$	$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} * \mathbf{id} \$$	output $T \to FT'$
	id $T'E'$ \$	$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} * \mathbf{id} \$$	output $F \to \mathbf{id}$
$\operatorname{id}$	T'E'\$	$+\operatorname{id}*\operatorname{id}\$$	match <b>id</b>
${f id}$	E'\$	$+\operatorname{id}*\operatorname{id}\$$	output $T' \to \epsilon$
$\operatorname{id}$	+ TE'\$	$+\operatorname{id}*\operatorname{id}\$$	output $E' \to + TE'$
$\mathbf{id} \; + \;$	TE'\$	$\mathbf{id}*\mathbf{id}\$$	match +
$\mathbf{id} \; + \;$	FT'E'\$	$\mathbf{id}*\mathbf{id}\$$	output $T \to FT'$
$\mathbf{id} \; + \;$	id $T'E'$ \$	$\mathbf{id}*\mathbf{id}\$$	output $F \to \mathbf{id}$
$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id}$	T'E'\$	*id\$	match <b>id</b>
$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id}$	*FT'E'\$	*id\$	output $T' \to *FT'$
$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} \; *$	FT'E'\$	$\mathbf{id}\$$	match *
$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} \; *$	id $T'E'$ \$	$\mathbf{id}\$$	output $F \to \mathbf{id}$
$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} * \mathbf{id}$	T'E'\$	\$	match <b>id</b>
$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} * \mathbf{id}$	E'\$	\$	output $T' \to \epsilon$
$\mathbf{id} + \mathbf{id} * \mathbf{id}$	\$	\$	output $E' \to \epsilon$