PHYSICS LAB {QUESTIONS FROM BEHIND MANUAL}

- 1. Define energy band gap of a solid.
- 2. Differentiate metal, semiconductor and insulator based on band theory of solids.
- 3. Why the conductivity of a semiconductor increases with increase in temperature ?
- 1. Define Fermi energy.
- 2. What do you mean by Fermi temperature?
- 3. Why the resistance of a metal increases with increase in temperature ?
- 4. Explain the probability of occupation of electron in the energy states of the metal as the temperature increases from zero Kelvin.
- 1. What is photoelectric effect?
- 2. What is work function of the metal?
- 3. What is the significance of threshold frequency?
- 4. Whether the kinetic energy of the emitted photo electron depends upon the intensity of the incident electromagnetic radiation?
- 1. When do you say that an object is a Black body?
- 2. State and explain Stefan-Boltzmann Law.
- 3. 3. As the temperature increases what happens to the wavelength and intensity of the radiation emitted from the black body?
- 1. Define resistivity of a material.
- 2. What is the relation between resistance and resistivity of a material?
- 3. What are the advantages of four probe method over two probe method?

- 1. Explain Hall Effect.
- 2. What are the two forces acting on the electron in Hall Effect setup?
- 3. What do you mean by charge carrier density of a material?
- 4. What are the applications of Hall Effect?
- 1. What is a transistor? Mention its different modes of configuration.
- 2. Write diode equation and explain reverse saturation current.
- 3. What are the applications of transistors?
- 1. What is LASER?
- 2. Define the phenomenon of diffraction of light?
- 3. What is grating? Mention grating equation.
- 4. What happens to the diffraction pattern when the distance between slits within the grating is increased?
- 5. What happens to the diffraction pattern when the number of slits within the grating (with same grating spacing) is reduced?
- 1. What is interference of Light?
- 2. Why the central spot of Newton's ring is always dark?
- 3. What is the condition for destructive interference in Newton's rings?
- 4. What happens to the fringe pattern if the Newton's ring setup is immersed in water?
- 1. When do you say that the light is plane polarized?
- 2. What is double refraction?
- 3. Define birefringence.
- 4. What are the differences between positive and negative crystals?