Human Factors Psychology Lab, Seoul National University Summer 2019

Working memory, negative affect and personal assets:
How do they relate to mathematics and reading literacy?

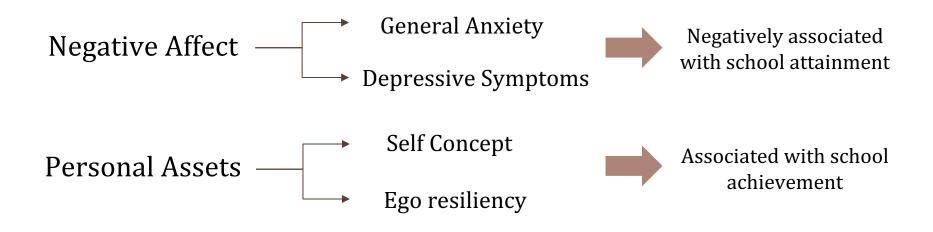
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1. Introduction

Working Memory



1. Introduction

Purpose

Specific contributions of 1) Working Memory, 2) Negative Affect, and 3) Personal Assets to <u>mathematics and reading literacy</u>

Rationale for participants

early adolescence is an important stage of life

more likely to face emotional difficulties

a <u>decrease</u> in self-concept

2. Hypothesis

Working Memory



Would explain a <u>large and consistent</u>, unique variance in both MT and RD

Negative Affect

Personal Assets



Would explain a <u>unique portion</u> of variance in both MT and RD

2. Hypothesis

Paucity of studies directly comparing MT with RD literacy

the overall variance would be **consistent** for **both** academic domains

while **possible differences** might be related to **WM**

3. Methods

1. Confirmatory factor analyses (CFAs) test the structure of variables considered.

2. Decomposition Analysis

examine the unique and shared contribution of Negative affect, WM and Personal assets to MATH and Reading literacy

3. Methods

Participants

- 143 schoolchildren
- o in grades 6 to 8
- were attending schools in an urban area or north-east Italy
- were fluent in Italy
- o came from middle class families

1. Negative affect

The Revised Children's Manifest
Anxiety Scale: Second Edition General Anxiety

(RCMAS-2)

The Children's Depression Inventory — Depressive symptoms (CDI)

The Questionnaire for the Assessment of Psychopathology in Adolescence (Q-PAD)

Behavioral and emotional problems

2. Personal Assets

The Ego-resiliency Scale (ER) Resilience

Multidimensional Self-Concept Scale Self concept (MSC)

3. Working Memory

Verbal WM

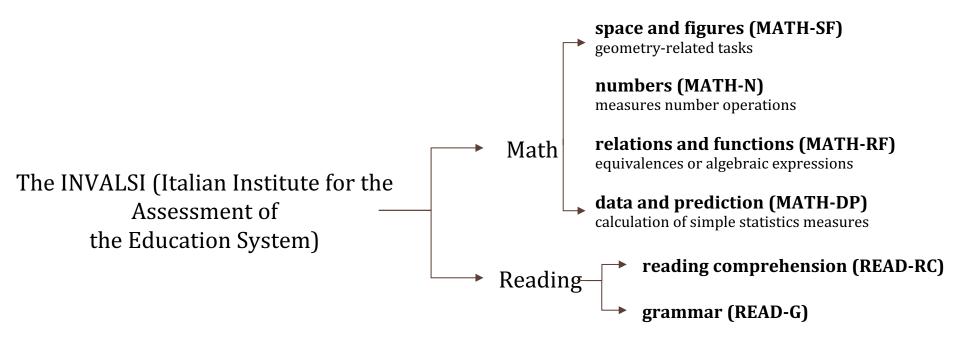
Visuospatial WM

Word span—Backward (WS-B) Matrices span—Backward (MS-B)

Verbal dual tasks (DT-V) Visuospatial dual tasks (DT-VS)

Listening span test (LST) Dot matrix task (DOT)

4. Mathematics and Reading Literacy



4. Procedure

- a) <u>Self-report measures</u> were administered in a group session lasting approximately 1 hour
- b) <u>WM</u> was assessed in individual sessions in a quite room lasting approximately 30
- c) test mathematics and reading literacy.
 in two group sessions
 lasting 75 minutes each

5. Result

the <u>unique</u> and <u>shared</u> contributions of these variables to <u>mathematics</u> and <u>reading literacy</u>

Negative Affect

• Small, but not negligible

WM

- A lager portion of unique variance than PA and NA
- In both mathematics and reading literacy

6. Conclusion

- Implication
- a) build a positive overall and academic self-concept
 - O by reducing the link between test results and worthiness as a person
- b) develop a positive approach to problem-solving
 - O to cope with difficulties and worries
- c) be aware that poor performance can be part of the learning process

5. Conclusion

- Future Research
 - the importance of considering cognitive and <u>individual</u> factors jointly
 - better understand schoolchildren's academic success

Thank You for Listening